is an amount determined under paragraph (6)(a) or (b) in respect of the seizure.

Creditor's recovery reserve

(4) Where a property is seized at any time in a particular taxation year by a creditor in respect of a debt, for the purpose of computing the income of the creditor for the particular year, the amount deducted under paragraph 20(1)(n) in computing the income of the creditor for the preceding taxation year in respect of any disposition of the property before the particular year shall be deemed to be the amount, if any, by which the amount so deducted exceeds the total of all amounts each of which is an amount determined under paragraph (6)(m) or (n) in respect of the seizure.

Adjustment where disposition and repossession of property in same year

(5) Where a property is seized at any time in a taxation year by a creditor in respect of one or more debts and the property was capital property of the creditor that was disposed of by the creditor at a previous time in the year, the proceeds of disposition of the property to the creditor at the previous time shall be deemed to be the lesser of the amount of the proceeds determined without reference to this subsection) and the amount that is the greater of

(a) the amount, if any, by which the amount of such proceeds (determined without reference to this subsection) exceeds such portion of the proceeds as is represented by the specified amounts of those debts immediately before that time, and

(b) the cost amount to the creditor of the property immediately before the previous time.

Cost of seized properties for creditor

(6) Where a particular property is seized at any time in a taxation year by a creditor in respect of one or more debts, the cost to the creditor of the particular property shall be deemed to be the amount, if any, by which the total of

(a) that proportion of the total specified costs immediately before that time to the creditor of those debts that

(i) the fair market value of the particular property immediately before that time

calculated using the alliées (5)(a) ou (b) relativement à la saisie.

Prévision pour insuffisance de créances

(4) Dans le cas où un créancier saisit un bien au cours d'une année d'imposition donnée relativement à une dette, le montant qu'il déduit en application de l'alinéa 20(1)(n) dans le calcul de son revenu pour l'année d'imposition précédente relativement à une disposition du bien effectuée avant l'année donnée est réputé, aux fins du calcul de son revenu pour l'année donnée, correspondre à l'excédent éventuel du montant ainsi déduit sur le total des montants représentant chacun un montant calculé selon les alinéas (5)(m) ou (n) relativement à la saisie.

Aliénation et reprise de possession du bien la même année

(5) Dans le cas où un créancier saisit, à un moment donné d'une année d'imposition variable, un bien qui, relativement à une ou plusieurs dettes, un bien qui, relativement à une ou plusieurs dettes, un bien qui, relativement à une ou plusieurs dettes