

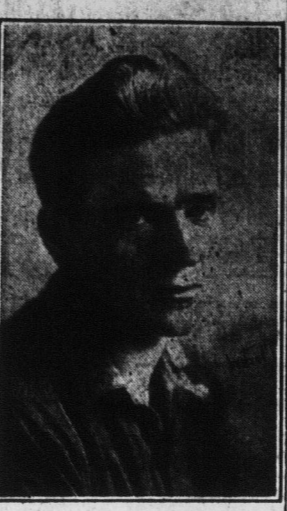
# HERE'S WHAT YOU'VE BEEN WAITING FOR "WHO PAYS" SERIES -- AT THE LYRIC

EVERY THURS. - FRI. - SAT. Beginning TODAY

"WHO PAYS" The greatest series of picture plays ever made is from the Pathe-Balboa Studio, and feature RUTH ROLAND AND HENRY KING in a series of 3-act Dramas that will make everyone who sees them REALLY THINK. A different question in modern life is handled in each drama, and each will create a profound impression and much comment.



IN THIS SERIES of photo plays with a purpose, the conventional, sugar-coated, "and-they-lived-happily-ever-after" endings are relegated to the fairy-tales from which they emerged. The thin veneer of civilization is washed away in the fountain of Truth. Humanity is stripped of its dotting delusions. Truth walked naked.



FOLLOWING ARE THE TITLES OF THE VARIOUS FEATURES OF "WHO PAYS" EACH IN ITSELF COMPLETE

- "THE PRICE OF FAME"
- "THE PURSUIT OF PLEASURE"
- "WHEN JUSTICE SLEEPS"
- "THE LOVE LIAR"
- "UNTO HERSELF ALONE"
- "HOUSES OF GLASS"
- "BLUE BLOOD AND YELLOW"
- "TODAY AND TOMORROW"
- "FOR THE COMMONWEALTH"
- "THE POMP OF EARTH"
- "THE FRUIT OF FOLLY"
- "TOIL AND TYRANNY"

500 LEADING CLERGYMEN AND EDUCATORS OF NEW YORK CITY GAVE HEARTY ENDORSEMENT TO THE PICTURIZATION OF LIFE'S PROBLEMS, IN THE "WHO PAYS" SERIES.

WE EXPECT EVERY PICTURE FAN IN THE CITY WILL FOLLOW THIS ATTRACTIVE SERIES.

**ONE PROMINENT NEW YORK DIVINE SAID:**  
I am convinced that the "WHO PAYS" series will be powerful sermons to those who forget "God's Laws." My congratulations.

**A PRATT INSTITUTE PROFESSOR SAYS:**  
Strong vital problems should be considered seriously by every man and woman early in life, as well as later.

NO ADVANCE IN PRICES — Matinees 3 o'clock — Evening Shows for This Week Begin at 7 10 | Vaudeville: GAFFNEY & DALE THE ACTRESS AND THE MUSICAL ROWDY

## RECRUITING MEETINGS SHOWING GOOD RESULTS

(Continued from page 1)  
I was struck with the fact in walking up here tonight from the depot, that I saw so many young men of military age standing on the streets and loitering in shops, all totally indifferent to the call. I cannot conceive that it is non-loyalty. Such a feeling does not exist in this good old loyal city. Is it over confidence? Perhaps some of you believe that the overwhelming and predominant power of the British Empire will win out for the Empire. Let me tell you young men the Empire was never in greater need than it is today. There never was such a gigantic conflict as is now going on at the present time on the continent of Europe. It overtops all former military attempts on the part of the nations. And when I tell you that the boys from Canada are playing a most important part in that conflict, and when they call for you to join them, I say there ought to be a strong and most urgent appeal to you young men to go over and bear the burdens also.

**For Justice.**  
"We ought to be particularly grateful to know that the stand which Great Britain has taken in the defence of honor, justice, freedom and the right, is not only a stand on the behalf of Belgium, but also for us. What flag has protected us from the ambitions of a spying nation? What flag has given us free access to every port on the face of the globe? What flag has granted us freedom, right of way and protection on the deep? None but the dear old Union Jack and should not this spirit impel us today to show our gratitude? We owe our religion, which has been defended throughout the ages to the Motherland and today England expects us to do as Nelson's days, "England expects every man to do his duty."

**A Strong Appeal.**  
Mr. Sprout continuing said: "Are we to be told that the young men of this city are lax. You won't be at a picnic or tennis, and some of you will die on the field of glory, but the fittest place where man can die is where he dies for men (Cheers). The field is red with blood that has been shed, but the enemy met defeat and the Canadians said, 'we die, but we won't retreat.'"

"The time has come when this war has assumed a frightful aspect. It was bad enough but it is worse now. The lives in England snuffed out by the Zeppelin bombs are calling for revenge. Suppose a Zeppelin appeared over St. John and dropped a few explosives on the Home of the Good Shepherd and the Home of the Aged, all would be aroused then, but all too late. The place today is on the battlefields of Europe (Cheers). Germany must be driven back over the waters of the red Rhine. Once before the Rhine was crossed by British troops and we trust once again the British drums and bugles will resound over mountains and through their valleys.

"The time has come when an appeal must be made to you directly. To you young men, not the married men. To you who serve behind the counters, to you who play baseball, to you who play tennis, to you who will be playing football, the time has come when you should have stronger medicine and you will get that at the front. Are you going to forget all those privileges, those traditions so gloriously won and handed down by your forefathers on fields of blood.

100,000 Men.  
Canada can send 100,000 more men without the least trouble, if men will only awake to the fact that the time is now. Men are wanted by England, by Canada, by your mothers and wives now, not next winter, not next

## MUST KEEP UP STEADY STREAM OF MEN TO FIRING LINE KITCHENER SAYS

(Continued from page 1)  
The result was that the troops from Anzac were unable to retain their position on the crest of the hills, and after being repeatedly counter-attacked they were ordered to withdraw to positions lower down. These positions have been effectively consolidated and, now joining with the line occupied by the Suvla Bay force, from a connected front of more than twelve miles.

"From the latter position a further attack on the Turkish entrenchments was delivered on the 21st, but after several hours of sharp fighting it was not found possible to gain the summit of the hills occupied by the enemy, and the space being unsuitable for defence, the troops were withdrawn to their original position.

"Since then, comparative quiet has prevailed, and much needed rest has been given to our troops.

"In the course of these operations the gallantry and resourcefulness of the Australian and New Zealand troops frequently has formed the subject of eulogy in General Hamilton's reports.

"It is not easy to appreciate, at their full value, the enormous difficulties which have attended the operations in the Dardanelles or the fine war against Germany, to preserve honor and Christian righteousness for treating a bargain as a scrap of paper."

**Sergt. Knight Aways.**  
Sergeant Norman Knight of the Gordon Highlanders, who has been engaged in speaking at the recruiting meetings in St. John and who is largely responsible for the excellent showing made in the first week of the campaign, left for Fredericton last night to address a recruiting meeting in that city. Before returning to his home in Halifax he will visit Newcastle, Chatham, Blackville, Bathurst and Moncton in the interest of recruiting. Sergeant Knight during his stay in St. John created a very favorable impression. He was after recruits and he got them. Some of the men who enlisted as a result of the direct appeals of Sergeant Knight were among the best in the city.

**Mrs. Brown.**  
Mrs. Nettie B. Brown, who came to the city from Montreal in the interest of recruiting, and the Women's Volunteer Reserve, left for her home last night on the Pacific express.

**Artillery.**  
All members of No. 1 Battery, 3rd Canadian Regiment Garrison Artillery are requested to parade at the armory at eight o'clock sharp. Business of importance, by order of

**LIEUT. A. L. FOWLER,**  
Battery Commander.  
Lieut. Fowler also wishes to state that recruits are needed for No. 1 Battery. All those desiring to take on service in the militia of Canada can apply at the armory tonight at eight o'clock. This is a splendid opportunity to train as a soldier and receive instruction in artillery in preparation for any emergency which might present itself. Instruction will begin as soon as you sign on.

Those who went forward to Sussex last night as recruits for the 64th, were:

William Coates.  
Robert McLeod.  
Albert Mason.  
George E. Extell.  
Harry R. Moffat.  
Frank Anderson.  
Nelson R. Manning.  
A. G. Campbell.  
Thomas Hebert.  
Adolph Barry.  
George Frye.  
Robert H. Myles.

Leander Sabers, temper with which our troops have met them.

"There is now abundant evidence of

a process of demoralization having set in among the German-led, or rather German-driven Turks, due, no doubt, to their extremely heavy losses and to the progressive failure of their resources. It is only fair to acknowledge that, judged from a humane point of view, the methods of warfare pursued by the Turks are vastly superior to those which have disgraced their German masters.

"Throughout the co-operation of the fleet has been intensely valuable, and the concerted action between the sister services has been in every way in the highest degree satisfactory."

Of the fighting in Mesopotamia, Earl Kitchener said reconnaissance had shown that the Euphrates was clear of Turks for distance of sixty miles.

"Since this victory," he added, "there has been no further fighting on the Euphrates, Tigris or Karun rivers. Climatic conditions in this theatre of war have rendered the operations extremely arduous."

"As I have informed your Lordships, some of the new armies we have prepared and equipped for the war are already in the field, and others will quickly follow them. The response of the country to my call for recruits to form these armies has been little short of marvellous, but it must be borne in mind that the provision of men to maintain the forces in the field depends, to a great degree, on a large and continuous supply of recruits.

"The provision to keep up their strength during 1916 has caused us anxious thought, which has been accentuated and rendered more pressing by the recent fallings-off in the numbers coming forward to enlist, although every effort has been made to obtain our requirements under the present system.

**HINT AT CONSCRIPTION.**  
"I am sure we all fully realize that the strength of the armies we are sending out must be fully maintained to the very end. To fulfill this purpose we shall require a large addition to the numbers of recruits joining the ranks. The problem of how to secure an adequate supply of men, and thus ensure the field force being kept up to its full strength, is engaging our close attention and will, I hope, very soon receive a practical solution.

"The provisions of the Registration Act, which will shortly be available, will, no doubt, give us the basis on which to calculate the resources of the country and to determine the number of men available for the army, after providing for the necessary services of the country, as well as those of our munition works.

"Whatever decision may be arrived at, in the full light of the facts before us, must undoubtedly be founded on military requirement for the prosecution of the war and the protection of our shores, and will be the result of an impartial inquiry as to how we can most worthily fulfill our national obligations.

"Although there has been a falling off in the number of recruits, I do not draw from this fact any conclusion unfavorable to the resolution and spirit of the country. On the contrary, I think now, as I always have thought, that the manner in which all classes have responded to the call of patriotism is magnificent, and I do not, for one instant, doubt that whatever sacrifices may prove necessary to bring this gigantic war to a successful conclusion will be cheerfully undertaken by our people."

**DIED.**  
McAFEE—At his late residence, Red Head, on Wednesday afternoon, George McAfee, aged 73 years, leaving a wife and daughter to mourn. (Boston papers please copy.)  
Funeral on Friday afternoon at 2:30. Service at the house at two o'clock.

**UNIQUE TODAY**

Always the BEST Pictures IN TOWN

A Drama of the Home "GOD IS LOVE" One of Those RELIANCE Masterpieces in 2 Parts.

A GREAT FALSTAFF KOMIC "A SCIENTIFIC MOTHER" One Long Scream of Laughter. Watch Baby Grow.

**OPERA HOUSE**

TODAY - KLARK-URBAN CO.

Matinee 2.15 TONIGHT 8.15

**THE DIVORCE QUESTION**

NIGHTS—10, 20, 30, 50c. Starting Mon. The COLLEGE GIRL.

**IMPERIAL THEATRE TODAY**

Jack London's Vivid Story of Love and Shipwreck

**"THE SEA WOLF"**

Presented in Seven Reels

**THE AUTHOR'S TRIBUTE:**  
"WHEN I wrote 'Sea Wolf' the physical image of Larsen that took shape in my mind was more or less vague in outline and detail. Nevertheless, it was there, in my mind, and I carried it with me for years, until it was almost real to me. But it fled like a ghost at daybreak when I saw, on the screen, Mr. Hobart Bosworth, the real, three-dimensional, flesh-and-blood Sea Wolf. Until I die the image of the Sea Wolf will be Mr. Bosworth as I saw him on the screen."  
--JACK LONDON

Concluding With the Music-Fest

**THE HUGHES TRIO**

Instrumentalists De Luxe

FRI.—"The Broken Coin"—Serial

### REMOVING WARSAW CHURCH BELLS TO A PLACE OF SAFETY



Russian soldiers are shown removing bells taken from the Russian churches. The huge bells are unloading but they become food for the Germans' gun factories. This scene was taken in Warsaw.

## CREATED PREMIER COMMON

Weekly Expense 35,000,000 Vote Will Put the Third W

London, Sept. 15.—The cost of credit since the outbreak of war, bringing up the total to 2,700,000,000 pounds, moved in the House of Commons yesterday by Premier Asquith's motion that the amount asked for today should be 35,000,000.

The premier also announced that nearly three million men had been mobilized since the outbreak of war. He made this statement in the House of Commons in the financial and military estimates. Part of the cost of the war, he said, was military expenditure, but this requirement in many instances only came to the aid of the Government. The growing expenditure of war was emphasized by the fact that the average daily cost of the war from April 1 to the end of August was 2,700,000 pounds. From July 1st to September 1st this period in round figures cost 2,700,000 pounds. There has been paid 50,000,000 pounds to the Government, 30,000,000 pounds lent to foreign governments, 20,000,000 pounds lent to the Government.

Comparing actual expenditure since the last vote of credit, Mr. Asquith said that not more than 35,000,000 pounds would be needed in the next month, but the House might be interested in the fact that these were expenditures for the purpose of financing operations. Part of the cost of the war, he said, was military expenditure, but this requirement in many instances only came to the aid of the Government. The growing expenditure of war was emphasized by the fact that the average daily cost of the war from April 1 to the end of August was 2,700,000 pounds. From July 1st to September 1st this period in round figures cost 2,700,000 pounds. There has been paid 50,000,000 pounds to the Government, 30,000,000 pounds lent to foreign governments, 20,000,000 pounds lent to the Government.

Mr. Asquith estimated that the cost of the war would not exceed 35,000,000 pounds in the next month, but the House might be interested in the fact that these were expenditures for the purpose of financing operations. Part of the cost of the war, he said, was military expenditure, but this requirement in many instances only came to the aid of the Government. The growing expenditure of war was emphasized by the fact that the average daily cost of the war from April 1 to the end of August was 2,700,000 pounds. From July 1st to September 1st this period in round figures cost 2,700,000 pounds. There has been paid 50,000,000 pounds to the Government, 30,000,000 pounds lent to foreign governments, 20,000,000 pounds lent to the Government.

Regarding the work of the department, Mr. Asquith said that the department had completed this great and arduous task with an adequate supply of unskilled labor. There was no field where more could be done, and he was confident that the work of the department would be completed in a few days. In all, 715 controlled establishments were under the department's control. He said, 800,000 were now employed and had vastly exceeded an amount dreamed of before the war. Reviewing the military situation, Mr. Asquith stated that the position of the British had been strengthened by the capture of the Dardanelles, and that the British had made gains, though they had not in dislodging the Turkish forces from the Dardanelles. In the east, Mr. Asquith said that the Russian army remains unbroken. He asserted that the superior German was only in a position that their object was still to reach.

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