This large genus may be known from the allied genera mentioned by the following group of characters: Triangles without cross-veins, thorax green or yellow with conspicuous brown or black bands, hind femora with numerous small spines, but no large ones.

19. Gomphus vastus (Walsh). Fig. 3. Hull, June 29th, 1886, 3 females (Fletcher).

Face transversely banded with black, dorsum of thorax with a pair of narrow equal divergent yellow bands, each forming below an acute angle with a shorter transverse band and uniting above with a narrow complete antehumeral band. Segments 7-9 remarkably dilated, especially in the male.

This species is said to frequent the shores of the Great Lakes and larger streams. I have never met with it in the field.

One of the above specimens was recorded under the name G. adelphus in the Entomological Record, Ann. Rep. Ent. Soc. of Ont., 1906, p. 104.

20. Gomphus brevis (Hagen). Figs. 4, 5.

Ottawa, 1 male; Hull, June 29th, 1886, 1 female (Fletcher);

Cumberland, June 16th, 1900, 1 male (Gibson).

Face transversely banded with black, dorsum of thorax, with a pair of broad green or greenish yellow bands widening below. Antehumeral bands interrupted above. Segments 7-9 only moderately dilated.

This short, thick-set species is rather common in Ontario, frequenting well aerated waters, such as rapid streams and the

exposed shores of large lakes.

21. Gomphus exilis, Selvs. Figs. 6, 7.

Ottawa, 1 male, 1 female (Harrington): Hull, July 13th

and 17th, 1907, 3 males, 1 female (Gibson).

Face entirely yellow, length under 45 mm., dull brown banded with greenish yellow, segments 7-9 but little dilated, superior appendages of male with a blunt low inferior process.

This is our commonest Gomphus, frequenting the shores of lakes and streams, especially the more sheltered parts. It is

exceedingly abundant on Georgian Bay.

G. spicatus and G. sordidus are often associated with G. exilis, and both closely resemble the latter in form and coloration. They are larger species (48-50 mm.) and differ from exilis further in the structure of the genitalia.

22. Gomphus cornutus, Tough. Figs. 8, 9.

Ottawa, Mer Bleue, June 18th, 1907, 1 male (Fletcher). Face entirely vellow: length (male) 57 mm.; dorsum of