Dr. J. O. Orr, "Artificial Astigmatism."

Dr. C. A. Wood, Chicago, "Empyema of Frontal Simus."

Dr. P. G. Goldsmith, Belleville, "Management of Cases of Nasal Obstruction."

Dr. J. F. MacDonald, Hopewell, N.S., "Tuberculosis."

Dr. A. R. Robinson, New York, "X-Ray in Cancer."

Dr. D. A. Shirres, Montreal, "Degeneration of Spinal Cord Associated with Anemia or Other Forms of Malnutrition."

Dr. James Stewart, Montreal, "On Some Points in Cerebral Localization, Illustrated by a Series of Morbid Specimens and Some Living Cases."

Dr. A. Primrose, Toronto, "Case of Filariasis in Man, Cured by Operation."

Papers also have been promised by Drs. Armstrong, Ingersoll Olmstead, D. C. Meyers, G. S. Ryerson, F. A. L. Lockhart, and many others.

M'GILL MEDICAL FACULTY MOURNS THE LATE DR. JOHNSTON.

The Medical Faculty of McGill has adopted the following resolution with reference to the late Dr. Wyatt Johnston :

" The members of the Faculty of Medicine of McGill University wish, by this resolution, to put-upon record their recognition of the great loss they have sustained by the untimely death of their brilliant colleague, Professor Wyatt Johnston. Throughout the twenty-one years during which he was associated with this faculty, as student, demonstrator, lecturer and professor, his work was always characterized by a rare degree of conscientious exactness and originality. An earnest student, a thorough and successful investigator and ever an advocate of advanced scientific methods of medical education, his loss to the faculty will, indeed, be a great To his exertions this faculty owes the practical character of orie. the teaching in the various departments of state medicine with which he was connected, and also the introduction of advanced and post-graduate courses leading to the diplomas of public health and legal medicine. His high status among scientific men as a trustworthy investigator, especially in the fields of bacteriology and preventive medicine, has added not a little to the reputation of this university as a centre for research. His reputation as a reliable and scientific medical jurist and expert was not confined to this city or this country, and his services to the courts of justice have done much to demonstrate to the professions of law and medicine the value of this branch of medical education. His colleagues in the Faculty of Medicine feel that in his untimely death each has lost a bright and cheering companion and friend whose earnestness of purpose and enthusiasm in his work was a stimulus to all