"I am deeply grateful to the maidens of Great Britain and Ireland who desire to present to me this beautiful copy of the Bible, and for the kind expressions contained in your address. I shall always value the book, not only as being the Word of God, but as memorial of the good feeling shown to me on this important occasion of my life, and I trust I may so act that under the blessing of Providence your prayers for my welfare will be granted.

In the account of the Royal marriage published in the Court Journal, an incident is introduced which, we doubt not, will interest many. The writer says: "Her Majesty passed down one side of the drawing room and had nearly returned up the other to the point from which she started, when she seemed to remember that some one whom she had wished to see had escaped her notice. An inquiry was made, Her Majesty crossed the room, the guests fell back, and to his visible surprise and delight Dr. Thomas Guthrie, one of the most eloquent of preachers—the venerable leader of the Free Kirk of Scotland—found himself the object of a special and heart gracious recognition. It was a slight act, but it will have the best effect in Scotland as a tribute of respect at once to a man of genius and worth, and to the section of the great Protestant Church of which he is a distinguished ornament."

A Touching Sight.—Immediately on entering the Chapel, the Princess advanced to the altar and knelt, which Her Majesty also did, mother and daughter for a moment praying together. Then when they had risen, the nuptual service commenced.

THE FINANCIAL CLAIMS OF NEW BRUNSWICK UPON CANADA.

The financial position of New Brunswick is a source of a good deal of present anxiety to the members of the Legislature and to the public generally. The extension of our trade and the increase in the volume of business transacted bring no corresponding gains to the Provincial Treasury. The financial bargain made on behalf of New Brunswick has never been reconsidered with a view to meet the obvious necessities of the Province. On the contrary, the arrangements made subsequent to Confederation with other Provinces, and the new arrangements which are being made, virtually amount to an alteration of the terms on which New Brunswick entered the Union, and impose new burdens on a Province which is ill able to bear them. Apart from these general claims, New Brunswick has a series of specific demands on the Government of Canada. It is surprising that these have not been met, and the fact of their nothaving been settled has added greatly to the financial difficulties of the Government of New Brunswick. Mr. Beckwith, it is true, takes a hopeful view of the settlement of the specific accounts, the total amount of which, however, is under a million of dollars, and which, with the exception of a small sum for uncalled for Savings Bank Funds, represent hard cash paid out of its exchequer by New Brunswick, the assets represented thereby being now vested in Canada. These claims are set down by the ex-Secretary at the following moderate figures:

Balance of Subsidy paid to the Eastern Extension Railroad, (now part of the Intercolonial) by New Brunswick,	$150,000
St. Andrews Railway Stock,	240,000
Western Extension Stock,	300,000
Value of Railway and Penitentiary Stores tranferred to Canada,	130,000
Uncalled for Deposits or Dividends in Saving's Banks,	80,000
Total, . . .	$900,000

This list is very defective in various ways, but let it pass, and we may ask why these just claims have not been met, and New Brunswick so far relieved from financial pressure and embarrassment? The Dominion, with its varied resources, is much better able to meet these demands than New Brunswick is to have their settlement deferred. Though our affairs are conducted with very great economy, the Government find it more and more difficult to "make ends meet."

We are sorry to find that a number of the Opposition, by taking hold of this matter, threatened to make it a party question. It is not one of that character. It is a people's question, and not a party one. The manner in which its settlement is made will greatly affect the future of our Province for better or worse. Such a matter should be taken hold of by both branches of the Legislature, without respect to party, and pressed on to a final and equitable adjustment.

Though the matter was not brought up in a judicious way in the House of Assembly, the the references made to it in the incidental discussion which took place, show very clearly the strength of feeling on the subject which exists in the House, and leave no doubt that the Government are determined to take it up on a suitable occasion. The motion of Mr. Young in the Legislative Council, is intended to raise a similar discussion. He contends that we are now going behind at the rate of $60,000 a year, and his resolution affirms:—

That New Brunswick is now indebted to the Dominion in the sum of $576,298, on which she is paying interest nearly $30,000, and then resolves that in the opinion of the House the allowance of $63,000 is insufficient to meet charges for which it was given; that the amount of debt is $7,000,000, with which New Brunswick was allowed to enter the Union is not proportionate to the liabilities incurred on public works now the property of the Dominion, and that before any reduction is made in the annual subsidy to New Brunswick in consequence of interest accruing on her public debt, due consideration should be given to the propriety of placing her in the same position as Nova Scotia, and that an additional subsidy proportionate to that of Nova Scotia should be granted to N. Brunswick, and that an Address be presented to the Lieutenant Governor to this effect.

It will be seen that Mr. Young's resolution refers to the general case, while Mr. Beckwith's statement relates only to matters of account. It may be a matter for consideration, how these claims may be presented, whether jointly or separately. On that point, and in the absence of correspondence fitted to cast light on the whole subject, and soon to be published, we shall not venture to express an opinion. But that all our demands should, however, be pressed by the Government of New Brunswick, and fairly met by that of Canada, without delay, there can be no doubt. Our necessities, the equities of the case, and the uncertainties of the of the future, all combine in sustaining this conclusion. It will be much better for the Government of Canada to meet the reasonable claims of New Brunswick, instead of by refusing to do so, to give strength to political agitation which might in an election contest, be injurious to the friends of Confederation, and the results of which might prove particularly mischievous and embarrassing.—*St. John Tel.*

THE LATEST SWINDLE.

The papers have abounded lately in cautions against imposters and swindlers, and notwithstanding these warnings a cooler piece of effrontry than that which was perpetrated yesterday could scarcely be imagined. The correct thing now, it appears, is to prefix a Reverend or Captain, or added a D. D. to the name (for of course a Doctor of Divinity is incapable of fraud and must be far removed from suspicion) and in the case in question the parties assumed both the military and the Divine. The facts, as we learn them, are as follows:—Two gentlemen (?) arrived at the St. Lawrence Hall a few days ago and registered their names respectively as Rev. Dr. Sackville, D. D., (rather unnecessary tautology, we think) and Captain DeChantiller. Yeste day afternoon, while sauntering through Notre Dame Street, they entered the well-known jewellery store of John Wood & Son, and requested to look at some gold watches, the best that could be procured, which of course, were produced. Our heroes, however, could not make up their minds at the time to decide on which two particular watches they preferred, and ordered five to be sent up to the St Lawrence Hall, so that they could make their choice at their leisure. A boy was according sent to their apartments at the Hotel with five watches, and while our worthies were examining the *minutiæ* with the closest attention the Captain exclaimed, "What is the use of watches without chains?" and ordered the boy to return to the store and bring back five gold chains. When the boy arrived with the chains the Rev. Doctor had gone into another room, and had taken the watches, with him; the Captain went to look for him, and in a fit of abstraction carried off the chains. There the story ends; where these two scoundrels went to it remains for the police to find out. The detectives are now searching high and low for the miscreants. We must add also that the watches and chains were valued at $900, and that our clerical and military friends, in the excitement of the moment, forgot to settle their little bill at the hotel, which amounts to some $80. Their baggage, however, is left behind as security. We trust the Police will be successful in tracing out these imposters, and that they may meet with the punishment that such rascality deserves.—*Montreal News.*

MILLIONS OF SEALS.

THE POOR MEN OF NEWFOUNDLAND BECOMING RICH IN A FORTNIGHT.

[Correspondence of the New York Sun.]

St. John's, N. F., March 30.—After a lapse of more than twenty years of general unprogressiveness and poverty, the dull city of St. John's was aroused this morning by a report that gladdened every heart, and sent a thrill of excitement over the whole Island. A steamship, the Nimrod, belonging to Job Brothers & Co. was said to be in the bay, awaiting wind enough to bear her into the harbor of St. John's, as her boilers were unavailable, the bunkers being literally stuffed with seal skins. On her arrival we learned that her precious cargo was 28,000 seals, the largest number ever known to have been captured.

The vessels and steamships, whose arrival I have already announced, trimmed their rigging with bunting from stem to stern, and with their signal guns, fired a long continued salute to the champion of the fleet—in fact of all sailing craft the world over. The Captain of the Nimrod says that he left St. John's, Harbor on the 1st inst. and with a favorable southwesterly breeze behind him, steered northward. After sailing through clear water for several days he struck the ice on the 7th of March. Owing to a severe gale he was compelled to lie to forty-eight hours, after which the ice was found to be broken up, and the Nimrod could steer in the probable direction of the mass of the seals. On the 17th, St. Patrick's Day, the watch at the masthead gave a welcome cry, "Seals ahead," whereupon the firemen were ordered to quicken the fires. In another hour the Nimrod was an island amid an ocean of seals. In six days afterwards she was loaded and bore up for home.

The excitement that prevails here can only be estimated when you consider what must have been the *furore* on the discovery of gold in Australia and California; for certainly this is the Golconda of the North Atlantic this year. You will also take into account the wretchedness of our condition for the past fifteen years, which fact will render us the more joyful, while you must not forget our independence in spite of the misery of our people in rejecting the terms of union with Canada. What a haul Canada would have out of us this year had she caught us in her net.

A few hours after the arrival of the Nimrod, the steamship Hector hove in sight. Yet a few hours, and we learned the amazing fact that she carried with her 21,500 seals—an amount that in old times would be considered a fairy-land tale. The captain of the Hector announces that in the ice off which he loaded, he communicated with more than fifty sail of vessels, all loading or laden. The merchants of St. John's, are compelled to extend their premises and build temporary vats for the rendering of the enormous quantity of oil consigned to them.

In the harbor of St. John's there are now eleven arrivals from the seal fishery and their average catch is 21,000, making the extraordinary total of 231,000 seals, more than the entire catch of any one season; though over a hundred vessels are yet to arrive in St. John's.

In Harbor Grace the success of the seal hunters has been equally great. The total catch of four steamships now arrived at that port exceeds 100,000 seals, while 150 belonging there are yet to be heard from.

Each steamship carried about 500 men, and all will make another trip this season—a fact never previously known. As yet the wages and shares of each seal hunter may be estimated at $1,500. All this has been earned by the heads of many poor families since March 1. You may expect cheap furs this year, and no dearth of oil for your machinery and manufactories.

THE CLOSE OF THE YEAR.

The May Quarterly Meetings are upon us. The District Meetings follow close after. It is of great importance that the affairs of the year be ended well. Everything should be in business shape, to report at the District Meetings. It is especially important, that the allowances of the ministers be paid in full. None of them will get too much by getting all that has been appropriated in the estimates for the year. A great many will not receive anything like a liberal support even if the allowance is paid in full. In cases where there are "deficiencies," the minister is virtually asked to pay the amount of the "deficiency" towards his own support. The people must be very poor indeed, if they are not better able to pay the deficiency, by having it divided among them, than the minister is to bear the whole of it. The financial affairs of the year should be wound up within the year. We do not like the system of giving duebills to a minister, who has to leave a circuit, and collecting them after his successor has been appointed. Getting up balances of salary for the retiring minister, after his successor has come upon the field, looks too much like stripping the place bare for the man who is going, as if the new man was of no account and had need nothing.—*Christian Guardian 26th ult.*

General Intelligence.

Y. M. C. A—The quarterly meeting of the Young Mens Christian Association was held on Thursday evening when Dr. Slayter, J. C. Macintosh, Wm. Roche, Jr., and Dr. Delaney were appointed delegates to the Convention which is to be held in Washington in May. John S Maclean, Esq., as President of the Convention, and James Farquhar, Esq., as Corresponding Secretary of the Association, will attend the Convention *ex officio*.

Murder Confessed.—On Saturday a seaman of the ship *Roseneath*, named William McKenzie, surrendered himself to the police authorities confessing that about seven years ago, in the City of Glasgow, Scotland he stabbed and killed a man. After hearing the confession of McKenzie the Stipendiary Magistrate committed him to jail until arrangements can be made for the man's extradition to Scotland. Dr. Woodill who examined the sailor is of opinion that the man is insane.—*Colonist.*

Principle of the School Bill Carried.—It will be seen by our telegrams from Fredericton that the principle of the School Bill has been carried by a vote of 24 to 14, which is certainly very gratifying to those who have the educational interests of the rising generation at heart and longing for the adoption of a system of Direct Taxation and untrammelled by Sectarian influences. Petitions in favor of the Bill were in circulation in the city yesterday and received the signatures of a large number of persons of all classes in the community.—*St. John News.*

Small-Pox.—The St. John *Globe* of the 27th ult., says:—We are pleased to be able to record that the number of cases of small-pox is gradually becoming smaller. There are now eight patients under treatment—six in the "Home," and two outside. Five of those in the "Home" are recovering, the remaining one is dangerously ill. No new cases are reported to-day.

The Sackville "Borderer" speaks of it as "an undisputed fact that Sackville is destined, at no distant day, to become a city, and the capital of the United Maritime Provinces."

Horrible Crime.—A young negro named Norman Hector has been arrested and committed for trial in Portland, N B., charged with having perpetrated a rape upon a little child of less than nine years of age, on Thursday last.

Prince Edward Island Tariff.—In the House of Assembly last week the principles of the new tariff were agreed on. An extra 2 1-2 per cent. is added to the present duties, as well as imposed on all free goods, except certain colonial productions, in which the trade between the Island and the other Provinces is reciprocal, such as flour, coal, lumber, etc English coal and salt are taxed 2 1-2 per cent., as also printing paper, books, etc. Goods that paid a duty of 1 per cent. before will be charged 3 1-2 in future. The 2 per cents. are raised to 5 1-2, and the 5 per cents. to 7 1-2. The brewers will have to pay an additional penny per gallon on all the whiskey they manufacture; American flour is charged 2s. 6d. per bbl. It is expected that these impositions will increase the revenue next year by £13,000.

Drowned.—At Pictou on Wednesday night last two young men named William McKenzie and Peter Sutherland, of Spring Point, were accidentally drowned while setting nets off that place.

Enterprise.—A Correspondent of the St. John *Telegraph*, who recently visited the counties of Digby, Yarmouth, Shelburne, Queens and Lunenburg, report trade brisk and business prospects promising. He found ship-building and the erection of saw mills going on in all directions. One firm at Liverpool, Collie & Spencer, are building two saw mills, one at Jordan River, the other at Getson's Point, both large establishments; they are also building four brigs and schooners in Liverpool town, and have recently purchased a valuable property in Shelburne. At Mahone Bay there are six or eight vessels in course of construction, at Bridgewater, five or six, at Tusket about the same number, and a large number all along the coast from Weymouth to Yarmouth. At Chester a company, organized last year, have made extensive preparations during for preserving lobster, etc. It is said they will employ 150 hands in their establishment.

A travelling correspondent of that eminently American paper, the Boston *Traveller*, in a communication from St. John, said, in regard to New Brunswick:—"It has been a long time since the commercial community of the Provinces rejoiced in a more healthy state of trade than exists at the present time. Every body engaged in business seems to be making money, and a long face or a mournful wail is seldom seen or heard. The retailers are particulary prosperous, and they are anticipating a still larger trade with the approach of the summer months."

TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

London, May 1st.—The German troops have received intimation that they will remain in France two years.

Fort Issy yesterday was summoned to surrender. The Communist garrison asked time for deliberation which was accorded.

London, April 29.—M. Thiers in an address to the Versailles Assembly on Thursday said—"We are not assailants, we are the defenders of Law and order, we wish for conciliation, but we also wish to save Liberty from despotism and from unbridled license. The insurgents are isolated and all France is with the Government and Assembly in our efforts to combine unity with liberty." Fighting still goes on.

Paris, April 28.—Official statements of the losses of the Communists to Tuesday sums up 9,000 killed and and wounded, and 3,500 prisoners.

The *Mot D'Ardre* alleges that Toulouse has risen in insurrection, and many streets are barricaded. The Republican league calls for a Congress to decide on terms of peace.

The Commune has forbidden all interference with traffic in merchandise and engagements of Railway.

The Commissariat is provisioned for a long period.

The Communists have through mistake captured a Prussian battery, its reduction is demanded. The Commune is issuing retaliatory decrees for action of the Government in cutting off provisions.

Versailles, April 30.—The Government troops yesterday stormed the outworks of fort Issy, taking many prisoners and cannon. An attack near Chatillon was another success for Government.

Reports from Paris say that the troops in the fort were panic stricken. They spiked the guns and retreated in disorder to Paris. The southern forts are so badly battered that they will soon be untenable.

The Commune has only 25,000 men, and that small number is rapidly decreasing.

The workmen issued a revolutionary address at Havre on Saturday. No disturbance was created.

EDITOR'S NOTES, &c.

1. The Rev. D. D. Currie and Wentworth.—The latter at the close of his last week's characteristically arrogant article, seems to be disposed to bow himself becomingly and gracefully (?) out of the field saying:—"As to our "retirement from the field" next time "don't shout 'till you get out of the woods." It is not likely we shall ever occupy our valuable time in replying to such paltry attemps as these of Rev. D. D. Currie. Our readers may be assured that anything they may see in print hereafter over the signature of D. D. Currie, is, if controversial, exactly like that to which we have here replied. He will, no doubt, remount his limping Pegasus, and ride again into the field. But let him not expect Wentworth to recognize his presence in the arena of controversy. A gnat sat upon the horn of an ox. Says the gnat to the ox, "If my weight inconvenience you, pray say so, and I will be off in a minute." "Oh, never trouble your head about that," says the ox to the gnat, "for it is all one to me whether you go or stay, and, to say the truth, I did not know you where there."

Wentworth.

2. We have received a "Table, *To convert Sterling money to Canadian Currency,*" which, having been prepared by C. S. Majer, *Principal of Morris Street School*, has been published in very convenient form, by William Gossip, 87 Granville Street.

RECEIPTS FOR THE PROVINCIAL WESLEYAN.

To the 1st May, 1871.

From J. M. Brown	$2 00	From Rev R. Weddall—	
From Rev W. H. Heartz.		Henry Buttimer,	$2 00
James Quirk,	2 00	From Rev. E. Mills—	
From Wm Hopper,	1 00	Noble Branscomb	2 00

We should not hesitate to recommend to any friend of ours, Parson's Purgative Pills; they are scientifically prepared, and are adapted to all the purposes of a good purgative medicine.

Decidedly the best remedy that has ever been discovered for Rheumatism, Swoolen or Stiff Joints, Flesh Wounds, Sprains Bruises, Cuts, and Burns, is Johnson's Anodyne Liniment. We use it and always reccommend it to our friends.

Marriages.

On the 19th ult, at the residence of the bride's father, by the Rev. W. C. Brown, Mr John R. Currell, of Bridgetown, to Jerusha, eldest daughter of Mr. Edward Burns, of Waterford, Digby Neck.

Registration of Births and Deaths.

Every Birth should be registered within 60 days after taking place. Penalty for neglect, Two Dollars.

Every death should be registered before interment, or within 10 days after death. Penalty for neglect, five dollars.

OFFICE—No. 59 Granville St., Halifax

Deaths.

At Fairfield, North West Arm, Mary, wife of John Stairs, Esq..

At Windsor, on the 20th ult., James P. Pellow, Esq., in the 50th year of his age, leaving a widow and six children to mourn the loss of an affectionate husband and kind father.

At Halifax, on the 10th March, of Water of Brain, G. E. Cole, aged 5 years, eldest son of Thos. C. and Sarah Cole, of Lower Rawdon.

At Pirate Harbor, Strait of Canso, on Good Friday, Henry, only son of Jonathan and Lavinia Hartley, aged 5 years and 5 months.

At Kingston, on the 23rd ult, Harriet, daughter of the late Jesse Bent, aged 29 years. For some four years she had known that for her to live on earth was Christ, and in departing, was assured that —to die is gain.

On Tuesday morning, 2nd May, James Ryan, aged 48 years leaving a wife and seven children to mourn the loss of an affectionate husband and father. Funeral to take place from his late residence, No 15 Lower Water Street, on Thursday next, at three o'clock. Friends and acquaintances are respectfully invited to at end without further notice.

Shipping News.

PORT OF HALIFAX.

ARRIVED.

April 27—Barque Lakemba, Brown, New Orleans; brig Sarah Ellen, Guilliford, Liverpool, GB; schrs Good Intent, Gagnee, Cow Bay; Mary, Barrington; Mary, Watt, do; Ada, Whitman, Cape Canso; Chas Rueben, We tern Banks.

April 28—Brigt Koneggray, Clarenitch, Liverpool; schr Greenwood Thomas, Shelburne.

April 29—Stmr Commerce, Doane, P E I; ship City of Halifax, McKinnony, Liverpool; barques Adriatic, McKenzie, do; Mary, A Nelson, Nelson, do; brigt Alert, Hopwell, P Rico; Island Lass, McLeod, St. John's, NF; schrs Volunteer, Brison Cienfuegos; A C Brown, Shelnut, Labrador; Sea Flower, Bouchette, Margaree; Marian, King, Newfoundland.

April 30—Stmr M A Starr, Doane, Yarmouth.

May 1—Stmrs Alhambra, Wright, Boston; Carlotta, Colby, Portland; brigt Spanish Main, McCulloch, Demerara.

CLEARED.

April 27—Stmr Alexandria, Lees, St John, NB; brigt Falcon, Siteman, Trinidad; schrs A E Dater, Payzant, Liverpool; Sea Slipper, Hebb, Mahone Bay; E Forrest, Smith, Port la Tour.

April 28—Brigts Champion, Fanning, B W I; Express, West, do; schrs British Eagle, Charlottetown; Hera, Kent, Havana; M Hart, Townsend, Sydney; M E Purney, Pitts, Esquimax Point; R Noble, Dickson, do; Two Brothers, Labrador.

April 29—Stmr Commerce, Doane, Boston; ship Kalos, Quinton, St John, N B; brigt Ashwood, P. Rico; schrs A C Major, Perry, do; Electric, Groth, do; Alcyone, Rood, Boone Bay; Rival, Smith, Liverpool.

May 1—No clearance.

1871—SPRING—1871

WHOLESALE

Dry Goods Warehouse.

95 & 97 Granville Street.

Anderson, Billing & Co.

Have received per Steamers Alexandria, City of Dublin, Trojan, Asyrian and City of Baltimore from Great Britain, and Carlotta, and John Northup from the United States,

208 Packages

DRY GOODS,

which nearly completes their Spring importations.

We are now prepared to wait upon buyers, and supply them at our usual Low Prices for cash or approved credit.

—ON HAND—

Bales New Brunswick YARN, Bales English do. Cable Laid Cotton Twine,
Cotton Duck for Miners and Fishermen.
And a full supply of Travis' Colloid, invaluable for fastening colors.

m 3 ANDERSON, BILLING & CO.

99—GRANVILLE STREET—99

DRY GOODS,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

We beg to intimate to the WHOLESALE Trade that we have now completed our

Spring Stock,

Which we are now offering at our

USUALLY LOW PRICES.

For the retail trade we would simply intimate that our Stock is one of the most complete we have ever imported.

m 3 SMITH BROS.

The Propietor of the

RAYMOND

Sewing Machine Agency,

Wishes to inform the Public, especially the Ladies, that he has removed from the old stand under the Mansion House, to the Store lately occupied by Mrs. Harrison, Milliner,

115 Barrington Street.

Opposite Northeast corner of St. Paul's Cathedral, where he will be happy to wait upon all who wish to see, examine or purchase a first class Sewing Machine. WILLIAM CROWE,

m 3. Proprietor.

The Famous Home Circle Series

Nearly a thousand pages of Music! More than Five Hundred Pieces. Would cost separately at least One Hundred Dollars. Together may be bought for Ten Dollars.

HOME CIRCLE. Vol 1.
" " " 2.
PIANIST ALBUM.
PIANO FORTE GEMS.

The Marches, Quicksteps, Waltzes, Polkas, Mazurkas, Schottishes, Redowas, Galops, Quadrilles, Simple Airs. Piano Pieces, and Four Hand Pieces, which comprise this great collection, were carefully selected from an immense stock, each one being known to be popular and very saleable.

Price of each in Boards $2.50; in Cloth $3.00; and Full Gilt $4.

Mailed post-paid for the above price.

OLIVER DITSON & CO., Boston.

CHAS. H. DITSON & CO., New York.

may 3

C. W. WETMORE,

ESTATE,

Insurance and Money Broker.

102 Prince Wm St., St. John, N B.

And Phœnix Square, Fredericton.

ESTATES

Settled on Liberal Terms.

PUBLIC SECURITIES AND STOCKS BOUGHT AND SOLD ON COMMISSION.

Investments made on Mortgage and other Securites.

Agent for the Connecticut Mutual Life Insurance COMPANY,

Its invesments are securely and profitably made. Its assets about

$31,000 000.

Contain no Commuted Commissions, Fancy Stocks, Personal Securites, nor any imaginary or unrealized assets.

Beyond doubt the Connecticut Mutual has no superior in the world if it has any equal.

Its ratio of Assets to Liabilities, as measured by the New York Legal Standard is

$155,50 per $100;

And it grants all desirable forms of Insurance upon strictly equitable terms and at the cheapest allowable rates of cost.

March 29.

THE foregoing section of the Act passed at the last Session of the Parliament of the Dominion of Canada—Chapter XX., intituled:—

"An Act to make temporary provision for the election of members to serve in the House of Commons of Canada," is published for the information and guidance of Revisors appointed under the Nova Scotia Election Law of 1863:—

4. All persons nominated as Revisors, under chapter twenty-eight of the Acts of the Legislature of Nova Scotia, passed in the year 1863, intituled, "An Act to regulate the election of members to serve in the General Assembly," shall, in the present year, 1871, within three months after the passing of this Act, and in any future year at the time of their preparing the annual list of Electors qualified to vote at elections of members of the General Assembly, prepare also, and file with the Clerk of the Peace, a like alphabetical list of Electors qualified to vote at elections of Members to serve in the House of Commons of Canada, by adding to the lists of Voters for Members of the General Assembly the names of all officials and employees of the Dominion Government, qualified to vote at elections of Members of the General Assembly under the laws in force in Nova Scotia on the 1st day of July, 1867, but who may have been disqualified by any Act of the Legislature of that Province passed after the same day. The lists first made shall form the register of Electors for Members of the House of Commons until the next year's lists shall be made and perfected, and the provisions of sections twenty-five, twenty-six, and twenty-seven respectively of the said chapter shall be held applicable to such future lists. For any neglect or wilful breach of duty under this section the Revisors shall be subject to the like penalties as prescribed in section twenty five of the said chapter.

All newspapers published in Nova Scotia are requested to give three insertions to the above, and send their bills to the "Clerk of the Privy Council," Ottawa. may 3—3i.

NEW MUSIC STORE!

Messrs. Peiler, Sichel & Co.

AGENTS FOR THE

STEINWAY & SONS,
& CHICKERING & SONS,
PIANO FORTES,
AND
THE MASON & HAMLIN,
& GEO. A. PRINCE & CO.,
CABINET ORGANS;

offer the above with special facility and inducements to the Public—also Instruments from other good reliable makers, to suit purchasers, at very Low Rates.

From the solid construction of the Instruments we can fully guarantee them, not only to stand this climate, but they can be exported any where else without suffering the slightest defect.

ENGLISH, AMERICAN & FOREIGN

Sheet Music & Books.

A complete assorment on hand, and orders forwarded every week to the various publishing houses A liberal discount allowed to Teachers and Academies, and any order received by mail will be carefully executed.

Orders for Tuning or Repairing of Pianos, &c., will be promptly and satisfactorily attended to.

Price List or Catalogues sent free on application.

PEILER, SICHEL & CO.,
127 Granville Street,
may 3 Halifax, N. S.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA.

Thursday, 6th day of April, 1871.

PRESENT:

His Excellency the Governor General in Council.

Whereas it has been represented to his Excellency that the public convenience would be promoted if the Custom House Station at Esquimaux Point, which is situate in closer proximity to the Port of Gaspe than to that of Quebec, with which it is now connected, was detached from the last mentioned Port and erected into an Out Port of Entry, and placed under the survey of the Port of Gaspe.

His Excellency the Governor General on the recommendation of the Hon. the Minister of Customs, and under and in pursuance of the 8th Section of the Act 31, Vic. Chap. 6, intituled: "An Act respecting the Customs" has been Order, and it is hereby Ordered, that on from and after the first day of April inst., the Port of Esquimaux Point shall be, and is hereby detached the Port of Quebec and placed under the survey of the Port of Gaspe in the Province of Quebec.

Wm. H. Lee.
Clerk Privy Council.

May 3rd. 3 ins.

FLOUR. BUTTER &c.

Landing ex S S "Chase;"

300 Barrels "Dominion" FLOUR,
100 " "Provincial Prize" "
200 Barrels "W. C. Family" "
44 " "Markham" "
56 " "Rouge" "
100 " "Crescent" "

—IN STORE—

100 pckgs. Choice Canadian BUTTER,
200 Boxes SOAP,
50 bags Canadian OATMEAL.

R. C. HAMILTON & CO.,
march 29 119 Lower Water St.

CARD.

Dr. Dodge devotes his attention to the Treatment of the Eye, Ear and Throat; also Orthopædic Surgery, embracing Diseases of the Spine, and Hip and other Joint Diseases, Deformed and Paralysed Limbs, Club-foot, &c.

Office Hours, 9 to 12 A. M., and 3 to 5 P. M at No. 50 Barrington Street.

December 14th. 6 months

1262 GRANVILLE STREET.

Wholesale and Retail Dry Goods Warehouse.

E. W. CHIPMAN & CO.

Having completed their importations for Fall and Winter invite purchasers to inspect their large and varied Stock of DRY GOODS, consisting of the following viz.:

DRESS GOODS,
One of the largest and best assortment in the city.

Cloths, Tweeds, Waterproof, &c.
All shades and prices.

Millinery,
The finest selection in the city.

Staple Goods,
Of all descriptions, cheap and good.

Ready-made Clothing,
In great variety.

Gents' Outfitting Goods,
Of the latest styles.

Carpets and Rugs,
A large stock, and well assorted.

Tailors' Trimmings,
The only house in the city where first-class Tailors Trimmings can be had.

Haberdashery,
And a number of other articles too numerous to mention.

Warp,
All colours always on hand and at the lowest prices.

E. W. CHIPMAN & CO.

December, 1870.

INTERPROVINCIAL

FANCY FAIR.

IN AID OF THE

Mount Allison Ladies Academy.

The former students and other friends of the Mt. Allison Ladies' Academy, desirous of raising a fund to make certain necessary changes and repairs in the Academy Building, have obtained the consent of Robert Reed, Esq., of St. John, N. B., to hold on his grounds, on or about the 27th of June next, a FAIR for the sale of Fancy and useful articles.

It is expected that each of the cities and principal towns and villages in the Maritime Provinces will be represented at the Fair by one or more Tables or Booths; and contributions, either of articles for sale or of money to aid the enterprise, are respectfully solicited from the friends of education, and especially from the patrons and well-wishers of the Mount Allison Institutions throughout these Provinces.

The well known beauty of the grounds upon which the Fair is to be held, together with a grand illumination and pyrotechnic display in the evenings, will doubtless attract a large crowd of purchasers, rendering an extensive sales Department essential.

The Ministers on the different circuits will confer a favor by forwarding the contributions, all of which should be ready on or before the 20th of June. As it is desirable to know as soon as possible the amount of Table accommodation required, in order that space may be reserved and suitable preparations made, the friends in the various contributing localities are respectfully requested to give early notice of this and other matters connected with the Fair, to A. A. Stockton, Esq., St. John, or to Principal Inch, Sackville.

April 19.

British Shoe Store,

138 GRANVILLE STREET.

A. J. RICKARDS & CO.

Have to-day received a large assortment of Ladies', Misses' and Children's

Serge Goods,

of various styles and qualities, which are warranted to give satisfaction in cheapness, durability, and finish.

To Anglers and Pedestrians,

100 pairs of the Celebrated ARMY BLUCHERS.

ap 25

BAZAAR

At Enfield, Shubenacadie Circuit.

The Ladies of Enfield, having formed themselves into a "Sewing Circle" to provide material for a BAZAAR, to be held on the 5th of July ensuing, to aid in the erection of a Methodist Church in the above named place, earnestly solicit the kind cooperation of all who feel disposed to help in so good and necessary an object. Cash, or material suitable, will be thankfully received by the following Committee, viz.—

Mrs. P. Maleom, Mrs. Dr. Gladwin,
Mrs. J. Miller, Mrs. J. B. Donaldson,

The above ladies have authorized the following to act as a committee to receive contributions—

Mrs. G. Nicholos, Acadian Hotel Halifax; Mrs. Dr. D. Muir, Truro; Mr James Gelders, Conductor, N S Railway; Mr. James Keys, Conductor A. and W. Railway.

ROBERT E. CRANE,
Wesleyan Min. Shubenacadie Circuit.
Enfie'd, April 12, 1871.

E. J. MILLER,

General Agent of the Seven Western Counties for the following

Sewing Machines,

VIZ.:

Howe, Singer, Wheeler & Wilson, Little Wanzer, Weed, Abbott, &c.

PRICES FROM $15 UPWARD.

Address Melvern Square, Wilmot, Annapolis County, Nova Scotia.

ALL MACHINES WARRANTED.

April 12. 6 mo.

SPRING STOCK.

Every Department now complete. Goods selected with great care in the very best markets. Inducements offered equal to any in the city.

COTTON DUCKS and TWILLS of the most approved makes, for sail cloth.

COTTON WARP of the first quality, at lowest current prices.

Large Stock of CLOTHING, from best London Houses.

Job Lots in several Wholesale Departments, much under value.

CARPETINGS.

RICH BRUSSELS and TAPESTRIES,
Stout Scotch 2 Plies and Kidderminster,
Cheap Unions and Hemps,
Felt and Wool Druggetts,
Crumb Cloths,
Hearth Rugs, Hassocks, &c., &c.
STAIR CARPETS—all widths and qualities,
Curtain Damasks and Repps,
Lace and Muslin Curtains,
Sheetings, Counterpanes, &c. &c.

W. & C. SILVER,
Corner George and Hollis Streets.

ap 19, 6w.

LIGHT BRAHMA FOWLS.

THE Subscriber is now prepared to furnish EGGS, for Breeding purposes, from

Pure Bred Light Brahma Fowls,

At $2 per Dozen.

Address, J. PRICHARD, Jr.,
St. John, N. B.

P. S.—Eggs carefully packed and sent to any address. J. P., Jr.

mar 22

Electors of the County of ANNAPOLIS.

Gentlemen,—In obedience to the expressed wish of many of your body, I beg to offer you my services as one of the Representatives of this County, in the next Provincial Legislature.

In case of my election, I pledge you my best efforts to promote the moral and material interests of the whole Province; and of this, my native County, in particular; wherein are all my family and property interests

Former party antagonisms being now happily dissipated within our favored Province, I am gratified that I am in a position to solicit the confidence and support of your whole body without reference to mere party or creed.

I am Gentlemen,
Your obedient servant,
T. W CHESLEY.

County of Annapolis,
April 8, 1871.
ap 12

REMOVAL!

The Subscriber has removed his place of business to the premises recently occupied by Messrs. E. D. Tucker & Co., Head of BOAK'S WHARF.

JOSEPH S. BELCHER.

may 3, 1m

PARLOR ALBUM

In five Quarto Volumes.

Price $9.00 per volume, or
$40.00 PER COMPLETE SET.

Description of the Work.

The Parlor Album is doubtless the most extensive ART GALLERY ever published, and by those who have examined the several portions of the Work, it has been pronounced "The Climax of Beauty." Each volume contains 20 full page Chromo Lithographs, in Oil Colors, 40 full page Steel Engravings, 40 full page engraving on wood, and 260 pages of reading matter, descriptive of the illustrations, the whole making each volume about one half as thick, and same sized pages of Webster's largest Dictionary. Each volume is complete in itself and will be sold separately if desired. Sold by Subscription only.

Vol I is devoted to Wild American Birds.
Vol II Contains Wild American Animals.
Vol III American Domesticated Birds and Animals.
Vol IV Foreign Birds and Animals.
Vol V, Fishes, Reptiles and Insects.

This work will at once commend itself to the cultivated American people, and no library will hereafter, be complete without the addition to its treasures; while as a parlor amusement it is unequalled by American publications.

Agents Wanted.

We will give agents very liberal terms for selling the above described publications, and wish to appoint an agent in every town in the United States and British Provinces. Experienced book agents and all other persons of respectability should apply at once. Any young man or young lady, can, by devoting a short time during the day and evening, secure a complete set, free of expense, or, if preferred, we will allow large commission in cash.

We have prepared a most beautiful,

SPECIMEN BOOK FOR AGENTS,

containing 5 of the Oil Chromos, 10 Steel Engravings, 10 Wood Engravings, and 50 pages of descriptive reading, being selections from each volume together with blank paper, specimens of binding &c., &c.

Our Specimen Book has cost us quite largely, and we do not wish to send it to persons who do not intend to act as agents, but to any one who will make an effort to procure subscribers to the Work, we will send the Specimen Book, prepaid, on receipt of 40 cents to cover postage. Enclose stamp for reply and address.

AMERICAN PUBLISHING CO.,
Rutland Vt.

March 22. 6 m.

PROVINCIAL

Land and Building Society

—AND—

SAVINGS FUND.

Established under special Act of Assembly, 10th Vic. Ch. 83.

IN SHARES OF $50 EACH.

BOARD OF MANAGEMENT.

C. W. Wetmore, Esq., President.
W. K. Crawford, Esq., Vice Pres.
James H. McAvity, Esq., O. D. Wetmore, Esq.,
A. A. Stockton, Esq., LL. B., J. S. Turner, Esq.

Office—106 Prince Wm. Street, St. John, N.B.

Office hours from 10 o'clock, a. m., to 4 o'clk., p.m.

THE objects contemplated in the formation of this Society are three-fold, viz., First—To secure to Stockholders a profitable return on their gradually accumulating capital, by its safe investment on real estate. Second—To afford to borrowers facilities for obtaining legitimate loans on the security of their property, and to enable them to repay such loans by periodical instalments spread over a period of ten years. Third—To provide all the advantages of a thoroughly secured Savings Bank system of business, and paying a higher rate of interest than is paid by those institutions.

Shares may be taken up at any time, and matured either by monthly investments or in one amount.

Money is received on deposit, bearing interest at six per cent. per annum, compounded half yearly.

Monthly investments bear interest at