

Oldies.

Courier des James.

News of the Week.

THE FASHION PLATE.

Fig 1.—Cigar case in embroidery on leather. This is worked in grey cord, cordonnet silk, and gold cord, on dark grey leather or morocco.

Figs. 2 and 3.—Black velvet Paletot, lined with black silk. The trimming consists of gimp lace 2 1/2 in. deep, 1 1/2 in. bead buttons sewn over imitation button-holes 2 inches in length edged with a narrow piping, a rep ribbon loop arrangement in front, with revers and cuffs.

The remaining figures show various new shapes and trimmings for fall bonnets.

FASHION HINTS.

A specialité of this month is the tight sleeveless jacket, of the same colour as the trimming of the dress. One very pretty costume, recently shown to us, was of grey soft cloth, trimmed with brown Irish poplin; the front breadth was trimmed with a deep fold, fastened on the one side by a row of oxydised buttons, on the other, at intervals of six inches, it was cut and turned back, lined with brown, and the corners fastened down with buttons. Sleeves are no longer worn open, excepting for full dress, and then only in thin materials. The most stylish and becoming jacket is of velvet, but the dress trimming must in that case be of the same material.

Round skirts are again the fashion. "No lady in Paris walks out in a dress that touches the ground," is the report of leading modistes just returned from abroad. The Bazar has said this repeatedly while deploring the dragged skirts of American women, and is glad to chronicle the fact that it has become the fashion here to walk in the trim French skirt, round, short, and narrow. The new skirts are "round," inasmuch as they appear to be of the same length all around, instead of trailing slightly behind; short, because they escape the ground; and narrow, because their greatest width is from three yards to three and a quarter. The usual number of narrow gores is used for these skirts, and they are made to cling flatly in front and on the sides by tapes attached to the second side seams, and tied behind the person, or else by wearing them over the new sloping bustles.

For the most part it is well that elderly ladies should wear black dresses; or, if they prefer coloured, various shades of grey or violet should be adopted. Soft fine cashmere or French merino is most suitable for morning wear, made with a plain skirt to touch the ground; if the wearer be stout, a small pelerine of the same material as the dress may be worn, edged with yak lace or fringe. The cap is the chief ornament of this period; for the morning it should be made of fine clear muslin, richly embroidered; from Paris may be procured the "raw material" traced for working, and no more appropriate birthday or Christmas present can be prepared by the young people for grandmothers than a cap worked and daintily trimmed with bows and knots of pink, blue, mauve, green, or amber ribbon; in fact, any colour which has suited the complexion in youth will remain becoming to the end of life. As old age always meets with respect, or at all events should do so, grandmothers may wear moderately long trains for evening dress; the skirts full and trimmed with ribbons, en tablier or quite plain; the most appropriate materials are rich silk, Irish poplin, moiré antique, and satin; silver grey or mauve are suitable colours for festive occasions, but for general use black is preferable; a Hombton lace, Brussels, or old point cap with a large collar or small cape to match always looks elegant, and although these laces are somewhat expensive to buy, they last for ever, and in some cases are family heirlooms. Here again the skilful young fingers of grandchildren can arrange pretty bows and trimmings of bright-coloured velvet and ribbon, and place them in a more becoming manner than strangers could ever do. It is very easy to make a young girl look pretty, but, "when we are old and grey," ordinary folks think it not worth their while to take any pains about us. There is no more beautiful sight than a dignified elderly gentlewoman, and contrariwise none more saddening than an old lady tottering about dressed like a girl.

THE DOMINION.—The formal opening of the International Railway Bridge took place on Monday. A train of cars with Lieutenant-Governor Howland, Mr. Potter, President of the Grand Trunk Railway, Mr. Brydges, and the principal officials of the railways, crossed from the Canadian to the American side, returned, and were afterwards entertained at a lunch given by Messrs. Gzowski and McPherson, the contractors. An immense traffic is immediately expected. Regular passenger trains commenced crossing on Monday. The village of Hull has passed resolutions of sympathy with Riel. Toronto is to have a new Opera House, the stock for which has been nearly all subscribed. News has been received at Ottawa of the death of Mr. Dixon, Chief Emigration Agent in London, which took place on Tuesday week. His death must have been sudden, as letters written by him were received at the Department of Agriculture on the day on which news of his decease reached Ottawa.

UNITED STATES.—The public debt of the United States shows an increase of \$303,900 for the month of October.

GREAT BRITAIN.—A telegram from London reports that Sir Garnet Wolseley, Commander of the Ashantee expedition, received instructions to first offer terms of peace to the Ashantees. The marriage of the Duke of Edinburgh to Princess Maria of Russia is to be solemnized according to the Church of England, and the Dean of Canterbury goes to St. Petersburg to perform the ceremony. At a meeting of national labourers held at Leamington it was stated that the General Agent of New Zealand would give free passages to all labourers who would emigrate to that colony, and that there was room there for 20,000 families.

FRANCE.—President MacMahon has issued an address to the army, in which he alludes to the insubordinate conduct of one of the generals, and appeals to the soldiers to maintain discipline, and support the laws. The Comte de Chambord, in a letter written to a member of a delegation who recently waited on him, explains his present position, and recapitulates his intentions should he succeed in gaining the throne of France. The monarchists in the French Assembly talk of proclaiming a monarchy, and making the Prince de Joinville Lieut. Governor of the Kingdom when the Assembly opens. On Monday, President MacMahon received a delegation from all sections of the Right. It is believed after prolongation of the President's power has been voted, the Ministry will be re-constructed and a series of strongly conservative measures be introduced in the Assembly. The deputies of the entire Left have agreed to question the Government on its participation in intrigues for a Monarchical coalition. Several Republican candidates have been returned in France in the elections for municipal officers.

The Bonapartist organ at Paris has published a document signed by many deputies, protesting against the restoration of a monarchy without consulting the country. One of the witnesses in the Bazaine trial has been arrested for writing a letter to the Duke d'Aumale, in which he stipulated what questions should be asked him at the examination. SPAIN.—Four hundred men left Cadiz on Saturday for Havana, to reinforce the Spanish troops operating against the Cuban insurgents. Several Carlist bands were defeated and scattered by the Republican troops on Saturday and Sunday. A telegram from Cartagena to the Times says the insurgents have arrested a Prussian subject named Girard, and refuse to surrender him on demand of the German Consul, declaring that he is a spy from Madrid. A serious complication with the German Government is probable. The Spanish Government has addressed a note to the foreign powers, complaining of the interference of a French gun-boat at Cartagena, and thereby precipitating a late naval combat.

GERMANY.—Prince Bismarck has been appointed President of the German Ministry in the place of General Von Roon. RUSSIA.—A despatch from St. Petersburg brings intelligence of a revolt in Khiva upon the evacuation of the capital by the Russians. The town was plundered and destroyed, and 1,600 emancipated Persian slaves fell victims to the fury of the rebels.

A Seranton paper, in giving an account of a shooting affray, says the wounded man is expected to recover, as the pistol-ball lodged in his dinner-pail.

A young man in Texas recently bought a fine orchard of two hundred apple trees, and tapped every one of them in order to secure a supply of cider!

A warm couple stood in the pale, cold moon. Their lips touched, and there was a sound like a cow hawling her hoof out of the mud.

"How does your husband get along?" asked a neighbour of an undertaker's wife. "Nothing to complain of; he had twelve funerals yesterday; thanks be to goodness," was the reply.

The Denver News gave, a short time ago, an account of a raid of three hundred clergymen "on the frontier, carrying their scalp and plunder with them." It meant three hundred Cheyennes.

The editor of the Huntsville, Mo., Herald pops the question in his paper in this public fashion: "There's a certain girl in this town who can carry our smoke-house keys for life if she'll only say the word."

The Ogensburg Journal states that "a Wayne county stage driver who charged a blind woman double fare, and then cheated her in making change, has received an earnest appeal from Niagara Falls to come there and jog a team for visitors."

A facetious senior asked a freshman to tell him the difference between a fac-simile and a sick family; but the laugh was on the senior, for the freshman instantly replied: No difference. A sick family is a family that is sick, and fac-simile means the same.

A lager beer house in Hudson county, N. J., was formerly a church. The shrewd Teuton who now keeps it was about to erase an inscription pointed over the door, but on second thought he left the last line untouched. It is: "Let him who is athirst come."

Chicago wants to have the next world's fair held there. "In the first place," says the Boston Post, "it isn't certain that the next world will have a fair, and in the second place those who'd be likely to attend it will prefer a more pious town in which to celebrate."

The St. Louis Republic puts it this way: "An English jury brought in the following verdict in a criminal case: 'Guilty, with some little doubt as to whether he is the man.' The Police Committee's verdict was: 'Not guilty, though there is no doubt that these were the men.'"

The ruling passion strong in death was characteristically illustrated on the occasion of a clergyman's prayer for a dying tollman. The poor man had not many hours to live, and the clergyman was in the middle of his prayer. "Whist a wee," said the tollman, "I think I hear a cart."

A London photographer advertises as follows: "In consequence of the daily increase of accidents by railway, the public are earnestly requested to call at the studios of the Blank School of Photography, to have their portraits taken, that they may have some memento of departed friends."

The editor of a Western paper once gave a notice of a ball, and happened incidentally to mention that the dancing of Major Fleeter's better half was like "the carting of a fly-bitten cow in a field of cucumbers." The fact that the editor had not been invited to the ball may somewhat detract from the value of the simile, while at the same time it accounts for his establishing the figure. The major accompanied by his better half and a six-shooter, called on the editor to complain of the poetical nature of the image. On learning that the lady was the one he had described, the editor besought her to raise her veil. She did so, saying, "Now sir, I expect you to apologise." "Apologise! I should rather think I would," was the answer, as he seized his hat and rapidly left the room. The astounded major rushed to the window: "Stop, you sir! you have not apologised!" "All right; I'm going to do it in a minute!" "What do you mean?" shouted the major, accentuating the note of interrogation with a pistol-bullet. The answer was wafted back from round the next water—"Can't you see I'm looking for that cow?"

Fashionable Millinery Establishment

MADAME ANNA DE FUNRAL, from Paris direct, has established her Fashionable Millinery Show Rooms at No. 55 University Street, corner of St. Catherine, (first floor). Being provided with elegant Bonnets, Ornaments, Flowers and Waistcoats of the latest fashion, she begs to recommend her services to the ladies of Montreal. All orders will be attended to with strict punctuality. S 12 of 2f

FLOUR INSPECTION.

The undersigned having been appointed Inspector of Flour and Meal for the City of Montreal, begs respectfully to inform the Trade that he has established his Office at the Corner of Common and Colborne Streets. (MOIR'S WAREHOUSE.) POST OFFICE ADDRESS — BOX 6454. M. HUTCHISON.

NOTICE.

The undersigned has been furnished with the new Standards of Flour in accordance with the recent act. M. HUTCHISON. Flour Inspector. October 25. S-18 2f

CERTIFICATE FROM MR. ALFRED KNUCKLE, American House, St. Joseph Street.

MONTREAL, March 7th, 1872. DEAR SIR,—I was afflicted during the beginning of this winter with a most severe COLIC, attended with incessant COUGHING and DIFFICULTY OF BREATHING, which reduced me so low that many persons supposed I could never recover. I tried a great many things, which were given me both by my doctors and friends; but did not receive any benefit from anything until I commenced using your "HOARHOUD AND CHERKUY BALSAM," which seemed to give me relief immediately. I continued using it until I was completely cured, and now I believe I am as well as I ever was in my life. I would gladly recommend it to any person suffering from a similar complaint. Almost anybody who knows me can certify to the above. ALFRED KNUCKLE. No. RICHMOND SPRINGS, Chemist, corner of McGill and Notre Dame Streets.

Reduction in Freight Rates.

THE GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY WILL continue to send out, daily, THROUGH CARS for CHICAGO, MILWAUKEE, ST. PAUL, and other Western points, at reduced rates from the winter tariff.

Shippers can get full information by applying to Mr. Burns, Agent G. T. R., Chaboillez Square, or at the Office of the General Freight Agent. C. J. BRYDGES, MANAGING DIRECTOR. P. S. STEVENSON, General Freight Agent. 7-21 1f

The Canadian Illustrated News,

A WEEKLY JOURNAL of current events Literature, Science and Art, Agriculture and Mechanics, Fashion and Amusement. Published every Saturday, at Montreal, Canada. By Geo. E. Desbarats. Subscription, in advance, \$4.00 per an. Single Numbers, 10 cents. Postage: 5 cents per quarter, payable in advance by subscribers at their respective Post Offices. The CANADIAN ILLUSTRATED NEWS, and THE FAVORITE will be sent to one address for one year for \$5.00.

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Every club of five subscribers sending a remittance of \$20, will be entitled to Six Copies for one year mailed to one address. Montreal subscribers will be served by Carriers. Remittances by Post Office Order or Registered Letter at the risk of the Publisher. Advertisements received, to a limited number at 15 cents per line, payable in advance.

DR. BESSEY, PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON, 8 BEAVER HALL SQUARE, MONTREAL. 7-23 1f.

AVOID QUACKS.

A victim of early indiscretion, causing nervous debility, premature decay, &c., having tried in vain every advertised remedy, has discovered a simple means of self-cure, which he will send free to his fellow-sufferers. Address, S-14 1y J. H. REEVES, 75 Nassau St., New York.

\$5 to \$20 per day. Agents wanted! All classes of working people, of either sex, young or old, make more money at work for us in their spare moments, or all the time, than at anything else. Particulars free. Address G. STINSON & CO., Portland, Maine. 7-20 2z



INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAY.

THE Commissioners appointed to construct the Intercolonial Railway give Public Notice that they are prepared to receive Tenders for the construction of a "Deep Water Terminus" at Father Point. Plans and Specifications may be seen at the Engineers' Offices in Ottawa and Rimouski, on and after the 20th day of November next. Tenders marked "Tenders for Harbour and Branch line," will be received at the Commissioners' Office, Ottawa, up to six o'clock, p.m., of the 20th day of December next.

A. WALSH, ED. H. CHANDLER, C. J. BRYDGES, A. W. McLELLAN, Commissioners. COMMISSIONERS' OFFICE, OTTAWA, } October 17th, 1873. } S-17 4f

GENTLEMEN wishing for the best Ornamental or Fruit Trees, Flowering Shrubs, Perennial or Annual plants, &c., would do well to send their orders to SHANLEY & GALLAGHER, Wholesale and Retail dealers in Fruit and Ornamental Trees, Shrubs, Roses, Bulbs, Seeds, &c., P. O. Box 317, Rochester, N. Y. S-9 26f

FOR SALE.

A STONE HOUSE, pleasantly situated in the best part of the Village of Varennes, and commanding a fine view of the River St. Lawrence. The house is 48 feet front by 30 feet deep, and there is a good garden with fruit trees and about 11 acres of ground. Apply to D. R. STODART, Broker, 146, St. James Street. 4-12 1f

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A most perfect invention for the DETECTION OF BURGLARS. Has just been Patented that is sure to awake the inmates of premises and attract the attention of people in the street. It is safe, simple and inexpensive.

Patent Rights for Sale. Apply to W. H. SIMMONDS, ACTONVALE, Q. Or, THOS. R. JOHNSON, 44 St. James Street, MONTREAL. October 24. S-18 4f