STRANGE UNREST IN OLD COUNTRY SEEN BY LONDON DOCTOR

Working People Said To Be Seething With Socialism.

SET ON WINNING THE WAR

But After Peace Comes, Problems Will Be Serious, His Observation.

A citizen has just received an interesting letter from a well-known doctor who left for overseas some time ago, in which the latter writes that conditions in England have assumed a more or less threatening aspect, as to create a certain amount of alarm among the advocates of monarchial government.

He states that the unrest among the workmen is becoming more ominous every day, and that democracy and socialism are making rapid strides toward absolute materialization. He even hints that conditions in the old country are somewhat similar to the state of Russia a few months before the revolution.

Problems After the War.

He adds that the adjustment of national affairs after the war is a matter which in his opinion will be practically unsolveable. The prices of foodstuffs is not acute, although eggs sell at eight cents each, beef is 45 cents per pound, cheese 76 cents, and potatoes, sugar and other commodities are prohibited on certain specified days. The unrest among the workmen is due to the long hours, the annoying food conditions, the high price of beer, and very poor beer at that, and lastly the feeling that the war is a conflict against German monarchism and all conditions pertaining to monarchy. The workmen therefore are bitterly opposed to their own governing constitution.

No Pause in Winning War.

The doctor adds that at the conclusion of the war, the condition of the country will be a matter of great concern. Women will be loath to relinquish the positions which they have filled to the utmost satisfaction of their employers, and the returned men will naturally demand their former positions. The doctor concludes his letter with the remark that whatever the condition of affairs, whatever the outcome of the social unrest, the country is nevertheless indubitably resolved that the sword shall never be sheathed until Great Britain has accomplished that which she has begun.

SARNIA BRAKEMAN SERIOUSLY INJURED BY HEAVY WEIGHT

A. E. Patterson Is in Victoria Hospital With Fractured Skull.

Brakeman A. E. Patterson of 279 Russell street, Sarnia, had his skull fractured in the Grand Trunk East London yards on Sunday and is at present in Victoria Hospital in a very serious condition. A locomotive was coaling near the chutes, and when the tender was full the fireman lifted the steel chute. A big weight is attached to one end of the chute to keep it out of the way when not in use. Brakeman Patterson was running along the track just as the weight descended, and it struck him fairly on top of the head, fracturing his skull and driving a piece of the bone into his brain. He was rushed to Victoria Hospital and attended by Dr. Clegg. Hospital authorities stated this afternoon that Patterson's condition was greatly improved and that he would recover.

EXPECTING FAVORABLE REPORT ON CONCRETE

The School of Practical Science, Toronto, has not yet reported on the quality of the concrete laid on Richmond street, samples of which have been sent to that institution for testing purposes.

The first response will not be received until possibly Friday. The primary test takes eight days, and the second test 28 days.

The stuff has been in Toronto about a week, but it will require a couple of days to get the figures ready for City Engineer Brazier.

COULD NOT LIFT STICK OF WOOD

Would Almost Faint From Severe Pain in Back—Doctors Could Not Get the Kidneys Set Right.

Benton, N. B., April 7.—A great many people suffer the results of deranged kidneys and do not understand the cause of trouble or the way to obtain cure. The writer of this letter suffered excruciating pains in the back and in vain his physician tried to cure him. For some reason or other his medicines did not have the desired effect.

Mr. Olts' brother was a merchant selling, among other medicines, Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills, and he heard his customers telling about how they were cured of kidney derangements by their use. This led to Mr. Olts putting them to the test, with the splendid results reported in this letter.

Mr. E. C. Olts, Benton, Carleton County, N. B., writes: "I am glad to let you know how much your medicine has done for me. I suffered from my kidneys, which at one time were so bad I could not lift a stick of wood without getting on my knees, and then would almost faint from the pain in my back. I consulted a doctor about it, and he gave me some medicine, but it did not help me. My brother, who is a merchant, and carries all your medicines, advised me to try Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills. I got one box, and they helped me, so I got another one, and kept on until I had taken five boxes, which cured me. I have had no trouble with my back since, and am never without Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills in the house. Last summer I also suffered from piles. I used three boxes of your Ointment, and it cured them. I can certainly recommend Dr. Chase's Pills and Ointment."

Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills, one pill a dose, 25c a box, 5 for $1, at all dealers, or Edmanson, Bates & Co., Limited, Toronto.

Photoplay News

"FATTY" ARBUCKLE'S TEST.

Seeing ourselves as others see us, as immortalized by Bobby Burns, has no application to the cinema drama, but as interpreted by "Fatty" Arbuckle, the jovial laugh-wizard of the screen, the ability of the movie star to put himself mentally in the position of the film fans who view his pictures is as essential to the success of a comedy as a good scenario or humorous situations.

Every scene that is "shot" in the Paramount-Arbuckle two-reel comedies is submitted to the severest criticism by the big comedian, who directs all of his productions personally. The simple business of walking across the dining-room floor before the injured wife and indignant mother-in-law was repeated time and time again not long ago, so that "Fatty" could get the maximum amount of mirth out of every foot of film. In this scene he walked

At the Patricia, Today, Tuesday and Wednesday.

from bedroom to kitchen for a cup of water to quench a morning-after thirst, and even his manner of holding the cup was studied from all angles to see if it measured up to the standard set for productions at the Arbuckle fun factory.

"That ought to get a whale of a laugh, Frank," announced "Fatty," addressing the cameraman. "But it must be done just right, or it will fall flat. Try it over again."

And try it over again they did until every possibility for extracting an appreciative howl from prospective audiences had been developed to the last degree.

See "Fatty" in his lates "cure for the blues," "A Reckless Romeo," at the Patricia today, Tuesday and Wednesday.

GAIL KANE'S STAGE DEBUT WAS UNDER FROHMAN AUSPICES.

Gail Kane, who is starred in a new American-Mutual photoplay production, "The Serpent's Tooth," is known among her professional friends as "Beauty Brown Eyes."

Miss Kane was one of the best-known leading women in the country when President John R. Freuler of the Mutual Film Corporation signed her on a contract for a series of star productions which are now being filmed.

The young star's most notable speaking stage successes were in "Seven Keys to Baldpate," George Cohan's biggest Broadway hit, "Decorating Clementina," "The Model," "Anatole," and "The Miracle Man."

Miss Kane has many screen successes to her credit, including "Her Great Match," "Via Wireless," "The Labyrinth," "Her God," and "Paying the Price."

The star of "The Serpent's Tooth" is one of the best women swimmers in America. She won all the championships at St. Mary's, Newburgh, N. Y., where she was educated.

At the Patricia today, Tuesday and Wednesday.

AT THE MAJESTIC TODAY AND TUESDAY.

Sessue Hayakawa, the noted Japanese star, who will be seen at the Majestic today and Tuesday, in the Lasky-Paramount production of William

At the Majestic Today and Tuesday, an all-star cast; Tom Moore, Fritzi Brunette and Tom Forman.

McCoy's story, "Jaguar's Claws," has one of his famous fight scenes in this production. This time it is with Tom Moore. Moore is Irish, and it goes without saying that the fistic encounter will be a good one. Also special music by the Majestic concert orchestra and the Keystone Comedies.

Y. M. C. A. CAMP WILL BE LARGEST EVER HELD

That the camp for boys at Fishers' Glen to be held under the direction of the advisory committee on boys' work will be much larger than in former years seems certain from the number of applications which are coming to the headquarters at the Y. M. C. A. Camps of former years are likely to be surpassed in every detail. The attendance will be limited only by the amount of farm work which is available near the Glen.

The boys will be used chiefly for berry picking, although some will be given an opportunity to do light farm work. The camp will open on Dominion Day, but it is likely that the party will leave here next Saturday. Transportation is one of the chief difficulties, as the distance makes train fare a considerable item in the list of expenses. Efforts are being made to obtain automobiles for the journey to the camping place. It is felt that as the outing has been arranged with the idea of assisting the movement for greater production, no difficulty should be experienced in securing cars.

The campers will spend at least half their time at berry picking and other farm work. The remainder of the time will be devoted to outdoor sports, including swimming and boating under expert supervision.

MEMORIAL SERVICE AT FIRST CHURCH FOR SEVEN HEROES

Tablet Unveiled for Lieut. Eric Ziegler Last Evening.

DR. FLANDERS' FAREWELL

Pastor Is Leaving City Today to Take Winnipeg Church.

Rev. Dr. Flanders, pastor of the First Methodist Church, bade farewell to his parishioners yesterday, the services being of unusual interest. A tablet to the late Lieut. Eric H. Ziegler, son of Dr. and Mrs. C. H. Ziegler, was unveiled prior to the evening service.

The morning service was commemorative of Flower Sunday, and was attended by the whole Sunday school. The church was profusely decorated with flowers, with birds placed throughout the edifice. The picture was charming; in fact it is seldom one sees a church so prettily and so tastefully decorated. A great deal of work must have fallen to the lot of some persons, but the results must have been equally gratifying. It was beautiful, to say the least.

In the morning Rev. Dr. Flanders gave an address appropriate to Flower Sunday. It was a striking utterance, full of poetic feeling, and kindly sentiments. It was in the minister's best vein.

In the afternoon he addressed the Sunday school, saying farewell to the children. He spoke of his four years of delightful association with them, and hoped that many years would be spared him to visit them. He would watch their progress with the keenest interest.

Tablet Unveiled.

Just prior to the evening service the tablet in the vestibule of the church was unveiled. Dr. Flanders spoke very briefly, and Capt. Shuttleworth and Capt. Eric Nelles performed the ceremony of unveiling. During this time Mrs. Ed Wyatt sang Kipling's "Recessional" in excellent voice.

The evening service was a memorial service to Lieut. Ziegler, and to Lance-Corp. William Sant, Ptes. Roy Curtis, John McComb, E. H. Moore, Harry Sullivan and Manley Rice, all of whom have laid down their lives in France for liberty and righteousness.

Particular attention was paid to Lieut. Ziegler by Dr. Flanders, and many letters were read from brother officers and his men, speaking in the highest terms of his gallantry and devotion to duty.

"We are grateful to these men, our heroes, for their sacrifice," he said. "It will not be in vain."

During the offertory Organist A. D. Jordan played the Dead March and a bugler sounded "Last Post," at the conclusion of the sermon.

Rendered Oratorio.

Following this the choir rendered the oratorio, "The Holy City." The soloists were: Mrs. Ed Wyatt, soprano; Miss Lula Laymon, contralto; Josef Shillesky, Toronto, tenor, and H. Chater, basso. All four were in fine voice, and thrilled the audience with their fine renditions. Mr. Shillesky, in the aria, "No Shadows Yonder," was in particularly fine voice, his sweet and charming tenor being heard to great advantage. Mr. Chater, in the air, "I Saw the Lord, Sitting Upon a Throne," was particularly fine. Mrs. Wyatt sang excellently in "These Have Come Up Out of Great Tribulation," and was heard to good advantage also in the duet with Miss Laymon, "They Shall Hunger No More." The ladies' quartet in "List, the Cherubic Host," was worthy of especial praise. The chorus never was heard to better advantage, their work in "Let the Heavens Rejoice," being a bit of chorus work that will compare with the very best.

Bade Farewell.

After the oratorio Dr. Flanders briefly bade farewell to his people. He had spent four very happy years in London. He would not say good-bye to his friends, but would carry them with him. He paid a great compliment to Mr. Jordan and his choir, and expressed his appreciation of the fine service the organization had rendered to him.

"I had hoped that the war would end before I left you," he said. "I wanted to be here when our splendid men and boys should come home. I so much wanted to be here, but it is not so to be. God bless them, and you."

Dr. Flanders leaves today for Winnipeg, where he will commence his pastorate. Many friends lingered after the service to bid him good-bye and wish him God-speed in his new work.

AT ADELAIDE STREET.

Sunday evening at the Adelaide Street Baptist Church a memorial service, in memory of two former members of the congregation who have been reported killed in action, was conducted by the pastor, Rev. James H. Boyd. Mr. Boyd eulogized the two young soldiers, Ptes. John Henry Hobbs and Elmer O. James, who were killed in action October 1 and 8, 1916.

The pastor's text was taken from Matthew x: 37-39: "He that findeth his life shall lose it, and he that loseth his life for My sake shall find it." Mr. Boyd told graphically how young James stood up in the church balcony soon after the declaration of war, indicative of his desire to render himself for his country, and how another young man, John Hobbs, being influenced by James' decision, joined the 70th Battalion with him. He said that love of Christ surpassed all other affections, even that of husband and wife and mother and children, and it was with this high idealism that the two young men went forth into that great adventure wherein they found eternal life. Mr. Boyd declared that the maxims of liberty, equality and truth were attributes of God and it was for these high standards of civilization that the two young men conscientiously fought. He ended by making an appeal to all the young men and women of the congregation to take themselves to task and make a decision in regard to whether they are doing all they can in helping to win the world battle against nations arrayed to withstand God's forces of universal right.

PRAISES WOMEN.

"Christianity had its beginning in a woman, and in the consecration of a woman's whole life to God—I refer, of course, to Mary, the mother of Jesus," said Rev. H. B. Ashby, speaking at the annual memorial service at St. Matthew's Church Sunday evening. The speaker particularly addressed his remarks to the women of the congregation, their being about fifty members of the Daughters of England present.

"There you have the divine key by which every woman's life should be governed," said Mr. Ashby, continuing, —"to do every act of her life for God—that is woman's first and greatest achievement. I ask you to study well the gospel story of the mother of Jesus, and to imitate her trust and her consecration. Consecration is the duty of every woman, and she should have gratitude for salvation received. God has given you women a great influence over others, and you should use it to further the work of the Master."

Splendid Deeds.

Referring to the work of women since the beginning of the war, he said: "Women have always come in to fill the gap. We look with pride upon the deeds of heroism of our men at the front, but let us not forget the heroism of the women. Let us not forget the heroism of the nurses and of the wives and mothers that are called upon to send their men to the front, the men who are, perhaps, their only breadwinners. Let us not forget the self-sacrifice and devotion of those women who are helping to provide comforts for the fighting men, and to see that their families do not want. Your work is a great work and a great responsibility, but first and foremost there is your highest duty of consecration," he added in conclusion.

PRODUCE MORE, CONSUME LESS TO AID EMPIRE

"Produce more and consume less" was the slogan advanced by Mrs. Arthur Van Koughnet of Toronto, speaking at the band concert in Victoria Park on Sunday evening on "War-Time Thrift and Greater Production." The needs of the Empire, she said, are men, munitions, service and food. She urged universal table economy, and said that with the plentiful supply of fish in Canadian lakes less meat should be eaten. The food question was one that should be faced with courage and foresight by every man, woman and child in the Dominion, as the very existence of the nation is dependent upon food production. She said it was not yet too late to aid greater production by planting some of the later varieties of vegetables.

Because of the difficulties of addressing an open-air gathering Mrs. Van Kougnet's speech was a brief one.

Mayor Stevenson gave an outline of the work being done in the city. Every available acre of city-owned property, he asserted, was being devoted to greater production. Referring to the coal situation, he advised the citizens to buy one or two tons of fuel now to see them through the first month of the winter. The city, he said, was doing everything in its power to obtain fuel at a reasonable rate, and it was yet possible that the citizens could purchase at cost. The purchase of one or two tons now would aid them in meeting the emergency in winter, however.

The concert was held under the auspices of the Harriet A. Boomer Chapter, I. O. D. E., the proceeds being devoted to patriotic purposes. By permission of Lieut.-Col. William Spittal and officers of the 7th Regiment a fine program was presented by the regimental band, under the leadership of Lieut. A. W. Slatter. The proceeds totaled $164.25.

PTE. E. A. STAPLES REPORTED MISSING

Word has just been received that Pte. E. A. Staples, who went overseas with London's Own, has been reported wounded and missing since April 28. Pte. Staples came out from Barking, England, several years ago, and worked on several farms around Wilton Grove. At the time he enlisted he made his home with Mr. Burgess at Wilton Grove. He was 28 years old and unmarried. For some time he was employed on the London and Port Stanley Railway.

UNION WINS RECOGNITION FROM CITY'S RAILWAY

The London and Port Stanley Railway employees had their union recognized on Saturday night by the London Railway Commission.

For some time, there has been considerable friction among the employees. Several hurried meetings have been held on Sundays, at which Sir Adam Beck and his colleagues were present.

The points of contention were wages, and the recognition of the union. The men were given the increase about two weeks ago, and on Saturday evening the commission decided to grant recognition of the union.

The grievance committee will have some cases to bring before the management at an early date, some of the men having been dismissed without just cause, it is maintained.

Did you ever hear of any great artist appearing in public in comparison with the reproduction of their voices on "Talking Machine Records?"—Never! Imagine Caruso, who is tied up by contract, which confines his record-making to one of the old steel-needle Talking Machines. Imagine for a moment his trying to sing like his Talking Machine Records. W. McPhillips, 189 Dundas street, London. b

VOICE OF THE PEOPLE

THE CONSCRIPTION ISSUE.

To the Editor of The Advertiser:

The Borden bill for conscription now before the House of Commons has already brought out the fact that the members of the House will not divide on strictly party lines. It is really a world-wide question, and the position taken by Sir Wilfrid Laurier with reference to his supporters in the House was quite right. There should be on so serious a question no attempt made to secure the vote of any member for any reason not approved by the conscience and judgment of the member.

Looking at it as a word-wide question, the great war should blot out forever all distinction between French and British on this continent. There should be no division of Canadians. Those of French descent must be proud of the defenders of Verdun, and those of British descent that the old Union Jack has added to its glory on land and sea. This is very much strengthened by the strong ties of friendship and esteem existing between France and the United States.

The Literary Digest this week publishes a strong poem by Daniel M. Henderson, "The Road to France":

"Ah, France, how could our prayers forget
The path by which came Lafayette?
How could the haze of doubt hang low
Upon the road of Rochambeau?
How was it that one missed the way
Brave Joffre leads us along today?
At last, thank God, at last we see
There is no tribal liberty!
No beacon lighting just our shores,
No freedom guarding but our doors;
The flame she kindled for our sires
Burns now in Europe's battle-fires—
The soul that led our fathers west
Turns back to free the world's opprest."

That is the true view, the world-wide view, the spirit of common brotherhood, and every man who wishes the right to win will join them in saying:

"Last come, we will be last to stay,
Till right has had her crowning day."

The entry of the United States into the war is a matter of tremendous consequence. It will help to bring the day when war shall cease. Let us not forget that gratitude towards France for help in days long gone by was a great factor in the decision that brought the greatest republic in the world into the greatest war of all time.

The United States was slow to take up arms; many thought too slow. The hesitation was justified by the horrors to be endured by that decision. The people of the United States are lovers of peace. The re-election of President Wilson was an approval of his peace-loving principles and his efforts to remain out of the war.

The people of the province of Quebec are a peace-loving people, a home-loving people. The land from which they came is suffering terribly, almost exhausted. Great Britain, the foremost land of freedom, is fighting for them as well as Belgium, and for liberty and humanity in all the world. Like the people of the United States, the people of Quebec have not hastened to volunteer. They have lived simple home lives, and ask no more. Should more be asked of them? Have they the right to take the stand that conscription should not be put in force in Canada? The United States through revolution gained freedom, because they refused to be taxed without representation. Canada had no voice in the creation of the war, but has voluntarily given in boys and money to the limit of its power. It is all the more to the credit of Canada that her splendid help was voluntarily given.

The only argument of weight favoring conscription is the urgent need of more men. This objection is largely met by the entrance of the United States into the war. They have months the start of Canada in conscription and many times its number of available men. Is there the same urgent need for Canadians that there was? Will not every need be served by the referendum? Sir Wilfrid Laurier took the view that if the people voted in its favor he would do all he could to carry it out. His speech throughout was a fearless utterance of sound principles, and if the urgent need for more men from Canada is met by the entrance of the United States, the objection to the referendum is removed. The unity in sentiment of Great Britain, France and the United States, in view of the long friendship existing between the United States and France, and in view of the conscientious objections of the people of Quebec, descendants of France, to conscription, it would be best to refer the question to the voice of the people and let that voice determine whether in the cause of freedom and humanity the voluntary system, which has so gloriously responded, should be continued or Canada should join with the United States and England in enlarging its army by conscription.

Let it not be forgotten that whoever promised 500,000 men from Canada exceeded the right of any man to promise, and that Canada has gloriously responded voluntarily, and can send much help in food from its broad and fertile acres. Let us not forget Sir Wilfrid Laurier's declaration: "When England is at war, Canada is at war," and say whether the need is so great that there is not time to listen to the voice of the people and endeavor to be a united people from ocean to ocean, all heart and soul in favor of fighting to a finish for home and freedom.

UNITED CANADA.

London, Ont., June 23, 1917.

THE CLERGY AND THE LAITY.

To the Editor of The Advertiser:

In the report of the proceedings of the General Assembly of the Presbyterian Church, held recently at Montreal, one of the seemingly most important questions was the raising of the minimum salary from $1,000 to $1,200, and now today in the report of the proceedings of the synod of the Anglican Church we find that the same question takes a leading place, and the action of the Presbyterian assembly is followed to the letter. We feel like asking where is it going to end? In this time of trial and strain for the Empire, was it wise or expedient to pass such legislation?

The excuse is in each case the "chestnut," "the high cost of living." How about the other "fellow," the laity, who are expected to "shell out" the increase? Does the common man not also feel the pinch of "high cost of living"?

In the past decade, great strides have been made in the business and agricultural world, in amalgamation and co-operation, in order to cut down the cost of production; what of the church? Co-operation seems in the remote future, as from the report of the Montreal meeting the expected "great fight" between the union and the non-union factions was postponed until the close of the war, with many self-congratulations on this being done, forsooth.

It is a notorious fact that in the rural districts of Ontario there are at least twice too many Protestant churches. Two small villages in this district have each three, where one would suffice, and this is the case we believe generally.

Probably it would be wise for the clergy to allow a few laymen of business common sense to help them out in the matter, and so cut off some of the unnecessary expenditure. However, it is one thing setting the minimum salary, and quite another getting it. We don't live under Roman priestcraft yet in our Protestant churches.

PRESBYTERIAN LAYMAN.

Ilderton, June 21, 1917.

SMALLMAN & INGRAM LIMITED

Manufacturers' Clearing of Whitewear Tuesday

Over 300 Garments at Factory Prices

The factory is through so far as the summer stocks are concerned and are now busy on the fall and winter lines. Consequently for good business reasons and to make room for the new season's goods the stockrooms are being cleared of all summer season's whitewear. In this lot, which we procured at a discount which enables us to sell at factory prices, are a number of samples of which there are only one or two of a kind, as well as broken ranges and odd stock lots in half and quarter dozens of a size, including skirts, drawers, corset covers, princess slips, also a few combinations.

The assortment is too varied to describe separately, but they are from one of the best makers of ladies' fine whitewear in Canada, well-finished and daintily-trimmed garments, and we will give approximately the quantities and prices that you may have some idea of the variety from which you may choose at 8:30 Tuesday morning.

174 White Petticoats at Factory Prices

Daintily trimmed with pretty laces and embroideries, and all marked at manufacturer's invoice price, 75c, 84c, 87c, 96c, $1.13, $1.25, $1.38, $1.50, $1.62, $1.75, $2.00, $2.12, $2.25, $2.50, $3.00, $3.50, $3.75 and $3.92.

53 PAIRS DRAWERS AT FACTORY PRICES.

Open and closed styles in great variety. Prices 25c, 27c, 29c, 33c, 43c, 46c, 48c, 50c, 52c, 54c, 63c, 75c, 79c, 87c, 98c, $1.16, $1.30, $1.41 and $1.67.

25 CORSET COVERS—Some of these have short sleeves, all prettily trimmed. Prices 21c, 23c, 29c, 32c, 36c, 40c, 41c, 43c, 44c, 48c, 58c, 63c, 75c, 84c, 98c, $1.13, $1.38 and $1.50.

34 PRINCESS SLIPS—Prices 87c, 96c, $1.13, $1.25, $1.29, $1.62, $2.00, $2.75 and $3.00.

24 GOWNS—In slipover and open front styles, daintily trimmed. Prices, 79c, 92c, 98c, $1.13, $1.25, $1.38, $1.62, $2.63, $2.75

25 APRONS—Dainty Tea Aprons and Maids' Aprons. Prices, ...17c, 23c, 31c, 33c, 34c, 38c, 42c, 46c, 54c, 58c and 75c

COMBINATIONS—Five only. Prices, $1.13, $1.25, $1.50, $2.38

Limited Quantities

in all cases—as you will see by the quantities in each line and the great range of prices, the number of garments at each price cannot be many, some only one or two, at a price which emphasizes the advantage of first selection. Sale at 8:30 tomorrow. Second Floor.

The Transfer Shopping Card Avoids Errors

If purchases are made and parceled as you go from counter to counter there is a possibility of mistakes or parcels being left behind. With a transfer card this is impossible, as all your purchases are checked up with your card at transfer office and parceled in one package when you have finished. Your purchases totaled and paid for after being checked, leaving a record of your transaction for future reference, if required.

Rubber Gloves for Housework

Just received, Fine Rubber Gloves to protect the hands in cleaning, dusting and doing general house work; sizes 6½ to 9. Price ..... 35c pair

Ladies' New Motor Gauntlets, tan leather. Price....$1.75 pair

Days Are Coming When Bodies Must Be Kept Cool

We know of no cooler or more comfortable underwear than these fine Swiss ribbed garments in the finest cotton, lisle or silk and wool, beautifully-finished seams, smooth and elastic.

Swiss Ribbed Cotton Vests, low neck, lace yoke in front, narrow shoulder straps; sizes 34 to 38 ..... 35c each, or 3 for $1.00

Cream Swiss Ribbed Silk and Wool Vests, low neck, sleeveless or short sleeves; sizes 34 to 38, Price $1.25

Pink Swiss Ribbed Lisle Vests, low neck, sleeveless, finished around neck and arms with French hem. Price 75c

Pink Fine Ribbed Cotton Combinations, low neck, sleeveless, finished with French hem around neck and arms, drawers tight knee; sizes 36 to 40. Price $1.25

Child's Ribbed Fine Cotton Combinations, low neck, short sleeves, bloomer-knee drawers, buttoned across back; ages 4 to 12. Price, according to size .....50c, 60c and 75c

Child's Ribbed Cotton Waists, with suspender clasp; ages 4 to 12; all sizes 25c

Ladies' Linen Handkerchiefs, $1.00 Doz.

50 dozen Pure Irish Linen Handkerchiefs, plain hemstitched quarter-inch hem, for ladies or children. Those who appreciate pure linen will know the value at this price, about 8c each. Get your supply. About 50 dozen only ..... $1.00 dozen

Also Ladies' or Children's Colored Bordered Handkerchiefs, in blue, pink, green, yellow; very dainty and pretty for summer dresses ..... 2 for 25c

AFTERNOON TEA SPECIALS.

Egg Salad Sandwich, Cup of Tea or Coffee 15c

Stuffed Tomatoes, Thin Bread and Butter, Cup of Tea 25c

SMALLMAN & INGRAM LIMITED

AFTERNOON TEA SPECIALS.

Strawberries and Cream with Lady Fingers 20c

Cold Roast Lamb, Sweet Pickles, Bread Rolls, Cup of Tea or Coffee .. 30c

THE BEST SHOE

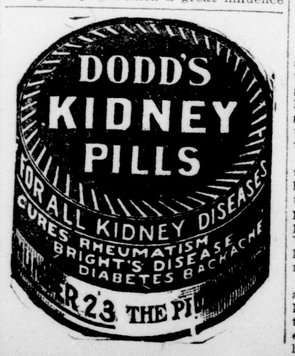
For the Growing Boy or Girl is the Nature Shoe,

THE CLASSIC

We have them in full line. All sizes. All widths.

The House of Casselman

171 DUNDAS STREET.



A MASTER FOOD

Grape-Nuts

New Styles are graceful

This year's D & A models show the figure at its best.

Without undue compression they help to realize the dressmaker's ideal.

Made in Canada and fitted on living Canadian models D & A Corsets give Canadian women the greatest possible comfort and sell at half the price of imported corsets. There is a style for every figure.

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