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tho' under our very noses, and when we had not near so many difficulties to encounter as the French will have. And, during all this time, I should be glad to know what we should be doing; I have considered the oppofition no more than could be expected in profound peace, from the garrifons of those places alone: but. would not the Indians our allies, or the forces raised by the colonies, be able to stop the enemies progress, to repel them, and carry the war into the very heart of Canada without any affiftance from the mother country? Is there likewise the least prospect of the French getting possession of the Lakes? How could they come near Detroit and Missilimakinac, more especially with a force to attack them? Could they get to them any otherwise than by navigating Lake Ontario, and from thence into Lake Erie, after taking those forts I have before mentioned? and, even after this is done, would not the two forts at Detroit and Missilimakinac, be fufficiently protected by our people from Louisiana?

Thus I think, Sir, I have fully answered the gentle-man's question with respect to an invasion from Canada; and therefore the consequences he draws from that opinion must cease. I own, if we make this barrier in North-America, I am "s so weak to be believe that they "will lay aside" their "plan of usurpation." I dare say they will not think of "elbowing all our colonies round about; I dare say they will not think "of resuming the same ambitions views of enlargement, which the most sacred ties of former treaties could not restrain." I have these essential reasons for believing

* Letter, &c. p. 30.