

2nd Series, teams of four, F company 1st, 17th battalion 2nd. Grand Aggregate, P.Q.R.A. badge, Pte. Brown 1st; Color-Sergt. Thomson 2nd. The D.R.A. medal for 1885, prize for the ten highest scores made during the season, was won by Sergt. Goudie with 794 points. The "Balfour Medal," given for the eight highest scores during season regular practices, was won by Sergt. Goudie with 643 points. According to the conditions on which the medal was presented, it having been won now two years by Sergt. Goudie, becomes his property.

In the Dominion and Provincial matches the attendance was the same as last year, 11 attending the Provincial and 8 the Dominion. In the former the team won 1st prize for volley firing, 2nd in battalion match, which was open to teams from the whole Dominion instead of to teams from the province as formerly, and 4th prize in the association. The different members of the team did fairly well in individual shooting, Sergt. A. Thomson being 3rd in the grand aggregate, he also won the Lieutenant-Governor's silver medal for the best 500 yards aggregate. At the provincial matches \$84 were won by individuals, and \$52 by teams, and also four extra series prizes. At the Dominion \$105 were won by individuals and \$80 by teams, \$321 in all.

The team took 1st place for the "British Challenge Shield," making the best score on record, and 4th place in the Gzowski Military Match. The following composed the team: Color-Sergt. Thomson, Sergts. Goudie and Dewfall, Corpl. Hartley and Pte. R. Norton, with Lieut.-Col. Miller as captain.

The "London Merchants' Cup" was won by the Province of Quebec team, the 8th furnishing two members thereof, Sergts. Goudie and Thomson, who upheld the reputation of the regiment, being well up in the list. They also took good places in the grand aggregate, Sergt. Goudie being 16th and Sergt. A. Thomson 27th on the Wimbledon team.

The finances of the club are in a flourishing condition, the balance on hand being \$50.20.

The following committee of management was elected for the coming year: president, Lieut.-Col. H. J. Miller; vice president, Capt. J. F. Burstall; hon. secretary-treasurer, Lieut. T. Inglis Poston; committee, Capts. Dunbar and Montizambert, Sergt.-Major Argue, Color-Sergt. Mountain, Sergt. Dewfall, Ptes. Thomson and Bell.

**Gleanings.**

The employment of bicycles by orderlies was suggested in the columns of *The Broad Arrow* some years back, and their possible utility was discussed at Aldershot and elsewhere, but without any practical result accruing. General Boulanger, if sometimes indiscreet through *trop de zele*, is always, however, alive to any question of reform or invention, and he has carried into effect what we suggested long ago. The Joinville training school is a well-conducted institution, and is kept well *au fait*, both by literature and lectures, with the current military novelties which appear and disappear from time to time in the French capital.

Several of our best military authorities are of opinion that orderlies, trained and mounted on bicycles, would be of great advantage at Aldershot, Shorncliffe, the Curragh, and other large centres. The art of managing these useful machines is not difficult, and wherever tolerable roads are available, the saving in horseflesh would amply compensate for the expense of furnishing the vehicles. The duties of mounted orderlies in Aldershot, Dublin, and our large garrisons are severe; while the employment of such in the crowded streets of London is a cruel and ridiculous anachronism, dangerous alike to horse and rider. Few more painful spectacles to the eye of a cavalry or hunting man can be imagined than the sight of a lancer or hussar, especially the former, trotting, in the orthodox riding-school manner, on a foggy afternoon, through some crowded portion of the city, over the slimy and treacherous asphalt pavement, where even the best horsemanship and the most careful riding will not always prevent a dangerous fall.

If the War Office officials find the telephone and telegraph insufficient for the transmission of orders and messages, and insist upon employing soldiers, why should they not be trained to the use of the bicycle, and a certain number of these useful machines become part of the equipment of all corps and detachments? At Aldershot, at the Curragh, and especially in certain parts of Ireland where regiments are much split up into detachments, intercommunications could be easily maintained, and even certain patrol duties carried on, by means of this popular method of travel. Our cavalry are over-taxed in the numerous calls made upon their services. All our regiments are under-horsed and over-weighted, and the man on wheels would save a considerable amount of wear and tear of horseflesh, while leading probably to the future employment of the machine as a means of pushing forward infantry where roads were available, either for reconnaissance or scouting, or to seize villages or advanced posts where cavalry are not available.—*Broad Arrow*.

**Our Trading Column.**

The cost of announcements in this column for each insertion will be one cent per word for the first ten words one-half cent for each additional word. Each advertisement will have a register number in our books, and all communications regarding it must be forwarded through the GAZETTE, but it must be distinctly understood that this office incurs no other responsibility or liability in connection therewith. Address, with stamp for return postage, Canadian Militia Gazette, Box 316, Ottawa.

This column is established for the purpose of enabling our friends to exchange, purchase, sell, or otherwise advertise articles they desire either to acquire or dispose of. It is not available for commercial purposes.



**LYMAN'S FLUID COFFEE,**

**A HOME LUXURY FOR CAMPING OUT.**

COFFEE of the FINEST FLAVOR can be made in a MOMENT, ANYWHERE, in ANY QUANTITY. As good with condensed milk as fresh, or as "Café Noir."

FULL DIRECTIONS WITH EACH BOTTLE.



SEALED TENDERS, marked "For Mounted Police Clothing Supplies," and addressed to the Honourable the President of the Privy Council, Ottawa, will be received up to noon on Monday, 2nd May, 1887.

Printed forms of tender, containing full information as to the articles and quantities required, may be had on application to the undersigned.

No tender will be received unless made on such printed forms. Patterns of all articles may be seen at the office of the undersigned.

Each tender must be accompanied by an accepted Canadian bank cheque for an amount equal to ten per cent. of the total value of the articles tendered for, which will be forfeited if the party decline to enter into a contract when called upon to do so, or if he fail to complete the work contracted for. If the tender be not accepted the cheque will be returned.

No payment will be made to newspapers inserting this advertisement without authority having been first obtained.

FRED WHITE,  
Comptroller N.W.M. Police.  
Ottawa, March 25th, 1887.



**NOTICE.**

SEALED TENDERS, addressed to the undersigned, and endorsed "Tender for Indian Supplies," will be received at this office up to noon of SATURDAY, 30th April, 1887, for the delivery of Indian Supplies during the fiscal year ending 30th June, 1888, consisting of Flour, Bacon, Groceries, Ammunition, Twine, Oxen, Cows, Palls, Agricultural Implements, Tools, etc., duty paid at various points in Manitoba and the North-West Territories.

Forms of tender containing full particulars relative to the Supplies required, dates of delivery, etc., may be had by applying to the undersigned, or to the Indian Commissioner at Regina, or to the Indian Office, Winnipeg.

Parties may tender for each description of goods (or for any portion of each description of goods) separately or for all the goods called for in the Schedules, and the Department reserves to itself the right to reject the whole or any part of a tender.

Each tender must be accompanied by an accepted cheque on a Canadian bank in favor of the Superintendent General of Indian Affairs for at least five per cent. of the amount of the tender, which will be forfeited if the party tendering declines to enter into a contract based on such tender when called upon to do so, or if he fails to complete the work contracted for. If the tender be not accepted, the cheque will be returned.

Tenderers must make up in the money columns in the Schedule the total money value of the goods they offer to supply, or their tender will not be entertained.

Each tender must, in addition to the signature of the tenderer, be signed by two sureties acceptable to the Department, for the proper performance of the contract.

When implements of a particular make are mentioned it is because the articles so designated suit the Department for the purpose required better than others; in such cases the competition between tenderers must, of course, be in the transportation to the place of delivery.

In all cases where transportation may be only partial by rail, contractors must make proper arrangements for supplies to be forwarded at once from railway stations to their destination in the Government Warehouse at the point of delivery.

Tenderers will please note carefully the following conditions—

1. Supplies will not be paid for until the Department has been assured of the satisfactory delivery of each article for which payment is claimed.
2. No tender for supplies of a description different to that given in the index will be considered, and supplies which are found, on delivery, to be of a kind or quality different to those described, will be rejected by the agents of the Department; and the contractor and his sureties will be held responsible for any loss entailed on the Department through failure to deliver in accordance with terms of contract.
3. It must be distinctly understood that supplies are to be delivered at the various points for the prices named in the tender; that no additional charge for packing or any other account will be entertained, and that an invoice must accompany each separate delivery of supplies. An invoice for each separate delivery must also be sent to the Department of Indian Affairs at Ottawa, and one to the Indian Commissioner at Regina, if the supplies are for the North-West Territories. When the supplies are for points in the Manitoba Superintendency the triplicate invoice should be sent to E. McColl, Winnipeg.
4. Prices must be given for articles to be delivered at each point of delivery named in the Schedule for each article for which a tender is submitted, and not an average price for each article at all points of delivery; no tender based on a system of averages will be considered.

5. Tenderers should understand that they must bear the cost, not only of sending their samples to the Department of Indian Affairs, but also freight charges incurred in returning such samples to the tenderer.

6. When supplies are to be delivered "equal to sample," tenderers should understand that the sample is to be seen either at the Department of Indian Affairs, at the office of the Indian Commissioner at Regina at the office of the Inspector in charge at Winnipeg, or at any one of the undermentioned Indian Agencies.

MANITOBA.

Agent. Agency.

- H. Martineau..... The Narrows, Lake Manitoba
- F. Ogletree..... Portage la Prairie.
- A. M. Muckle..... St. Peter's.
- R. J. N. Pither..... Fort Francis.
- Geo. McPherson..... Assabaskasing.
- John McIntyre..... Savanne.
- J. Reader..... Grand Rapids.
- A. MacKay..... Beren's River.

NORTH-WEST TERRITORIES.

Agent. Agency.

- J. A. Markle..... Birtle.
- J. J. Campbell..... Moose Mountain.
- A. McDonald..... Crooked Lakes.
- W. S. Grant..... Assiniboine Reserve.
- P. J. Williams..... File Hills.
- J. B. Lash..... Muscowpetung's Reserve.
- H. Keith..... Touchwood Hills.
- J. M. Rae..... Prince Albert.
- J. A. MacKay..... Battleford.
- G. G. Mann..... Onion Lake.
- J. A. Mitchell..... Victoria.
- W. Anderson..... Edmonton.
- S. B. Lucas..... Peace Hills.
- W. Pocklington..... Blood Reserve.
- M. Begg..... Blackfoot Crossing.
- W. C. de Balinhard..... Sarcee Reserve.

and that no attention will be paid to a sample of any article which may accompany a tender, if a standard sample of such article is on view at the Department of Indian Affairs or any one of its Offices or Agencies aforesaid.

7. These Schedules must not be mutilated—they must be returned to the Department entire even if the supply of one article only is tendered for—and tenderers should in the covering letter accompany their tender, name the pages of the Schedule on which are the articles for which they have tendered.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

L. VANKOUGHNET.

Deputy of the Superintendent-General of Indian Affairs.

Department of Indian Affairs }  
Ottawa, Feb., 1887. }

**JOHN F. CREAN,**

MERCHANT TAILOR,

AND

MILITARY OUTFITTER.

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UNIFORMS of every description made to order and everything necessary to an

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