CRIMINAL CARELESSNESS. ANOTHER RAILWAY ACCIDENT-WHAT THE PAS-SENGERS HAVE TO SAY-THE RAILWAY MANAGEMENT OF THE GRAND TRUNK SEVERELY

CENSURED AND CONDEMNED. The Western train which started from Chicago last Friday and arrived at the Bonaventure depot at half-past two vesterday afternoon, experienced a rather eventful trip. There was a delay of several hours near Sarnia, where the track was blocked by wrecked trains; then at Breslau, Ont., another delay was caused by the passenger train itself being run into while almost at a standstill on a bridge; finally, on reaching Lancaster a delay was experienced on coming across the wreck of two freight trains, related in another column. The passengers, who were very nu-merous and counted several prominent citizens from across the border, were loud in their protests against the management of the They did not seem to relish the scenes of disaster and death through which they had to pass. They held an indignation meeting at one of the stations, when the following statement of facts were drawn up, and the subjoined resolutions were passed and signed: —"There is no doubt that the management of the Grand Trunk Railway of Canada is essentially defective. The night express train, which left Port Huron, on Saturday morning at 11:40, 27th August inst., bound for Montreal and Boston, met with an accident, which reflects severely upon some one. The facts are as follows: The express train mentioned above, carrying more than three hundred passengers, was drawn by only one locomotive, and three or four times in pulling out from a station it would be several minutes in effecting a start.

After stopping at Breslau Station, west of Toronto, the locomotive failed to start the train. The driver was then forced to reverse the engine and he backed the train twenty or thirty rods until he reached the level of a bridge, which was, at least, 75 feet above the water, so as to get a start to run up the grade. While the express was standing upon this bridge, the whistle of a freight train was heard coming from the west.

The driver of the express put on steam, and just as he succeeded in getting the train into motion, the locomotive of the freight train ran into the rear car of the passenger train. It was a Pullman Sleeper, and to this circumstance and to the fact that the express was under way when it was struck, do the passengers owe their lives. The locomotive of the freight train was, without exaggeration, totally wrecked; three freight cars were thrown from the bridge into the stream below and broken into splinters, and the rear car of the express was practically ruined. Fortunately no one was killed, and so far as could be result must have been great loss of life. Had probable the train would have been telescoped; but the strong iron work of the platform of the sleeper saved the passengers from that disaster. When the employes knew that the freight train closely followed the express, it was not only a piece of stupidity, but, positively and emphatically, criminal carelessness to back down upon the bridge and wait for the collision. The passengers all unite in condemning piece of unpardonable carelessin the morst vigorous terms. ness Those statements are facts, the truth of which will be endorsed by the undersigned and by every other passenger who had the misfortune of being on this express train. Today two freight trains collided a few miles east of Lancaster on the Grand Trunk Railway, killing one man and seriously and, it is Trunk Railway:

Resolved,-That we, the undersigned passengers, feel that in such careless management of a train containing several hundred people, the employes and officers of the road deserve the severest censure.

Resolved,-That we regard it as a grave imposition upon the travelling public to induce them by a conspicuous but deceptive offer of cheap fare to patronize their road, only to themselves in circumstances of great discomfort with filthy and neglected cars, with a train entirely too large for their locomotive to draw, with no means of communication by telegraph from some of the stations at dangerous points, and with such general neglect as to imperil the lives of their passengers. And as to the peril in our case, it seems almost a miracle that several hundred of us escaped being thrown from a high bridge to plunge us together in a mangled, dying mass of human bodies, seventy feet below-

Resolved, that as comfort and especially life are more important than a slight saving of money, we earnestly recommend that until the public are assured of a material improvement in the management of the Grand Trunk those who can by other roads find both com-

fort and comparative safety.
(Signed) Byron W. Griffin, M.D., Chicago; D. D. Martin, D. D., Oneida; Miss Mary Foster, Chicago; G. M. Chase and wife, Providence; Hattie A. Childs, New York; E. J. Kraitzer, Boston; E. S. Dumee, Mobile; S. Booth, Boston; E. Penny, New Orleans. These others.

PRESIDENT GARFIELD.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 30, 8.30 a.m. (official). | tinctly observable. The sales were: 35 ...The President slept the greater part of the night, awakening at intervals and retaining the liquid nourishment administered. His same as yesterday. His pulse is 102; temperature 98.5; respiration 18.

ITA Cincinnati bride has been sued for \$35, which the plaintiff claims she obtained from him by fraud. She promised to marry him, and he gave her the money to buy a wedding dress; and she did buy one, but wore it at her marriage with another man.

THOUGH THE SICK COVET HEALTH, they frequently and fruitlessly seek to obtain it by irrational means. Misled by false representations and absurd pretensions, they neglect those genuine restoratives which true proprietary remedy has met with greater approbation from the medical faculty, and none has given more satisfactory proofs of its efficiency than Northrop & Lyman's Emulsion of Cod Liver Oil and Hypophosphites of Lime and Soda. The conjunction of these latter salts with Cod Liver Oil of warranted purity gives the preparation a great advantage over the ordinary cough mixtures, since the phos-

Finance and Commerce.

FINANCIAL.

TRUE WITNESS OFFICE TUESDAY, August 31, 1881. The money market was steady at 5 per cent on call and 6 per cent on time, and good mercantile paper was discounted at 6 to 7 per cent. Sterling Exchange was quiet at 8\frac{1}{2} for 60-day bills, 8% to 8% counter, and 8% to 8%

demand. The stock market this morning was unsettled. Bank of Montreal was steady at 199 bid, 1991 asked at noon, but Untario had dropped \(\frac{1}{4}\), Richelieu \(\frac{1}{4}\), and Gas \(\frac{1}{2}\) per cent. pears to be making steady progress in all de-Montreal Telegraph advanced \(\frac{1}{2}\) and Compartments, but the "boom" is not yet, and merce $\frac{1}{4}$. Merchants at noon was steady at $125\frac{3}{4}$ bid, 126 asked.

Morning Stock sales-8 Montreal 199; 45 Ontario, 81½; 395 do, 81; 7 Molsons, 116; 17 Merchants, 126; 25 do, 125¾; 7 do 125½; 50 do 126; 50 Montreal Telegraph, 130; 25 do 1301; 200 Richelien 641; 25 Commerce

This afternoon Ontario dropped 4 to 80 bid; Montreal was steady at 199 bid; Merchants fell \(\frac{1}{4} \) to 125\(\frac{1}{2} \) bid; Montreal Teleprish advanced I\(\frac{1}{4} \) to 131\(\frac{1}{2} \) bid, and Richelieu buying American wheat for through shipfell 1 to 641 bid.

Afternoon Sales .- 50 Montreal 1991; 10 do 1991; 25 Ontario 801; 250 do 80; 12 Merchants 1251; 5 City Passenger 137; 10 Montreal Telegraph 1301; 25 do 1301; 160 do 131; 75 do 1311; 50 Richelieu 641; 95 do

WEEKLY REVIEW.

To the investors in bank and miscellaneous dividend-paying stocks who hold them for the interest they will return, the rise or fall of a few points, up or down, does not trouble them to any extent. But to the verdant margin speculator it is quite another matter. Their rise or fall is his absorbing interest, and when led on by the united efforts of forty "bull" brokers to invest in shares at their present inflated prices, and emboldened by their sophistry, he unfortunately steps in, buys and deposits his margin, and in less than twenty-four hours finds it is exhausted. then his hope and fear begin, and often end in wretchedness. present time we are witnessing the most herculean efforts of a few of our leading brokers to sustain stocks of which they are said to be heavy holders, and have spent months in preparing for a crop of innocents, who seem slow in arriving; and leading operators have become tired of sustaining a market which they know must react ere long. The sale of many of the leading stocks during the past week have been excessively small and despondent, being quoted from day to day as steady. On Tuesday last, Bank of Montreal was the attraction of the day-it sold up to 201, to be hurled back next day to 1991 and learned no one was seriously injured. A the day following to 1983, and on second Ashtabula Bridge disaster was for a time thought to be a certainty. Had the bridge, the press been stationary upon the bridge, the of Ontario sold on Monday last at 78, closing result must have been great leave of Maria at 1822. on Friday at 793; small sales of Merchants the rear car been an ordinary passenger car, it during the week, closing Friday, 1263. Commerce sold at 1443 on Tuesday last, closing weak on Friday at 143. Richelien, having lost a couple of its props, settled to 634 on Wednesday, but has since reacted by the support of a prominent broker on his imaginative powers, as the result of the heavy action for damages entered by the Company against the firm of Enoch Lunt & Sons, which will likely end in a debit entry in the books of the Company for costs. The electric light "scare" (not without reason) has had its effect upon Gas; it was quoted on Wednesday last at 1451, a decline of 31 in one week; a strong "bull" tendency coming to the rescue, it re-acted and closed on Friday at 1473. The amalgamation forecast for Telegraph has not been verified, the action of Mr. Low to have the amalgamation declared illegal (being a genuine suit) has prevented a large number thought, fatally injuring several others. of the "bull" element selling their stock ex-These accidents, together with other things cept at a loss of several points; sales on which have occurred on this rather eventful trip from Chicago, call for censure and criticism of the management of the Grand due to the imaginative faculty of a far-seeing loose muscatel, box, \$2.30 to \$2.40; seed-Bank had made several hundred thousand dollars out of a sale of \$10,000,000 worth of bonds, for account of C. P. R. R. The idea, being a good one, for a stock boom, it took; but upon further information they found that the bank was not the seller of the bands, and the profit made: but the buyer. with the profits in anticipation, the bank being one of a Syndicate in the purchase of \$10,000,000, Canada Pacific Bonds, and its interest in the purchase only \$2,500,000. The announcement of the rise of the Bank of England rate to 4 per cent. which is a considerable advance, with a prospect of a still further rise, has had a depressing influence upon the market, and will, in all likelihood, cause a further advance here shortly, when the bank will have enough to do, attending to the wants of their customers, and paying the \$10,000,000, without turnishing money to all needy speculators in stocks, though their agents, except at greatly reduced rates, which will have an effect upon the fancy value of stocks, and cause a reaction that will make margin holders of stocks at inflated prices tremble; shrewd and far-sseing Onsncial men expect it, partly in consequence Railroad, patronage be withheld from it by of this very purchase, which must necessarily change the current of a large amount of capital for some time to come, together with the requirements of produce, men to move our bountiful harvests, providing their wants for that purpose are entitled to more consideration than the stock broker, and the pleasure derived by many of the bank managers when they see their bad signatures were followed by hundreds of management so highly appreciated by the inflation of their respective bank stocks. The sales vesterday afternoon (Monday) were significant, hesitancy in buying being dis-

Telegraph, 130. Any amount of stock is general condition this morning is about the offering when a customer bold enough to buy can be found. The Federal Bank of Canada returns to the Government, published to 30th July ult., show liabilities to stockholders for capital paid up, \$1,251,310; rest as per last general statement, \$300,000; equal to about 24 per cent. The Bank shows unavailable assets as follows:-Notes overdue and not specially secured, \$39,365; notes overdue and other overdue debts secured, \$15,145; real estate other than bank premises, \$7,750; bank premises, \$126,643; making in all \$188,903 equal to about 12 per cent on capital and rest locked up and unavailable, and which, if deducted from capital and rest, science has placed at their disposal. No leaves a working capital of 112 per \$21 to 21.50; Eglinton, \$18 50 to 19 00; proprietary remedy has met with greater apcent, or 12 per cent above par value. Carnbroe, \$20 to 20 50. Bars per 100 Hbs, The Bank's liabilities to the public are for notes in circulation, Government deposit, deposits on call and on a fixed day, loans from and balances due by other banks, \$1,071,108. | to 0 00; ditto, IX, \$7 50 to 0 00; ditto, D C, Loans for which collaterals are held, and to \$5 to 000; ditto, DX, \$7 to 000. Coke, IC, phorus, lime and soda are potent auxiliaries | municipal and other corporations, \$1,703,107; | \$4 50 to 5 00. Tinned Sheets, No. 26, charof the oil, invigorating the system, remedy- other current loans and discounts to the pub-

Montreal, 1991; 500 Ontario, 81; 250 Com-

merce, 1431; 25 Richelieu, 65; 175 Montreal

to pay a large dividend to the stockholders, considering the amount of cheap capital employed. To obtain an interest in this Bank 1463 must be paid for the stock.

COMMERCIAL. WEEKLY REVIEW — WHOLESALE MARKETS.

The wholesale city markets have not been distinguished by any important developments during the past week. The fall trade apsome do not look for it before the middle of September: The city continues to be visited by large numbers of Americans, either on business or pleasure, and never before have our hotels and transportation companies been called upon to provide for such an amount of passenger traffic. The benefit to the retail stores has been great. The grain trade has not shown large proportions so far ment to Europe, and the delay in opening the new Welland Canal has also been a great drawback to our port. It is expected that the first vessel drawing fourteen feet of water will pass through the enlarged canal some time during September, but as vessel con tracts are now mostly completed for the balance of the season, no important benefits will result to the shipping trade this year. Canadian wheat has been forwarded in some quantity, but offerings were by no means free, farmers, doubtless, being of opinion that the upward march in prices was not at an end. On Monday and Wednesday, however prices fell away about 9c per bushel, and the uncertainty surrounding present prices may induce freer sales. The causes of the recent rise have been previously explained. Briefly, it is due to serious damage inflicted on British and some continental crops by bad weather, the temporary scarcity of stocks in European granaries and the reduced yield in America. Taking advantage of this combination of circumstances a clique of speculators forced a "corner" in August wheat which has been carried into September. The dairy produce trade is now in a healthy condition. Canadian cheese has been exported in larger quantity than last year and generally at better prices. Our exports of butter show a decrease of some 28,000 pkgs so far, in consequence of the vast accumulations of poor stock on the British markets this spring, but there is at last a brisk enquiry for Canadian creamery and dairy butter, at prices which show a fair profit, in spite of poor pasturage, which is complained of in some sections. Lumber, groceries, dry-goods, hardware and other leading staples continue firm in price, and in seasonable demand.

Groceries .- The past week has ruled quiet and the movement has been chiefly between

jobbers. Teas.—The lower grades are offered at a rate, but higher grades concheap tinue firm. Japan, common, 221c to 25c; good common to medium, 27c 30c; fair to good, 34c to fine to choice, 45c to 55c. Nagasaki, 25c to 35; Young hyson firsts 48c to 55c; seconds, 38c to 45c; thirds, 30c to 35c; fourths, 26c to 29c; Gunpowder, low grades, 38c to 40c; good to fine, 50c to 60c; finest, 65c to 70c; Imperial, medium to good, 33c 38c; fine to fivest, 45c to 60c; Twankey, commen to good, 29c to 32; Oolong, common, 33c to 38c; good to choice, 40c to 65c; Congou, common, 26c to 32c; meaium to good, 32c to 40c; fine to finest, 41c to 60c; Souchong, common, 28c to 30c; medium to good, 33c to 45c; fine to choice, 50c to 70c.

Fruit.-All kinds are held firm. New Valencias have sold at 93c. Currants 7c to broker in circulating the report that the less, 9½c to 10½c; prunes, 5½c to 6½c; S. S. in baskets, 20c to 22c; in cases, 16c. tarragona, 15c to 16c; walnuts, French, 91c to 10c; filberts,10c to 11c.

Sugars are quiet and easier. Granulated, 10c to 10 c; Yellows, 74c to 9c; Raw, good to bright, 75 to 8c.

Coffees are unchanged. We quote :- Green mocha, 34c to 38c; Java, 23c to 28c; maracaibo, 21c to 23c; cape, 19c to 20c; Jamaica 18c to 20c; Bio, 18c to 20c; Singapore and Ceylon, 22c to 27c; chicory, 12c to 12½c. Spices.—The spice market continues quiet

and one or two lines are easier. Cassia, per 1b, 12c to 14c; mace, 90c to \$1 cloves, 33c to 40c; Jamaica ginger, bl, 22c to 28c; Jamaica ginger, unbl, 17c to 21c; Cochin ginger, 14c to 18c; African, 10c to 11c; black pepper, 14c to 16c; pimento, 17c to 18c; mustard, 4 lb jars, 19c to 20c; mustard, 1 lb jars, 24c to 25c; nutmegs, unlimed, 85c to 95c; limed, 90c to \$1.

Syrups and Molasses. -- Moderate mand—Bright, 70c to 72c; medium, 53c to 60c; fair, 48c to 52c. Molasses-Barbadoes 55c to 58c; Trinidad, 46c to 50c; sugar house, 35c to 37.

BOOTS AND SHORS,-Trade continues active factories being fully employed and prices are unchanged. Country customers are generally early with their remittances, and the prospect is unclouded. We quote:—Men's split boots, \$1.75 to \$2.25: do, split brogans, S1 to \$1.10; do buff congress, \$1.80 to 2.25; do kip boots, \$2.50 to 3.25; do cowhide boots, 2.30 to \$2.75; women's split balmorals, 90c and S1; do pebble and buff balmorals, \$1.10 to \$1.40; do prunella, 50c to \$1.60; Misses' buff and pebble balmorals, 90c to \$1.15.

LEATHER .- The demand is only a moderate one, and very little impression is being made on stocks. Prices are about steady. Hemlock Spanish sole, No I, B A, 25c to 27c ordinary, 24½c to 25½c; No 2, B A, 23c to 24½c; No 2, ordinary, 22½c to 23½c. Buffalo sole, No 1, 21c to 23c; No 2, 19c to 21c; hemlock slaughter, No 1, 27c to 29c; waxed upper, light and medium, 36c to 42c splits, large, 25c to 30c; small, 22c to 25c calfskins (27 to 36 lbs), 60c to 80c; do (18 to 26 lbs), 60c to 70c. Harness, 26c to 34c; buff, 146 to 16c; pebble, 12½c to 15½c; rough, 26c to 28c.

IRON AND HARDWARE.—The market is stendy \$868 50. to firm for both iron and hardware, and the demand is satisfactory. The rumored drop in ocean freight rates from Glasgow to Montreal has been denied. We quote: Pig iron per ton, Coltness, \$21 to \$21.50; Siemens, \$18.50 to \$20; Gartsherrie, \$20.50 to 21.00; Summerlee, \$20.50 to 21 00; Langloan, Siemens, \$2 to 2 25; Scotch and Staffordshire, \$1 90; Best ditto \$2.15 to 2.25; Swede, \$4 25 to 4 60; Norway, \$4 00 to 5 00; Lowmoor & coal, \$10 50 to 11; Galvanized Sheets No. 28, ing poverty of the blood induced by waste of lic are \$4,845,063. The liabilities of the tissue, and increasing bodily substance, directors to the Bank are \$84,900, or about 5½ per cent of capital and rest. The average all druggists.

| Continued in the blood induced by waste of lic are \$4,845,063. The liabilities of the best \$7.00 to 7.50; Hoops and Bands, per to 2½ to 4c per lb, and the supply of small loss, so 250; Sheets, best brands sized "grass feds" is still large. A lot of per cent of capital and rest. The average amount of specie held during the month was less. Sheet Iron per lb, 12½c. Lead, for in the country at 7½c some time ago, and

\$185,254, and of Dominion notes during the pig per 100 lbs, \$4 25; do sheet, 5 50; do month, \$344,893. This Bank is evidently bar, \$5 to \$5 50; do shot, \$6 to \$6 50; running with an expanded sheet, and ought Steel, cast, per lb, 11½c to 12½c; do Spring, per 100 lbs, \$3.75 to \$4; do Tire, \$3 50 to \$3 75; do Sleigh Shoe, \$2.25 to \$2 50. Ingot Tin, \$25 to \$26. Ingot Copper, \$17 25 to 18 50. Sheet Zino per 100 lbs, \$5 40 to 5 50; spelter, \$5 25 to \$5 50. Horse Shoes, per 100 lbs, \$4 25 to \$4 50. Proved Coil chain, \$ inch, \$5 50. Iron Wire, No. 6, per bdl, \$1.60 to 1.70.

DRUGS AND CHEMICALS .- There is a fair enquiry and prices are steady. The English markets have undergone a decided imgrovement. We quote: Bi-carb sods at \$3.10 \$3.25 soda ash, \$1.50 [to \$1.65; bi-chromate of potash, 131c to 15c; borax, 17c to 18c; cream tarter crystals, 29c to 30c; ditto ground, 31c to 33c; caustic soda, \$2.40 to 2.50; sugar of lead, 13c to 15c; bleaching powder, \$1.50 to \$1.75; alum, \$1.75 to \$2.00; copperas, 100 lbs., 90c to \$1; flour sulphur, \$2.90 to 3.25; epsom salts, \$1.30 to 1.50; sal soda, 90c to \$1.10; saltpetre, per keg, \$9.50 to 10; sulphate of copper, 51c to and before using the first bottle I was entire-7c; whiting, 55c to 60c; quinine, \$3.15; morphia, \$2.40 to \$2.55; castor oil, 10c; shellac, 42c to 45c; opium, \$4.75 to \$5.

Wool.—There is still a firm tone, but prices are unchanged. Greasy Cape, on this market, is quoted at 18c to 19c; Australian, 23c to 30c; Canadian pulled, A super, 340 to 35c; B super, 31 to 33c; and druggists. unassorted, 30c.

Hipes are steady at \$10, \$9.00 and \$8.00 for Nos. 1, 2 and 3. Sheepskins, 70c to 75c; calfskins, 12c.

Oils .- Newfoundland cod is quiet at 43c to 45c. Petroleum is steady. Broken lots are quoted at 23½c to 24c, and single bbl. lots at

4½c to 25c. Salt.—The market continues firm. Coarse is quoted at 57c to 60c.

FLOUR.—Superior Extra, \$6.35 to 0.00; Extra Superfine, \$6.20 to 6.25; Spring Extra, \$6.05 to 6.10; Superfine, \$5.521 to 5.60; Strong Bakers', \$6.00 to 6.75; Fine, \$4.85 to 5.00; Middlings, \$4.60 to 4.70; Pollards, \$4.25 to 4.30; Ontario Bags, \$2.85 to 2.95; City Bags (delivered), \$3.35 to 3.45.
Shortly before noon No. 2 Red wheat sold

in New York at \$1.44 September, \$1.46 October, \$1.49 November; and corn was quoted at 69c to 71c August, 70%c to 70%c September.

DAIRY PRODUCE-There is a fair demand at steady prices. Creamery butter is quoted at 221c to 24c; Eastern Townships at 20c to 22c; Morrisburg at 19c to 21c, and Western at 18c to 19c. August Cheese is worth 11c to 111c, and prices are inclined upwards again. Eggs are steady at 16c.

Receipts to-day: -- Wheat, 85,181 bushels corn, 64,279 do; flour, 4,430 bbls; ashes, 22 do; butter, 2,258 pkgs; cheese, 941 boxes; hides, 12 pkgs; leather, 210 rolls; spirits, 36

CITY RETAIL MARKETS-Aug. 30.

Business was brisk, the attendance of both sellers and buyers being a full average one. The propellor "Celtic" brought down 235 bbls of apples from the west last evening, or the markets would have been bare this morning, as the arrivals Sunday and Monday did not exceed 135 bbls. This evening the receipts will be further augmented. Peaches have been scarce for several days, but there were fuller arrivals this e.m. Chempion grapes are selling at 10c to 12c. The receipts of blueberries to-day from the Saguenay were about 1,500 boxes, and there was a good demand at prices quoted. Blue and red plums are arriving more freely and melons are more plentiful and cheaper. Tomatoes keep well up in price to the chagrin of a number of Montreal gardeners, who contracted earlier in the season with canning companies at 15c to 20c per bushel, which is about 60c per bushel lower than the present market price. With the exception of oats the offerings of grain to-

day were not large. DAIRY PRODUCE. 30c per lb.; best tub butter, 20c to 21c; eggs,

FLOUR, MEAL AND GRAIN.-Flour, per 100 lbs., \$3.30 to \$3.45; Oatmeal, \$2.50 to 2.60; Cornmeal, \$1 60 to \$1 65; Bran, \$1.10; Barley, nominal; Oats, per large bag, 90c to \$1.00; Peas, per bushel, \$1; Buckwheat, per bushel, 70c. FRUITS AND VEGETABLES .- Apples, per brl,

\$2.00 to \$2.75; Potatoes, new, 40c to 50c per bush; carrots, 40c per doz bunches; onions, 40c per doz bunches; cabbages, new, per doz, 25c to 50c; Montreal tomatoes, 60c to 90c per bushel; cucumbers, 15c to 20c per dozen; nutmeg melons, \$3 to \$7 per dozen; lemons per case, \$11 to \$12; Bartlett pears, \$9 per bbl; Flemish beauties, do, \$5; Rochester grapes, 10c to 12c per lb; peaches, \$1 50 to \$2 per basket; blue plums, 60c per gallon; blueberries, 75c to 80c per box.

POULTRY AND MEAT.-Dressed Fowls per pair, 65c to 75c; turkeys, \$1.50 to \$2 per pair; geese, 95c to \$leach; beef, per lb, 10c to 11c; mutton, do, 7c to 10c; lamb, per lb, 8c to 10c; veal, per lb, 8c to 10c; pork, 12c; ham, 13c to 15c; lard 13c to 14c.

MONTREAL HORSE MARKET-Aug. 27. The demand has not shown much life and the number of serviceable horses offering

was not large. In Boston a decided improvement has set in in the horse market. On the Corporation market here one pair of carriage horses, 5 years, went at \$400; three chestnut horses at \$82, \$60 and \$100, and oneggrey, 6 years old, \$125. Two common horses were parted with for \$30 and \$35.

The following American dealers were in town :-- J C Richardson, Boston; M Morgridge, Millford, Mich; H Cummins, Lowell, Mass; Chas Getman, Frostport; J G Kaeser, Pennsylvania; A H Lathrop, Willimantic, Conn; A Baldwin, New Haven, Conn; J E Strever, Albany; G H B Green, Holyoke, Mass, and M Hicks, same place.

Exports for the week:—August 20th, 1 horse, \$90; 2 do, \$295; 1 do, \$220; 1 do, \$160. August 22nd, 1 do, \$72; 9 do, \$1,103 50; 3 do, \$352. August 23rd, 3 do, \$275; 1 do \$150; 2 do, 235; 14 de, \$1,922 50; 2 do, \$200; 2 do, \$265; 4 do, \$217; 4 do, \$460; 21 do, \$2,160. August 24th, 1 do, \$110; 4 do, \$295; 3 do for breeding, \$3,356 94; 10 do,

MONTREAL CATTLE MARKET-Aug. 29. Since Monday morning last the receipts of live stock by rail to Montreal were 2,440 cattle, 3,339 sheep, 522 hogs and 39 horses. The demand to day was slow, especially for shipping stock, offerings of which were not of extra choice quality. A collision on the Western branch of the Grand Trunk Railway kept the stock late, and when the offerings did arrive they did not present the appearance possible under ordinary circumstances. Mr. other banks, due banks in United Kingdom, Bowling, \$6 25 to 700. Canada plates, per N. Kennedy bought 3 car loads of ordinary &c., &c., \$6,082,777. The assets immediately box: Hatton \$3.25; other brands \$3 25 to shipping at 4\frac{1}{2}0, and Mr. McShane puravallable are specie, Dominion notes, notes \$3 50; Tin Plates, per box: charcoal IC, \$5 50; chased 9 head from Mr. Chute at \$56 each or about 41c to 41c. For choice shipping 5c would probably have been readily paid, but no transactions of such were closed at a late hour. Butcher's stock peddled out slowly

the price is about steady at that, though one dealer remarked to-day that he would not pay over 62c. Ocean and insurance rates are steady to firm. The principal drovers in town to-day were Roberts & Wilder, who had two loads of shipping cattle from the Townships Mr. Suell, of Belleville, who had one mixed load of hogs and cattle, and Mr. Chute, who had two loads of common cattle from the Townships. Messrs. Armstrong and Bonner, of Toronto, were also here on business.

Whooping Cough and Consumption. FROM JOSIAH HOFF, of Keyport, N. J.

"This certifies that I was for many years afflicted with a disease of the lungs, until I became so weak that it was with difficulty I could walk. My cough during this time was very severe, causing me frequently to raise great quantities of blood, attended with profuse night sweats. After using various remedies to no purpose, I was advised to try WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY. I did so, ly restored to perfect health and strength. I would also mention that this Balsam cured a little girl of mine of a severe attack of whoop. ing cough, when her life was given over by the physician, and all other remedies had failed."

50 cents and \$1 a bottle. Sold by all

O'CONNOR—At Peterborough, Ont., on the 191h inst., Mrs. Julia O'Connor, mother of the Rev. John S. O'Connor, Parish Priest of Perth, Ont.. aged 71 years.—R.I.P. 22

New Adbertisements.



Whooping - Cough, and all Lung Diseases, when taken in season.

People die of consumption simply because of neglect, when the timely because of neglect, would have cured Diseases, when taken in season. them at once.

Fifty-one years of constant use proves the fact that no cough remedy has stood the test like Dorne? Flivin like Downs' Elixir. Price 25 cents and \$1.00 per bottle. For sale Everywhere.

Dr. Baxter's Mandrake BITTERS

Will cure Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Liver Complaints, Indigestion, and all diseases arising from Biliousness.
Price 25 cents per bottle.
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Sept 8, '80.

MINING INFORMATION.

4-ly



GENERAL INFORMATION

RESPECTING THE MINES AND MINING LAW OF THE PRO-VINCE OF QUEBEC.

The chief provisions of the Quebec General Mining Act of 1880 are:—
1. The declaration of ownership by the Crown and reserve of all mines not specially granted.

sec. 3.

2. For the sale of mining rights on patented 2. For the sale of mining rights on patented and seignorial lands, and on unpatented lands acquired for agricultural purposes. Secs. 4 to 12 3. For imposition of Royalty under Order in Council if deemed advisable. Secs. 13 & 52.

4. For granting licenses to mine for gold or silver on public lands and on conceded portions of Seignory Rigand, Vaudreuit, and other private lands. Ses. 14, 50, ct seq.

vate lands. Ses. 14, 50, et seq.

5. For the sale of lands as mining locations. Sec. 23, et seq.

6. For imposition of penalties for contravention of Act. Sec. 101, et seq.

Under this Act parties holding Letters Patent for lands granted for agricultural purposes may acquire the right to work any mines of gold or silver thereon, without license, by paying the Commissioner of Crown Lands a sum sufficient to make any with the amount pade before terms.

Commissioner of Crown Lands a sum sufficient to make up, with the amount paid before issue of patent, the price of two dollars per acre. In the case of "free grants" the whole price of two dollars per acre must be paid. Censitaires in the seignories in which the Crown holds mining the seignories in which the Crown holds mining rights may acquire these rights by paying one dollar and a half per acre for the whole of their land, or at least one hundred acces; and the seignor or proprietor of the unconceded portion of a seignory may do the same on paying two dollars per acre; the extent over which such rights can be acquired being, however, limited to four hundred acres, or, in special cases, cight hundred acres

indred acres.

If a mine of any kind be discovered and worked on land sold for settlement but not patented, the settlement duties not being performed, the sale may be cancelled, unless the land be paid for in full as a mining location.

land be paid for in full as a mining location.
Sec 12.

Mining locations, which may be of any extent up to four hundred acres, or, in special cases, eight hundred acres. may be acquired by addressing a letter to the Commissioner of Crown Lands, specifying the lot, or lots required, and transmitting at the same time—

1. The full price of the location at the rate three dollars per acre, if it is to be mined for phosphate of time (this price fixed by O.C. of 2std March, 1881); two dollars per acre if to be mined for assessos, or gold or silver (price fixed by O.C. of 7th Oct., 1880); one dollar per acre, if it be mined for inferior metals or other immorals, or deposits of any substance of appreciable value.

2. A specimen of the mineral for which the

value.

2. A specimen of the mineral for which the land is to be worked, with an affidavit identifying it as having been taken from the land applied for.

Mines of gold or silver on public or private lands may be worked by parties taking out licenses for themselves and their employees, costing two dollars for each person for three months, if the mining is to be done on private lands, and four dollars if on public lands.

The size and position of claims on public lands worked under such licenses are regulated by the Act or determined by the mining inspector according to circumstances.

cording to circumstances.

The localities in the Province of Quebec in which minerals are chiefly found are as follows:—

which imperais a colory found are as for lows:—
GOLD.—Eastern Townships, especially the counties of Beauce and Compton.
PHOSPHATE OF LIME.—Counties of Ottawa and Argenteuil.
ASBESTOS.—Counties of Megantic and Wolfe. IRON.—Counties of Ottawa, Montcalm, St. Maurice, Champlain, Charlevoix and Saguenay.
Copper.—Counties of Bagot, Megantic and Sherbrooke.
GALENA.—Counties of Ottawa (Lake Temis, camingue), Gaspe and Rimouski.
PLUMBAGO.—County of Ottawa.
MICA.—Counties of Berthier, Ottawa and Megantic.

E. J. FLYNN,

Commissioner C. L.

CROWN LANDS' DEPARTMENT,

Quebec, 1st June, 1881.

14-DD m

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PROVINCE OF QUEBEC, DIS-TRICT OF MONTREAL. Superior Court-DAME MATHILDA LABERGE, of the City and District of Montreal, wife of Auguste St.

and District of Montreal, wife of Auguste St.
Jean, of the same-place, trader, duly authorised
a ester en justice, Plaintiff, vs. AUGUSTE ST.
JEAN, of the same place, trader, Defendant
An action-for separation as to property has been
instituted in this cause.
Montreal, 18th August, 1881.
Z. RENAUD,
85

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