

War News.

Messages Received
Previous to 9 A. M.

AUSTRIAN ATTACK REPULSED IN ALBANIA.

ROME, Nov. 20. The repulse of an Austrian attack in force in Albania is announced by the war office statement, which follows: On the Lower Verussa River at dawn on Sunday the enemy attacked in force the Glik Idris bridgehead. After a brisk fight he was forced to retire, leaving in our hands an officer and some men. The official Austrian statement yesterday said that a successful operation had been carried out against the Italians on the Lower Verussa River. It was suggested in London that this might be the initial step in an offensive against the allied armies on the Salonika front.

HAIG'S REPORT.

LONDON, Nov. 20. The report from Field Marshal Haig's headquarters in Flanders to-night reads: Soon after daylight this morning we carried out a series of operations between St. Eustach and the Scarpe. These operations have been conducted with satisfactory results. A considerable quantity of material and some prisoners have been taken, but no estimate is yet made.

BERLIN ADMITS ADVANCE.

BERLIN, Nov. 20. A supplementary report from general headquarters to-night says: There was artillery activity at Poperinghe and Passchendaele (Flanders). In the region between the roads leading from Bapume and Peronne towards Cambrai, the British attacked with strong forces and gained ground. Our counter measures are in full swing.

ITALIANS REPULSE ATTACKS.

ROME, Nov. 20. The struggle between the Austro-Germans and Italians on Monte Tomba and Monte Fenera, in the mountain region of Northern Italy, continues. It was officially announced to-day that the invading forces were driven back four times when they attempted to take the Italian positions on the Monte Fenera spur.

CAPTURE OF 1,200 AUSTRIANS.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 20. The capture of twelve hundred Austrians who crossed the Piave River is announced in a message from General Diaz, the Italian Commander-in-Chief to his army, received here to-day by cable. The General pays a high tribute to the young reserves of 1918, who have just received their baptism of fire. On the river which to-day bars the enemy from the roads leading further into our motherland, the message says, they have conducted themselves magnificently. Their ardent enthusiasm coupled with the experience of older companions, triumphed over the enemy. Some Austrian battalions which had dared to cross the Piave met their fate. Twelve hundred prisoners were taken and some Italian guns which had fallen into the hands of the invaders have been captured and brought again by soldiers to their positions, marked by the bodies of the artillerymen who remained at their posts of duty to the very end. In the supreme hour of duty and honor in which the army with firm faith and strong heart keeps the enemy back on the river and on the mountain, the entire army should know that our young soldiers have proved worthy of the glory and traditions of their regiments.

THE RUSSIAN SITUATION.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 20. Unofficial despatches received at the State Department to-day from Tornea, on the Swedish frontier, say

that passengers arriving there from Russia declare the Russian situation is controlled by General Kaledines, the Cossack commander, who holds the country's coal and bread supply in the Don Cossack region. A despatch from Tornea, dated yesterday, reports the arrival there of several Americans from Petrograd in advance of the large party being sent away by Ambassador Francis. Petrograd was said to be quiet, while the theatres are open and trains are running. Soldiers were parading the streets of the city bearing banners stating that "Russia does not want a separate peace," and demanding a constitutional assembly for all Russia and declaring that the Nicholas regime was never so tyrannical as that of the Bolsheviks. The passengers were of the opinion that the present revolutionary movement cannot last because it lacks the support of all parties including the extreme Socialists. Kerensky is again reported to have escaped capture and to have gone to the front in an effort to get support.

ALLENBY REPORTS THE CAPTURE OF BEIT URET TAHIL.

LONDON, Nov. 20, (official.) General Allenby reports our mounted troops occupied Beit Uret Tahil, 12 miles northwest of Jerusalem, on Sunday. Yesterday our infantry advancing into the highland of Judah, reached a line 15 miles west of Jerusalem.

A VOTE OF CONFIDENCE.

PARIS, Nov. 20. The Chamber of Deputies to-day gave a vote of confidence to Clemenceau, the new Premier, of 418 to 65.

CLEMENCEAU'S DECLARATION.

PARIS, Nov. 20. Premier Clemenceau read to the Chamber of Deputies this afternoon the ministerial declaration which had been decided upon by the new Cabinet. In the Senate the document was read by Louis Nail, Minister of Justice. The declaration follows: "We have accepted places in the Government to conduct the war with redoubled effort, for the better application of all our energies. We come before you with the sole idea of integral war. We would like that confidence which we shall ask you to give us as your conscientious action, and we appeal to the historic virtues that exist in us as French. Never did France feel so eagerly the need to life and develop in the hour of a trial placed at the service of human conscience progressively in a resolve to advance the right both among individuals and between peoples capable of establishing their liberties, and to conquer that justice may prevail. That is the watchword of all our governments since the beginning of the war. That programme, as open as the sky, we shall maintain, as open as the sky, we shall maintain, as open as the sky, we shall maintain, as open as the sky, we shall maintain."

How the Vicious Circle of Neurasthenia is Formed

WHEN the nerves are overstrained by mental exertion, by accident or by shock the irritation makes rest or sleep impossible, and consequently there is no restoration of the wasted nerve force.

In its turn digestion fails, because there is lack of nervous energy to control the flow of gastric juices in the stomach and to operate the other organs of digestion.

Failing to obtain the necessary nourishment, the blood becomes thin and watery, and as a result the nerves are further starved and rendered less capable of standing the strain put upon them.

In this way is formed the vicious circle of neurasthenia or nervous prostration, and there is no magical way in which the circle may be broken up.

Overstrained Nerves, Loss of Sleep, Indigestion

The Food Cure

Mrs. George Ross, Augusta street, Cornwall, Ont., writes: "Some two years ago I was attacked with neurasthenia, or nervous prostration. I doctored with different doctors without any good results, and even took a trip to a distant city to see if I could not recuperate. But upon returning I found I was no better—in fact, I kept getting worse all the time. I had no appetite, could not sleep, and had to be helped up and down stairs. I also had terrible headaches. One day a book was left at the door telling about Dr. Chase's Nerve Food, and I decided to try it. My folks derided the idea, but I went ahead and secured a box, and before finishing that first box I could see that I was getting better. You may be sure I was delighted to find a remedy that would give me relief. I continued taking them, and recovered so thoroughly that I was able to help with the house-cleaning that spring. During my nervous collapse I had fallen from 115 pounds to 90, and since my recovery have weighed as much as 110 pounds. I still keep Dr. Chase's Nerve Food in the house, and use them when I feel the need of them. I have recommended them to a great many people around Cornwall, as I feel that I cannot speak too highly of them."

The nerve cells are starved and must have nourishment. The blood fails to supply this want, so you must give to the blood in condensed and easily assimilated form the elements from which Nature forms new blood and new nervous energy.

This is exactly what Dr. Chase's Nerve Food does, and it does it so well that no treatment for the nerves has ever met with the enormous success of this great food cure.

You can scarcely take up a newspaper without reading of someone who has been restored to health and vigor and happiness by means of this reconstructive treatment. This is Nature's way of effecting cure, and is, therefore, both certain and lasting. A little patience is required, but once the building-up process is under way you will find daily evidence that you are regaining health and the joy of living.

Dr. Chase's Nerve Food

50 cents a box, a full treatment of 6 boxes for \$2.75, at all dealers, or Edmondson, Bates & Co., Limited, Toronto. Do not be talked into accepting a substitute. Imitations only disappoint.

come, be shown at the forefront of the alliance, at every instant, everywhere in the field, France has suffered from everything that makes man firm. In her hope, drawn from the sources of purest humanity, she contents to suffer for the defence of the soil of her great ancestors, with the hope of opening ever wider to men as to peoples all doors of life. The force of the French soul is in that. That is what animates our people as their work, as well as while they fight. Alas there have been crimes also crimes against France. Let them receive prompt chastisement. We take before you, before the country that demands justice, an engagement that justice shall be done according to the rigors of the law. Neither personal consideration nor political ardor will turn us from our duty or lead us to go beyond it. Too many criminal attempts have already rejected on our battlefield in the shedding of a superabundance of French blood. Weakness would be complicity. We shall be without weakness as without violence. All accused before court martials, that is our policy. The soldier in the pretorium in solidarity with the soldier in combat. No more pacifist campaigns, no more German intrigues; neither treason nor semi-treason. War, nothing but war. Our armies shall not be taken between two fires. Justice is on the way. The country will know that it is defended and France for ever free. We have paid too great a price for our liberties to cede any part of them. Beyond the needs of preventing divulgations and excitements from which the enemy might profit, a censorship that shall be maintained for diplomatic and military information, as well as

to bring forth.

ARTILLERY FIGHTING IN FLANDERS.
BERLIN, Nov. 20. Intense artillery fighting is progressing in Flanders, says to-day's official. The repulse of an attack in the Verdun region is also reported.

GERMAN ATTACK ON VERDUN FRONT.
PARIS, Nov. 20. The Germans made an attack last night on a front of one kilometre in the Verdun sector north of Courlevres Wood. They succeeded in penetrating French advanced positions over a small extent of this front, says to-day's official statement, but were substantially expelled for the most part.

RIOTING IN BERLIN.
LONDON, Nov. 20. Serious rioting took place in Berlin last Sunday, according to despatches received by the wireless press and Exchange Telegraph Co. from Amsterdam. The message to the Exchange Telegraph says that the fighting between the mob and police was very fierce and that there was a heavy casualty list, as the police used their firearms.

BERLIN OFFICIAL.
BERLIN, Nov. 20. There were no fighting operations on the East front, says to-day's official statement. In Macedonia, on the west bank of the Vardar, Bulgarian thrusting troops penetrated French trenches and took prisoners.

TO TAKE UP HIS DUTIES.
PARIS, Nov. 20. General Marie Fayolle, Commander of the French forces in Italy, departed last night to take up his duties. General Fayolle has a reputation as a scientific soldier, earned largely while he was Professor at the War School.

CHARGED WITH PLOTTING.
PETROGRAD, Nov. 20. Vladimir Purishkevich, former member of the Duma, who led in the attack on German influence in the Russian Army and the "dark forces" shortly before Emperor Nicholas was deposed, was arrested to-day on a charge of being at the head of a monarchist plot. With him at the hotel in which he was living under an assumed name was Prince Youssouppoff, who figured in the assassination of the Monk Rasputin.

NOTHING FROM RUSSIA.
LONDON, Nov. 20. No headquarters communication was issued to-day, says an official wireless message from Petrograd.

SUB. WAS DESTROYED.
PARIS, Nov. 20. A German submarine was destroyed at the time the French steamship Medvo with a cargo of munitions, was torpedoed in the Western Mediterranean, Sept. 23, with a loss of 250 lives, says a despatch from Algiers to the Journal.

SUCCESSFUL RAID.
LONDON, Nov. 20. Axfordshire and Buckinghamshire troops made a successful raid last night east of Fampoux, says to-day's official statement. In the region of

Wyschaete a raiding party of Germans was driven off by our fire.

ENEMY TROOPS BUSY.

LONDON, Nov. 20. A telegram from Maastricht, Holland, to Amsterdam forwarded by the Central News, reports great movements of troops with artillery on all the roads leading to the Flanders front. These troops evidently are from the Russian front, the despatch says.

MAY STRIKE ELSEWHERE.

COPENHAGEN, Nov. 20. Reports from several sources in Germany bear out the assumption that taking advantage of the situation in Russia, the German Government is making a heavy transportation of troops from the Russian front. Only a part of them appear to be going to Italy, where the front is too narrow to permit of the use of great masses, and a blow of Von Hindenburg at some other point in the way of a diversion may perhaps be expected. Some troops are reported to have been moved to the western front, but this is not necessarily significant, as Field Marshal Haig's pounding tactics necessitate frequent reliefs for exhausted German divisions. German newspapers discuss with much frankness and avidity the prospect of an offensive on the Salonika front, but have never a word to say about the obvious chance of a smashing blow at Roumania in an effort to end the resistance of the nation. As for Italy, if the Austrians and Germans find the reinforced Italian army too hard a nut to attempt to crack, the Central Powers can easily and quickly change to the defensive on a strong line for the purpose of seeking to force a decision on some other selected front with the bulk of their strategic reserve.

SOCIALISTS DISPERSED.

AMSTERDAM, Nov. 20. Independent Socialists tried to hold a meeting in Berlin on Sunday, despite the Government prohibition against them. Afterwards a small number of Socialists held a demonstration in the streets of Eastern Berlin, but were dispersed without difficulty by the police.

THE BOLSHIEVIK.

PETROGRAD, Nov. 20. Seven commissioners appointed by the Maximalist Government to manage various departments, have resigned their posts in protest against the "methods of political terrorism," by which they allege the Bolsheviks seek to maintain themselves in office. "We are of opinion," they assert in the declaration announcing their retirement, "that the necessary form of Socialist government by parties is that participated in by a Congress of Workmen's and Soldiers' Delegates." They do not wish to follow the lines chosen by the Bolsheviks which they assert "lead to alienating the proletariat element from political life and lead to the creation of an impossible regime which means the destruction of the revolution and the country." Among the commissioners quitting their posts were those in charge of trade, industry, interior, supplies and press. The labor commissioner joined in the protest, but retained his post.

AMERICAN DESTROYER SUNK.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 20. The sinking of the American destroyer Chauncey in collision in the war zone, early yesterday morning, with the probable loss of 21 lives, was announced to-day by the Navy Department.

NOTE OF THANKS.

Mrs. Charles Adams and family wish to thank, most sincerely, M. Chaplin and employees, the Misses Crocker, Mrs. and Miss Hayward, S. E. Ebsary and family and the employees of Miss Crocker for wreaths; and also Mr. and Mrs. A. Edgecombe and family, Miss C. Le Drew (Cupids), for notes of sympathy and all those who helped them in any way during their sad bereavement.—adv.

Our Volun

Recruiting be slack, young men themselves ment, namely:— Leo O'Mara, Grand Thos. Kent, St. John Max Thompson, Ben P. J. Grace, St. John This is the second time mentioned young man himself.

All Children L "Syrup of Fig Liver and

Give it when feverish, for bad breath stomach. Look at the tongue, Mr. ed, it is a sure sign that one's stomach, liver and a gentle, thorough cleanser. When peevish, cross, doesn't sleep, doesn't naturally, or is feverish, breath bad; has stomach, throat, diarrhea, full of teaspoonful of "California Figs," and in a few hours constipated waste, and and sour bile gently move little bowels without you have a well, playful You needn't coax side take this harmless "It they love its delicious taste. Ask your druggist for a bottle of "California Syrup," which has directions for ren of all ages and plainly on the bottle. counterfeits sold here, you get the genuine, and it is made by "California Company." Refuse any with contempt.

C C C Band

The C. C. C. Band's ly dance takes place in (King's Beach) on November 23rd, at 9 p.m. promises to be the best yet attempted, and order to reach all buses reduced the price of the follows: Gent's (single) 50c; and double (including supper) which by Messames C. Buckle, Mitchell, Bearnis and dance programme will be 8 square and 8 round. der to give all a chance selves. The full band, erican, Scotch and the dancers, and also the and two-steps and Those who attend are sure of an enjoyable dance. Remember the last C.C.C. dance until (St. Stephen's Night).

Green Bay Her

Herring are reported of a very large size in Green Bay and prospect voyage are bright. where the fishes are several factories will the season. As high as from the net is now be American buyers who "grounds."

FETCHING UP FERDIE — Well, Now Isn't This too Bad -- What Will He Slip the Smoke for His Very Quick Action?



PO is a man's snack make with mother it is drunk with