

## Hard Times scared to Death!

"We cannot tell a lie, we did it with our little hands" when we knocked the covers off our business, low priced.

## SPRING & SUMMER GOODS.

And now we are ready to give you a welcome that means business. We have laid in a new

## SPRING STOCK

English, Scotch, French, German, Canadian, and Domestic Cloths.

"Simon pure" Goods.

## Ready made clothing

which will equal any lot in the Province

Men's and Youths'

## Boots and Shoes,

positively in prices a surprise to all

Gents' Furnishing Goods,

in all the latest styles.

## HATS AND CAPS.

Zinc, Leather & Wood

## TRUNKS.

## Latest Fashion Plates,

Just received—away up.

We astonish the sight-seer with an unrivalled collection of

Elegant Styles and Beautiful Fabrics.

We delight the purchaser with prices, which we never so low. We afford all the opportunity to secure the

NEWEST AND BEST

## Spring Garments

at prices within their means.

These plain facts demand your attention; and we respectfully advise an early call and invite it.

## T. W. Smith & Son

CLOTHIERS,

AND

Low priced Boot and Shoe Men.

Fredericton, May 11

## ALBION HOUSE!

JULY 12th.

## NEW GOODS!

In addition to Spring importations, I am receiving shipments of new

Staple and Fancy

## DRY GOODS

Every week, thus keeping the stock fresh and well assorted.

JUST RECEIVED:

New Black & Colored Satins,

BLACK AND FANCY

MOIRE WTERED SILK,

Black Broche Silk.

LACES:

Black Beaded Lace.

Black Spanish Lace.

Cream Spanish Lace.

Maltese Lace.

Bretagne Lace.

Torcheon Lace.

Edelweisse Lace.

Point D'Alencon.

Guipure D'Art Lace.

Insertion Lace.

Hamburg Embroideries.

Lace Collars & Fiches.

Black and Cream Scarf LACE.

Watered and Brocade Ribbons

Gents and Ladies' Gloves

and Hosiery. New Corsets

in all styles and popular

makes, Buttons

and DRESS TRIMMINGS.

Also a full line of Staple

Goods, in Cottons, Ducks, Tickings,

Prints, Shirtings, Towels, &c., &c.,

with leading varieties in Gents

Furnishing Goods.

Parks' Warps and Knitting Cottons,

in all numbers.

Wholesale and Retail.

F. B. EDGEcombe,

Queen St., Fredericton,

Branch Store: St. Mary's Ferry

## Communications.

### Teachers' Salaries.

To the Editor of the Maritime Farmer:

Sir,—In the Sun's report of the closing

hours of the Teachers' Institute, I notice

the following remarks credited to Dr. Hand:

"He would take the Institute into his con-

science and tell them that he had recently

made to the Local Government an applica-

tion, on behalf of himself and Principal

Crockett, for an increase of salary, and he

hoped it was granted; it would have the

effect of raising the salaries of all engaged in

the work of teaching."

The Teachers of the Province will not

doil appreciate at its full value the effort

of Dr. Hand to raise their salaries. But

that he should select himself and Principal

Crockett as examples of the ill-paid Teachers,

is rather absurd. His own salary reaches the

vicinity of \$2000 per annum, while that of

Principal Crockett is only a total of \$1500

made up as follows: as Principal of Normal

School \$1200; City Superintendent of

Schools \$200; Examiner for Degrees at the

University, say \$100. These sums, com-

pared with the paltry average salary of the

Common School Teachers are almost fortu-

nate for the Teachers on the whole. The Gov-

ernment or the country to consider favorably

their case, if such cases as these are held up

as instances of poor pay.

K.

Fredericton, July 18, 1882

### A Farmer on Local Politics.

To the Editor of the Maritime Farmer:

DEAR SIR,—In talking with some of my

neighbors a few days ago, I was not a little

surprised to hear that Mr. Blair did not think

it due to the election of the County to thank

him on Declaration Day for their support

in the last election, and in reading a paper

which I saw stated that he had been

been over the Province trying to get some

members pledged to turn out the Govern-

ment, as he was anxious that the Attorney

General's seat, that he could not wait until

the House met to see if there was any chance

of bringing about the Government.

Now, Sir, I being one of Mr. Blair's sup-

porters, I felt that he had gone farther than

we intended, when we elected him, as I can

assure you that we only voted for him as

being a good man in the Opposition, which

was what he laid claim for re-election, and

I have talked with several of Mr. Blair's

supporters at the last election, and all that I

spoke to on the subject were unanimous in

saying that he did not want to turn the Gov-

ernment out as at present constituted, be-

lieving that York County could do better

by having the Chief Commissioner of Pub-

lic Works in this County than any other

office in the Government, and if they thought

they would have that effect they would not

have voted for Mr. Blair. I think there are

several reasons why the present Government

should have a fair support.

In Mr. Marshall's speech to the electors of

St. John, he tells them that they have re-

ceived for the City and County of St. John

for the last four years \$17,450, which is

the total amount appropriated by the

House for the whole Province in \$210,000

per year or for four years \$840,000, which

shows that St. John got a little over one-fifth

of the whole appropriation for Public Works.

Now, Sir, I being one of five members in

the Opposition, what can they expect to get

more than just what the Government cannot

help giving them, they are just in the place

that Mr. Blair told us, when we asked him

why he did not give us some money on our

roads that he had promised us. He said we

know that when a man went in the Opposi-

tion, he had no more influence, and that he

could not get anything but a "commutation"

I do not think it would be very good

policy on our part to turn the men out of

the hands of the Government. I think we

know that when a man went in the Opposi-

tion, he had no more influence, and that he

could not get anything but a "commutation"

I do not think it would be very good

policy on our part to turn the men out of

the hands of the Government. I think we

know that when a man went in the Opposi-

tion, he had no more influence, and that he

could not get anything but a "commutation"

I do not think it would be very good

policy on our part to turn the men out of

the hands of the Government. I think we

know that when a man went in the Opposi-

tion, he had no more influence, and that he

could not get anything but a "commutation"

I do not think it would be very good

policy on our part to turn the men out of

the hands of the Government. I think we

know that when a man went in the Opposi-

tion, he had no more influence, and that he

could not get anything but a "commutation"

I do not think it would be very good

policy on our part to turn the men out of

the hands of the Government. I think we

know that when a man went in the Opposi-

tion, he had no more influence, and that he

could not get anything but a "commutation"

I do not think it would be very good

policy on our part to turn the men out of

the hands of the Government. I think we

know that when a man went in the Opposi-

tion, he had no more influence, and that he

could not get anything but a "commutation"

I do not think it would be very good

policy on our part to turn the men out of

the hands of the Government. I think we

know that when a man went in the Opposi-

tion, he had no more influence, and that he

could not get anything but a "commutation"

I do not think it would be very good

policy on our part to turn the men out of

the hands of the Government. I think we

know that when a man went in the Opposi-

tion, he had no more influence, and that he

could not get anything but a "commutation"

I do not think it would be very good

policy on our part to turn the men out of

the hands of the Government. I think we

know that when a man went in the Opposi-

tion, he had no more influence, and that he

could not get anything but a "commutation"

I do not think it would be very good

policy on our part to turn the men out of

the hands of the Government. I think we

know that when a man went in the Opposi-

tion, he had no more influence, and that he

could not get anything but a "commutation"

I do not think it would be very good

policy on our part to turn the men out of

the hands of the Government. I think we

know that when a man went in the Opposi-

tion, he had no more influence, and that he

could not get anything but a "commutation"

I do not think it would be very good

policy on our part to turn the men out of

the hands of the Government. I think we

know that when a man went in the Opposi-

tion, he had no more influence, and that he

could not get anything but a "commutation"

I do not think it would be very good

policy on our part to turn the men out of

the hands of the Government. I think we

know that when a man went in the Opposi-

tion, he had no more influence, and that he

could not get anything but a "commutation"

I do not think it would be very good

policy on our part to turn the men out of

the hands of the Government. I think we

know that when a man went in the Opposi-

tion, he had no more influence, and that he

could not get anything but a "commutation"

I do not think it would be very good

policy on our part to turn the men out of

the hands of the Government. I think we

know that when a man went in the Opposi-

tion, he had no more influence, and that he

could not get anything but a "commutation"

I do not think it would be very good

policy on our part to turn the men out of

the hands of the Government. I think we

know that when a man went in the Opposi-

tion, he had no more influence, and that he

could not get anything but a "commutation"

I do not think it would be very good

policy on our part to turn the men out of

the hands of the Government. I think we

know that when a man went in the Opposi-

tion, he had no more influence, and that he

could not get anything but a "commutation"

I do not think it would be very good

policy on our part to turn the men out of

the hands of the Government. I think we

know that when a man went in the Opposi-

tion, he had no more influence, and that he

could not get anything but a "commutation"

I do not think it would be very good

policy on our part to turn the men out of

the hands of the Government. I think we

know that when a man went in the Opposi-

tion, he had no more influence, and that he

could not get anything but a "commutation"

I do not think it would be very good

policy on our part to turn the men out of

the hands of the Government. I think we

know that when a man went in the Opposi-

tion, he had no more influence, and that he

could not get anything but a "commutation"

I do not think it would be very good

policy on our part to turn the men out of

the hands of the Government. I think we

know that when a man went in the Opposi-

tion, he had no more influence, and that he

could not get anything but a "commutation"

I do not think it would be very good

policy on our part to turn the men out of

the hands of the Government. I think we

know that when a man went in the Opposi-