OUR STORY COMPETITION.
At last wo are able to give the results of our story competition, and we have at the same time to thank the competitors for their patience in waiting so long. But then, such a moving as the Witness office lins hat, does not come every year, you know.
There were not so many competitors as usually take part in our Messenger competitions, but the quality of the stories sent in was mucl higher in every way. Stories came from every section of Camada, from the Athantic to the Pacific coast and from the other side of the line as well.
The deciding as to which were on the whole the best has been no easy matter, and many of the stories not winning prizes are very little behind those that do. The story which has finally been judged worthy of the
finst prize
is 'How They Spent Christmas,' by Miss Mabel Knowlton, Philidelphia, Pa. The second prize
has been awardeci for the story 'Little Ned's Faith,' by Miss Jane A. Stephen, Hanover, Ont.

## SPECIAL MENTION.

The stories sent in by the following are worthy of special mention:-Niga Erio, Helen Lyle, Madge Zeti, Lucilla Serril, Gil Blas.

Honon roll.
The following honor roll is a most creditable one.



still another list
must be given. The stories sent in under these nom-de-plumes showed, as a rule, clear and neat penmanship and strict attention to the rules laid down at the beginning of the competition.

'THE AERIAL MESSENGER COMPANY, LIMITED.'
A mateur owners and breeders of carrier pigeons are numbered by the thoussands in
this country. Nearly every city has acclub this country. Nearly every city has aclub
or association devoted to the breeding and or association devoted to the breeding and
flying of these interesting birds. It is the opinion of good judges that, after a few generations, birds bred and flown in the
United States become stronger and more United States become stronger and more sagacious than the European stook from
which they are descended. Some of the best records, both for distance flown and for time, have been made by the pigeons of A merican fanciers.
The use of a carrier-pigeon post during the siege of Paris is a familiar fact. Newspapers, letters and despatches were reduced
to diminutive size by photography, and ento diminutive size by photography, and en-
trusted to currier birds which had been brouglat out of Paris in balloons, and were thus carried back into the beleaguered city over the heads of the German army. During several months the pigeon-post was the only menns by which the besieged city
ceived news from the outside world.
But in spite of the telegraph, the telephoneand the regular post, the servicos of pigeons are still often put to practical use in Europe. This is particularly the case in Belgium and the north of France, where
they are most extensively bred. They are often employed successfully in carrying
distant points to the Paris and Brussels newspapers.
Amcrican pigeon-fanciers have not deof thioinch attention to the practical side here is regarded merely as a sport; and its principal object is the making of 'records. There exists, however, nenr. New York city a flock of these birds which demonstrates how ensily they can be employed for a use-
ful purpose. ful purpose.
A bout forty miles from New York, amid the hills of Somerset county, New Jersey, a-New York banker has a country estate, to which he has given the name of Chetola. It is several miles distant from the nearest railway. and telegraph station. The
proprietor has found a prompt means of proprietor has found a prompt menns of
communicating with his place of business communienting with his place of business
in the employment of trained pigeons and the 'Aeriel Messenger Company Limited,' as the Chetolia flock is company, its owner, has attained a high state of efficiency in its work.
About twenty-five birds are engaged in the service. They are the descendants of several pairs of Antwerp carriers imported
by the owner. In appenrance they by the owner. In appearance they are
quite handsome, being longer in the body quite handsome, being longer in the body
than the ordinary pigeon, with slim neeks, bright, intelligent eyes, and large wings, supplied with the abundance of muscular power necessiuy to sustain them in long and rapid journeys.
The general color of the birds is a slategrey, with markings on the wings and body of a darker hue, melting on the neck and back into rainbow shades-the poetical, lively iris of the 'burnish'd dove.'
Their residence is a roomy loft over one of the farm buildings. Here they are provided with all the luxuries a pigeon can desire, including feeding-places constantly supplied with provender, and a continucus flow of water for drinkinig and bathing. Exceedingly fastidious birds, scrupulously neat as to their plumage, their dwelling placo must be kept in a condition of order and cleanliness.
The practical working of this Aerial Messengor service is simple. The birds are accustomed to being handled, and are not dismayed when some of their number are taken from the loft, placed in a wicker
hamper, and carried by the railwny to New York.
Indeed, as some of them are always kept on band at their owner's city office, they are habituated to this experience, and rethain with apparent contentment in temporary seclusion.
While thus waiting for duty, their food and water are restricted to a minimum. When a nessage is to be entrusted to them, it is written out on a piece of very thin paper about three inches square. This is and one of the birds being taken from the hamper, the strip of paper is firmly attached to one of its tail feathers by means of a piece of fine wire.

A vigorous pull is always given to the feather to make sure that it is not loose. Then a window is opened, and the bird let
loose. loose.
Inst
Instantly gaining its wings, it rises above the lofty buildings of the city, and without hesitation, strikes out in the direction of its home in New Jersey.
In from forty minutes to an hour the little messenger from Wall street alights at its cote in the country. The entrance easily pushes aside. In its desire for food and a bath after its long flight, it usually wastes no time in entering.
The door has an electrical attachment which signals the appearance of $a$ bird by ringing a bell in the mansion. Some one at once goes to the pigeon loft, captures it of the note it carried.
it of the note it carried.
In this way the master of the establish-
nent can be kept by his partners and clerks fully informed of what is going on in the city.
cita
E.
Each bird in the service benrs on its leg
light brass ring, upon which its number a light brass ring, upon which its number
is inscribed. A careful record is kept of each trip a bird makes, and of the time it requires. Most of the flock have made the journey many times.
This precision was not attained without care and attention. Some birds, especially at their homa after being despatched They nay fall victims to hawks or to un-
discriminating gunners. Sometimes they are enticed from their duty by the prospect ary pigeons which they encounter.
Carrier doves, like men, includo some stupid and lazy individuals: Those who succumb to danger ortemptation are caught or shot. The lazy birds, when freed, prefer to sun themselves on a roof rather than proceed with their message. Or on arriv ing at their home they roost for a time on tree beforē entering their hospitable loft.
But by weeding out the weak or incom petent, by training the young birds to duty by flying them on gradually increasing distances, and above all by making their home attractive to them, this corps of fenthered messengers has been brought to a state of assured efficiency. The 'old stugers' have learned to avoid peril, to disdutin allure ments, and to attend strictly to business. The result is that even a delay on their part is somewhat rare. Their master is very proud of a recent performance of his fock. During a tedious illness and convalescence of over three months, his pireens
brought him day by day hourly bulletins frought the city without mishap or eve:1 detention.
Several members of the Chetola flock have records fur it thousand miles or more. This is not the purpose for which they are maintained; but on one occasion a pair of them combined an important bu
vice with a long distance flight.
Their master left New. York in summer to spend some days at a fishing station on the New England coast, three hundred miles away from New York. He took with him a hanmper containing a few birds, intending to test them on a long distance
journey. The place at which he was stayjourney. The place at which he was stay
ing wis isolated spot, far from a telegraph office, and was reached only by ia steamboat on alternate days. One morning, after the steamboat had come and gone, lo found that it had brought him a message from New York in regard to an important matter of business. An immediate answer was required, as the subject
considerable amount of money.
There was no way of sending a messinge for several days. Ho resolved to mike üse of his birds. He wrote the necessnyy instructions to his representatives in duplicate. The messinges were attached to two of the birds, which were liberated at about of the birds, Which were liber
two o'clock in the afternoon.
The next morning at seven o'clock the gallant carriers, having flown three hundred miles over an unfamiliar country, rang the bell that communicated with their loft in New Jersey. The nessages were secured,
and sent to New York at onco ; and the and sent to New York at once; and the next mail brought the owner of the birds
the information that his orders had been the information that his
successfully carried out.
On this occasion alone, he says, the performance of the two birds repaid hime a hundred fold for all the trouble or expense his faithful jittle feathered employees had ever Youth's Companion.

HINDU FABLE ON SUPERIORITY.
An elephant named Grand Tusk, and an ape named Nimble, were friends. Grand Tusk said, 'See, how big and powerful I am!' Nimble replied: 'Behold, how agile and lively and entertnining I am! '
Each was eager to know which was really superior to the other and which quality was most esteemed by the wise, and so they went to Dark Sage, an owl that lived in an
old tower to old tower, to have their claims discussed
and settled. He said to them: 'Cross yonder river and bring me some mangoes from the grent tree beyond.'
Off they went, and on reaching the river Nimble held bick, but Grand Tusk took him upon his back and swam across. When they cime to the tree, it was lotty and thick, and Grand Tusk could neither
touch the fruit with his trunk, nor broak touch the fruit with his trunk, nor break
the tree down to gather the fruit. U1, sprang Nimble and picked and dropped to the ground the mangoes.' Grand Tusk then gathered the fruit in his capacious mouth, and the two friends crossed the strenm as before and reported what they had done to their friend Dark Sage.
'Now,' said Dark Sage, 'Which is the better? Grand Tusk crossed tho stream and Nimble gathered the fruit. Each wis dependent on the other. Each one is best in his place.'-Rimaswami Raju.

## "ONE, TWO, THREE!"

By H. C. Bunner', in Scribner
Twas an old, old, old, old lady,
And $a$ boy who was half-past threc; And the way that they played together Was beautiful to sec.
Whe couldn't go running and jumping,
And the boy, no more could he,
Tor he was a thin little fellow,
With a thin, little, twisted knee.
They sat in the yellow sunlight, Out under the maple-tree;
And the game that they played I'll tell you. Just as it was told to nic.
It was Hide-and-Go-Seek they were playing, Though you'd never have known it to boWith the old, old, old, old lady; and a boy with a twisted knec.
Tho boy would bend his face down On his one littlo sound right knee, And he'd guess where she was hiding,
In guesses One. Two, Three! In gucsses One. Two, Three! Ho would cry, and laugh with gleoHo would cry, and laugh

## But he still had Two and Three.

"Your are up in Papa's big bedroom,
In the chest with the queer old key!"
And she said: "You are warm and warmer;
But you're not quite right," said she.
"It can't be the littic cupboard Where Manman's things used to beSo it must be the clothes-press, Gran'm
And he found her, with his Three.

Then she covered her face with her fingers
They were wrinkled and white and wee. And she gucssed where the boy was hiding, With a One and a Two and a Three.
And they never had stirred from their places, Right under the maple-tre
This old, old, ole, old lady,
And the boy with the lame little knee-
This dcar, dear, dear old lady,
And the boy who was half-past three.

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