At Lucyfield, the form *N. Hectori*, Hort. Edin., raised from seeds collected by Sir James Hector, during the Pallisher expedition, is very hardy, and never suffers from severe winters, as the ordinary form of the tree does.

STAPHYLEA PINNATA, Linn., which grows in shrubberies in England, is recorded by Dr. How as found at Windsor, cultivated.

ANACARDIACEÆ.

RHUS TYPHINA, *Linn*. Quite common along the banks of Bedford Basin, by the road from Halifax to Bedford, indigenous. Not recorded from any inland localities.

Cultivated at Windsor, Dr. How. Picton, A. H. Mackay.

RHUS TOXICODENDRON, Linn. Poison Ivy. Plentiful in stony land, a few miles above Dartmouth town, belonging to the Admiralty, on the Dartmouth side of Bedford Basin; also near the shore to the westward of Bedford village, at the head of the Basin. In wild rocky lands, between Windsor Junction and Salmon Hole, Windsor Road, Halifax County. North-West Arm, Halifax. Close by the salt spring, Whycocomagh, Cape Breton, 1864. Abundant among stones, at the base of the cliff at Look Out, on the North Mountain, King's County, below the station: for Woodsia Ilvensis and Asplenium Trichomanes.

Cumberland, A. H. Mackay.

Stations should be carefully recorded, as some persons suffer severely from handling the plant, in ignorance of the injurious effects of its exhalations, or of the more sensitive parts of the skin coming in centact with it.