

## Canada's War Parliament

Ottawa, March 21.—At the opening of the night sitting the house went into committee on a resolution proposed by Dr. Reid that parliament ratify an agreement between the government and the Van Buren Bridge Company for a lease of a section of the Bangor & Aroostook railway in the parish of St. Leonard (N. B.). The annual rental would amount to \$1,200 and the lease would extend until August 31, 1934.

Dr. Reid explained that the piece of road which it was proposed to lease ran between the International railway and the National Transcontinental railway. It was about two miles in length. By leasing this small portion of line the government could do away with one railway station, thus saving a considerable amount of expense. The reason that the government did not suggest buying this piece of road was that it was bonded, and could not be taken over unless the bonds were cancelled.

The house, in committee of the whole, then took up a resolution of the minister of marine and fisheries providing that the government-in-council be authorized to pay to the corporation of the harbor commissioners of Montreal such sums as are required to pay off debentures of the corporation valued at \$800,000, maturing this year. The resolution was carried and the bill based on it given a first reading.

A resolution authorizing the government-in-council to make regulations prohibiting the importation or exportation of goods of any class produced or manufactured in whole or in part in any country or place specified in the regulation for three years after the termination of the war was introduced by Sir George Foster and considered by the house in committee of the whole.

Sir Robert Borden, in the absence of the minister of trade and commerce, stated that the resolution was introduced for the purpose of founding a bill, and that a full explanation would be given by Sir George Foster on the second reading of the bill.

J. H. Sinclair objected to any legislation which gave up the full power of government for three years after the war, could understand such legislation being necessary during the period of the war.

S. E. Elkin (St. John) thought the resolution rather bold.

Magdalen Islands Service.  
Hon. Rodolphe Lemieux drew the attention of the house to the fact that if the steamship service between Pictou and the Magdalen Islands and also between Montreal, Quebec and the Magdalen Islands of Gaspe. He said that a very inferior service had been maintained between the islands and the mainland by the steamer *Amelia*. There were 6,000 people on the islands, living by fishing and agriculture. The islands were entirely dependent for a large number of commodities on the steamship service. Last winter, through the kindness of the minister of marine, the steamer *Stanley* had on different occasions come to the relief of the people.

The fishing industry of the coast of Gaspe, said Mr. Lemieux, was suffering because of a lack of steamship transportation and American fishermen were

**PIMPLES AND RUNNING SORES**  
Would Hold Head Down Face Was Such a Sight

Pimples are caused by the blood being out of order. Those festering and running sores appear on the forehead, on the nose, on the chin and other parts of the body, and although they are not a dangerous trouble they are very unsightly to both you and your friends. There is only one way to get rid of this obnoxious skin trouble, and this is by giving the blood a thorough cleansing by the use of Burdock Blood Bitters. This sterling remedy has been on the market for over forty years, during which time we have received thousands of testimonials as to its curative power over all skin diseases.

Mrs. Victoria G. Fry, North Battleford, Sask., writes: "I used Burdock Blood Bitters when I was about eighteen. I was so bad with pimples and running sores, that when I went down town, I would hold my head down when I would see anyone coming, my face was such a sight. I got two bottles, and my face began to clear, so I kept on until I had a beautiful complexion. I have recommended it to everyone who is in a run down condition, as it builds up the blood, and when the blood is all the face is clear."

Manufactured only by The T. Millburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

## Middle Aged Women

Are Here Told the Best Remedy for Their Troubles.

Freemont, O.—"I was passing through the critical period of life, being forty-six years of age and had all the symptoms incident to that change—heat flashes, nervousness, and was in a general run down condition, so it was hard for me to do my work. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound was recommended to me as the best remedy for my troubles, which it surely proved to be. I feel better and stronger in every way since taking it, and the annoying symptoms have disappeared."—Mrs. M. GONDER, 925 Napoleon St., Freemont, Ohio.

North Haven, Conn.—"Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound restored my health after everything else had failed when passing through change of life. There is nothing like it to overcome the worrying symptoms."—Mrs. Florence LARUE, Box 197, North Haven, Conn.

**In Such Cases**

**LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S VEGETABLE COMPOUND**

has the greatest record for the greatest good

LYDIA E. PINKHAM MEDICINE CO. LYNN, MASS.

## ZAM-BUK

Purely Herbar—No poisonous coloring  
Antiseptic—Slaps Head-pain  
Soothing—Eases pain and smarting, etc.  
Pure—Best for baby's rashes.  
Heals all sores.  
50c. box. All Druggists and Stores

**Washing Won't Rid Head Of Dandruff**

The only sure way to get rid of dandruff is to dissolve it, then you destroy it entirely. To do this, get about four ounces of ordinary liquid arvon; apply it at night when retiring; use enough to moisten the scalp and rub it in gently with the finger tips.

Do this tonight, and by morning, most if not all of your dandruff will be gone, and three or four more applications will completely dissolve and entirely destroy every single sign and trace of it, no matter how much dandruff you may have.

You will find, too, that all itching and digging of the scalp will stop at once, and your hair will be fluffy, lustrous, glossy, silky and soft, and look and feel a hundred times better.

You can get liquid arvon at any drug store. It is inexpensive and never fails to do the work.

**PRINCIPLE OF WOMEN SUFFRAGE ADOPTED BY ALL**

**No Division in House at Fredericton; Bill to Come in Due Time; Work of the Legislature**

Fredericton, Mar. 21.—Equal suffrage for women has been approved in principle by the legislature of New Brunswick. The premier has intimated that the bill is to come in due time. Not a voice was raised in protest when the vote was taken and the resolution was adopted without a division.

Applause followed the premier's remark that he believed the government was the champion of a fee of one dollar for such license. This was also adopted.

Sir Robert Borden said that the health of Sir Thomas White has been seriously impaired. He made it very plain that Sir Thomas, however, would not resign his position as premier.

**Rheumatism A Home Cure Given By One Who Had It**

In the spring of 1888 I was attacked by Muscular and Inflammatory Rheumatism. I suffered as only those who have it know, for over three years. I tried remedy after remedy, and doctor after doctor, but such relief as I received was only temporary. Finally, I found a remedy that cured me completely, and it has never returned. I have given it to a number of my friends who were terribly afflicted and even bedridden with Rheumatism, and it effected a cure in every case.

I want every sufferer from any form of rheumatic trouble to try this marvelous healing power. Don't send a cent; simply mail your name and address and I will send it free to you. After you have used it and it has proven itself to be that long-looked-for means of curing your rheumatism, you may send the price of it, one dollar, but understand, I do not want your money unless you are perfectly satisfied to send it. Isn't that fair? Why protest, when the positive relief is thus offered to you? Don't delay. Write today.

Mark H. JACKSON, No. 181, Gurney Bldg., Syracuse, N. Y.

## Salts in Hot Water Clears Pimply Skin

Says we must make kidneys clean the blood, and pimples disappear.

Pimples, sores and boils usually result from toxins, poisons and impurities which are generated in the bowels and then absorbed into the blood through the very ducts which should absorb only nourishment to sustain the body.

It is the function of the kidneys to filter impurities from the blood and cast them out in the form of urine, but in many instances the bowels create more toxins and impurities than the kidneys can eliminate, then the blood uses the skin pores as the next best means of getting rid of these impurities which often break out all over the skin in the form of pimples.

The surest way to clear the skin of these eruptions, says a noted authority, is to get from any pharmacy about four ounces of Jad Salts and take a tablespoonful in a glass of hot water each morning before breakfast for one week. This will prevent the formation of toxins in the bowels. It also stimulates the kidneys to normal activity, thus coaxing them to filter the blood of impurities and clearing the skin of pimples.

Jad Salts is inexpensive, harmless and made from the acid of grapes and lemon juice, combined with lithia. Here you have a pleasant, effervescent drink which usually makes pimples disappear, cleanses the blood, and is excellent for the kidneys as well.

could be depended on to introduce legislation on the subject in due time. He added that there was no need to rush the bill, as it might be well to wait till the dominion act was passed so the local legislation might conform to it. The motion was put and carried without division.

The bill respecting the incorporation of villages was taken up also in committee this evening. It has been prepared with a view to providing a full working plan for such communities, practically every possible contingency being provided for, in order to leave no room for doubts or lawsuits.

The committee had discussed forty-nine of the 180 sections when they arose and reported progress. The sections were questioned chiefly on the grounds of the wording used and they were allowed to stand in committee, practically every possible contingency being provided for, in order to leave no room for doubts or lawsuits.

Mr. Tilley introduced a bill to amend chapter 182 of the consolidated statutes 1908. He explained that the bill proposed to amend the Bastardy Act but

applied only to the municipality of the county of St. John.

Mr. Potts introduced a bill to amend the act relating to the paving of streets in St. John.

Mr. Baxter introduced a bill relating to the Children's Shelter in the city of St. John.

Mr. Tilley introduced a bill to amend an act relating to the city of St. John. Mr. Baxter introduced a bill to correct an error in a tax sale of lots in Wellington ward, St. John.

Mr. Campbell introduced a bill relating to the St. John General Public Hospital. Mr. Potts introduced a bill relating to the double tracking of Union street, St. John.

Hon. Mr. Byrne introduced a bill to amend the New Brunswick Companies Act, 1906. He explained that the object of the bill was to bring the New Brunswick Companies Act into conformity with the Ontario Act. It would be a step towards securing uniformity of legislation, the principle of which had already been approved by the house.

Hon. Mr. Veniot said he wished to make a correction to an answer to a question which he had given. The amount of the automobile fund placed to the credit of sinking fund and interest, some \$80,000, had not been for the past year, as he had stated, but would be credited for the year 1917-18.

The house then went into committee, with Mr. Young in the chair, and took up the consideration of a bill relating to Fraser, Limited, and the town of Edmundston.

The bill was agreed to with amendments. The committee considered a bill from the city of St. John relating to top wharfage and side wharfage.

The bill was reported as agreed to. The committee considered a bill to authorize the city of Fredericton to grant further exemption to the Hart Boot & Shoe Company. Slight amendments were made.

## KEEPING SOLDIERS STRONG

Early in the world-war cod liver oil was selected to fortify the health of soldiers against the rigors and exposure of camp life and to help build up enduring strength.

**SCOTT'S IS THE EMULSION**

that actually guarantees the richest quality of pure Cod Liver Oil, and is skillfully emulsified to promote prompt assimilation which is always difficult with the raw oil. Scott's Emulsion is famous for putting power in the blood to thwart colds, grippe, pneumonia and lung trouble. It is free from harmful drugs.

Scott & Bowne, Toronto, Ont.

## Improve Your Complexion

Get your blood pure, keep the liver active and the bowels regular, and disgusting pimples and unsightly blotches will disappear from the face. For improving the complexion and putting the blood in good order

**BEECHAM'S PILLS**

are safer, better and surer than cosmetics. They eliminate poisonous matters from the system, strengthen the organs and purify the blood—bring the health-glow to the cheeks, brighten the eyes, improve and

**Beautify the Skin**

Prepared only by Thomas Beecham, St. Helena, Lancashire, England. Sold everywhere in Canada and U. S. America. In boxes, 25 cents.

## 100 Years of Healing

is indeed a phenomenal record of success, and the only article of its kind that has this proud record is

**JOHNSON'S ANODYNE LINIMENT**

Internally—Coughs, Colds, Grippe, Sore Throat, Cramps, Chills, etc. Externally—Sprains, Bruises, Muscular Rheumatism, Burns, Blisters, etc. A wonderful anodyne that

**Soothes—Heals—Destroys Pain**

## The Income War Tax Act

Forms giving particulars of income for the year 1917, must be filled in and filed on or before the 31st March, 1918

Section 4 of the Act provides that all persons resident or ordinarily resident in Canada, shall pay a tax upon income exceeding \$1500 in the case of those single and widows without dependent children, and upon income exceeding \$3000 in the case of all other persons. It also provides that all Corporations and Joint Stock Companies, no matter how created, shall pay the normal tax upon income exceeding \$3000.

The Forms provided by the Department of Finance to be filled in with particulars of the 1917 income of all those whose incomes are liable under the Act, and by Trustees, Corporations and Joint Stock Companies, with information required of them, may be obtained from the District Inspectors of Taxation and from the Postmasters at all leading centres.

## Forms to obtain and Special Features to observe

**Individuals**—Get Form T 1 to give particulars of their own incomes. In stating Dividends received, give the amount from each Company, listing Canadian and foreign Companies separately. Fill in pages 1, 2 and 3 only. Do not mark page 4.

The following sample answers, (printed in italics) to questions asked on pages 2 and 3 of Form T 1, will help you to fill in correctly your copies of the Form.

PAGE 2	DESCRIPTION OF INCOME	PAGE 3	EXEMPTIONS AND DEDUCTIONS
<b>GROSS INCOME DERIVED FROM—</b>		<b>AMOUNT CLAIMED FOR—</b>	
1. Salaries and wages	None	14. Depreciation—On Store Building (not land), (Brick)	\$ 125
2. Professions and vocations	None	On Equipment, used in business	140
3. Commissions	None	On Store Fixtures	100
4. Business, trade, commerce or sales or dealings in property, whether real or personal	7500	15. Bad debts, actually charged off within the year	40
5. Farming (Horticulture, dairying or other branches)	None	16. Allowance for exhaustion of mines and wells	None
6. Rents	750	17. Contributions actually paid to the Patriotic and Canadian Red Cross Funds and other approved War Funds	250
7. Dividends (A) Canadian Corporations—		18. Interest paid on monies borrowed and used in the business	60
Standard Transportation Company Ltd.	25	19. Federal, Provincial and Municipal taxes on property used in the business—	
Rainbow Mining Company Ltd.	150	General Municipal Taxes	180
(B) Foreign Corporations—		20. Interest from Dominion of Canada Bonds, issued exempt from Income Tax	150
New York Trading Company	15	21. Other claims for deductions must be specified in detail—	
Albany Tool Company, Inc.	60	Business Operating Expenses	400
8. Interest on notes, mortgages, bank deposits and securities other than those reported in item 7—		Repairs (stating particulars)	150
Interest on Mortgages	72	22. Total Exemptions and Deductions	\$595
Bank Interest	21	23. Amount paid under Business Profits War Tax Act, 1916, which accrued in the 1917 accounting period	1908 ending December 31, 1917—None
1000 Par Value Bonds of Jones Point Co. Ltd.	72	I hereby certify that the foregoing returns contain a true and complete statement of all income received by me during the year for which the return is made.	
1000 Municipal Debentures, Town of Midvale	55	Date	15th March, 1918.
9. Fiduciaries, (income received from guardians, trustees, executors, administrators, agents, receivers or persons acting in a fiduciary capacity)—		Signature	John Brown.
Income (not capital) from Estate of Andrew Doe (People's Trust Company, Executor)	315		
10. Royalties from mines, oil and gas wells, patents, franchises and other legalised privileges	None		
11. Interest from Dominion of Canada Bonds, issued exempt from Income Tax \$1,000	150		
12. Other sources not enumerated above—			
Interest in Stone Hardware Company Partnership	750		
13. Total Income	\$10,941		

**Corporations and Joint Stock Companies.** Use Form T2—giving particulars of income. Also attach a financial statement. Under Deductions, show in detail amounts paid to Patriotic Fund and Canadian Red Cross or other approved War Funds.

**Trustees, Executors, Administrators of Estates and Assignees** Use Form T3. Full particulars of the distribution of income from all estates handled must be shown as well as details of amounts distributed. A separate Form must be filled in for each estate.

**Employers** must use Form T4 to give names and amounts of salaries, bonuses, commissions and other remuneration paid to all employees during 1917 where such remuneration amounted in the aggregate to \$1000 or over.

**Corporation Lists of Shareholders.**—On Form T5 corporations shall give a statement of all bonuses, and dividends paid to Shareholders residing in Canada during 1917 stating to whom paid, and the amounts.

**Penalties.**—Default in filing returns renders the person or persons liable on summary conviction to a penalty of one hundred dollars for each day during which the default continues. Any person making a false statement in any return or in any information required by the Minister of Finance shall be liable on summary conviction to a penalty not exceeding ten thousand dollars or to six months imprisonment, or to both fine and imprisonment.

In the case of Forms T1 and T2, keep one copy of the filled in Form and file the other two with the Inspector of Taxation for your District. In the case of T3, T4 and T5, keep one copy and file the other two, with the Commissioner of Taxation, Dept. of Finance, Ottawa.

Forms may be obtained from the District Inspectors of Taxation and from the Postmasters at all leading centres.

Department of Finance, Ottawa, Canada