A Terrific Hurricane in New

Crops Destroyed and the Coast Strewed with Wrecks.

Wreck of a British Ship and Serious Loss of Life.

Press Comment on the Ulater Situation-Flo's Letter, a Piece of Poetry in

Murderer Deeming's Writing-A Year's Fatalities and Accidents' in Londoneneral Election in Greece.

The Elections in Greece.

ATHENS, May 16 .- At the general elections field yesterday, the Tricoupis party received a large majority. A serious election riot occurred in this city.

A Year's Casualties in London. LONDON, May 16 .- The Home Secretary reports that last year 147 people were killed outright and 6,000 wounded in the streets of London. Some of the latter died. A Sanguinary Nurse.

Berlin, May 16.—An aged nurse named Myer, residing at Bockenheim, a suburb of Frankfort, has been arrested charged with ransing the death of 58 infants. The alleged crimes extend over a considerable length of time, and it is reported that several wealthy ladies of Frankfort are to be accused of complicity in the baby farmer's criminal operations.

Murderer Deeming Writes Poetry. MELBOURNE, May 16 .- One of the m curious "finds" among murderer Deeming's property was, perhaps, the following lines

property was, perhaps, the following lines, entitled "Flo's Letter," which were in the murderer's own handwriting:

Dear God, the baby you sent us
Is awfully nice and sweet,
But cause you forgot his tooties,
The poor little thing can't bat.
That's why I'm writing this letter,
Please come and finish the baby,
That's all, from little Flo.

Wellington, N. Z., May 16 .- A terrific hurricane has passed over central New Zealand, and the damage done is enormous Zealand, and the damage done is enormous. It is late autumn in the autipodes, and in many places the crops were awaiting the hand of the harvesters. Hundres of acres of wheat, corn, cats and barley were ruined. After the storm passed it was found that many coasting vessels had been piled up on the shores, and it is believed that the loss of life when all details have been received will prove to have been very heavy. life when all details have been receive will prove to have been very heavy.

The Ulster Gerrymander. LONDON, May 16.—The Sunday Sun, commenting upon the recent alleged Tory menaces of civil war in Ulster in case of a menaces of civil war in Ulster in case of a Liberal victory at the general elections, says that there are 70,000 Catholics in Belfast among a population of 230,000, yet politics have been so gerrymandered that the Catholies have been unable to return a sangle member to the town council, consisting of 40 members. The whining outery of the Conservatives means only a fear that Protestants will lose this ascendancy. This explains the whole situation in Ulster.

Sixteen Lives Probably Lost.

LONDON, May 16 .- The British bark Earl of Aberdeen, Capt. Patrick, from Barry Dock for Montevideo, got out of her course and ran on the rocks on the coast of the county of Pembroke. A heavy sea was running and all hands were compelled to abandon the vessel. Much difficulty was abandon the vessel. Much difficulty was experienced in clearing away the small boats, and it is supposed sixteen of the crew were drowned by the capsizing of their boat after they had gotten away from the wreck. Thirteen men from the wreck have landed at Milford Haven.

Seven more survivors from the wrecked bark have arrived at Cardiff, making 22 in all that are known to have been saved.

Many Brides There.

LONDON, May 16 .- The series of Royal drawing rooms which begun to-day are mainly for the purpose of presentations, matnly for the purpose of presentations, and brides will be out of all proportion to the other debutantes. For the first time on record a Cingalese lady, Amy Dias Banduramasker, makes her courtesy at the English Court. A niece of the Duke of File, Miss Marie Hay, will be presented by her grandmother, the Countess of Kinnoul. Two great heirosses will also be presented, Miss Nellie Basa and Miss Norton. North of England brides will come in battalion, Miss Nellie Bass and Miss Norton. North of England brides will come in battalion, headed by the Princess of Pless, Lady Henry Cavandish Bentinck, Mrs. Cuthbert Lumbley and Lady Chelsea. The Princess Christian will receive in place of the Queen. The few royal ladies who will grace the drawing room will be in severe black, even to feathers and veils.

Lured to His Death. London, May 16 .- The Paris Mint, or, as it is better known, the Hotel des Monnaies, was the first scene in a tragedy that is surrounded by the deepest mystery. One of the most trusted employes of the Mint was Mr. Dulamon. On Wednesday Dulamon was attending to his duties, when he was notified that a lady, in a carriage, in front of the Mint, was waiting to see him. Dulamon at one awayered the supmons. and was absent some little time. He reand was absent some little time. He re-turned to his desk, evidently much annoyed, and requested a commissionaire, in his ser-vice, to accompany him on a mission, the nature of which he did not mention. Neither of them was again seen alive, but yesterday their bodies were found in the Senie in an out-of-the-way place, some dis-tance from the road. The theory of the authorities is that Dulamon in some way aroused the animosity of a gang of counter-

been attended by tens of thousands daily. The gaiety at outdoor festive gatherings has been complete. Garden parties have been hastily arranged on all sides to take advantage of the brilliant sunshine, and at no place has the gaiety been more apparent than on the terrace of the House of Commons, where a gigantic picnic has been held daily. The wife of one legislator, indeed, issued cards for an afternoon tea upon the terrace, and on that day the members were outnumbered by the ladies. The members have since been warned, however, that the House of Commons terrace is not to be used as a public tea garden, and though a few of their friends may attend, yet to invite a hig tea party is abusing the privileges of their friends may attend, yet to invite a big tea party is abusing the privileges of the House.

A Heavy Failure. CALCUTTA, May 17 .- Osborne & Co. hav tailed through losses in indigo and exchange. Liabilities, £250,000.

Newfoundland's Independence. London, May 17 .- The Graphic calls upon Parliament to give Newfoundland a wholesome lesson, and says any furthe irresoluteness on the part of the English Government will be regarded as weakness. Emperor William Speaks.

DANTZIC, May 17 .- The Provincial Diet of West Prussia last evening gave a grand banquet in honor of Emperor William. hanquet in honor of Emperor William. His Majesty expressed thanks for the enthusiastic reception by the enthusiastic reception by the people of Dantzie, and declared he would always promote the welfare of the province. In the course of his speech he said: "May the sons of this country accept whatever Providence has in store for them, and await with confidence the results which the Emperor will achieve in the course of the toilsome future."

Dresses at a Royal Reception Dresses at a Royal Reception.

LONDON, May 17 .-- Yesterday's drawing m may possibly become historical, as the first social function of royalty in England over which the fear of Anarchistic violence cast a shadow. The unusual number of 500 policemen were on duty, rumors having circulated during the afternoon that the Anarchists, who have lately taken refuge in London in such alarming the Anarchists, who have lately taken refuge in London in such alarming numbers, would take the occasion to make a demonstration of some sort. The Princess Christian, who represented the Queen, was essorted to Buckingham Palace by a squadron of the Life Guards, and nothing happened to instiff the vague apprehensions of trouble justify the vague apprehensions of trouble that prevailed in the official mind. Some of the debutantes were exposed to the gaze of the curious for three hours before gaze of the curious for three hours before their turn for presentation came. The bouquets worn by the ladies were, as a rule, not so large as last year, but the boutonnieres of the coachmen were pro-digious. Some of the horses were decorated with flowers and ribbers.

with flowers and ribbons. There was plenty of grumbling at the Queen's absence, though the Princess was probably as acceptable a substitute as could have been selected. The diplomats were in mourning. The Princess wore a gown of black silk, trimmed with black gauze de chambre, the train lined with the same material. There was an abundance of jet. Among the most noticeable costumes may be mentioned that of the Duchess of Bedford—light peach silk with azalea velvet train. The Duchess was ablaze with jewels. The Duchess of Montrose wore rose color with gold bullion brocade. The majority of the boldiecs were in the fashion Queen's absence, though the Princess was jewels. The Duchess of Montrose wore rose color with gold bullion brocade. The majority of the bodices were in the tashion of the empire, short waists with deep bets. No one appeared without sleeves, the change from last year in this respect being

A Baby Poisoned by Eating Washing

Euicide of an Old Resident of Bloom

Wm. Gunner, the oldest citizen of Ham-ilton, died Sunday morning. He was 98 years of age. years of age.

Speaker Ross' condition has been aggravated since Sunday, and an important crisis is imminent. The Senate adjourned till Thursday.

A shill 19

A child 13 months old was poisoned at Levie, Que., on Friday last by eating washing soda, which she got at unknown to her mother.

to her mother.

Joshua Crysdale, of Belleville, was helping to move a building Monday, when a partition fell upon him, indicting injuries which will probably cause his death.

J. E. Wallace, junior mathematical master at the Ottawa Collegiate Institute, has been unaccountably abent since last Monday. His friends are very anxious. George Harper, 15 years old, and resid-ing at Essex, attempted to jump on the cars at that place Sunday, but slipped and fell under the wheels, sustaining severe individuals.

David Ellsworth, an old and respected
David Ellsworth, an old and respected
resident of Bloomfield, Ont., while in a resident of Bloomfield, Ont, while in a demented condition, committed suicide on Monday by drowning himself in a pond. Deceased was about 62 years of age.

The closing exercises of Victoria University now being held at Cobourg, in view of the fact that the university will be removed to Toronto this autumn, are attracting more than the ordhary interest.

A recomp man named Williamson, work-

A young man named Williamson, working for Edward Cameron, on the 8th line of Moore, Lambton county, stole 895 from Cameros Sanday with and was caucht as Cameron Sunday night a night while crossing from

Barrington, N.S., to his Island. He was 42, and ten children. His f imilar circumstances a f the Canada side of the carriage suspension

age. On the thurd nog-was a plain gold ring with "Tout D Vous Tonjors."

On the third finger

The distribution of the people it would know where it stood and what the people wanted, therefore the filters, who lured him and his companion to his spot and killed them.

AN OCEAN HORROR.

Cu on's Weather in England.

London, May 16.—London has had one were of pure in the stood and what the people wanted, therefore making this case an exception to the rule which he thought should prevail with regard to the reference of public questions to a stoomstrate.

St. Petersburg, May 17.—It is reported which he thought should prevail with regard to the reference of public questions to a stoomstrate.

St. Petersburg, May 17.—It is reported which he thought should prevail with regard to the reference of public questions to a stoom when the people it would know where it stood and what the people wanted, therefore who was convicted last week of keeping a disorderly house, was to-day sentenced.

Now York May 16.—Andrie Andrea, who was convicted last week of keeping a disorderly house, was to-day sentenced to run into the river east of the which he thought should prevail with regard to the reference of public questions to a disorderly house, was to-day sentenced.

New York May 16.—Andrie Andrea, who was convicted last week of keeping a disorderly house, was to-day sentenced.

New York May 16.—Andrie Andrea.

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Now 10.—London has had one which the actual trial occupied only four lours.

New York May 16.—Andrie Andrea.

New York May 16.—Andrie Andrea.

Now 16.—Committee's report consisted disorderly house, was to-day sentenced to run into the river east of the which the could into the reference of public questions to gard to the reference of public questions to the reference of public questions to the reference of public questions to the who was convicted last week of keeping a disorderly house, was to-day sentenced.

Now 10.—Andrie Andrea.

Now York May 16.—Andrea.

Now 10.—Andrea.

Brought Up in the Dominion Parliament.

Mr. Charlton's Plea for Its Reference to the Electors.

The Royal Commission Simply Device to Shunt the Matter.

Refer It to the People. Who Are the Best Royal Commission-Mr. Laurier and Mr. Mills Support the Motion-The Government Oppose It and It Is

[Special to the ADVERTISER.] OTTAWA, May 16.—In the House this afternoon Mr. Charlton moved: "That the atternoon Mr. Chariton moved: "That the state of public opinion upon the question of the prolibition of the menufacture, importation and sale; of intoxicating liquors for beverage purposes should be ascertained by a reference of the question to the electors of Canada at the polls." There had been an indisposition on the part of members, he said, to face the question of prohibition equarely. Various Parliamentary expedients had been devised for shunting it so that they would not have to vote fairly so that they would not have to vote fairly upon it. Petitions had flowed in from the upon it. Petitions had flowed in from the people asking for prohibition last session, and it was thought the House would face the question, but it had appointed a second commission and they were now waiting for its report. The people had never been given an opportunity to vote upon the question; it had always been

MINED UP WITH OTHER ISSUES.

The repeal of the Scott Act in the various counties where it had been adopted was not

counties where it had been adopted was not an evidence of a revulsion of feeling, but showed only that the people were DISCUSTED WITH THIS GOVERNMENT for not providing for its enforcement. Prohibition in this, as in all other countries, would be a useless piece of legislation without preponderating force of public opinion in its favor. If the House wished to give this legislation effect the first steps to be taken must be to find out how large a proportion of the people are in favor of it. proportion of the people are in favor of it. Replying to the argument that his resolu-tion is premature because the House should tion is premature because the House should wait for the report of the royal commission, he said that though it might be uncharitable, he did not believe the royal commission had been appointed from sincere desire on the part of the Government to receive information upon which to act. He believed rather that the Government preferred to refer the question to a royal commission than to take the frank course of letting each member record his vote, whether in favor of prohibition or not. He did not consider it necessary to wait for the report of that partial commis-

not. He did not consider it necessary to wait for the report of that partial commission which had been appointed SIMPLY TO SHONT THE QUESTION without taking action. The people, he said, were the best royal commission. Refer the question to them, and, having heard their decision, then the Government would be in a position to

KNOW WHAT ITS DUTY WAS. KNOW WHAT ITS DUTY WAS.
It need not cost much money. It need not be referred immediately—it might be postponed until the next general elections. The
Scott Act had been referred to the people
to accept or reject. That principle might
be extended and the House pass an act to
cover the Dominion instead of counties,
and ask the people to accept or reject it.
If the House was to pass temperance legis-If the House was to pass temperance legis-lation the first provision was to find if public sentiment would secure its enforce-ment. If the state of public sentiment was not sufficient for that it would be folly to

pass an act.

SIR JOHN THOMPSON'S VIEWS.

Sir John Thompson said Mr. Charlton charged the Government with insincerity in issuing the royal commission. He was making an unwarrantable charge against the House. He (Mr. Charlton) laid himself open to the same charge by seeking to forestall the action of the royal commission was used to be points referred to it. The forestall the action of the royal commission upon one of the points referred to it. The honorable gentleman (Mr. Charlton) had said the reference might fairly be postponed until the next general election. Then, said Sir John, let the House wait until it received the information gathered by the royal commission and the commission's recommendation. It would be ample time then for Mr. Charlton to move to have the question referred to the people. Sir John Thompson said he objected to have referred to the people questions of how the country should be governed. He did not think it necessary at this time to consider the principle of prohibition. did not think it necessary at this the consider the principle of prohibition. The question was whether the House should nullify and stultily its own action taken last session; therefore he hoped the House would not adopt the resolution.

THE LIBERAL LEADER SPEARS.

Mr. Laurier said the Minister of Justice had resented the imputation of insincerity with regard to the appointment of the commission, but though he might resent it he must admit there was some foundation for the charge. He must agree that if he and his colleagues had been sincer in proposing a commission they had shown no eagerness in appointing it. It was in July that Parliament voted that a commission be appointed. This House met in February last, and the commission was not appointed until after that. So it was four or five months after power had been obtained that the appointment had been made. Since its appointment the commission had sat twice, and their sittings were purely formal. In the two months it had been appointed nothing serious had been done; so though the Government might resent the strength of the service of insuperity they THE LIBERAL LEADER SPEAKS. so though the Government might resent the imputation of insincerity they brother and place under cars ago.

In unknown an eddy on a below the she was about the situations. He would rather that all public guestions were disposed of in the old british way—by Parliament; but an exception he thought might be made in this way. If the House had the opinion of the people it would know where it stood and what the people wanted, therefore though the Government might re

would be well to press this question upon the House before their report was received.

MESSES, TAYLOR AND DICKEY.

Mr. Taylor said their was no difference between the meaning of the motion he had moved last year and this motion of Mr. Charlton. He found, he said, that Mr. Charlton voted against his resolution has year, and here he was bringing in this buncombe resolution.

Mr. Mills—Just like yours. (Laughter).

Mr. Dickey said, as a supporter of the Government, he wished them to press the proceedings of the commission so as to

proceedings of the commission so as to show that they are in earnest. He did not think there had been anything, notwith-standing the delay, to show a lack of good faith.

HAIT.

Mr. Mills (Bothwell) said he agreed with Mr. Laurier that though the Government might be very sincere they had been very slow. He did not wonder at the suspicion of Mr. Charless with second. . Charlton with regard to the de lay. He did not agree, he said, with the view that a reference to the people was unconstitutional. He did not admit, he said, that the House was shirkadmit, he said, that the House was shirking any responsibility in asking for an expression of opinion from the people, because the opinion when expressed might not be that which the House would act upon. A very decided expression of opinion would be necessary upon which to act. The House had again and again expressed its opinion that a measure looking to prohibition would be advantageous if it could be enforced. Whether it could be enforced. be enforced. Whether it could be enforced or not the House could not express an pinion. He thought it highly portant that on this question portant that on this question there should be an expression of public opinion, and having that the House would know exactly what course should be adopted. He did not think legislation on this subject should be taken without a reference to the people. When the House declared a law to be desirable and admitted at the same time it could not be enforced without the support of public sentiment, it was consupport of public sentiment, it was com-mon sense to find out what the public sentiment was.

CROSS FIRING. Mr. Casey opposed the motion, and Dr. Christie supported it.
Mr. McMullen asked the Government to state what instructions have been given to the Prohibition Committee.

MR. FOSTER EXPLAINS.
Mr. Foster explained the delay in the apcointment of the commission by stating that the length of last session prevented consideration of the matter until after prorogation. The accusation that the Gov ernment favored the appointment of a commission in order to tide over the issue was not well founded, as the commission brough the question more to the front than it eve

believed the sentiment was that the time had arrived when the representatives of the people in Parliament should deal with the question, and deal with it by direct legislation.

The motion was withdrawn.

Neither the motion by Mr. Armstrong, with regard to dual language in the Northwest, nor that by Mr. Devlin, declaring for Home Rule, were reached to-day.

STILL THEY CO!

Dykes, Dams and Levees Give Way.

Hundreds of Acres Inundated in the Vicinity of St. Louis-Dead Bodies

Floating Down the Swollen Streams. St. Louis, Mo., May 16.—Reporters stationed on the Merchants' bridge in North St. Louis have seen several dead bodies floating in the water. Most of them evidently came from a long distance.

It is a common sight to see small houses and furniture traveling past. All railroad traffic over the Eads bridge has been abandoned. Many large factories are flooded and have had to suspend operations. St. Louis, Mo., May 16.—The river here is 35 feet, and should it rise another foot it is impossible to tell the amount of damage that may be done. The Missouri and Mississippi are still rising above here.

The Eowman dyke, which protected a large section of low lands on the north and east sides of East St. Louis has broken. It is a common sight to see small houses

east sides of East St. Louis has broken. and hundreds of acres of land are now sub-

and hundreds of acres of land are now submerged. The residents were warned and
escaped. The waterworks in East St.
Louis are in great danger.
CAHOSIA, Ill., May 16.—The embankment of the Conlogue Railway Company,
about 200 feet long, has given way, and the
town is flooded to a depth of several feet.
Great damage has been done.
New Madison, Ill., May 16.—The Madison levee has broken, and all that protects
the town from becoming flooded is the
Chicago and Alton embankment. The
water is within two feet of the top of this,
and if it gives way, which it threatens t

and if it gives way, which it threatens to do in several places, the town will be

Nine Men Flogged. NEWCASTLE, Del., May 16.—Nine men were whipped at the post by Sheriff Simmons on Saturday morning. One received two lashes, two five, four ten, and one two lashes, two live, but lost twenty. Four of the men were colored.

Sentenced to 99 Years' Imprisonment,
Compts Christi, Texas., May 16.—John
T. Parker, for the murder of City Marshal
Musett, has been sentenced to 99 years' imprisonment. Four days were spent in
securing a jury, while the actual trial oc-

A SHARP COMMUNICATION.

G. T. R. Solicitor Bell's Letter . re Car Shops.

The Council Relegate the Whole Question to No. 1 Committee-The London Trust's Achievements-Committee Reports-Mr. Colwell's Request-Free Water for the New Industries.

The following letter re the G. T. R. car shops question, addressed to W. R. Meredith by G. T. R. Solicitor Bell, was read at dith by G. T. R. Solicitor Bell, was read at last night's meeting of the City Council:

"The mayor of your city, when in Ottawa the other day, asked me to send up the agreement as approved by Mr. Seargeant for the car works. Mr. Seargeant in his letter now before me says, 'I can only say that we will not adopt Mr. Meredith's agreement and will not go beyond that already proposed whether the works are concentrated at London or not. I therefore send the agreement as approved by Mr. Seargeant. I have added a plause, No. 17. to avoid any doubt as to the meaning of 'west of Toronto.' You propose making it cover all north as well as west. If the agreement is satisfactory, as approved by Mr. Seargeant, it can be gone on with, but if not we need not follow it further. Will you please hand the inclosed to the mayor, ast night's meeting of the City Council:
"The mayor of your city when in C you please hand the inclosed to the mayor,

if not we need not follow it further. Will you please hand the inclosed to the mayor, namely, your draft agreement, mine, as approved by Mr. Seargeant, and the inclosed copy of this letter?"

Mr. T. G. Meredith took up the draft agreement clause by clause, and explained the differences between the company and the city. The Adventiser has already published them. Mr. Meredith said the chief variance was in the tenth clause. That proposed by the G. T. R., he said, gave the city no protection in case the company should violate the agreement. This clause provides "that in case of any substantial breach of the agreement by the company, the latter shall be liable for actual damage or loss which such breach shall cause to the corporation." This was totally impracticable, said Mr. Meredith. The "corporation" in the sense of the word could not sustain loss. It was the citizens at large who would suffer.

Ald. Garratt moved that the whole matter be sent to No. I Committee to be considered clause by clause.

matter be sent to No. 1 Committee to be considered clause by clause.
Ald. O'Meera said it was plain the company wanted to hang fire on the London and Port Stanley Railway matter.
Ald. Judd said the agreement had been so mutilated by the Grand Trunk that it could not be readily considered along with the original one. It should go to No. 1.
Ald. Garratt's motion carried.

THE LONDON TRUST'S ACHIENTENTS.

is first.

Annum Mr. Charlton said that the explanation as to the delay was not satisfactory to him. Considering the fact that it took the Government about nine months to appoint a commission, he was justified in coming to the conclusion that the Government was sincere only in its desire to avoid meeting the issue as long as possible.

Mr. Scriver said that he dissented entirely from the view taken by Mr. Charlton. He was of the opinion that there were other ways of ascertaining what public sentiment was in regard to a great moral question than by a reference to the people. He believed the sentiment was that the timbad arrived when the remainded when the remainded when the remainded when the remainded the sentiment was that the timbad arrived when the remainded when the remainded the sentiment was that the timbad arrived when the remainded the sentiment was that the timbad arrived when the remainded the sentiment was that the timbad arrived when the remainded the sentiment was that the timbad arrived when the remainded the sentiment was that the timbad arrived when the remainded the sentiment was that the timbad arrived when the remainded the sentiment was that the timbad arrived when the remainded the sentiment was that the timbad arrived when the remainded the sentiment was that the timbad arrived when the remainded the sentiment was that the timbad arrived when the remainded to the credit of the city send that the data abalance of \$22,000, composed of mortgages, balk balances and accrued that a balance of \$22,000, composed of mortgages, balk balances and accrued that a balance of \$22,000, composed of mortgages, balk balances and accrued that a balance of \$22,000, composed of mortgages, with a view to the credit of the city, snd asked power to sell the mortgages, with a view to be a commission that the containing a resolution moved by Chairman A. B. Powell, seconded by Mr. Pritchard.

The London Trust containing a resolution moved by Chairman A. B. Powell, seconded by Mr. Pritchard. It stated that a balance o

Moses Cox—Asking that any citizen who deposits \$50 when putting in a sewer in his premises be allowed 5 per cent. per annum interest while such sum remains in the city's possession. No. 1.

Rev. H. C. Speller—On behalf of the Ministerial Association, re the proposed grant to the Workingmen's Library. No. 1.

E. Sutton—For use of Queen's Park on July 27 for grocers' picnic. No. 2.

Elliot & Jarvis—Asking compensation for injuries to Mrs. George May, of London township, alleged to have been occasioned by the corporation. No. 2.

by the corporation. No. 2.

G. W. Taylor—For electric light corner Grey and Colborne street. No. 3.

NUMBER THREE COMMITTEE.

There was nothing of great importance in No. 3 Committee's report, but it created a great deal of discussion. Twenty minutes was spent over the interesting subject of fish license. Ald. Leonard announced himself as disgusted with the proceedings. "I came here to do business and not to fool away time like this," said he. This put a stop to the clatter of tongues. The clause in question recommended that This put a stop to the clatter of tongues. The clause in question recommended that the petition of certain fishmen for the abolition of the license fee on their business be filed. Four or five amendments were moved. Ald, O'Meara's motion to do away with the licenses altogether was carried.

The clause favoring the petition for a light at the corner of William and Grey streets brought up the ward feeling. Ald, Garratt moved that the engineer prepare

a list of the places in all the wards where lights are required. Carried. The principal clauses were those referring to the market. They recommended Garratt moved that the engineer prepare The principal clauses were those referring to the market. They recommended among other things that \$1 be paid any person giving information that convicts a inckster; that tables be erected under the market bazar veranda from which hucksters and fruit vendors be allowed to sell on payment of \$2 per month for seven feet; that the florists be located at the north end of the Covent Garden market house, and that the market bylaw be amended to provide that market bylaw be amended to provide that the market shall be free for the sale of all the market shall be free for the sale of all farm, orchard and garden produce when sold by the producers and growers themselves. The first of these clauses was struck out and the others carried. Ald. Moule read the report in the absence of Ald. Fitzgerald.

THE BOARD OF WORKS.

Ald. Counce's report from No. 2 Committee passed in its entirety after the usual criticisms. One clause recommended that the street watering inspector be paid by the

the street watering inspector be paid by the day and only when employed. Ald. Judd

WHOLE NO. 9256. NOTICE.

We have purchased the drug business of Mr. Frank Holman, corner Richmond and Picca-dilly streets, and will conduct it as a branch of

our Dundas street store. We have largely increased the stock of chemicals and sundries, and customers in the northern part of the ciry will there find every-thing they may require at moderate prices.

CAIRNCROSS & LAWRENCE Chemists, 256 Dundas Street.

Mr. C. F. Colwell, against whom judgment Mr. C. F. Colwell, against whom judgment for the full amount had been rendered. The litigation arose through John Mc-Kelvin having been injured while driving by colliding with a large stone on the boulevard adjoining Mr. Colwell's premises. Judgment was given for damages against the city in the first place, and the corporation got judgment in turn against Mr. Colwell. The latter asked the council that he be relieved of the full amount. The circumstances, he said, were exceed-The circumstances, he said, were exceedingly hard on himself, and, being an old citizen, he should receive some considera-

Several members expressed sympathy for Mr. Colwell. Ald. Moule moved that his request be granted, and received the support of five aldermen. The clause of the report, however, carried. The amount in question is between \$700 and \$800.

Ald. Wm. Heaman-What is being done

Ald. Wm. Heaman—What is being done about those drinking fountains ordered?

Ald. Connor—We report progress.

Ald. Parnell—Are you going to have them ready for the summer or the winter?

Ald. O'Meara—They had better wait until winter and then they could have cool its water. (Longher) ce water. (Laughter.)
Ald. Moule asked if the council could

not get to work earlier.

Aid, Hannah suggested that No. 2 take upon itself the granting of building permits.

He understood there was an old bylaw to that effect.

The member for No. 4 will look it up.

MOTIONS.

A motion was made to appoint Fireman William Smith, blacksmith of the fire dement, at an advance of \$50 on his present salary. It was explained that Mr. Smith was compelled to do it all at present without remuneration. He had declined to do

work and had been suspended. This was thought to be unfair.

The matter was sent to No. 1 Committee,
Mr. Smith not to be suspended in the

meantime.
Ald. Yates moved that the Engineer Ald. Yates moved that the Engineer prepare plans for cheaper drinking fountains than at first proposed. Carried.
Ald. Moule moved reconsideration re the granting of water to the Hobbs Hardware Company and the Casket Company. He said he desired to know the limit of the amount of water to be used.

Mr. Thomas S. Hobbs said it was not likely his firm would require 3,000 gallons a day. They wanted supply for an 80-horse power engine.

power engine.

Mayor Spencer spoke strongly in favor

He pointed out that the benefits to be derived He pointed out that the benefits to be derived were not to be compared with the city's outlay. The Casket Company was established here on that promise, and Messrs. Hobbs, who were enterprising citizens, should be treated as well. He asked that their petition be granted and that this be the last time free water is granted to anyone.

It was decided to allow the firms 3,000 It was decompalled a gallons per day.

BYLAWS.

BYLAWS.

Bylaws were read as follows:

To repeal section 121 of "The Consolidated Bylaws of the City of London, 1879." and to appoint chimney sweeps. Carried.

To provide for the construction (1) of an artificial stone sidewalk on the north side of York street between Richmond and Talbot streets; (2) a tile deain on Craig Talbot streets; (2) a tile drain on Craig street, between the Wortley road and Queen street, and on Queen between Craig ment on Waterloo street, between Dunerin ment on Waterloo street, between Duncrin and Queen's avenues; (4) a cedur block pavement on Clarence street, between Dundas and the G. T. R. track; (5) ditto on Hyman street, between Wellington and Waterloo streets. All passed.

To exempt from taxation for ten years the manufacturing establishment of the Hobbs Hordware Company, Rulout street, Passed.

Passed.

To levy rates on a drain in the natural

To levy rates on a drain in the natural watercourse between Lorne avenue and Elizabeth street. Passed.

To amend the weigh scales bylaw and do away with the system of annual rental.

There were present: Mayor Spencer, Aldermen Connor, John Heaman, Yates, O'Meara, Jeffery, Moule, Jones, William Heaman, Hannah, Leonard, Garratt, Bartlett, Judd, Shaw and Parnell, and City Clerk Kingston.

Three Years for Bigamist Taylor. Three Years for Bigamist Taylor.
Boston, Mass, May 16.—James Taylor, charged with having married 60 women, and who pleaded guilty to a specific fact, was sentenced to three years in State Prison. He had no counsel, but made a short argument himself, in which he said that, although he was guilty of bigamy, he never stole a cent from his wives. After he has endured three days' solitary confinement he will be put to work in the cilding shop. At the expiration of his gilding shop. At the expiration of his sentence he will be turned over to the New

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IRTHS, MARRIA KER-On May 1)

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