

Branch No. 4, London,  
meets on the 3rd and 4th Thursday of  
every month, at 8 o'clock, at their hall,  
Albion Block, Richmond street. Martin  
Petersen, President; Wm. Corcoran, Sec.

## O. M. B. A.

Resolutions of Condolence.  
At the regular meeting of Branch 54, Mon-  
day, a resolution was moved by Vice-Pre-  
sident Butler and seconded by Chancellor  
Petersen and carried unanimously, expressing  
regret at the death of the brother of Rev.  
J. J. Salmon, P. P. of St. Mary's, Branch 54.

Your fraternal friend,  
JAMES MURPHY,  
St. Mary's Parish, London,  
Sept. 24th, 1889.

Since our last meeting, Almighty God in  
His providence has called to his celestial  
home the mother of our friend  
and brother, Secretary Rockwood. I move  
that the following resolutions of condolence  
be passed at this meeting:

Whereas Almighty God in His wisdom has  
been pleased to call to his affectionate mother  
the widow of our friend and brother, Secretary  
Rockwood, and to the reward merited by his true and faith-  
ful life, he has therefore

Resolved, That your brother members of  
Branch No. 105 of the O. M. B. A. extend to  
you their deepest sympathy and regrets in  
your bereavement.

Resolved, That a copy of those resolutions  
be sent to you and published in the CATHOLIC  
RECORD.

REV. JOSEPH KENNEDY, Sec.  
PATRICK J. GILKINSON, Pres.

On Thursday, 26th inst., Frank Barry,  
son of Jeremiah Barry, a member of  
Branch 25, was accidentally killed  
returning from school, by having the  
wheel of a wagon pass over him. The  
funeral took place on Sunday, and was  
attended by the members of Branch 25  
in a body, with Father Barlow at their  
head. Although only a school boy, there  
were over one hundred vehicles in the  
funeral procession. Brother Barry and  
family have universal sympathy.

## LATEST IRISH NEWS.

Mr. Leng (Liberal) has been elected in  
Dundee by acclamation. The Liberal  
majorities in 1885, 1886, and 1888 were  
respectively 3,122, 4,691, 3,639. Dundee  
stands to its principles, and is as  
strong as ever for Irish Home Rule. Mr.  
Chaplin (Conservative) was elected for  
St. Andrew's division of Lincolnshire, receiving  
4,366 votes against 3,078 for Mr.  
Francis O'Leary (Gladstonian). The vacancy  
was caused by Mr. Chaplin's acceptance  
of the office of Minister of Agriculture.  
He was elected at the general election by  
acclamation.

At Dungannon, on 30th August, a  
party of Orangemen with drums attacked  
and wrecked the houses of several  
Catholics, and at Lymington similar out-  
rages were perpetrated. Stones were  
thrown from the windows of the house of Jas.  
Corrigan. The occupants were thrown into  
a state of alarm, and sought  
shelter as best they could. The party  
then attacked the house of a man named  
Donnelly, and severely wounded him on  
the head. The shop of a man named  
John Campbell was selected by the  
Orangemen as the object of their next  
raids. The windows were smashed,  
and the articles exposed inside looted.  
Owing to the darkness of the night  
identification is almost impossible, so  
that no arrests have been made. The  
news of the attacks soon spread through  
the districts, and the Catholic families  
remained on the alert during the night,  
so as to be able to assist one another in  
case of a renewal of the disturbances.

Father Kennedy, of Meelin, who has  
suffered imprisonment in connection  
with the present National movement,  
complains of the espionage adopted  
towards him by the police. Recently  
while making a friendly visit to a brother  
priest, his car was surrounded by police,  
who followed him from place to place.  
From Saturday night his house was  
watched, and when he set out on Sunday  
morning for Rockhampton to celebrate  
Mass he was hotly pursued by a car with  
armed constables, two of whom also car-  
ried long glasses. After Mass he paid a  
visit to a parishioner, and was still fol-  
lowed by the policemen, who demanded  
admittance and threatened to break in  
the door if it was not opened. As it  
was the constables hammered at the door  
with the butt ends of their rifles. Father  
Kennedy states his movements during  
the whole day were dogged and his house  
was surrounded by cars with police.

At a meeting of the Irish National  
League held at Lismore recently com-  
posed principally of Duke of Devon-  
shire's tenants, a resolution was unani-  
mously passed, expressing regret that  
His Grace has been induced to take  
£2,000 worth of shares in the Landlord  
Defence Association, and strongly pro-  
testing against such action on His Grace's  
part as calculated to alter and embitter  
the relations between him and his ten-  
ants, who always struggled to meet him  
fairly.

Mr. W. G. Fisher, editor of the Mun-  
ster Express, published in Waterford, was,  
on the 3rd ult., sent to prison for  
fourteen days for having published a  
resolution of the Strabally Branch of  
the National League.

## A SAFE LIFE ASSURANCE CO.

In a previous issue we published the  
nineteenth annual report of the Ontario  
Mutual Life Assurance Company, from a  
perusal of which our readers no doubt  
gathered that the company still continues  
to grow in popularity and to maintain its  
enviable reputation of being one of the  
best managed, most progressive and sub-  
stantial companies doing business in Can-  
ada. The new assurance written in 1888  
has reached \$2,518,650 under 1,905 poli-  
cies; the cash income for 1888 mounted  
up to \$393,074; its assets, securely in-  
vested for the protection of its members,  
now amounts to \$1,313,853; and its net  
cash surplus, over all liabilities, is no less  
a sum than \$90,267. The total business  
on its books is \$12,041,914 under 9,398  
policies.

In these days of keen rivalry for new  
business and in view of the fact that a larger  
business has been done than in previous  
years, it is worthy of note that the  
Ontario Life has, by rigid economy in  
every department and skill in the invest-  
ment of its reserve funds, succeeded in  
reducing its expense ratio for the year  
23 per cent. Policy holders in this com-  
pany are sure to get insurance at the  
lowest figures compatible with absolute  
safety. Its affairs are ably and  
judiciously managed, its policies are free

from all unnecessary and vexatious  
conditions, its death losses are promptly  
paid on completion of the proofs, and its  
annual dividends to persistent members increase  
steadily, while its yearly premiums "grow  
small by degrees and beautifully less"  
until, finally, the policy becomes self-  
sustaining. This Board of Directors, the  
Manager, Mr. Wm. Hendry, the Secretary,  
Mr. W. H. Riddell, and in fact all the  
officers and agency staff, deserve much  
praise for the present high standing and  
prosperous condition of this popular  
company.

## TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

## CANADIAN.

Mr. Laurier, the Opposition leader in  
the Commons, intends to address several  
mass meetings during his stay in Ontario.  
Having already spoken in Toronto, he  
will, on October 5th, speak in North  
York, on October 7th in Belleville, and on  
October 11th in Picton.

Three prisoners named Pearce, Spell-  
man and Jarvis escaped through the  
window of a corridor of Toronto jail at  
night on Monday, 23rd inst. Pearce had  
been convicted of three cases of house-  
breaking and burglary, and was awaiting  
his sentence. Though only twenty-  
three years of age now, his career  
began in 1879, when he was  
thirteen years of age. He had been  
already for a term of three years in the  
penitentiary and three years in the  
common jail. Spellman was awaiting  
sentence for two cases of house break-  
ing. Spellman was re-arrested.

Quebec has added fifteen thousand to  
its population by the annexation of the  
village of St. Saviour to the city. This  
conferment was partially destroyed by fire  
during May last. It comprises sixty  
streets, varying from thirty-six to forty  
feet in width, and contains several fine  
edifices, especially the parish church,  
decorated by the Canadian artist, Charles  
Huot. There are a considerable number  
of boot and shoe factories in the village,  
giving daily employment to over four  
hundred workmen; also ten elementary  
public schools, besides a college directed  
by the Christian Brothers, and attended  
by over five hundred pupils. English,  
French, history, arithmetic and the ele-  
ments of natural science are taught there.

AMERICAN.

The International Socialistic Labor  
Convention met in Chicago on Saturday.  
The Anarchists who were excooped in  
that city were spoken of as martyrs to  
correct principles.

Thirteen breakers of the Edmunds law,  
by which polygamy and unlawful co-  
habitation are prohibited, were con-  
demned to penitentiary in Provo, Utah,  
on the 24th ult. They refused to  
promise to obey the law, and the sen-  
tences varied from two to six months' imprisonment.

Abraham A. Kimball, a Mormon  
Bishop, died at Knoch, Utah, on the  
25th ult. For violation of the Edmunds  
law against polygamy, he was sent to  
penitentiary last November to serve six  
months, but was pardoned by President  
Cleveland, in December, because he was  
a consumptive. His father had fifteen  
wives.

The Grand Cross of a Commander of  
the Legion of Honor has been bestowed  
at Paris upon Thomas A. Edison, M.  
Spuller, Minister of Foreign Affairs, and  
the decoration upon Mr.  
Edison, said it was given in honor of the  
services rendered by him to science, and  
for the part taken by him in the Paris  
Exposition. M. Spuller also said Amer-  
ica was splendidly represented at the  
Exposition, and that the presence of her  
exhibits testified to the indissoluble  
bonds which bind France and America  
together.

BRITISH.

It is expected that the British Govern-  
ment will grant £150,000 to promote  
Highland Crofters' immigration to the  
Canadian Northwest. They would be  
a great acquisition to Canada, as the  
Crofters who have hitherto settled in the  
country have made excellent citizens.

The bitter feeling in Wales over the  
tithe question shows no signs of abate-  
ment. The opposition to the payment  
of the tithes is deeply rooted, and has  
its origin in the fact that, though the  
benefits for which this tax was an equiv-  
alent have long since ceased to be  
shared by the people, all complaints and  
efforts to secure a repeal or reduction  
of the tithe have been disregarded by  
the Government. The office of the col-  
lector just now is by no means an easy  
one to fill, not even a safe one. In  
various places streets and houses are  
baricaded, and it is a task of great  
difficulty for the collectors to reach the  
persons of whom they are demanding  
tithes. They are more than likely to  
find that those whom they are seeking  
have fled, as the approach of the official  
is heralded from afar by means of guns  
and horns, the inhabitants all working  
together in their resistance to what they  
consider oppression.

## FOREIGN.

The Temple of Heaven at Peking, con-  
taining the great dragon throne, has been  
burned.

The German Government has decided  
that no measures shall be taken in re-  
taliation for the increase of Russian  
duties.

Emperor William, in his address to the  
attaches of foreign legations at the close  
of the military manoeuvres in Hanover,  
said he saw the best guarantee of peace in  
Europe was the strength of the German  
army, a portion of which he had shown  
them in splendid condition.

China is to have a great railway from  
Peking to Hainan. An imperial decree  
has been issued ordering its construction,  
and the Emperor, fearing popular  
opposition, has ordered the Viceroy to issue  
proclamations explaining that the rail-  
way is necessary for the prosperity and  
influence of China.

In retaliation for the exclusion of  
Chinese from the United States, the  
Emperor of China and his council are  
understood to be debating a memorial  
demanding the expulsion of Americans  
from China. There is strong agitation  
for an increase of the restrictions on  
American merchants and missionaries at  
treaty ports.

The Berlin Post (Prussia) is convinced  
that war between Prussia and Germany

must break out sooner or later. It says:  
"Although we are conscious that every  
party in France desires the hour of  
vengeance we do not desire to fight against  
a nation crippled by Boulanger. If  
there must be a struggle, let it be an  
honorable one, in the full sense of the  
word. No other can be decisive."

Antwerp, Sept. 6.—Dynamite exploded  
to-day in a cartridge factory in the  
vicinity of the bourse, killing several  
persons and doing much damage to prop-  
erty. Portions of the bourse were  
struck by burning fragments and set on  
fire, causing a panic in that building,  
which was at the time crowded. Two  
hundred persons were killed by the  
explosion and five hundred were in-  
jured.

Rich gold bearing quartz has been dis-  
covered in the Province of Canton, China.  
The discovery was made five months ago.  
Experts from New York who examined  
the ledge report the rock assays from  
\$275 to \$400 per ton. The ledge is a  
mile and a half long and thirty feet thick.  
The Governor of the Province, when he  
heard of the discovery, issued a pro-  
clamation against mining. A company  
of Americans propose to work the mine.

The Estafette, of Paris, July Ferry's  
organ, referring to Mons. Ferry's defeat  
at the late elections, expresses a hope  
that some follower of Ferry will resign  
his seat in Chamber of Deputies in  
favor of the leader of his party. The  
Justice thinks Boulanger is crushed, but  
it considers the Monarchists still a seri-  
ous danger. The paper rejoices over the  
defeat of Ferry, which, it says, removes  
the cause of the dangerous crisis through  
which the Republic has just passed.

## ARCHBISHOP WALSH AT SIMCOE.

Special to the CATHOLIC RECORD.

On Monday of last week, after having  
administered confirmation to one hun-  
dred children at La Salette, Most Rev.  
Archbishop Walsh visited the neigh-  
boring parish of Simcoe. His Grace was  
accompanied by Rev. Fathers Flannery,  
Walsh, Northgraves, Corcoran, Brady  
and Harold, and was met at the station  
by the rev. pastor, Father Traher, when  
all drove to the parsonage residence.  
Simcoe has for several years been at-  
tended from La Salette, in the township  
of Windham. About three years ago a  
very neat church, costing \$5,000, was  
erected by the late pastor, Rev. Father  
Dillon, and a year later Simcoe was  
erected by Archbishop Walsh into the  
importance of a distinct parish, with  
resident pastor, Rev. Father Traher, who  
shortly after his incumbency, has  
achieved wonders in paying off the  
debt of \$1500 which remained, and  
beautifying the church and grounds  
in the immediate vicinity. He has  
lately secured on the opposite corner lot  
a perfect *bonum* of a house, with lawn and  
garden that are most inviting and beau-  
tiful. Simcoe is a most desirable home for  
the zealous pastor, who now gives so much  
education, and for those who may suc-  
ceed him in the future. After His Grace  
the Archbishop and the priests who ac-  
companied him had partaken of a  
bountiful repast several people, among  
them some of Simcoe's most respectable  
Protestant citizens, called on the Arch-  
bishop to present the homage of their  
new honors and titles lately conferred  
on him. At seven p. m. the church was  
crowded, every Catholic in town and  
country having left home to come and  
see and hear Archbishop Walsh as he  
passed through the town. The altar was  
decorated with flowers and natural  
flowers. Over the altar was erected an  
illuminated arch bearing in gilt letters  
the words: Ave, ana, nos, etc., which  
might be translated, "delighted to meet  
you, but sorry to part." His Grace, with  
cope and mitre, sat on a throne richly  
canopied, and, having on his right  
and left Rev. Fathers Flannery and  
Northgraves as deacons of honor, the  
other priests occupied seats in the sanc-  
tuary. A song of welcome from the  
choir in the gallery, with organ accom-  
paniment, greeted His Grace as he  
entered the sanctuary. A very sweet  
anthem, with violin obbligato, by Rev.  
Father Traher, who is an accomplished  
artist on that queen of instruments  
followed, after which the whole choir  
rendered very effectively Lambillotte's  
"Quid retribuam."

His Grace then advanced to the com-  
munion railing, and delivered a most  
affectionate, and fervent address of salu-  
tion to the people who listened to his every  
word with breathless attention, and were  
deeply and visibly affected. He con-  
gratulated them on the possession of their  
handsome church, entirely free  
from debt, and on the acquisition lately  
made of the comfortable and elegant  
parsonage residence secured by the zeal  
of the energetic pastor, who so far  
from enjoying the very best health,  
has not spared himself in ministering  
to all their spiritual wants and providing  
the most becoming and costly material  
for church service and decoration of the  
house of God. His Grace then launched  
out into one of the most eloquent and  
striking addresses ever heard in this  
town, to hear in a Catholic church. His  
theme was the glory of Catholicity and  
the blessings which the Christian system  
has conferred upon mankind. The  
large congregation was perfectly de-  
lighted and listened in rapt attention to  
every word of this beautiful and cheer-  
ing discourse, which lasted full hour  
and ten minutes. Benediction of the  
Most Blessed Sacrament was given by  
Rev. Father Walsh, of the Cathedral,  
London. The choir rendered the "O  
Salutaris," "Tantum Ergo," and some  
very sweet anthems of praise, with violin  
accompaniment, in a manner to do  
credit to choirs of much greater  
pretensions. "Rev. Father Traher will  
not soon forget the blessedness of the  
last evening spent with Archbishop  
Walsh as their guest, nor fail to profit  
by his paternal counsels and the strict  
injunctions he laid on them to love their  
Church, stand by their priest and save  
their immortal souls.

Bishop Gilmour, of Cleveland, Ohio,  
will preach the sermon at the dedication  
of the Catholic University at Wash-  
ington on 13th November.

## DEATH OF MR. WILLIAM CUMMINS.

We have this week the sad duty to  
perform of recording the death of Mr.  
William Cummins, one of the early  
settlers of the township of West Wawan-  
ash, in the county of Huron. Mr. Cum-  
mins was the respected father of the  
Rev. Michael Cummins, pastor of Both-  
well, He was a native of the county of  
Tipperary, Ireland, where he was born on  
the 1st of May, 1807, and he was there-  
fore aged eight years four months  
and twenty-three days at the time of his  
decease on the 24th September. He  
came to Canada in 1837 and settled in  
Brighton. He moved to his farm in  
Wawanash in 1858, where he resided till  
his death. Mr. Cummins was a sincere  
and practical Catholic and was always a  
foremost participant in all works of  
charity, and he contributed greatly to  
the progress of religion in the parish of  
Wawanash. His funeral took place on  
Thursday, 28th inst., and was attended  
by all his neighbors, by whom he was  
held in the highest respect and esteem.  
He leaves four sons and three daughters,  
all of whom are likewise fervent in the  
exercise of the Catholic religion. Be-  
sides Rev. Father Cummins, his son,  
and the Rev. Chas. Magee, Pastor of  
Wawanash, the following clergy assisted  
at the funeral: Rev. B. Boubat, P. P. of  
Ashfield; Rev. G. R. Northgraves, Editor  
of the Catholic Record; Rev. J. Corcoran,  
P. P. of St. Joseph; Rev. J. Corcoran,  
P. P. of Teeswater; Rev. J. Roman, P.  
P. of Wallaceburg; Rev. J. O'Connor,  
P. P. of Maidstone; Rev. Father West,  
P. P. of Gidderick. The Requiem Mass  
was sung by Rev. J. O'Connor, assisted  
by Rev. Chas. Magee, Rev. G. R.  
Northgraves, and Rev. J. Corcoran.

Northgraves preached an appropriate  
discourse, in which he referred feelingly  
to the Christian virtues of the deceased,  
and exhorted his hearers to the practice  
of the virtues which should characterize  
the Christian, and of which the deceased  
set them the example.

Mrs. Cummins, the wife of the  
deceased, died in May, 1884. Requiescat  
in pace.

## WEDDING BELLS.

On Tuesday, 17th inst., Mr. P. J.  
Wims, a member of the firm of Messrs.  
Kerr & Wims, Deseronto, was married  
to Miss Jessie Kerr, daughter of Alex-  
ander Kerr, Esq., of Alexandria, Ont.  
The ceremony was performed by Rev. J. Kerr,  
of Kerr & Wims, of this town. The cere-  
mony was celebrated in St. Finian's  
Church, Alexandria, by the Very Rev.  
Vicar General Macdonald. After the  
marriage ceremony the wedding party,  
consisting chiefly of near relatives, re-  
turned to the home of the bride's parents  
where they partook of a sumptuous  
dinner before taking the 11:30 train for  
Ottawa. After visiting the Dominion  
capital they will proceed to Peterborough,  
Campbellford, etc., before returning to  
Deseronto. The Tribune unites with a  
host of friends in Deseronto and else-  
where in extending the usual congratu-  
lation on this auspicious occasion.—Des-  
eronto Tribune, Sept. 20.

On Tuesday, the 1st of October, Mr.  
George Casey, of Middleburg, and  
Ellen Burke, daughter of the late  
Edmund Burke, Manitoba street, St.  
Thomas, were united in holy bonds of  
matrimony, in the Church of the Holy  
Angels. Battman's High Mass was sung  
by the St. Thomas choir, Miss Ellen  
Clarke presiding at the organ. Rev.  
Father Flannery was celebrant of  
the Mass. He was assisted by Rev.  
Father Aylward. Before pro-  
nouncing the solemn benediction,  
the rev. pastor addressed the married  
couple in few but encouraging words,  
reminding them of the solemn duties  
they that morning assumed, and wished  
for them every possible happiness in  
this world and everlasting joys in the  
next.

## CATHOLIC PRESS.

Glasgow Observer.

Here is another instance of free-think-  
ing bigotry. Some few weeks ago, M.  
Eiffel, the great engineer and architect of  
the now world famous tower, being in  
Switzerland, was asked to deliver an  
address before a number of young students,  
and he then took the opportunity to de-  
clare himself not only a Christian but a Cath-  
olic, and recommended young people to  
attend to their religious duties and never  
to forget God and country. Since this  
time some of the Radical papers in Paris  
have cooled their enthusiasm in M. Eiffel  
in an extraordinary manner, and have  
even taken to writing articles against  
him and his creator. M. Pasteur, whose  
position in the scientific world no  
one can gainsay, has had a street called  
after him in Arbois, but about three weeks  
ago M. Pasteur shocked the municipal  
council of that city by recommending  
publicly the praise of the Almighty;  
whereupon the Council decreed that a  
scientist who can speak of God in terms  
of respect is not worthy of having his  
name handed down to posterity, so the  
Rue Pasteur will henceforth be known as  
the Rue de la Gare! Well, well!  
Fortunately the fame of M. Eiffel and  
Pasteur cannot be detracted from by  
Radical journals or frowny-minded petty  
municipalities.

The proposal to form an order of Pro-  
testant monks seems to be taking a deeper  
hold of the Protestant mind than it at first  
appeared likely to do. The Bishop of  
Glasgow and Bristol has condescended  
to favour the project, and Lord Alwyne  
Compton, Bishop of Ely, writes: "I  
think a monastic order of men is needed  
in the Church of England for mis-  
sion work, especially in great towns,  
and that if organized on lines  
suggested by Carthusians it will probably  
be successful against risks which experience  
has shown such bodies are liable to." The  
name of this delectable order will be  
"Monks of St. James," and the pious  
soul embracing, possibly, stuns of noble  
houses, barons, lords, dukes, will unite  
in doing a multiplicity of good to the  
suffering folk to which they have the un-  
happiness to belong. It is not our inten-  
tion to carp at such well meant efforts, but  
rather to express the hope that this  
religious body, if formed, will hold to-  
gether longer and live more prosperously  
than a somewhat similar body dissolved a  
few years ago. The latter, composed of  
some half-dozen zealous monks, began  
vigorously, but are long their ardor over-  
stepped the golden limits of prudence,  
and they became involved in financial  
difficulties of no mean order. They were  
unable to make ends meet, and, to their  
own mortification, they were forced to  
disband and return to their primeval  
stupidity after a brief but memorable  
existence. It is a consolation to know  
that at least one of the members of this  
defunct community turned his steps to-  
wards the threshold of the Catholic  
Church, within whose pale he finds greater  
scope for his religious proclivities. May  
these embryo monks of latter days emu-  
late such a notable example!

## LATEST MARKET REPORTS.

London, Oct. 3.—GRAIN.—Red winter, 1.45  
to 1.50; white, 1.45 to 1.50; spring, 1.45 to 1.50;  
corn, 85 to 90; rice, 1.00 to 1.05; barley, malt,  
1.00; barley, feed, 80 to 85; oats, 75 to 80; peas,  
85 to 90; beans, 1.00 to 1.10; buckwheat,  
1.00 to 1.10.

VEGETABLES.—Potatoes, per bush, 1.00 to  
1.10; cabbages, per bush, 80 to 1.00; cabbages,  
per doz., 25 to 30; onions, per bush, 60 to 75.

MEAT.—Beef by carcasses, 4.00 to 5.00; mut-  
ton by 7 lb. cuts, 4.00 to 5.00; pork, 5.00 to 6.00;  
veal by carcasses, 5.00 to 6.00; pork, 5.00 to 6.00.

LIVE STOCK.—Milk cows, 35.00 to 45.00;  
live hogs, 5.00 to 5.50; pigs, pair, 5.00  
to 6.00; calves, 2.50 to 3.00; spring lambs,  
per doz., 4.00 to 5.00; young pigs, pair, 4.00 to 5.00.

PRODUCE.—Eggs, 18; butter, best, 25  
to 30; cheese, 1.00 to 1.25; corn, 85 to 90;  
peas, 85 to 90; oats, 75 to 80; barley, malt,  
1.00; barley, feed, 80 to 85; straw, 1.00 to 1.10;  
hay, 1.00 to 1.10; fax seed, 1.00 to 1.10.

POULTRY.—(Dressed.) Fowls, per lb., 7 to 8;  
chickens, 8 to 10; ducks, per 7 lb. 7 to 8;  
geese, 10 to 12; turkeys, 15 to 20.

Montreal, Que., Oct. 3.—FLOUR.—Recapit-  
ulation, 24 lb. bags, 1.00 to 1.10; extra, 1.10 to 1.20;  
changed; grain and provisions unchanged;  
No. 1, hard Manitoba wheat, nominal, un-  
changed.

Toronto, Oct. 3.—WHEAT.—Red winter,  
No. 1, 1.10 to 1.15; Manitoba, No. 1, hard, 90  
to 100; No. 2, soft, 80 to 85; No. 3, soft, 75 to 80;  
peas, No. 2, 54 to 57; oats, No. 2, 29 to 31; flour,  
extra, 3.75 to 3.85; straight loaf, 4.25 to 4.35;  
strong bread, 4.50 to 4.60. Market slightly  
improved.

BUFFALO LIVE STOCK.  
East Buffalo, N. Y., Oct. 3.—CATTLE.—  
Offerings 7 cars; butchers' cattle steady at  
2.75 to 3.15 for light, good cattle; other  
grades dull.

SHEEP AND LAMBS.—Offerings, 30 cars,  
nearly 30 cars being Canadian lambs; the  
quality of the sheep was poor; the best price  
for extra sheep was 4.75; as a rule the  
market for Canadian lambs was dull; one  
lot of extra sheep at 6.00 which last week  
would have been sold at 6.00, and per-  
haps higher. The market for extra  
stock was not so good and the very fine  
lamb for 6.50. Too many lambs are arriv-  
ing and the trade is slow. Canadian  
sellers should ship sparingly the coming  
week and then only their choicest selec-  
tions.

HOGS.—Thirty cars on sale; market good;  
prices firm; medium, 4.50 to 4.75; heavy, 4.50  
to 4.75; Yorkers, 4.50 to 4.75.

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK.  
Chicago, Oct. 3.—CATTLE.—Receipts, 5,400;  
shipments, 1,500; market quiet and un-  
changed; choice extra steers, 1.00 to 1.10;  
steers, 2.80 to 3.10; stockers and feeders, 1.90  
to 2.10; calves, 2.50 to 2.75; hogs, 4.00 to 4.25;  
pigs, 4.00 to 4.25; sheep, 1.25 to 1.50;  
Texas cattle, 1.00 to 1.25; natives and half-  
breeds, 2.00 to 2.50; hogs—Receipts, 15,000;  
shipments, 7,000; market strong, mixed, 4.00  
to 4.55; heavy, 3.90 to 4.15; light, 4.10 to 4.30;  
skips, 2.75 to 3.00; sheep—Receipts, 2,000;  
shipments, 1,000; market steady; natives,  
2.75 to 4.15; western, 3.00 to 4.10; Texans, 3.50  
to 4.10; lambs, 4.00 to 4.75 per ewe.

TO THE DEAF.—A person cured of Deaf-  
ness and noises in the head 23 years' stand-  
ing by a simple remedy, will send a  
description of it FREE to any person who  
applies to NICHOLSON, 30 St. John Street,  
Montreal.

## Minard's Lignum is the Best.

Minard's Lignum is the Best.  
George Casey, of Middleburg, and  
Ellen Burke, daughter of the late  
Edmund Burke, Manitoba street, St.  
Thomas, were united in holy bonds of  
matrimony, in the Church of the Holy  
Angels. Battman's High Mass was sung  
by the St. Thomas choir, Miss Ellen  
Clarke presiding at the organ. Rev.  
Father Flannery was celebrant of  
the Mass. He was assisted by Rev.  
Father Aylward. Before pro-  
nouncing the solemn benediction,  
the rev. pastor addressed the married  
couple in few but encouraging words,  
reminding them of the solemn duties  
they that morning assumed, and wished  
for them every possible happiness in  
this world and everlasting joys in the  
next.

## CATHOLIC PRESS.

Glasgow Observer.

Here is another instance of free-think-  
ing bigotry. Some few weeks ago, M.  
Eiffel, the great engineer and architect of  
the now world famous tower, being in  
Switzerland, was asked to deliver an  
address before a number of young students,  
and he then took the opportunity to de-  
clare himself not only a Christian but a Cath-  
olic, and recommended young people to  
attend to their religious duties and never  
to forget God and country. Since this  
time some of the Radical papers in Paris  
have cooled their enthusiasm in M. Eiffel  
in an extraordinary manner, and have  
even taken to writing articles against  
him and his creator. M. Pasteur, whose  
position in the scientific world no  
one can gainsay, has had a street called  
after him in Arbois, but about three weeks  
ago M. Pasteur shocked the municipal  
council of that city by recommending  
publicly the praise of the Almighty;  
whereupon the Council decreed that a  
scientist who can speak of God in terms  
of respect is not worthy of having his  
name handed down to posterity, so the  
Rue Pasteur will henceforth be known as  
the Rue de la Gare! Well, well!  
Fortunately the fame of M. Eiffel and  
Pasteur cannot be detracted from by  
Radical journals or frowny-minded petty  
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