

News of the Sea

London, July 13.—The British battleship Vanguard blew up and sank, as announced in the following official statement issued to-night by the British Admiralty. "L.M.S. Vanguard, Captain James D. Dick, blew up while at anchor on the night of July 9 as the result of an internal explosion. The ship sank immediately and there were only three survivors among the crew at the time of the disaster—one officer and two men. The officer has since died. There were, however, twenty-four officers and seventy-one men on board at the time, thus bringing the total number of survivors to ninety-seven. "A full inquiry has been ordered. The British battleship Vanguard displaced 19,250 tons and her complement before the war was 870 men. She belonged to the St. Vincent class of dreadnoughts and was launched in March, 1909. She was 337 feet long with a beam of 27 feet and a draft of 27 feet. Her armament consisted of ten 12-inch guns, eighteen four-inch and four three-pounders in addition to six torpedo tubes. "Paris, July 15.—The French minesweeper Jupiter struck a mine in the English Channel Tuesday and sank. Eleven lives were lost. "London, July 12.—A Central News dispatch from Christian reports the sinking near Iceland by a German submarine of the Norwegian bark Florida, 1,168 tons gross. The crew was rescued. "Paris, July 12.—The following official announcement was issued to-day: "Three French merchantmen of more than 1,600 tons and one under that size were sunk in the week ended July 8 by mines or submarines. Nine merchantmen were attacked unsuccessfully. "In the same period 1,063 ships entered and 1,009 left French ports. French patroling seaplanes attached to naval air depots made 2,827 flights. "French patrol boats in the Atlantic on July 1 towed into port a large steamer which had been abandoned and abandoned by the crew. A steamer which had been run ashore near Yeu Island to escape a submarine was refloated on July 6 and taken to port on the same day. Another steamer which was ashore in the same vicinity and was considered a total loss was towed off and brought to port. "London, July 13.—The Spanish steamer Eolo was towed into a British port to-day by a trawler which picked her up after she had been attacked by a German submarine. The crew of the Eolo, which was loaded with iron ore had taken to the boats after the attack. The steamer measured 5,800 tons, and was owned in Bilbao. "Washington, July 13.—An official dispatch to-day announced the sinking by submarine of the American barkentine Hildegard, of New Orleans, on July 10, and of the American schooner Mary W. Bowen, of Fall River, on July 8. All members of both crews were rescued and landed. The Hildegard was a vessel of 595 tons, and the schooner a five-master, was of 1,907 tons. "Halifax, N. S., July 13.—A cable received yesterday said that the three-masted schooner Coral Leaf, thirty-four days out from Spencer's Island, Nova Scotia, with deals, for Barry, Wales, was torpedoed and set on fire off the coast of Ireland. The crew were landed safely. The Hun failed to sink the ship and subsequently she was towed into Castleton, Ireland. "Ymuiden, Holland, July 17.—The German merchantman, Magdalena Blumel that which went ashore off Zandort while attempting to run the British blockade from Rotterdam to Germany, is a total wreck. The crew, one of whose members was wounded, has been landed. The Blumel was one of the 17 German merchantmen which put out from Rotterdam, most of which were either stranded or sunk or captured by British destroyers. "Rome, July 18.—One Italian merchant and four small sailing vessels were sunk by submarines in the week ended July 15, according to the official statement to-day. "Arrivals at Italian ports for the week numbered 558, clearances 499. "London, July 18.—Fourteen British ships of over 1,600 tons were sunk by submarines in the week ended July 15, according to the official report to-night. "Four British vessels under 1,600 tons were sunk and eight fishing vessels. "The official report follows: "Arrivals, 2,828; sailings, 2,920. "British merchant ships sunk by mine or submarine, over 1,600 tons, including one previously, 14; under 1,600 tons, four. "British merchant vessels unsuccessfully attacked, including three previously, 12. "British fishing vessels sunk, eight. "This week's figures show the submarine situation still well in hand, as the ships lost are very near the minimum record set the second week in March and duplicated only last week. The number of ships over 1,600 tons remain the same at fourteen, while the smaller ships increased by one over last week. These figures are very encouraging as compared with fifty-five ships lost during one week in April. "He—"I told your father frankly I couldn't marry you. She—"What was he saying?" He—"He said that he had the same experience."—Boston Transcript. "A shadow crossed the young man's face. "Can it be that we will make a mistake in marrying?" he questioned, anxiously.

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Establishments at Derne, Africa, with good results. The fire of the enemy land batteries was fruitless. "London, July 16.—Four of the largest and most modern submarines were destroyed by American warships which were conveying the first instalment of American troops to France, according to a report from German sources as contained in a Berne dispatch to the news agency and forwarded from Rome by Central News. "New York, June 16.—Word of the sinking by German U-boats of the Leyland Line freighter Sylvania, a steamship of 4,838 tons gross, bound in ballast from Liverpool to this port, and of the steamer Kilo, 6,182 tons gross, of the White Star Line, formerly in the Manchester service, was received here to-day in marine intelligence circles. The sinkings were reported to have occurred last week. "Washington, July 18.—Sinking of the American steamer Grace and the killing of three men and the injury of two members of the naval guard was announced to-day by the state department. The steamer was owned by the Standard Commercial Steamship Corporation, New York. She was sunk by a torpedo from a submarine. All survivors have been landed and the injured taken to a hospital. "London, July 17.—Lloyd's announces that the American schooners Addie M. Lawrence, 2,807 tons, and Edward B. Winslow, 3,424 tons, have stranded and are regarded as total losses. The Winslow had previously been reported to be on fire. Both the Addie M. Lawrence and the Edward B. Winslow were built at Bath, Maine, and were owned by J. S. Winslow & Company, of Portland. According to available shipping records both schooners were to some time ago to the British Government. "Buenos Aires, July 17.—A battle between the British steamer Thessaly and a German submarine at a point four days out of Liverpool was reported by that steamer when she arrived here to-day. One of the Thessaly's crew was killed by the U-boat gun fire. "London, July 17.—The Admiralty announces the capture of four German steamers by British destroyers in the North Sea. The steamers are the Pollworm, Brietig, Marie Horn and Heinz Blumberg. The Brietig, of 1,495 tons gross is owned at Hamburg. The Pollworm, 1,370 tons gross, also was owned in Hamburg, the Marie Horn, 1,088 tons, is from Schleswig, and the Heinz Blumberg, 1,226 tons, is registered from Hamburg. Two other German steamers were with the vessel later captured when the group was signalled by the British war craft. All six made for the Dutch coast and two of them reached the shore. These two were badly damaged by gunfire. "New York, July 17.—Prospects for salvaging the Norwegian American liner Kristianiafjord, ashore near Cape Race, Nfld., are good, provided the fair weather holds out until adequate wrecking equipment arrives, according to advices received at the offices of the line here from the vessel's captain. Wrecking tugs are now on the way to the wreck from Halifax and Quebec, and another will leave here to-morrow. "The captain reported that divers have examined the vessel and found that she was damaged only in the forward part. It is thought, however, he said, she can be floated. "Ymuiden, Holland, July 17.—The German merchantman, Magdalena Blumel that which went ashore off Zandort while attempting to run the British blockade from Rotterdam to Germany, is a total wreck. The crew, one of whose members was wounded, has been landed. The Blumel was one of the 17 German merchantmen which put out from Rotterdam, most of which were either stranded or sunk or captured by British destroyers. "Rome, July 18.—One Italian merchant and four small sailing vessels were sunk by submarines in the week ended July 15, according to the official statement to-day. "Arrivals at Italian ports for the week numbered 558, clearances 499. "London, July 18.—Fourteen British ships of over 1,600 tons were sunk by submarines in the week ended July 15, according to the official report to-night. "Four British vessels under 1,600 tons were sunk and eight fishing vessels. "The official report follows: "Arrivals, 2,828; sailings, 2,920. "British merchant ships sunk by mine or submarine, over 1,600 tons, including one previously, 14; under 1,600 tons, four. "British merchant vessels unsuccessfully attacked, including three previously, 12. "British fishing vessels sunk, eight. "This week's figures show the submarine situation still well in hand, as the ships lost are very near the minimum record set the second week in March and duplicated only last week. The number of ships over 1,600 tons remain the same at fourteen, while the smaller ships increased by one over last week. These figures are very encouraging as compared with fifty-five ships lost during one week in April. "He—"I told your father frankly I couldn't marry you. She—"What was he saying?" He—"He said that he had the same experience."—Boston Transcript. "A shadow crossed the young man's face. "Can it be that we will make a mistake in marrying?" he questioned, anxiously.

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WAR TIPS DIRECT FROM THE STARS

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