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London Advertiser.

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EDITION

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TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 25, 1890

TOPICS OF TO-DAY.

Mr. Henry F. Young has been chosen by the Liberals of East Northumberland to contest the Local election.

The last time Stanley lectured at Birmingham he received 15 guineas for his fee. This time the Birmingham lecture manager offers 300 guineas, and is afraid he can't get him at that.

Princess Victoria, the sister of the Emperor William, will hereafter live most of the time out of Germany, having an allowance of \$50,000 a year for that purpose from her brother.

It is rumored that the first volume of Bismarck's unpublished correspondence, extending from 1852 to 1880, is about to be issued, and that the second volume will appear soon after the first.

There is a new Eiffel Tower on the banks of the Neva, near St. Petersburg, constructed entirely of 10,000 blocks of ice, with restaurants, observation platforms and other attractions. It is 150 feet high.

The London Young Liberal Minstrels seem to have taken Toronto by storm. The company received a perfect ovation from the large and critical audience that assembled last night to enjoy their unique performance.

Signs of spring multiply in this neighborhood. In the city, the sparrows are building their nests, and this morning a red squirrel was seen disporting himself among the trees and fences in the east end of Craig street, London South.

It is alleged that the falsification of English coins by clipping and counterfeiting has gone to a greater extent during the last few years than for a long time before, and that things have got to such a pass that it isn't safe to accept certain coins at all.

William Black, the novelist, is at work upon a new novel that will be published in one of the magazines in July. It will have a Scotch name, but the story will be located chiefly in London, with incidental excursions to the United States and Canada.

The Southern States love to honor the Confederate heroes. According to a dispatch from Richmond, Va., it is proposed when the statue of Gen. Robert E. Lee reaches that city to place it in a wagon to be drawn by a rope a mile long. Men and women even now are clamoring to have a hold of the rope.

We have received from Mr. A. G. Westlake, Woodstock, a photograph of the young man supposed to have been murdered near Princeton, and who is as yet unidentified. The corpse is that of a man between 20 and 30 years of age, shaven face, prominent nose and mouth, dark hair and eyebrows, and apparently of French-Canadian extraction. His overcoat is of checked tweed.

A shoemaker is responsible for the statement that if men would adopt the English fashion of keeping their boots on trees they would get ten times the wear out of them. When the shoes are taken off they should be put on a tree at once. The leather is stretched to its full extent then, and all the wrinkles smoothed away. As there is no chance for the leather to crack, as it does if the wrinkles are allowed to remain in one condition long.

The Grand Trunk is adopting a novelty that all travelers will appreciate. This is a station indicator. In one end of the car is a box filled with cards containing the name of each station on the route. When a train starts out a card attached to a lever in the box is pulled, and a card drops into view, showing the name of the next station. Thus every passenger who is not blind may know the station the train is approaching without making any effort of inspiration to interpret the enigmatical calls of the train men.

John S. Fraser, father of Hon. C. F. Fraser, died on Monday at Brockville. He was born at Inverness, Scotland, in 1804, and came to Canada in 1812. He lived for some time in Glenora, but after the death of his first wife went to Prescott and afterwards to Brockville, where he lived for the last 50 years. He was the father of sixteen children, of whom two sons and four daughters, with his wife, survive. He was present at the battle of the Windmill as lieutenant-major of the Glenora Fencibles. He had many friends, by whom he was much respected.

The frowns of a step-mother, it appears, indirectly laid the foundation for the millions of the Astors. The original John Jacob Astor was born in the village of Waldorf on the banks of the Rhine in 1763. His father was a butcher. He forced his sons William and Jacob to work from morning until night, while he enjoyed himself with his neighbors at the tavern. The mother of the Astor boys died while they were young. The father married again, and the motherless boys for several years passed through a siege of terror. John Jacob, the eldest, seems to have received more than his share of the trials. During the day he would go from door to door with a heavy basket of meat on his shoulder, and when night came, would prefer the left side of a plank with the horses rather than to be the scowling of his step-mother. At the age of 16, he hid good-bye to his native village and started out to better his fortune. Sixteen years later the boy who had been driven from his home on the Rhine had accumulated \$250,000 in honest money. In 1848 he died, leaving \$20,000,000. The two generations of Astors which followed increased and enjoyed this mammoth fortune. It now amounts to nearly \$200,000,000.

Detroit River Bridge.
OTTAWA, Feb. 25.—The bill to incorporate the Detroit River railway bridge was read a second time yesterday.

A Free Market for Chatham.
CHATHAM, Ont., Feb. 25.—In spite of all opposition in and outside the Town Council the Board of Trade's recommendation to abolish market fees was carried last night. Chatham is bound to lead.

Muzzling the Press.

An Irish Editor Jailed for Reporting a Meeting.

England to be Represented at the Berlin Labor Conference.

Adverse Vote in the Commons on the Shorter Working Day Question.

Emin Pasha Declines the Governorship of Eastern Soudan.

Full Reports of the German Elections—151 Supplementary Contests Necessary.

Tennyson's Illness.

Sick Again.

The Gag Law in Full Force.

St. Petersburg, Feb. 25.—The son of Sir R. D. Morier, the British ambassador, was wounded yesterday by the accidental discharge of a pistol which he carried in one of his pockets at the theatre.

Clemency Denied.

Paris, Feb. 25.—The Municipal Council, 33 to 13, yesterday voted resolutions condemning clemency towards the Duke of Orleans or other pretenders, and demanding clemency for convicted strikers.

Earthquake Shock at Rome.

Rome, Feb. 25.—There have been felt at Rome two slight earthquake shocks, and there is great alarm. There was a slight earthquake yesterday in Estremadura, Portugal, between Leiria and the sea coast.

Emin Pasha.

LONDON, Feb. 25.—Emin Pasha writes that he has declined the Khedive's offer of the Governorship of Eastern Soudan, and that he is resolved to return to Wadai and reconquer that country for Germany.

Joseph Biggar's Funeral.

DUBLIN, Feb. 25.—The remains of Joseph Biggar were interred at Carmoney yesterday. A large number of friends and sympathizers attended the funeral. Many Parisian members of the House of Commons were present.

Bismarck Blamed.

Berlin, Feb. 25.—There is mutiny in Bismarck's own camp. The Hamburg Nachrichten, generally his blind follower, blames him for the defeat of the Government at the last election, because he permitted the general voting system.

The Command of the British Army.

LONDON, Feb. 25.—The News states that the result of the Army and Navy Commission report will be that the Duke of Cambridge will retire from his position as commander in chief and will not be succeeded by any member of the royal family.

Emin Pasha.

Berlin, Feb. 25.—Emin Pasha has written to a friend that he has declined the Khedive's offer of governorship of Eastern Soudan, with his residence at Suakin, and that he is resolved to return to Wadai and reconquer that country for Germany.

England Will Be Represented.

LONDON, Feb. 25.—The British ambassador at Berlin has been instructed to promise that England will be represented at the Berlin Labor Conference. The Italian Government has replied that Italy cannot promise to be bound by its decision.

Disaster at Hamburg.

LONDON, Feb. 25.—While a large number of workmen were engaged yesterday about the Flora Concert Hall, which is being erected at Hamburg, the iron cupola fell, burying 38 men in the ruins. Five have been taken out dead and eight have been rescued severely injured. Five others are missing.

London's Scandal.

LONDON, Feb. 25.—Henry Labouchere has weakened in the matter of the Cleveland street scandal, and has consented to give up his threatened exposure. In return, it is said, of Mr. Gladstone himself, backed by the most powerful pressure of the aristocracy, which naturally wishes to hush up this awful scandal.

Seventy-Five Infants Murdered.

ST. PETERSBURG, Feb. 25.—Further investigation at the baby farming establishment of Midwife Skoblinka, in Warsaw, has led to the discovery that 75 infants have disappeared, and all are believed to have been murdered. Skoblinka, now under arrest, has pursued the business of baby farming for many years.

Joe Contradicted.

LONDON, Feb. 25.—Mr. Morley denies emphatically the statement made by Chamberlain that the Gladstone party has made a bargain with the Parnell party to the prejudice of unimpeachable education, agreeing to abandon opposition to Catholic schools for the Irish support on other things. Mr. Morley declares he has never spoken on the subject to any Parnellite.

Amnesty Denied French Strikers.

PARIS, Feb. 25.—An animated debate took place in the French Chamber of Deputies yesterday on the motion submitted by MM. Proust, Dumay and Joffin, on behalf of the Radicals, in favor of amnesty for all persons found guilty of taking part in offenses in connection with strikes during the past decade. The Government, opposed the motion, and it was defeated, 253 to 190.

Archbishop of Canterbury Wants a License.

LONDON, Feb. 25.—His Grace the Archbishop of Canterbury, Primate of all Eng-

land, has applied for a license to sell "wine and beer, to be drunk on the premises." The said premises, however, are those of the church house, and the purpose for which His Grace craves the license is the supplying of liquid refreshment to the clergy of the diocese who are attending the memorial jubilee.

Confession of a Plotter Against the Czar.
PETERSBURG, S. D., Feb. 25.—A man named Platchkoff fell from a scaffold last night and broke both thighs. He thought he was about to die and made a confession. He is an exile from Russia, having been implicated in the plot to blow up the Czar, and that he had been in the prison for two years ago, and had the names of several high Russian officials who were also concerned. He has important documents in his possession.

Mrs. Langtry.
LONDON, Feb. 25.—Mrs. Langtry, having recovered from her late serious indisposition, attended the St. James' Theater last night with Shakespeare's comedy "As You Like It." A large contingent of fashionable people were present, headed by the Prince and Princess of Wales and the Duke and Duchess of Fife. It was universally conceded that Mrs. Langtry had improved in her delineation of "Rosalind" since she last played the part of the character.

Siberian Horrors.
ST. PETERSBURG, Feb. 25.—The Government has purchased a steamer to convey prisoners on their way to Siberia down the Volga instead of sending them on the old barges, which made the voyage a terrible cruelty. It is reported that the Czaritch will make a tour in Siberia next summer.

Yasawa, Feb. 25.—It has been ascertained regarding the fire here that the woman Skoblinka set fire to the house and watched the progress of events from a distance. She carried a complaint against the butcher of illegitimate children.

The Hours of Labor.
LONDON, Feb. 25.—In the House of Commons yesterday R. C. Graham moved to amend the address by a declaration in favor of shortening the hours of labor, and that the motion was carried by a large majority.

Mr. Headlam opposed the amendment.
Mr. Headlam opposed the amendment to amend the address, and the motion was carried by a large majority.

Under Secretary Fergusson said it would be premature to give replies to Germany's or Switzerland's invitations to conference, and that the latter was at present abandoned.

Mr. Randolph Churchill said he favored the discussion of the subject, but regarded the amendment as inopportune.

He advised that Parliament should give a sympathetic but not dogmatic reception to the demand of the labor party.

The amendment was rejected 198 to 87, and the address was adopted.

The German Elections.
BERLIN, Feb. 25.—The results of the election are now known. They show that 240 members were elected, and that in 151 districts supplementary elections are necessary. An article in the North German Gazette indicates that Prince Bismarck will discard the National Liberal candidates against the Socialists. The Socialists' Central Committee has ordered that all voters of the Socialist party should support the German Liberal candidates in the election, and that the issue is between the German Liberals and the candidates of the Cartel parties. The committee of the National Liberals has ordered its party to support the German Liberal candidates against the Socialists. The Conservative leaders recommend their party to abstain from voting on the second ballots in this city where the election is practically between the German Liberals and Socialists. It is said the Government has abandoned the Socialist Bill. The Hamburger Nachrichten declares that the 240 elected are divided according to parties as follows: Conservatives, 32; Imperialists, 19; Centerists, 89; German Liberals, 23; National Liberals, 16; Socialists, 21; Alsatians, 12; Poles, 14; Guelphs, 2 and 1 Dane.

The British Parliament.
LONDON, Feb. 25.—The House of Commons yesterday Mr. Morley gave notice that he would move, as an amendment to Mr. W. H. Smith's motion, that the House adopt the Parnell report, that the House reprobates the charges of the gravest and most obvious falsehood based upon calumny that have been made against members of the House, and whilst expressing satisfaction at the exposure made of the evil-doers, regrets the wrong inflicted and the suffering caused by the conduct of these acts of flagrant infamy.

Sir Charles Edward Lewis, member for Antrim, gave notice of motion that the House should depose Mr. Parnell and many others have been declared parties to a criminal conspiracy, and that the House finds the conduct of such members deserving of severe condemnation.

Mr. Sexton moved to adjourn. His purpose was to call the attention of the House to the illegal violence used by the Irish exiles during the Clongorey evictions. In the course of night a body of emergency men, assisted by a body of armed police, turned the houses over the heads of the tenants to be evicted, making many families homeless, and causing the most serious suffering. The police were roughly assaulted, the police marching to the farm where huts were in course of erection and arresting the workmen in gross violation of the law. Another lawless outrage of the police was their breaking into a tenant's house and arresting seventeen workmen. Could the police break into houses for the purpose of making arrests except upon a charge of felony? What was the charge against those workmen? Father Kinsella, who had tried to protect them, had been sent to prison by a complaint magistrate for opposing the illegal command of a police officer. All of which proved once again that Ireland was not governed by law, but by a horde of unscrupulous instruments of a practically absolute Minister.

Mr. Balfour denied that the police had destroyed the property of tenants. Poverty might excuse much, but it could not excuse organized and wholesale lawlessness. The men evicted at Clongorey were, however, first obliged to subscribe to the Plan of Campaign.

Sir Charles Russell maintained that the Government procedure in Ireland constituted a system that could not long stand beside that of a country governed according to constitutional principles. (Hear, hear.)

The proceedings at Clongorey presented an instance where the police measures were purely arbitrary without either legal sanction or moral justification. The despatch of Mr. Kalfour directly endangered the peace of the country. The House should remember the case of Clongorey as another instance of how Mr. Balfour always stood by the police in enforcing the law, however brutal their conduct, or however great the interference with the rights and the liberty of individuals. (Cheers.)

The House voted against the motion to adjourn—108 to 154.

Old World Wirelets.
Alexander Joseph Oliva, the sculptor, is dead.

It is reported that the King of Wurtemberg is dying.

The King of Corea is about to send another envoy to England despite the vigorous protests of the Chinese Government.

The Duke of Orleans has been removed to the prison of Clairvaux. The principal industry in which prisoners there are employed is spinning cotton and flax.

During the election at Cezimbra, Portugal, there was a riot. The district administrator was shot and severely wounded. Several Government supporters were injured.

Mr. Samuel Dice has been elected Mayor of Montreal.

Wm. Dickey, wanted in New York for several forgeries, was arrested at Montreal yesterday.

James Bell, who had been teaching school at Paton, near Halifax, was frozen to death on the road on Saturday night.

A tunnel under the Detroit River, between Amherstburg and Grosse Ile, is being boomed by the Amherstburgs.

St. James Cathedral, Toronto, used a new organ on Sunday, and astonished some of the attendants with a surplised choir.

Fire on Sunday did \$3,000 damage at the Canadian Pacific Railway ticket office, corner of St. James and McGill streets, Montreal.

The Evangelical Alliance has decided to establish two missions in the French quarter of Ottawa. A lady will shortly arrive from England to assist in the work.

Walter Hargrave, who was acquitted of the charge of murdering Hannah Cole at Belleville, was bound over to appear against William Arnott, who has not yet been found.

Dr. Edwards, of Qu'Appelle Station; Dr. Lafferty, of Calgary; Dr. Cotton, of Regina; Dr. Brett, of Banff; and Dr. Wilson, of Edmonton, have been elected as the first Medical Council of the College of Medicine and Surgeons of the Northwest Territories.

A lamp explosion caused the destruction of Mr. J. J. Bean's book and stationary at St. Marys and the adjoining grocery store of J. W. Brodick. At the same time a runaway team smashed the plate-glass window in the store of Mr. D. McLaren, merchant tailor.

A book agent named J. M. Campbell told Customs Officer Warren at Fort Erie it was none of his (the officer's) business what he (Campbell) did with his wares after crossing over from the United States side. The officer took hold of Campbell, and the latter laid a complaint against Warren for assault. P. M. Helms, at Welland, dismissed the charge.

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What a Barrel of Powder Did.
HAWANA, Feb. 25.—A barrel of powder exploded yesterday at Cienfuegos, destroying a house and injuring 30 workmen, seven severely.

Runoff in the Rockies.
WINNIPEG, Feb. 25.—The train from the west was three hours late. Passengers on last train say the delay was caused by an accident at Salmon Arm, in the mountains. The rails spread, throwing two cars off the track. The mail, express and baggage cars were piled on top of each other, and the train was held up for some time. Mr. McMillan, supported the resolution with his usual clearness and vigor. He calculated that if the system of ensilage were adopted a saving of \$12 a head in the feeding of every cow would be effected, and this would mean a total saving of \$85,000 on the feeding of cows alone. By another calculation he put the number of cattle in Ontario at 1,928,000 and the average saving at \$10 a head, and thus showed that the new system of feeding would give the farmers of the Province an enormous advantage would accrue to the farmers of the Province. In support of his demand for justice for the farmers he showed that during last year for the industries of wool, cotton, wood and hides, raw material to the value of \$7,896,000 had been admitted free of duty. This was done for the manufacturers. Nothing was done for the farmers. He made good use of the resolutions of the East Middlesex Farmers' Institute and of the Provincial Institute in favor of free corn, and made out a case against the Government which they had to do.

Mr. Bowell asked his followers to wait until the tariff changes were submitted.

During the debate Mr. Watson mentioned that there was a petition before the Government, signed by all the members and Senators from the Northwest, asking for the removal of the duties on coarse grains. Notwithstanding this, however, Mr. Watson was the only member from the Northwest who voted for the resolution.

After further discussion the House divided and the resolution was lost. Yeas, 59; nays, 84.

The vote was a straight party one, except for Mr. Kirkpatrick's edification: Yeas—Messrs. Armstrong, Bain (Wentworth), Beaudry, Blake, Bourassa, Bowman, Brien, Brunelle, Campbell, Casey, Casgraves, Chabot, Davies, De St. Georges, Dessaint, Doyon, Edwards, Eisenhauer, Elie, Fiset, Fisher, Flynn, Gauthier, Gervais, Giguere, Hain, Jones (Halifax), Kirk, Kirkpatrick, Lang, Laurier, LeGros, and Rev. Mr. Galloway, of Dorchester Station, are expected to give the occasion. The London Concert Company is also expected.

Rev. Mr. Phillips has been visiting this, one of his former pastors, quite recently.

Miss Temple, of Springfield, is a guest at Mrs. McDiarmid's.

CANADA'S CAPITAL.

Monday Was Not a Good Day for Farmers.

The Proposal to Remove the Duty on Corn for Ensilage Voted Down—Mr. McCarthy's Next Move.

(Special to the Advertiser.)

OTTAWA, Tuesday, Feb. 25.

It is now being universally admitted that Parliament is in for an unusually long session. A tariff bill always means a long session, and a wearisome discussion, and we are to have a tariff bill of no meager length. A labor measure, an important C. P. R. bill, a fisheries and Behring Sea report, a ratting reciprocity debate and many other time-consuming items are already entered on the programme, and no one knows what may turn up. May 24 is even at this stage spoken of as the date of prorogation.

The House this morning packed itself into the Railway Committee room, where the Railway Committee was in session. Among other bills passed was one incorporating the Mount Forest, Markdale and Meaford Railway Company. This proposes to run a railway from Mount Forest via Markdale to Meaford. Quite a lively discussion arose over the bill incorporating the Inter-Provincial Electric Company, which is asking the right to swing a bridge over the Ottawa River, connecting Ottawa and Hull.

Hon. Mr. Peter Mitchell and Mr. Robillard and the Ottawa members contended that the company should be compelled to provide for foot and carriage passengers, but the majority of the committee thought otherwise.

OTTAWA, Tuesday, Feb. 24.

In the House of Commons to-day the bill to incorporate the Tilsonburg, Lake Erie and Pacific Railway passed its third reading.

In reply to Mr. Cimon, Mr. Chapleau stated that the Canada Temperance Act had been put in force in 71 counties. It had been repealed in 31 counties, and there were no petitions now pending to put the act in force.

Mr. Jones (Halifax) asked whether in view of the negotiations respecting the fisheries now going on at Washington between the British Minister and the American Government it is the intention of the Government to appoint a Canadian Commissioner to take part in the negotiations, and to watch over and protect the interests of Canada.

Sir John Macdonald—There was no formal commission issued, but the Minister of Fisheries (Mr. Tupper) left this afternoon to represent Canada at Washington.

Mr. Laurier—Informally.

Among the bills read a second time were the following:

Respecting the Grand Trunk Railway Company—Mr. Curran.

Respecting the Grand Trunk Railway Company—Mr. Tisdale.

To amend the act incorporating the Detroit, Windsor and Lake Erie Railway Company—Mr. Ferguson (Welland).

In motion of Mr. Laurier for copies of all correspondence between the Government of Canada, or any of the departments, and the Messrs. Anderson, or any other parties, respecting the Atlantic mail services.

Mr. Foster said it would be impossible to bring down the papers. As the Messrs. Anderson had thrown up their contract to provide the service for a bonus of \$500,000, the Government had entered upon negotiations with other parties, and it would be unfair to expose these negotiations by bringing down the papers.

Mr. Laurier declined to accept the explanation on consociative. The Government positively refused, even when a motion of censure was proposed by the Opposition, to give last session the information to enable the House to judge of the merits of the proposal for a \$500,000 subsidy for a fast Atlantic mail service. He insisted on his motion which on a division was lost.

The greater part of the sitting was devoted to Mr. McMillan's motion desiring it expedient to place on the free list all grains and seeds which do not ripen in Canada, but which are now largely imported and sown for the production of food for cattle and horses, and for the use of the farmers of the Province. Now largely adopted by the farmers of Canada, Mr. McMillan, supported the resolution with his usual clearness and vigor. He calculated that if the system of ensilage were adopted a saving of \$12 a head in the feeding of every cow would be effected, and this would mean a total saving of \$85,000 on the feeding of cows alone. By another calculation he put the number of cattle in Ontario at 1,928,000 and the average saving at \$10 a head, and thus showed that the new system of feeding would give the farmers of the Province an enormous advantage would accrue to the farmers of the Province. In support of his demand for justice for the farmers he showed that during last year for the industries of wool, cotton, wood and hides, raw material to the value of \$7,896,000 had been admitted free of duty. This was done for the manufacturers. Nothing was done for the farmers. He made good use of the resolutions of the East Middlesex Farmers' Institute and of the Provincial Institute in favor of free corn, and made out a case against the Government which they had to do.

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IN MEDICINE, QUALITY IS OF THE FIRST IMPORTANCE AT

CAIRNCROSS & LAWRENCE'S
Dispensing Chemists.

And Dealers in Sick Room and Family Supplies.

Headquarters for Choice Perfumes, Soaps, Powders, Infants' Hats, Brushes, Toilet Goods, etc.

255 Dundas Street, London, Ont.

Cook, Curr, Dail, Davis, Davis, Denton, Desautels, Desjardins, LeVoy, Dickey, Dickinson, Dupont, Earle, Ferguson (Welland), Foster, Freeman, Grant, Gaudin, Grandbois, Guillet, Haggart, Hesson, Hickey, Jamieson, Jones, Jones (Halifax), Keefe, Labrosse, Landry, Langlois (St. John's), Lariviere, Lapine, Macdonald, McCallum, McDonald (Toronto), McDonald (Pictou), McKay, McKee, Mc