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below the middle, more or less strongly hirsutulous, as are also some of the petioles: sepals oblong, obtuse, strongly and closely ciliate with spreading or somewhat retrorse hairs: corolla violet, large, about 1½ inches wide, the petals not very dissimiliar, rather broadly obovate, the keel as broad as the others and very obtuse.

Described from specimens collected by Dr. Jas. Fletcher, in open spaces among woods at Aylmer, Que. This species has also been collected on Prince Edward Island, by Mr. L. W. Watson and in Vermont. In general appearance V. subviscosa resembles V. septentrionalis but this latter species "has a heavier foliage, of a light green shade, wholly devoid of clamminess, each leaf with a broad open sinus and each branch of its stout rootstock produces a considerable claster of leaves and flowers."

VIOLA CARDAMINEFOLIA, Greene, Pittonia, vol. IV, p. 289.

Caulescent, the numerous slender decumbent or more depressed stems 3 to 5 inches long: leaves small, the subcordate-ovate obtuse minutely crenate blade often merely ½ inch, seldom ¾ inch long, of firm texture, obscurely pulverulent-puberulent, the slender petioles about 1 inch long; stipules lanceolate, the lowest serrate-ciliate, the upper nearly entire except toward the base: slender peduncles little more than an inch long, bibracteolate much above the middle: sepals subulate-lanceolate, glabrous: corolla small, deep-blue; spur elongated, oblique.

In rocky woodland near Ayimer, Quebec, Canada, 6 June, 1901, Dr. J. Fletcher. Allied to the common *V. Muhlenbergiana* of the U. S. (now rightly or wrongly called *V. Labradorica*), but easily distinct by its small, thick and somewhat fleshy foliage always of ovate outline and obtuse; the flowers not half as large, much more deeply coloured, with a different spur.

VIOLA FULCRATA, Greene, Pittonia, vol. IV, p. 285.

Cowichan River, Vancouver Island, 2 June, 1898. Herb. No. 19,912. (J. R Anderson.)