was considered a Rocky Mountain species, but lately specimens have been taken in Iowa, Illinois, and Indiana.

Another question is why the form Fabricii should appear before Umbrosa and then later on both forms appear at the same time?

The broods of *Interrogationis* seem very irregular as to time of appearance, but there are at least two annual broods here.

A NEW CIELIOXYS FROM NEW MEXICO.

BY T. D. A. COCKERELL, MESILLA, N. M.

Calioxys mentha, n. sp. - 3. Length 913 mm., black with the legs and base of abdomen ferruginous. Pubescence scanty, dull white, rather dense and tinged with ochraceous on face. Head rather large: vertex shining, with large, well-separated punctures; mandibles bifid at ends, ferruginous except tips and extreme base; antennæ black, flagellum faintly rufescent beneath towards the end; mesothorax shining, with extremely large, well-separated punctures; a band of dull white pubescence at base of scutellum and a patch above base of wings; scutellum shining and sparsely punctured, without any trace of a keel, rounded behind, with a very small tubercle at the middle (representing the median tooth of aperta, etc.), lateral teeth large, flattened and rounded at tips; enclosure of metathorax distinct, very finely granular, with a basal series of large pits; tegulæ apricot colour; wings dusky hyaline, the apical margin broadly smoky, nervures piceous, stigma fuscous, marginal cell more produced at tip than in altilis; coxæ more or less darkened, legs otherwise entirely bright ferruginous, with the pubescence extremely scanty; abdomen shining, segments 2-5 with transverse sublateral grooves; punctures sparse, largest and densest at sides, rather small and numerous on dorsum of first segment, absent on dorsal middle of segments 2-5, except for an apical row and on 2 an imperfect basal one; sixth segment with sparse minute punctures. Hair-bands very narrow and interrupted dorsally, so as to be inconspicuous. First segment except the extreme base entirely ferruginous; second and third segments, and fourth more or less, ferruginous at sides, venter ferruginous except apex. Apex with six teeth, of the terminal ones the lower are the longer.

Hab.—Deming, N. M., at flowers of garden mint in Mrs. Bristol's garden, July 9, 1896. (Ckll. B. 45.) Very distinct by the sparsely punctured (in parts impunctate) abdomen with its rufous first segment.

Nearest, perhaps, to C. texana, Cr.

There is a Caliaxys taken by Prof. Townsend on the Gila R. in numbers, which I could not definitely identify. A specimen sent to Mr. Fox comes back marked "near masta." Very possibly the species is new, but I do not at present care to give it a name, as there are several closely allied forms which I have not seen, and it may be one of them.