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# WHEN THE HAIR

Shows signs of falling, begin at once the use of Ayer's Hair Vigor. This preparation strengthens the scalp, promotes the growth of new hair, restores the natural color to gray and faded hair, and renders it soft, pliant, and glossy.

"We have no hesitation in pronouncing Ayer's Hair Vigor unequaled for dressing the hair, and we do this after long experience in its use. This preparation preserves the hair, cures dandruff and all diseases of the scalp, makes rough and brittle hair soft and pliant, and prevents baldness. While it is not a dye, those who have used the Vigor say it will stimulate the roots and color-glands of faded, gray, light, and red hair, changing the color to

## A Rich Brown

or even black. It will not soil the pillow-case nor a pocket-handkerchief, and is always agreeable. All the dirty, gummy hair preparations should be displaced at once by Ayer's Hair Vigor, and thousands who go around with heads looking like 'the fretful porcupine' should hurry to the nearest drug store and purchase a bottle of the Vigor."—*The Sunny South*, Atlanta, Ga.

"Ayer's Hair Vigor is excellent for the hair. It stimulates the growth, cures baldness, restores the natural color, cleanses the scalp, prevents dandruff, and is a good dressing. We know that Ayer's Hair Vigor differs from most hair tonics and similar preparations, it being perfectly harmless."—From *Economical Housekeeping*, by Eliza R. Parker.

## Ayer's Hair Vigor

PREPARED BY

DR. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.

Sold by Druggists and Perfumers.



## THE EVENING GAZETTE

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JOHN A. BOWES,

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ST. JOHN, N. B., SATURDAY, JULY 11, 1891.


**For the Latest Telegraphic News look on the First Page.**

### THE COMING ASSESSMENT.

The citizens of St. John will enjoy the blessed privilege this year of contributing still larger sums to the city chamberlain than in former years. The assessment is now nearly completed and will be filed with the common clerk before the end of the present month. While there is an increase of $11.773 in the total taxes, there is also an addition of 389 in the number of rate payers and the assessors have discovered $413,400 in real estate, mostly in the North end. So that the percentage of taxation which last year was $1.45 on the hundred dollars, is this year only $1.47, notwithstanding the large increase in the amount assessed.

Every effort has been made by the assessors and other officials in connection with the treasury department to keep down the assessments which instead of increasing should be decreasing. For the past two years, the common council have been carrying matters with a high hand. Their expenditures have been lavish and often extravagant. So great has been the over-expenditure in some [illegible] at the beginning of the year, that the council ought to have ordered all work to cease. The time is not far distant when the rate-payers will be compelled to take the aldermen in hand, and make them stop the flow of the people's money into works that are either unnecessary or can wait.

The figures of the assessment will be found in another column.

### MR. CLARK'S POLICE FORCE.

Mr. Clark of the police department is of the opinion that he has greatly improved the efficiency of the force since he was appointed. About the only time that he has taken the public into his confidence was to tell them this which will be found in his annual report when it is published with the city accounts. Let us examine into the chief's self laudation and see wherein he has improved the force. It was generally admitted by citizens that so far as the men composing the force were concerned they were quite efficient when W. Walker Clark was appointed to the command. Chief Marshall was an old man and while he was no longer able to give that supervision to the force that it needed, still little fault could be found with his selection of men. Perhaps the worst appointment he made, was when through religious pressure he selected Covay for sergeant. This error of judgment however has not yet been discovered by Chief Clark.

The chief was hardly comfortably fixed in his office before he commenced to revolutionize matters. The appointments of his predecessor were not good enough for him or his chosen advisers has some spite against some of them. A system of espoinage, of lying in wait behind fences, telegraph poles and in gutters was established by the chief for the purpose of catching some unwary officer napping. The chief himself says he was in the habit of going about disguised in order that he might know how his men were attending to duty. Evidently the chief was under the impression that his force was composed of men, who were little better than felons and who were so clever and wary in the evasion of duty that they could only be detected by such dirty methods. It never occurred to Mr. Clark that there was another way of compelling the men to do their duty than by turning his captains, sergeants and detectives into eaves droppers and guttersnipes.

As a result of this system several men were reported, and without the opportunity of a hearing or an explanation, were suspended or dismissed, although there was evidence to show that in many cases the reports, if not entirely untrue, were altogether exaggerated. The GAZETTE took up the cause of the men and pointed out the unfairness of punishing men without the opportunity of being heard. Then came the charges against Covay and Rawlings in the police court and the consequent scandals. Surely the efficiency of the force was not greatly improved by these investigations and their result or lack of result.

Since W. Walker Clark has been chief of police the greater number of the men he found there when he was appointed have been dismissed or have resigned rather than continue to serve under the reign of terror which prevailed for some months after the appointment of the new chief. Among the men who resigned or were dismissed were some of the oldest and best officers on the force—men who were thoroughly acquainted with all the bye-ways of the city and who knew the dangerous characters from the best citizens. Their places have been supplied with men fresh from the country who know nothing about city ways or city people, and some of whom when they were appointed did not know which direction to take to reach their beats. Others were over age and ineligible for office altogether. In time the chief's new material may become useful but meanwhile the city must suffer.

The police force has been rendered inefficent by the number and frequency of the changes, and good men cannot be got to join the force and trust themselves to the tender mercies of such as Covay. There is no reason why this sort of thing should exist, and that it does exist is positive proof of the unfitness of W. Walker Clark for the position he holds.

### THE HALF HOLIDAY.

The GAZETTE approves of the Friday half holiday which has been accorded to the employes in our dry goods establishments, and wishes it might be extended to the workers in all our business houses of a similar character. We believe that under the arrangement just as much business is done in five and a half days as formerly was done in six; that the physical and mental health of those to whom it is accorded is improved thereby, and that at the same time a more kindly feeling is engendered between employer and employe. Could it have been arranged that the half holiday should commence, say at 5 o'clock Saturday evening, and end at 11 o'clock Monday morning, steamers would probably have been placed on the routes to Hampstead and Clifton for the accommodation of excursionists, and the half holiday would have been better enjoyed. In such case the stores could have been kept open Monday evening instead of Saturday, and in a week or two shoppers would have become accustomed to the change and traffic would not be perceptibly affected thereby.

A long article might be written on the questionable policy so far as employees are concerned of continuing the Saturday payday. It is not necessary to say that in many instances, money paid into the hands of hard working clerks and other salaried persons on a Saturday does not go as far as it would if paid to them on any other day in the week. At the same time Saturday is a busy day for the employer; the banks close early, and it is only custom that makes the payment of wages on that day so general. We think it would be better for both employer and employed if some other day, say Monday or Wednesday were substituted.

### GRADUATING ESSAYS.

Newspaper readers are often amused as well as instructed, while going over the proceedings of public meetings of various sorts, and even the sages, of whom the Brooklyn Board of Education is composed, sometimes by their utterances cause a smile to overspread the broad face of that city. At a recent meeting of the board, for a considerable time one of its members, Mr. James B. Bouck, is reported to have sat in his chair and chewed gum with a persistence worthy of a better cause. He was preparing the sensation of the meeting and developing a scheme which would turn again the eyes of the whole republic upon the school board of Brooklyn. The proper time came and he arose to his feet and said:

"Mr. Chairman, I wish to offer the following:

"Resolved, That hereafter at public commencement exercises or other school entertainments held in public schools of this city the reading or recitation of original essays or orations is hereby forbidden.

"The reason I do this now is because of the mass of stuff which is ground off every year at our annual commencements. Very little of it can come from the heads of scholars themselves. They are made the mouthpieces for unloading any sort of nonsense that their teachers or parents may have in mind. I wish to call attention to what was done at one of the commencements last week, where, in the guise of a salutatory, a political speech was imposed upon an audience of a thousand people who were obliged to sit and listen to it. It was an insult to the people there. It seems as though this kind of thing was lacking in good taste, and I think such stuff should be stopped entirely before it becomes more offensive."

Mr. Bouck's resolution was tabled after a lengthy discussion, but the impression seemed to prevail that its mover was not wholly astray in his contentions. As a general thing graduating essays and orations, if original, are the veriest twaddle imaginable, and if in their composition the authors help themselves, as is too often the case, from the storehouse of other men's brains their production on commencement day is, to say the least, inconsistent with a sense of strict morality. The action of Mr. Bouck was provoked by a paper read in the Marcy avenue Baptist church by Joseph N. Kinney at the closing exercises of the public school No. 3. The essay, says the Brooklyn Eagle, was, mildly to characterize it, a surprising document. Its author chose for his theme "The Fifty-first Congress." He delivered, while enlarging upon his subject, a stump speech that would have done no discredit, from the standpoint of partisan Republicanism, to the capabilities of the oldest Republican "campaigner." In Master Kinney's estimation the body presided over by Mr. Thomas Brackett Reed was honest, conservative, enterprising, progressive and patriotic. He pronounced it "an unparalleled success." He described it as an enemy to vice and a friend in every instance to "morality, temperance and patriotism." A large share of space was devoted to praise of the McKinley bill, commendation of the speaker's arbitrary methods and vindication of nearly every measure enacted during the session of the men repudiated at the polls in the autumn of 1890. Master Kinney did not spare the feelings of his Democratic auditors, and never for a moment moderated his transcendant eulogy of the "grand old party" and its representatives. We would not prohibit the reading of essays nor the delivery of orations during the closing exercises of the schools, but we would have such productions undergo a judicious censorship and if full of plagiarisms or glaring inconsistencies we would have them rejected. We cannot expect the wisdom of Solomon, the eloquence of Demosthenes nor the polish of Addison in the compositions of a pupil;—the art of composition can be cultivated by the scholar without plunging into depths which have proved too much for the greatest minds of this or any preceding age.

Electric motors are being applied by the French Government to train heavy guns for armor plate vessels.

### NOTE AND COMMENT.

The people of Queens county when they read the speech of their member, Mr. King, will be able to realize what they have gained by the election of that person to represent them in place of Mr. Baird. Mr. King spent several hours of the time of parliament yesterday in running down Canada and its industries and declaring that New Brunswick had been ruined by confederation. Mr. King is not a modern man but a relic of the tertiary period.

The New York Herald publishes an account of a new line of railway which is to be built from Chicago to New York, which will be under the control of the Canadian Pacific Railway Company. According to the Herald it is to be connected with a line of steamships from New York to Liverpool similar to those now owned by the same company on the Pacific. This will be interesting to the people of this city who are of the opinion that the C. P. R. boats should come to this city, which is the terminus of their line.

The Telegraph publishes a story to the effect that some of Sir Charles Tupper's personal baggage is on its way to Ottawa, and the Telegraph is very much afraid that this is a sign that Sir Charles is going to the capital to take charge of things. The Grits are all dreadfully afraid of Sir Charles, whom they recognize as the ablest Canadian political leader, now that Sir John is no more. When Sir Charles comes to the front the Grits will accept their fate with resignation, and prepare for another thirteen years exclusion from office.

Official snobbery seems to be responsible for most of the troubles of the civil servants at Ottawa. Most of them live beyond their means and all attempt to ape the style of Rideau hall which is more to them than the Kingdom of Heaven, an invitation to that establishment being their highest ambition. If Mr. H. F. Perley had not desired to see his wife glittering with costly diamonds at Rideau hall he would not be a suspended official today, with a salary of $4000 a year in danger. Deputy Burgess of the department of the interior is likely to lose his position because he sought to conceal the fact that so great a man as he was had a father-in-law who was glad to do a $100 job at proof reading. If the civil service employees would abandon their social ambitions and live within their means both the country and themselves would be the gainers.

Commodore Stewart of the Chatham World ridicules the fears of the Globe in regard to the bestowal of titles in Canada in the following lively fashion:—

Why should the Globe call persons on whom titles have been bestowed 'a privileged class,' and profess to think the interests of the democracy assailed? Such talk is mere froth and foam, the product of a diseased imagination, 'the melancholy madness of poetry without the inspiration.' The sturdy democracy of Canada does not bother its head about the titles that may be conferred on persons, so long as such titles carry with them no political power and impose no taxation. 'Privileged classes'! Titled persons have no special privileges whatever in Canada. If Earls and Barons were as common as Colonels and Doctors no one (except the Globe editor) would be in the least alarmed by their presence. The Globe is old enough to have more sense than it shows on this subject of titular honors.

From a letter to a friend here to-day, from our city M. P., we are permitted to quote. He is not of the same opinion as the editor of the Telegraph—and he is on the spot. We learn also from other sources that Sir John Thompson and [illegible] are winning fresh laurels daily:—

MY DEAR SIR:—I received your letter, for which I am very much obliged. At least ten days ago Mr. Bowell promised me that the road should be attended to at once. I have both written and seen him today, and asked him to have the mayor of the city communicated with and I think the work will go on at once. I know you would have enjoyed yesterday if you had been here. Montague made one of the best speeches I have heard, and Charlton's reply was miserably weak. I am simply telling you what is the universal opinion; but the opposition look sick. It seems to the Government are stronger than they ever were. Our friends feel that Weldon's and Montague's speeches have completely answered anything the opposition have said, or can say.

#### Provincial Points.

Cherries will be quite plentiful in another fortnight. The Hillsdale Cornet Band are arranging to hold a cherry festival at Bear River, a week from next Thursday.—Annapolis Spectator.

Last Thursday a heavy storm prevailed at Shippegan, by which three boats and one schooner were destroyed, but no lives lost. It is probable the more disasters will yet be heard of, as the whole fishing fleet were out and have not yet returned.

Three men left Daven on Wednesday for Canso with bait. A southeast breeze prevailed at the time. The men never reached their destination and have not been heard of since. The oars of their boat were picked up next day.

The season of big growths is upon us. Mr. Geo. Jeffrey picked strawberries from his garden the other day, which measured 3½ inches in circumference, and Master Lomond Wetherbie was exhibiting a butterfly on Tuesday which measured 5¾ inches from tip to tip of its wings.—Summerside Farmer.

Mr. James Marchbanks, New Annan, P. E. I., had a horse killed by lightning last Sunday evening, while standing in a field. The lightning struck the animal's shoulder and passed down his leg, scorching the hair as it went, and escaped into the ground, leaving a hole several feet deep and a couple of inches in diameter.

Charles Gotro, 22 years old, was drowned off Barachois, near Shediac, on Thursday while fishing mackerel. Gotro was throwing a line out, when the boat capsized. Three occupants of the boat clung to the bottom of the boat until a breaker struck the boat and knocked Gotro off, when he sank and was seen no more.

Archibald Inglis reports that while driving down the south Maccan road last evening, he saw right ahead of him a large brown bear. The animal apparently unalarmed proceeded right across the road and then made his way in the direction of the woods on what was formerly the Chignecto coal company's land.—Amherst Press.

The building boom at Edmunston still continues with unabated vigor, in fact there are more new buildings in course of erection than at any previous time. A number of fine buildings are going up notably among which are the private residence of Dr. Guy, on one of the prettiest situations in Edmunston, and the large hotel of Mrs. P. A. Babin, which will command some of the nicest views in the place.

Kings county boasts of the largest ship in the Dominion, but Parrsboro can claim the largest three-masted schooners in the Maritime Provinces, and probably the largest in Canada. These are the Gypsum King, 639 tons register, Gypsum Queen, 609 tons, and Trojan, 556 tons. The size of the largest of these will be exceeded by the schooner which Capt. D. S. Howard is about putting in frame, which is expected to register about 750 tons.—Parrsboro Leader.

Mr. and Mrs. Twining, of New York, reached the Perley Hotel, at Andover, yesterday and are storm stayed there today. Mr. Twining is one of the editors of the New York Independent, and with Mrs. T. is making a pleasure tour of the Maritime Provinces. From the Grand Falls to Andover the journey was made in a birch canoe, and they intend travelling by canoe as far as Woodstock. They appear delighted with their journey and with the country.—Woodstock Sentinel.

## ST. JOHN ENEMIES.

SOME FUNNY, SOME HARMLESS SOME DANGEROUS.

**And the Story of the Thinking Man and Kicking Mule Has a Moral for Them.**

[Halifax Mercury.]

ST. JOHN, July 9.—History tells of a thoughtful darkey who owned a kicking mule. It would have been a simple matter for the owner to have labelled the mule "Loaded," "Spile-driver," or "Beware of the Train;" but he didn't. One day he stopped to think, and inadvertently selected a position just behind the mule. Thoughtlessness on the part of the man! Then a gad-fly tickled the mule, and the latter tickled its owner It was a clean base hit, and when the thoughtful darkey crawled from off a seven-rail fence in the same field, he vigorously rubbed the point of contact and feelingly remarked that he "always did 'spise a mule."

The case is common, The man meant well, but he didn't know, and the same may be said of the enemies of the city by the sea. They are mostly of the class who have tried to beat the town in one way or another, and have not succeeded. Then they were not happy. In the phraseology of Actor-Pugilist Sullivan, the town gave them a pain, and they said unkind things about it accordingly.

Who are they? Their name is legion, among them being the men who prepare maps, and at the same time remodel the universe to suit the particular scheme they have in view; the men who have brought fake shows to the town, and played to empty seats; the men who have come north to avoid the heat, and been nearly frozen to death; the men from some other town, who think the place where they live is the centre of civilization; and others too numerous to mention.

What do they say? What don't they? They point out the fact that St. John is situated midway between the county alms-house and the provincial lunatic asylum, and say that in time these institutions will have made a pretty even division of the population. They don't stop there, for they say that this would not greatly change matters, since the lunatics escape whenever they wish to, commit suicide or take a vacation, and that the translation to the pleasant grounds at the alms-house woud be the only alteration noticeable in the condition of the other half of the people. Such is the plaint of the city's common everyday enemies.

It has extraordinary enemies as well, with specific points of attack. The unseemly malignity of these creatures is almost as annoying as the thoughtlessness of the man who stood behind the mule, thus deliberately interferring with an innocent animal in the pursuit of happiness, and demolishing a seven-rail fence. If there is one man more than another who realizes that St. John is an ornament to the universe, a great big dimple on this "child of the nations, giant limbed," it is Ira Cornwall. As secretary to forty or fifty organizations for the city's advancement, and, incidentally, his own as well, Mr. Cornwall is frequently pained to discover treacherous maps giving no signs of St. John whatever, or worse, representing it as an Indian village with a harbor full of rocks and rapids, and entirely dry at low tide. There are occasionally exasperating footnotes, explaining that St. John is in Newfoundland, N. S.

If Ira Cornwall were not superintendent of a Sabbath school he would find frequent use for the unseemly language of the bad man who picked up a wasp by the business end.

Then the evil showman, whose idea was to get first class money for a fourth class performance, gets in his deadly work. And this is how he does it: He gets up a little farce, in which one of the players dies, and, quite natural enough, travels along that interesting road which, it is said, is paved with good intentions, until he enters the land of torment. Here he finds that seven places of abode have been prepared for the reception of the wicked, each being more torrid than the other. He knocks at the first and this dialogue ensues: "Who are you?" "A pilgrim." "Where from?" "St. John." [illegible] knocks at each door, even No. 7, and receives the same answer. He is from St. John. That is enough, and they positively refuse to make it warm for him. Then the broken-hearted pilgrim turns wearily backward toward the city by the sea, exclaiming "Good Heavens; I'll have to go back to St. John." Such is the revenge of the theatrical shark. He too 'spises the mule. Against such enemies as those mentioned the city needs little defence. The fact is that if these people did not talk against the place others would think there must be something wrong with it for a certainty. There's a good deal of truth in what a visitor said to me the other day: "Your town's all right and so are most of its people. You haven't aristocrats as Halifax, but you have more rings and cliques, both social and political, especially the latter. These ringers are the men who pull objectionable wires at election time, who forget about St. John and talk about the Pope and William of Orange. It is the old, old story. 'If you have no case, abuse the opposing attorney.' It is a dodging of the issue, and that is bad. It is cowardly, and that is worse. Such weeds spread fast, and that is the worst still. Cut loose from these political things, just as you would from a man who cheated at cards. Race cards are loaded dice, and must go."

These loaded dice constitute the real enemy of the city by the sea, for they mean that demagogues are playing with fire and fire is alwys dangerous.

KISMET.

#### EMPEROR AT THE OPERA.

**The Finest Spectacle That Was Ever Winnessed in London.**

LONDON, July 8,—Emperor William took leave of the Queen at Windsor this afternoon and left for London, where he will occupy apartments at Buckingham palace.

The great event for London of the Emperor's visit will be the passage to and from Buckingham palace, on Friday next, of the Emperor and his party on their way to Guildhall. Business along the route will be suspended. The most elaborate preparations have been made to decorate the streets through which the procession will pass. As much as from $500 to $1000 has been offered, speculatively, for windows in Luagate circus, which can accomodate from 50 to 100 persons.

The proceedings at Guildhall will consist of reading an address of welcome, the Emperor's reply, the presentation to the Emperor of the freedom of the city of London in a massive gold casket, and a luncheon at which other short speeches will be made.

The gala opera performance this evening was the finest spectacle ever witnessed in London.

It was after nine o'clock when the Emperor and Empress, escorted by a troop of cavalary, arrived at the theatre. In the meanwhile the Prince and Princess of Wales and other members of the royal family, the lord chamberlain and a brilliant staff had been waiting in the foyer.

The Prince of Wales conducted the Empress and the Emperor conducted the Princess of Wales to the royal box. The Duke and Duchess of Edinburgh, the Duke and Duchess of Connaught, the Duke and Duchess of Fife, the Marquis and Marchioness of Lorne and 20 other members of the royal family composed the rest of the party.

The Emperor wore the levee uniform of the Garde corps. The Prince of Wales and the Duke of Clarence and Avondale wore the uniform of the 10th Hussars.

The Duchess of Fife and the Princess Louise had prominent seats, while their husbands, the Duke of Fife and the Marquis of Lorne, were relegated to the rear.

The entire audience rose on the entry of the party, and the band played the national anthem.

The jewels worn by the Empress were magnificent. She had a miniature crown of diamonds on her head and huge emeralds and diamonds on her neck, while the front of her white and gold brocaded dress was a mass of jewels and orders.

The displays of the Princess of Wales and the Duchess of Edinburgh were especially brilliant.

Between the acts the royalists adjourned to the foyer, guarded by "beefeaters."

The programme was splendidly carried out. Miss Eames, Mme. Albani and the Dereszkes received unstinted plaudits from the occupants of the royal box and others.

It was after midnight before "The Huguenots" was begun, when, greatly to the surprise of the courtiers, the boxes and stalls began to empty.

The royalties remained, though fully 50 boxes and 100 stalls were vacated. The last act was concluded at 1 A. M. Then all stood while the national anthem was repeated, and the audience followed with hearty cheers, which the Emperor acknowledged.

On departing the Emperor thanked Mr. Harris for the performance.

Outside the theatre the streets were still packed with people waiting to witness the departure of the royal party.


Iron is King.

ESTEY'S IRON TONIC.

A POWERFUL BLOOD PURIFIER.

CURES

Indigestion, Langour,
Low Spirits, Nervous Exhaustion,
Sleeplessness, Neuralgia,
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MAKES THE WEAK STRONG.

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CURES ALL Taints of the Blood.

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The D&L Emulsion OF Cod Liver Oil AND THE Hypophosphites of Lime and Soda.

No other Emulsion is so easy to take.
It does not separate nor spoil.
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General Debility, &c.

Beware of all imitations. Ask for "the D. & L." Emulsion, and refuse all others.

PRICE 50C. AND $1 PER BOTTLE.

Purify Your Blood

The importance of keeping the blood in a pure condition is universally known, and yet there are very few people who have perfectly pure blood. The taint of scrofula, salt rheum, or other foul humor is heredited and transmitted for generations, causing untold suffering, and we also accumulate poison and germs of disease from the air we breathe, the food we eat, or the water we drink. There is nothing more conclusively proven than the positive power of Hood's Sarsaparilla over all diseases of the blood. This medicine, when fairly tried, does expel every trace of scrofula or salt rheum, removes the taint which causes catarrh, neutralizes the acidity and cures rheumatism, drives out the germs of malaria, blood poisoning, etc. It also vitalizes and enriches the blood, thus overcoming that tired feeling, and building up the whole system. Thousands testify to the superiority of Hood's Sarsaparilla as a blood purifier. Full information and statements of cures sent free.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Sold by all druggists. $1; six for $5. Prepared only by C. I. HOOD & CO., Apothecaries, Lowell, Mass.

100 Doses One Dollar

CLEAN, WHITE, BRIGHT.

*Your White Dresses of last year—what will you do with them? not cut them up or throw them away I hope? They can be made clean, white, like new. You can wear them all this summer if you send them to UNGAR'S STEAM LAUNDRY. There they are cleansed and made like new. It's a good idea, and you'd better try it once.*

St. John Oyster House

No. 5 King Square, North Side.

RECEIVING DAILY:

FRESH P. E. ISLAND OYSTERS

1 Barrel Spa Water, 30c. gallon;
40 Gallons Clams;
4 Barrels Clams.

FOR SALE LOW BY

C. H. JACKSON.

CHEAP DINNER ∴ SETTS.

Just received a lot of DINNER SETTS.

At Very Low Prices.

FRED BLACKADAR, - - Union Street.

The word "DYSPEPTICURE" is a Registered Trade Mark in Canada and the United States.

Dyspepticure

Prepared by Charles K. Short, Pharmacist, St. John, N.B.

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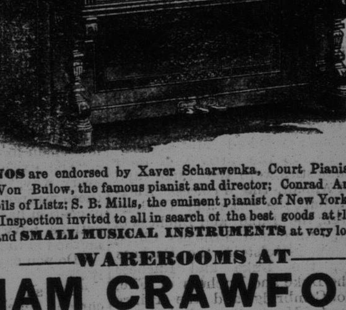
TO-DAY *Thousands upon thousands of CURED CHRONIC DYSPEPTICS are sounding its PRAISES all over America.*

"Dyspepticure" differs wholly from all other remedies and is a discovery in the treatment of all Stomach troubles, by its soothing and healing action on the irritated coatings of that Great Nerve Centre—the Stomach, it positively Cures not only Indigestion but the Severest forms of Chronic Dyspepsia.

"DYSPEPTICURE" ASTONISHES CHRONIC DYSPEPTICS.

GOLD MEDAL, NEW ORLEANS, 1885.



GOLD MEDAL, MELBOURNE, 1889.

BEHR PIANOS are endorsed by Xaver Scharwenka, Court Pianist to the Emperor of Germany; Dr. Hans Von Bulow, the famous pianist and director; Conrad Ansorage, the most accomplished of all pupils of Listz; S. B. Mills, the eminent pianist of New York, and a large number of other Musicians. Inspection invited to all in search of the best goods at lowest possible prices. SHEET MUSIC and SMALL MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS at very low prices.

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WILLIAM CRAWFORD'S,

66 King Street, St. John, N. B.

LIGHT Summer Suits

*Something like this at our store. Tweeds and Worsteds make good business Suits, and are dressy too. You'd look well with one on.*

Scovil, Fraser & Co.,

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ARMOUR'S AND SWIFT'S

BELOGNAS.

BONELESS HAM.

TELEPHONE 133.

JOHN HOPKINS,

186 Union street.

NEW NOVEL,

BY

W. CLARKE RUSSELL,

Entitled

My Danish Sweetheart;

The Romance of a Month.

PRICE 50 CENTS.

FOR SALE BY

J. & A. McMILLAN,

ST. JOHN, N. B.

FLOWERS.

WE have a choice lot of Bedding Plants from 15c. per dozen up. Send in your order early and secure the best.

D. McINTOSH, - Florist.

Telephone 264.

MILLINERY.

MRS. CONNOLLEY

WILL HAVE A SALE OF

Ready-made Hats and Bonnets on Saturday.

ODDFELLOWS BUILDING

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CIENFEUGOS.

517 CASKS,
50 TIERCES.

CHOICE QUALITY. NEW CROP.

CIENTEUGOS MOLASSES landing ex sch. "M. L. BONNELL."

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Strawberries, Sweet Cream,
Green Peas, New Tomatoes,
CHEAP SUGARS.

J. S. ARMSTRONG & BRO.,

32 CHARLOTTE STREET.

FRESH CREAM EVERY DAY.

AT

CHARLES A. CLARK'S,

3 KING SQUARE.

Orders taken for Milk and Cream for Picnics, &c., at reduced rates.

Armour's Extract Beef.

5 Cases Armour's Solid Extract Beef;
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ALSO

Armour's Soups, assorted;
Beef from 1 to 14 lb tins.

McPHERSON BROS.,

No. 181 Union Street,

Shoe Brushes,
Stove Brushes,
Dust Brushes,
Daubers,
Broom Brushes.

GOOD VALUE.

TAYLOR & DOCKRILL

84 KING STREET.

OATS! OATS!

OUR faith in high prices led us to purchase very largely in the early part of the season. Our stock is now coming forward rapidly and can offer dealers at

LOWEST PRICES,

with the advantage of having a large number cars to select from.

We predict sixty cents per bushel later, and would advise our friends to put away all they require for winter and spring.

Standard Trading and Mfg Co., Ltd.

J. D. SHATFORD,

GENERAL MANAGER.

BOSTON BAKED BEANS.

Ladies send in your orders and have a crock of our celebrated BOSTON BAKED BEANS delivered to your address fresh every Saturday evening.

MITCHELL & LIPSETT,

15 KING SQUARE, North Side.

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FURNITURE WAREROOMS,

MARKET BUILDING, GERMAIN STREET.

We are now showing for Spring Sales a Splendid Line of

*BEDROOM SUITES in Walnut, Oak, Ash and Hardwoods;*
*HALL STANDS, SIDEBOARDS and WARDROBES;*
*EXTENSION TABLES and LIBRARY TABLES in Walnut, Oak and Stained Woods;*
*DINING CHAIRS, CANESEAT CHAIRS and ROCKING CHAIRS;*
*OFFICE DESKS and CHAIRS, and a large stock of Low Priced BEDSTEADS, CHAIRS, TABLES, Etc., Etc.*

J. & J. D. HOWE.

BOURKE & CO.,

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*ARE NOW SELLING THE FOLLOWING GOODS AT REDUCED PRICES.*

Men's Light Col'd Stiff Hats.
" Straw "
Child's " "
Boys' " "
Girls' " "
Ladies' Waterproofs,
" Travelling Caps,
Trunks, Bags, Valises,
Umbrellas, etc.

F. W. WISDOM,

Mill, Steamboat and Railroad Supplies, 41 Dock St., St. John, N. B.

IMPORTER AND DEALER IN Rubber and Leather Belting, Rubber and Linen Hose, Lac Leather and Cut Lacing, Cotton Waste and Steam Packing, Lubricating Oils, Mill Files, Emery Wheels, Emery Cloth and Emery, Wrought Iron Pipe, Cast Iron Water Pipe; Steam, Gas and Water Fittings, Steam Pumps, Steam Gauges, Injectors, Bolts, Nuts and Washers, Babbit Metal and Antimony, Steam and Hot Water Heating Supplies.

Lowest Quotations Given on Special Supplies.

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OF LIVERPOOL, ENGLAND,

REPRESENTING

The Largest Net Surplus of any Fire Insurance Co. in the World.

J. SIDNEY KAYE,

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Office, No. 1 Jardine's Building, Prince Wm. St., Saint John, N. B.

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Boy's Straw Hats, Boys' Light Color Felt Hats,
Boys Light Color Tweed Hats,
Boy's Varsity Cap, Children's Straw Sailors,
Children's Caps, all kinds; Men's Light Stiff Hats,
Natty Goods, Correct Styles.

D. MAGEE'S SONS, - - Market Square.

NOW FOR BUSINESS!

Spring and Summer, 1891.

JAS. S. MAY & SON,

MERCHANT TAILORS,

(Domville Building,)

Prince William Street.

Beg to announce that they are receiving their new spring stock, consisting of

West of England and Scotch Suitings, Diagonals, Pant Goods and Overcoatings.

These goods are from the best markets, and we are prepared to offer our customers and the public generally good value for their money. Prices subject to 10 per cent. for net cash. Samples sent by mail.

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Boarding AND Livery STABLES

*HORSES TO HIRE and BOARDED at Reasonable Rates.*

*A SPLENDID BAROUCHE always on hand.*

Telephone No. 533.

JOHN H. FLEMING.

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Vaseline Atomizers,
Barbers Hair Brushes,
Fountain Syringes,
Parker's Hair Balsam,
Cuticura Remedies,

AT

PARKER BROTHERS,

MARKET SQUARE.

CAUSEY & MAXWELL

Masons and Builders.

Mason Work in all its Branches.

Slating and Cement Work a specialty

Stone, Brick and Plaster Workers,

*JOBBING EXECUTED NEATLY AND PROMPTLY.*

Order Slate at A. G. BOWES & Co., 21 Canterbury Street.

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MANUFACTURERS OF

WIRE, STEEL and IRON-CUT NAILS

*And SPIKES, TACKS, BRADS, SHOE NAILS, HUNGARIAN NAILS &c.*

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Railway Car Works,

MANUFACTURERS OF

Railway Cars of Every Description,

"PEARLESS" STEEL TYRES, CHILLED CAR WHEELS.

ALSO

Steam Engines and Mill Machinery

The Improved Lowell Turbine Water Wheel, Ship Castings, Pumps, Bridge and Fence Castings, etc. etc

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Tapered and Parallel Bars for Ships' Knees Nail Plate, Hammered Railway Car Axles, Shafting, and shapes of all kinds.

DOORS, SASHES, BALUSTERS, NEWEL POSTS, MOULDINGS, BRACKETS, &c.

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PIANOS,

UNSURPASSED IN

Tone, Touch and Durability.

A large Stock to select from.

PRICES LOW.

GOOD BARGAINS FOR CASH.

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Iron, Steel and General Metal Merchant and Manufacturer.

MARITME SAW WORKS.

Circular, Shingle, Mill Gang, Jubilee Chisel Tooth, Drag, Crosscut and Billet Web Saws.

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Robertson's Chemically Pure White Lead Genuine and No. 1. Liquid Paints, Fine Colors and Colored Paints and Putty.

MARITIME VARNISH WORKS.

All Kinds of Varnishes and Japans.

*Try my Crown Liquid and Pastt Stove Polish; Maritime Stove Pipe Varnish, the best in use.*

All my Goods guaranteed equal to any made.

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FACTORY: Cor. Charlotte and Sheffield Streets,

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