

close of his speech, because I feel he did not intend that his words should bear the meaning that might be attached to them. He spoke of the presence of a number of German settlers in Canada, as well as in the United States, as being in a sense a source of danger, or a menace. I do not think that is the case. I know, speaking for the province from which I come, that we have a large German population, or population of German descent, particularly in the county of Lunenburg, and those men are not a bit more disloyal than any of their neighbours, and they are enlisting to go to the front in Lunenburg, as well as in other counties.

Hon. Mr. LOUGHEED—I should be sorry to reflect on those people, but I refer to the Germans we have placed in the internment camp.

Hon. Mr. POWER—I feel certain the hon. gentleman did not intend to reflect upon the loyalty of the Germans around Berlin, Ont., and other places.

Hon. Mr. LOUGHEED—Oh, no.

Hon. Mr. POWER—The hon. gentleman used unqualified language, but I am sure he did not mean it.

Hon. Mr. CHOQUETTE—I move that the debate be adjourned until to-morrow.

The motion was agreed to.

The Senate adjourned until three o'clock to-morrow.

### THE SENATE.

Wednesday, January 19, 1916.

The Speaker took the Chair at Three o'clock.

Prayers and routine proceedings.

### THE ADDRESS.

The Order of the Day being called:

Resuming the adjourned debate on the consideration of His Royal Highness the Governor General's speech on the opening of the sixth session of the twelfth Parliament, and the motion of the Hon. Mr. Sproule, seconded by the Hon. Mr. Beaubien, that an humble address be presented to His Royal Highness the Governor General for the gracious speech which he has been pleased to deliver to both Houses of Parliament.

Hon. Mr. CHOQUETTE—My first words in continuing the debate will be words of regret for the great number of our colleagues

Hon. Mr. POWER,

who have departed this life since last session, and especially for the venerable gentleman who sat on this side of the House, Hon. Mr. DeBoucherville, who, with others, has gone to his reward. We all regret the great loss the Senate and his family have sustained through his death. On the other hand, as all these seats ought to be filled, and filled by friends of the present Government, I have great pleasure in saying that those who have been introduced into this House to fill the vacancies are gentlemen worthy of the positions in this House and a credit to the country. I offer my congratulations, especially to the hon. mover and seconder of the Address. I have had the pleasure of sitting for about fifteen years with the hon. gentleman from Grey (Hon. Mr. Sproule), and although, as we all know, he has strong convictions on different questions, I am bound to say that during all the time I sat with him in the House of Commons I always found him a gentleman of the highest character, placing his arguments strongly before the House, but always in a gentlemanly way. Referring to the hon. member who seconded the motion in the reply to the Speech, I join also with those who have paid him compliments. We all know his high position at the bar of Montreal, his qualities as a businessman, and his situation in the counsels of his party; he has obtained his reward. I choose this first occasion to offer my personal thanks—and I would not be human if I did not do it—for his having said many times during the election in 1911, when he was fighting for the Nationalist party, in favour of the Tory party, that I was one of the most independent members of this House.

Hon. Mr. WATSON—Hear, hear.

Hon. Mr. CHOQUETTE—And carrying in his pocket a speech which I delivered in this House on the Navy Bill, he was on every hustings, meeting the Liberal speakers with my speech, saying that I was a great independent man, reading my speech, and I may say that this was the best part of his own. I am sorry he is not in his seat just now, but I hope that he will retain the good opinion of me which he expressed then. Having said so much, I shall now proceed to discuss the two very important items contained in the speech from the Throne. These items are, money and men to continue the war, and the extension of this term of Parliament, in