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ELEVENTH YEAR. SATURDAY MORNING, NOVEMBER 8, 1890.—EIGHT PAGES. ONE CENT.

GERMAN RAILWAY WRECK.

EXPRESS COLLIDES WITH A GUNPOWDER TRAIN.

An Explosion Heard for Miles—Many Persons Injured—Mills Built by the Inventor of the Spinning Jenny Burned—Balfour's Tour in Ireland—The Duke and the Dean.

BERLIN, Nov. 7.—A passenger train and a train loaded with gunpowder collided near Bockum to-day. The explosion that followed was heard for miles around. The two engineers and several passengers were injured, but no one is reported killed.

Terrible Explosion.

SHANGHAI, Nov. 7.—A terrible accident has occurred at Tai-Ping-Fu, at which place are situated the government mills for the manufacture of powder. While the workmen were employed about the mills an explosion occurred which entirely demolished the building. The loss of life was enormous, 300 persons being killed. The cause of the explosion is not known.

EVICTED TENANTS RETURN.

They Redeem Their Holdings and Require Police Protection.

DUBLIN, Nov. 7.—No little excitement was occasioned in Tipperary yesterday by reports that a number of evicted tenants had secretly redeemed their holdings, but were afraid to return to take possession of them.

Suspicion having fallen on Michael O'Connor, a foreman mechanic employed on some buildings in New Tipperary, a crowd gathered opposite his house and began assailing him with opprobrious epithets. A force of armed police however, arriving, the mob was dispersed and a guard placed around the house. This morning O'Connor went openly to the office of the estate and obtained the key of his old house.

The agent having supplied him with men and carts, O'Connor soon had his effects removed to Old Tipperary, under the protection of a large escort of police. Constables are now stationed at the front and rear of the building.

Mr. Balfour in Donegal.

DUBLIN, Nov. 7.—Mr. Balfour completed the third stage of his Donegal tour yesterday amid a blinding and continuous downpour of rain. The most noteworthy incident of the day occurred at Dungloe, where, after being groaned at by townsmen, Mr. Balfour received a deputation. While Mr. Balfour was addressing the deputation Mr. McNeil, M.P., appeared and began to address the people on the terrible barbarities of Balfour's rule and on evictions and other matters. Mr. Balfour, replying, expressed surprise at the intrusion of such matters on this occasion. He reminded the people of the success of his tour, and said he would repeat what he had already done if necessary. He appealed to all having the interest of their country at heart to say whether the Government projects were not calculated to benefit Ireland more than all the speeches ever made. At the conclusion of Balfour's remarks a man named Sweeney disclaimed Commoner McNeil's authority to speak for the district.

In a letter published to-day McNeil challenges Balfour to dilate in his utterance before Donegal audiences on the use of the battering ram in accomplishing evictions, as he boasted in Parliament he was willing to do.

Unionists and Nationalists in Combat.

Mr. Balfour left Gweedore at six this morning and arrived at Letterkenny at 10. He had a long interview with the Catholic bishop and received deputations of prominent citizens asking for railway extensions. Mr. Balfour in a speech declared that the present Government's period of office would be looked back upon as an era of efficient public works in the poor districts of Ireland. On arriving at Omagh he received an address from the inhabitants. Here a number of Nationalists cheered for Gladstone and O'Brien and were attacked by the Unionists present. A scrimmage ensued, the Unionists, who were in greater numbers, finally suppressing the Nationalists. When the row was over Mr. Balfour thanked the people heartily for their reception. From Omagh Mr. Balfour went to Portadown, where he met with an ovation. In a speech to the people he promised at some time in the future to speak to them on politics. In the meantime he thanked them from the bottom of his heart, knowing that no matter what party had misjudged his work the people of Portadown had not.

At Duncannon Mr. Balfour was received in a very cordial way by many of the people. There was a great crowd to meet him.

STANLEY'S AWFUL CHARGE.

Did Jamieson Have a Native Killed to Secure a Sketch.

LONDON, Nov. 7.—Mr. Barttelot says that Stanley's account of his brother's death is completely at variance with Jamieson's account and Sorgas' confession. Lieut. W. Boert, one of the officers who tried Sorga, says Stanley's assertion that an English jury would have acquitted him seems an impeachment of the court martial's fairness. Sorga's only defence was that he was about to strike his wife, and the Manyemas penalty for murder is merely pecuniary. Sorga need no further provocation. Bonny did not appear until after the scene, and if Stanley depends on the account of the Manyemas he must remember that they were relatives of the murderer. In justifying his brother's severity as necessary under the circumstances, and only the same as that to which Stanley was accustomed to resort, Mr. Barttelot declares that Stanley only raised the question in order to throw dust in the eyes of the public and that he is quite ready to meet him in a court of law and divulge everything. He also declares that it has been clearly proved that his brother met his death while carrying out Strnley's instructions to the letter. Mr. Barttelot says that although the rear column was composed of feeble and sick men and the worst characters and it was in a miserable condition through famine and inactivity the mortality was less than in Stanley's column. Barttelot says the offence punished with 300 lashes was desertion, not theft, and that Soudis' death occurred long after Major Barttelot's. He quotes from "Darkest Africa" Stanley's inquiries of natives who disproved charges of cruelty and distinctly stated that the mortality was only due to bad and insufficient food. Barttelot was absent from June 24 to July 17 and was killed July 19; therefore, he could not have been responsible for the demoralization of the camp. Nothing could have been worse than Stanley's leaving Nelson and party 23 days without food which action resulted in the death of 47 of them.

Stanley Speaks Yet Again.

LONDON, Nov. 8.—The Times prints a three-column signed statement which Stanley dictated to its New York correspondent. Stanley accuses Major Barttelot of persistent and vindictive cruelty to the people under his command which directly led to his death. Stanley says he himself would have acquitted the murderer. He adds that Barttelot expressed the wildest and most unfounded suspicions which extended to the belief that Stanley would not hesitate to poison Barttelot and had formed a design to abandon the expedition and carry out his own projects with the connivance of Jameson and Tippo Tib. Stanley accuses Jameson of having purchased a girl for the sole purpose of having her murdered so that the cannibalistic scene might be furnished for his sketch book. Stanley admits the information was obtained from Bonny Zanzibaris, Arabs and Mamgemas. The only basis he gives for the Jameson story is that a European showed him sketches and that he had had seen the evidence reported to the authorities of the Coup state.

The Times says if these charges are true they will compel all Englishmen to execrate the memory of men who could bring such disgrace to the name and fame of a nation which yields to none in its regard for humanity and justice. We must, however, admit that the evidence is far from complete, and as regards Jameson the charge is deplorably vague.

GEN. LAURIE'S BOMBSHELL.

He Preaches Independence at an Imperial Federation Meeting.

[N. Y. Herald Cable.]

LONDON, Nov. 7.—The Imperial Federation League, which aims at the closer alliance of the colonies to the Mother Country, held a meeting in this city to-day. The object of the gathering was to consider how Canada could be more closely federated to England. Recent utterances of prominent Canadians on the McKinley tariff afforded a good reason for calling the meeting.

Sir John Lubbock and Sir Robert Fowler opened the proceedings with speeches, in which "the wise and patriotic utterances of Canadian statesmen" on the subject were loudly praised.

General Laurie, a member of the Canadian Parliament, next addressed the leaguers. His speech caused much astonishment to the meeting. He began by hoping that his hearers would not think that the McKinley tariff was conceived in a hostile spirit either to England or Canada. The Americans had only done what it should be the object of the Imperial Federation League to do—to trade preferentially with their own people. If English statesmen were wise they too would see that the only way to build up a united empire was by united trade methods. They must not talk of Canada as a colony. That was a term long past. Canada was a country—a dominion of itself—and could not be held in leading strings any longer. It was an allied state and not longer a dependency.

Here the murmurs of surprise grew so loud that the General turned to the chairman and said: "I didn't come here to say what I thought would be pleasant to you, but to give you an idea of what the opinions are in Canada on this matter.

"As to an Imperial Federation," he went on, "there are great difficulties in the way. Any proposal of a scheme must come from Canada and not from the Mother Country; otherwise it would be said that England is trying to force matters. But they must remember that it would be utterly impossible to govern Canada from this side of the water. United trade methods and the power to deal with England preferentially was the real method of federation."

General Laurie sat down amid a murmur which was the mere courtesy of applause, and the meeting carried a resolution urging that communications be opened with the people in Canada with the view of finding out what could be done.

The chairman said that, if for federation's sake it should be needful to sacrifice free trade principles to a certain extent, the sacrifice was worth making.

The Foreign Bourses.

LONDON, Nov. 7.—The stock exchange here closed to-day very depressed, with consols at 94, the lowest figure since the conversion. Rupee paper declined 1⅛ and Argentine securities 1¼, under increasing doubts as to the character of the Government's financial arrangements. The final street dealings in American railroad securities showed a slight recovery after the official close, due to cables quoting the New York market steady. Still there were left declines ranging from ⅛ to 2¼. Foreigners shared in the general demoralization, falling ¾ to 1⅛. English railways show an average drop of ¾ per cent.

The Paris bourse closed with prices at their weakest three per cent. rentes losing 50 centimes, rio tinto 18 francs and foreigners generally ½ per cent.

The Berlin boerse to-day was depressed. Banks dropped 1½ per cent. and foreigners ¾ per cent. Mines alone were steady.

Caprivi Cordially Welcomed.

ROME, Nov. 7.—General von Caprivi, the German Chancellor, arrived at Milan to-day. Signor Crispi, the Italian Prime Minister, met him at the station and the two exchanged hearty greetings. They then drove to a hotel and held a conference. The papers cordially welcome Gen. von Caprivi to Italy. The Lombardia says Italian opinion favors cementing the bonds of affection and common interests which unite Germany and Italy and also favors the promotion of peace.

Katie's Imaginary Wrongs.

LONDON, Nov. 7.—Kate Riordan has been arrested charged with shooting Dr. Bright yesterday. It is supposed she was incensed at the prospect of Dr. Bright's daughter marrying a man named Maines, who, she alleges, was formerly engaged to herself. Mr. Maines asserts that he was never engaged to Kate Riordan, and that she is laboring under an insane delusion.

Quarantining American Cattle.

DUFFIELD, Nov. 7.—In a speech this evening Mr. Chaplin, President of the Board of Agriculture, said he regretted that it was necessary to restrict the importation of cattle from infected countries, but the general result would be that more cattle would be reared at home. The McKinley law, he said, would certainly not make England less obdurate against the importation of American cattle.

The Orders Came From Headquarters.

ROME, Nov. 7.—The recent pastoral letter of the Irish bishops, condemning boycotting and the Plan of Campaign, was issued in compliance with peremptory orders from the Pope himself, who desired proof of the absolute submission of the Irish episcopate to the decisions of the Curia. This is practically a contradiction of the report that the Irish bishops are determined to support the league.

Avenged An Insult to His Mother.

PARIS, Nov. 7.—The duel between Maurice Bernhardt, son of Sarah Bernhardt, and M Mourney, the dramatic critic, who was challenged by the former in consequence of his comments upon Madame Bernhardt's performance in "Cleopatra," was fought to-day, and resulted in Mourney being slightly wounded in the arm.

The Duke and the Dean.

BERLIN, Nov. 7.—The Kreuz Zeitung announces the acceptance of Dr. Stoecker's resignation as court chaplain and dean of the cathedral. The Freisinnige Zeitung says Stoecker was dismissed in consequence of a complaint made against him by the Grand Duke of Baden.

The Cause of the Advance.

LONDON, Nov. 7.—The heavy withdrawal of gold from the Bank of England for the Continent was the cause of the bank directors raising the rate of discount from 5 to 6 per cent. If the withdrawal of gold continues a further advance will probably be made in the discount rate.

Mr. Gilhooly, M.P., Injured.

DUBLIN, Nov. 7.—James Gilhooly, member of the House of Commons for West Cork, is in a precarious condition, the result of injuries received by being thrown from his horse.

A Torpedo Boat Ashore.

KIEL, Nov. 7.—A German torpedo boat is ashore near Svanike on Bornholm Island, Denmark. A steamer has gone to the rescue.

Met the Same Fate.

PETERSBURG, Ind., Nov. 7.—A terrible conflagration occurred at Winslow, Pike County, this state, this morning. Not a house is left standing and 400 people are homeless. There was no fire department.

The Protectorate Proclaimed.

ZANZIBAR, Nov. 7.—The establishment of the British protectorate over Zanzibar has been formally proclaimed.

Read "Miss Nobody of Nowhere," by the author of "Barnes of New York."

There are a number of varieties of corns. Holloway's Corn Cure will remove any of them. Call on your druggist and get a bottle at once.

LETTERS FROM THE DEAD.

LOSS OF A FOREIGN BARK OFF THE NEW LONDON COAST.

A Swedish Vessel Sinks With All Hands on Board—Large Quantity of Wreckage Washed Ashore—A Box of Treasure From the Deep—Was This the Bark Seen off Tignish?

SUMMERSIDE, P.E.I., Nov. 7.—A pilot picked up at Fish Island several envelopes bearing Swedish postmarks and addressed to parties on the bark Falka, Capt. F. Panden. Numerous letters similarly addressed, a gold-headed cane, a box containing a small amount of money and considerable other wreckage have also been picked up along the New London shore. It is rumored that during one of the late severe storms parties in the neighborhood of Tignish saw a large bark in distress off the shore at that place. While they were watching her a thick rain-squall hid her from view, and when it cleared away the vessel had disappeared and was not seen again. Everything points to the loss of a large foreign bark with all hands on board. Where she was from, where bound to and who were on board are yet matters for conjecture only.

A Viscount Drowned.

LONDON, Nov. 7.—A heavy storm prevailed throughout Great Britain and Ireland to-day, and much damage has been done. The rain is falling incessantly and in many sections the country is flooded.

Viscount Cantelupe, a nephew of Baron Sackville, climbed into the rigging of a steamer and cheered the men who were going to their rescue for a while, but the cold was so bitter that he became benumbed and was swept overboard and drowned.

The British bark Elizabeth Roy has been wrecked on Tory Island. Six of the persons aboard of her were drowned.

QUEER TRADES IN PARIS.

Novel Means of Money-Getting Practised at the French Capital.

PARIS, Nov. 7.—Some of the queerest and most extraordinary professions in the world are to be found flourishing on the banks of the Seine. They are professions concerning the existence of which the most absolute ignorance prevails on the part of the public. Who, for instance, would imagine that there is at Paris a regular guild of trade-union mireurs d'œufs, anglice "examiner of eggs," who earn their livelihood by giving opinions in the various markets of the metropolis as to whether the eggs offered for sale are either good or bad, and although they are necessarily limited to a mere outward inspection of the egg they never make an error or mistake a stale for a fresh one.

Another odd calling that affords employment and daily bread to a number of steady men is that of professional awakener. The awakener starts out at about 3 o'clock in the morning on his regular round, provided with a notebook on which are inscribed the names of his customers and the hour at which they desire to be aroused from their slumbers. His clients usually belong to the working classes, and it is his especial duty to make them get up, which he does by a shrill and strident whistle in front of each of their houses.

There is also the guild of toad merchants—men who make it their duty to collect and breed toads for the purpose of selling them to the various market gardeners and florists, who constitute a very considerable portion of the suburban population of Paris. Toads find a ready and remunerative sale among the latter, who employ their services for the purpose of destroying and exterminating snails, slugs and other kinds of obnoxious vermin.

The horse-chestnut is a tree which abounds on the banks of the Seine, and accordingly a union of collectors of horse-chestnuts has been formed, the members of which devote their entire energies to gathering up all that have fallen to the ground and retailing them to the petty manufacturers of starch.

Quite a large number of men and women walk the streets by day and by night hunting for old boot and shoe soles, from which they extract the nails. These, after having their heads polished, are sold to the makers of small toy animals, who use them for the eyes of the latter.

Probably the most perilous of all these queer professions is that of the "Gold Hunters" and of the "Collectors of Grease." Both of these are carried on either at the mouth of the sewers or inside of them. The grease collectors affect the sewers in the neighborhood of the slaughter houses and hospitals, where they gather up all the animal and human wreckage, if one may be permitted to use the expression, and turn them over to the grease refiners and merchants. The "gold-seekers" pursue their callings among the same unsavory surroundings, and hunt for the gold and silver jewelry and coins which have found their way into the sewers.

And among the list of queer trades may be included that of the professional mendicant of Paris, who has raised his calling to the dignity of a fine art. It is but a few days since one of the leading members of a fraternity named Alexandre Pretel was arrested with a list in his pocket containing the names of the different persons to whom he proposed to apply for alms on that particular day. Each name was followed by some memoranda as the methods to be employed for rendering the appeal successful. Thus, to the name of Madame Hottinger, the wife of the well-known banker, was added the remark, "say one has a large family of motherless children," and so on. When the police subsequently completed their search of Pretel's apartments they found bonds and cash concealed there to the amount of 40,000 francs.

The Opposition Dairy.

We are and will continue selling 20 tickets for $1, spot cash, thus making your milk 5 cents a quart. Regular delivery to all parts of the city. Chapman Symons & Co., 230 and 232 Queen-street east. Telephone 1723.

Jurgenson Watches.

If you carry a "Jurgenson" don't risk a large depreciation in value by allowing it to RUN TILL IT STOPS. Ed. Beeton, High Grade Watch Specialist, 25 Leader-lane.

New and novel. The latest "fad" for young men. We have just placed into stock 500 nobby tweed suits. The styles of the coats are the new double-breasted sack. Every young man in Toronto should see them. Prices from $10 to $15. The Model Clothing Store, 219 and 221 Yonge-street, corner Shuter-street.

Read "Miss Nobody of Nowhere," by the author of "Barnes of New York."

An Heir in Prison.

KINGSTON, Nov. 7.—"Dr." G. B. Biglow, serving a term in the penitentiary here for bigamy, has had $30,000 left him by his first wife, who died some time ago.

Read "Miss Nobody of Nowhere," by the author of "Barnes of New York."

More Nobby Hats.

Opened to-day at Grant & Co.'s, 77 King-street east, direct importations from London, Eng. A number of new shapes, the latest in the market, in black and brown colors at moderate prices. Stiff and soft felts, silks, children's hats and caps, ladies' English walking hats, and we ask you to celebrate Thanksgiving Day by wearing one of Grant & Co.'s new and stylish hats. 246

Personal Mention.

Rev. Joseph Johnston, Toronto, has been unanimously and enthusiastically called to the pastorate of the Presbyterian Church, Cayuga, in the county of Haldimand.

Read "Miss Nobody of Nowhere," by the author of "Barnes of New York."

The last official Government report, giving full particulars of all the life companies for the past year, shows that the North American Life Assurance Company of this city at the end of last year was in an excellent position, having $242 of assets for every $100 of liability to policy-holders. 246

HELD UP IN ROBBERS' CUT.

TRAIN ROBBERS WRECK A TRAIN NEAR SEDALIA, MISSOURI.

The Engineer Probably Fatally Injured—Four Postal Clerks Also Receive Severe Wounds—The Smoking Car Turned Upside Down and the Car Smashed, but the Occupants Escape.

SEDALIA, Mo., Nov. 7.—Train No. 3 westbound on the Missouri Pacific Railway was wrecked by train robbers three miles east of Otterville, near the notorious Robbers' Cut, at 2¾ this morning. The train consisted of seven coaches, including mail express and baggage cars. The robbers had removed the spikes, bolts and fish plates for a distance of three rail lengths and placed crowbars under the rails so that they would spread. When the engine touched the loosened rails it jumped the track, broke loose from the tender and ran 50 feet on the ties and turned over. Fireman Lyons jumped and escaped injury. Engineer Boyd stuck to his post and received severe injuries. The tender turned across the track throwing part of the mail car 30 feet on the side of the track. There were four postal clerks in the car and all were slightly hurt. The baggage and express cars were wrecked. The smoker, which was filled with passengers, was turned upside down and the car was badly smashed, but none of the occupants were seriously hurt. The two chair cars jumped the track but did not turn over. The Pullman was the only coach to remain on the track. The engineer had stopped the train a short distance from the wreck to make repairs on his engine and the train was moving at the rate of only about 18 miles an hour when the engine struck the loosened rails, to which fact is no doubt due the marvelous escape of the passengers and train.

FOUL OF THE TRACK.

An Express Collides With a Freight Engine at Bronte—Two of the Trainmen Slightly Injured.

BRONTE, Nov. 7.—The 7 p.m. express from Hamilton for Toronto when passing Bronte to-night ran into the side of an east-bound freight train, which was standing partly foul of the main line, throwing the express engine into the ditch, damaging the baggage cars on passenger train and doing considerable damage to several cars on the freight train. No passengers were injured. The driver and fireman, both Hamilton men, were slightly injured.

A wrecking train was sent out from Toronto and also a relief train at 9.10, and the passengers were brought to the city at 12½. None of them were injured beyond a shaking up.

A Sleeper Over a Trestle.

DELUTH, Minn., Nov. 7.—The sleeper Sarmatia was thrown from a trestle here this morning, and falling 20 feet alighted on its side in about three feet of water. The car is a complete wreck. Twenty persons were more or less bruised, but only one seriously hurt.

BEAUTY AND CHIVALRY.

The Royal Grens' Brilliant Assembly Last Night—A Happy Augury For Subsequent Reunions.

Fair women and brave men mingled in the Royal Grenadiers' assembly at Webb's last evening to form one of the most brilliant society events ever held in Toronto. It was the first of a series of three, and its success must ensure the success of the others. They will now be an established factor in fashionable life, to be anticipated and provided for from the beginning of the season. The committee is to be congratulated on its arrangements, which were perfect in every detail. An awning was spread from the door to the edge of the walk so that the fair guests might suffer no inconvenience between the carriage and the ball room. Carriages began to arrive shortly after nine but in spite of the crush good order was maintained by a trio of Toronto's finest. About 9½ the first set of lancers was formed and from then until an hour past midnight the cry was "On with the dance!" The magnificent band of the regiment excelled itself and the floor was in superb condition. The officers and committee exerted themselves to leave nothing undone to please their guests and could not have succeeded better. Refreshments were served during the evening on the upper floor.

Toronto's fairest daughters were there. The state, the church, the bench, the bar, the elite of the city were represented. The scarlet uniforms of the Grens. formed a beautiful contrast with the more sombre dress of the civilians and the brilliant costumes of the ladies.

The room was rather crowded at first, but as time went on the departures left more space and those present could not help being delighted. More than one debutante was noticed, whose sparkling eyes indicated that she at any rate would strain every nerve to attend the next assembly. A few minutes after 1 the program was completed and the band struck up "God Save the Queen," bringing to a close an evening worthy of the gallant Grenadiers.

STANLEY IN TORONTO.

The Great African Traveler Will Open the New Auditorium.

Major J. B. Pond has arranged for the renowned African explorer, Henry M. Stanley to open the new auditorium in Shaftesbury Hall on Nov. 27. Full particulars will shortly be announced. The fact of the engagement is advertised in another column. There will be a great rush for tickets, and although the New Auditorium is double the size of the old Shaftesbury Hall, it will be found too small for the thousands of Toronto citizens who would gladly hear the renowned traveler. Rev. J. M. Wilkinson is to be congratulated on the auspices under which his new hall will be opened.

Buying up the Packing Houses.

CHICAGO, Nov. 7.—It is stated that the purchase of several leading beef and pork-packing houses here by an English syndicate has been practically consummated.

$16,000 Subscribed.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 7.—The meeting held to-night by the Irish Nationalist leaders was as successful as the one held last night. It was announced that over $16,000 had thus far been raised here for the cause of the parliamentary party.

A Town Wiped Out.

HARTMAN, Ark., Nov. 7.—Yesterday the entire business portion of this place was burned, loss $27,000. Two hundred bales of cotton at the depot and the depot building was also destroyed.

The Sheffield House Importing Company (Registered).

65 Yonge-street (below King.) Just to hand new English goods, suitable for wedding present, at wholesale prices. C. E. Robinson, Manager.

Every Person Go to New York for Almost Nothing via Erie Railway.

Don't miss this grand opportunity to visit New York on Nov. 8, and only cost the small sum of $5 round trip, Suspension Bridge to New York, and step right into the finest sleepers in the country at the G.T.R. Union Station, Toronto, and have your breakfast in a magnificent dining car next morning. The Erie Railway has become the favorite route for Canadians, as every person who ever traveled by this popular line are well satisfied and repeat the trip. For full particulars apply to G.T.R. agents or to S. J. Sharp, 19 Wellington-street east, Toronto. 56

Stoves—every description—away below regular prices. Wheeler & Bain, King east.

MUST CHANGE THE MEDICINE.

The McKinley Concoction Does Not Agree With its Patients.

CHICAGO, Nov. 7.—The Evening Journal, for many years one of the staunchest of Republican papers, in the course of a double-leaded editorial on the political situation, this afternoon says: "What now shall be the Republican party's course? Simply this, that it must live up to what are its real principles. The McKinley bill must not stand unchanged. It must be modified in almost every feature. A national caucus of the party has been held and its leaders must obey the dictates of that caucus. There is no occasion for delay until a Democratic Congress has assembled and a Republican Senate given assent to the changes required."

THE VIRTUOUS DAN'S DISDAIN.

Strong Language at the Trades Parliament—The Immigration Chestnut—Against the Ward System.

In the absence of President Glockling, Vice-President Parr presided at last night's meeting of the Trades and Labor Council. There was a fair turnout of delegates and the matters discussed were both varied and interesting. The routine business was quickly got through with and the reports of committees taken up.

D. J. O'Donoghue presented the report of the Legislative Committee. It expressed regret at the probability of great destitution in the city during the coming winter owing to business depression and the number of people out of employment. Dr. G. B. Clark, M.P., of Caithness, Scotland, was complimented on his restrictive emigration views. The importation of waifs and orphans from the old lands was denounced as giving Canada a very undesirable class of citizens. In the matter of arresting drunks the committee delivered itself as follows:

Your committee having observed that one of the witnesses before the Prison Commission (a county jailer) stated that city police were in the habit of indiscriminately arresting people under the influence of intoxicating liquor and, having made enquiries into the assertion in so far as the Toronto Police Force is concerned, it is learned that their power is defined as follows in police regulations: "Persons under the influence of liquor who are able to take care of themselves and do not act in an unseemly or disorderly manner on the streets are not to be arrested unless it should appear that they are likely to be robbed, assaulted or frostbitten."

There was no discussion on this report, which passed without opposition.

The 15 Cent an Hour Bylaw.

The report of the municipal committee took up the question of the 15c. an hour bylaw and scored Contractor D. L. VanVlack for its violation. It charged that gentleman with not sticking to facts in his explanation before the sub-committee of the Board of Works detailed to investigate the alleged infractions. Mr. VanVlack had discharged the man Crowther, the laborer to whom he had paid the 14c. an hour rate, the foreman telling him when he told him to go: "I suppose the union will do more for you than we can." Crowther was discharged on the afternoon on which the investigation took place. The committee thought Mr. VanVlack's action mean and contemptible and not to be tolerated by the Board of Works. From the individual contractor the report turned to contractors in general, stating that the Works Department did not take proper care in forcing contractors to press on the work. Touching day labor a good word was spoken for it, and in discussing the new medical health officer the report continued:

In the opinion of your committee the three most requisite qualifications in a proper selection is a man well up in chemistry, a good analyst, and one possessing a good business head. The finding of the experts will be submitted to the sub-committee of the Board of Health, and they in all fairness should, and no doubt will, submit their report to the full board. Let the best qualified all-round man win the appointment by all means.

Abolish the Ward System.

It was recommended that the old ward system be abolished and the aldermen elected from the whole city as the mayor is. These men would not be tied down to any particular section of the city, but would have to look to the community at large for support and approval.

Mr. O'Donoghue, while endorsing the report, expressed regret that the question of paying the chairmen of standing committees of the council had not been satisfactorily dealt with. He believed that it was only fair that the city should pay for the services it availed itself of. Then these gentlemen would be more public servants, and would not be able to shelter themselves behind the excuse that they could not surrender all their time to the public.

Mr. John Armstrong said he would go a step farther and advocate the payment of a salary to all the aldermen.

Mr. O'Donoghue clung to his theory, incidentally remarking in speaking of the proposed change in the ward system that it was "like whipping the devil round the stump." He wanted the aldermen to be elected from the whole city.

Mr. Hastings moved in amendment to the amendment that all the aldermen be paid. He held it was not fair to discriminate in favor of the chairmen, and giving them a salary meant making them a commission to run the city.

All motions and amendments were withdrawn and the report as originally presented was adopeed.

The Municipal Committee was further instructed to report on the salary question at the next meeting.

For Compulsory Education.

The Committee on Education came out strongly in favor of compulsory education, The World being particularly complimented on its editorials on the subject. It paid its compliments to the Public School Building Inspector in the following language:

The Public School Board pay Mr. Bishop a very munificent salary as inspector of buildings. Not satisfied with this situation that gentleman is fishing after a similar one from the High School Board, to which a salary of $200 per annum is attached. We think that on his appointment by the Public School Board it was understood that he should devote all his time to the duties of his office. If he can spare time from his work on the Public School Board to attend to the High School Board he is clearly overpaid for his services, and we think that a reduction corresponding to what he will receive from the High School Board should be made in his salary.

The report was adopted, the council being very emphatic in favor of compulsory education, and a proper truancy system, one of the delegates stating that Hon. G. W. Ross, the Minister of Education, was preparing a bill to make the present act more effective.

Dan Out-Herods Herod.

"There is another phase of this educational matter which I wish to bring to your notice," said Mr. O'Donoghue. "It seems that there must be a scarcity of union masons and bricklayers in town when they are trying to get a scab mason to lay the corner stone of the new collegiate building. I think I voice the sentiment of this body and all the workingmen of Toronto when I say no rat shall do work like that. This city is building that building and all classes and creeds are paying for it, and I say that no scab boss printer should have the honor of laying its corner stone."

The council coincided with the remarks of Mr. O'Donoghue unanimously.

Before adjournment a resolution of regret at the loss the council will sustain by the departure of Delegate David Hastings for Hamilton was passed unanimously.

The largest stock of trusses, crutches, abdominal supporters, shoulder braces, is carried by the one-price firm, established twenty years, of Charles Cluthe, 134 King-street west. Trusses in hard rubber, celluloid and leather, from 75c upward. 26

Succi Slowly Succumbs.

NEW YORK, Nov. 7.—Succi, the faster, is losing weight rapidly. He is beginning to look pale and haggard, although he has fasted for only 48 hours. He has already dropped 10 pounds in weight. His pulse is normal.

Adams' Tutti Frutti Gum purifies the breath and aids digestion.

THOMAS P. FRENCH DEAD.

The Postoffice Inspector Falls Dead in His House.

OTTAWA, Nov. 7.—Mr. Thomas P. French, postoffice inspector, died suddenly at his house, 265 Theodore-street, this afternoon at 2½. Mr. French, who had been in his usual health, had just returned home to dinner and had divested himself of his outer coat and hat, when, without any warning, he dropped dead. The cause of his death was heart disease.

Mr. French was 65 years of age, and was appointed postoffice inspector about 17 years ago. Previous to this he was engaged for some years with the census for the Dominion.

THEY SIGNED A PROTOCOL.

A Conference Between the Guild and Retail Grocers Re the Combines—A 4½-Hour Session.

The batteries of the Retail Grocers' Association, which for some weeks have been pouring shot and shell into the Wholesale Grocers' Guild, or combine, as it is familiarly known, have ceased firing for the present at least. Last night the representatives of these two associations held a 4½ hours conference in the council room of the Board of Trade and signed a protocol. These represented the guild: Messrs. John I. Davidson, J. W. Young (Perkins, Ince & Co.), H. C. Boomer (Warren Bros. & Boomer), J. W. Lang, Smith (Smith & Keighley), T. W. Kinnear, James Hugh Blain (Eby, Blain & Co.), James Adams (Smith & Keighley). From the Retail Association: Messrs. Robert Mills, W. Radcliffe, J. F. Thackray, R. Donald, W. Mara, J. G. Gibson, J. Butcher, Frank Britton, Robert Barron.

Mr. Smith presided and the discussion waxed warm. The particular bone of contention was the new rates of discount and the alleged injustice of combines in general. The obnoxious schedule of discounts were passed at the annual meeting of the guild held some months ago in Quebec, and went into force on the 1st inst. By it the former terms of four months' credit were changed to three months, 60-day goods to 30 days, with 12 per cent. for unexpired terms. There were a number of other regulations which the retail trade considere dinimical to its interest, but this was felt to be the most acute.

Mr. Mills, in presenting his side of the argument, threw a petard into the meeting by incidentally remarking that there were certain members of the guild who indirectly broke their obligation by shading the price of yellow sugar, provided a certain quantity of granulated was purchased. This, he maintained, militated against the small retailer.

The chairman denied that it was so and demanded the name of the firm or firms alleged to be guilty. Mr. Mills was obdurate and refused to divulge.

The representatives of the guild pointed out that about 60 per cent. of the 800 grocers in the city were credit customers, and the trade had to consider this in rating its discounts.

About 11 o'clock Mr. Davidson, actuated by his well-known peace-making proclivities, suggested this as a compromise: That 1 per cent be allowed off in 10 days on 30 days goods, 3 per cent in 10 days on 3 months goods, and that interest at the rate of 12 per cent be allowed on the expired time; also that any goods which may hereafter be put under a combine be placed on a sliding scale according to quantity.

The members of the guild then retired in order to give the retailers an opportunity of considering the proposition. Although it was not all the latter wanted they announced after half an hour's consultation that they would accept it.

Before the agreement can be ratified it must receive the endorsation of the Dominion Guild and the Retail Grocers' Association.

A member of the Guild informed The World that the net profit on granulated sugars and tobacco was only 2⅜c, "and these retail men come here," he said, "and try to make us knock each other's brains out and do away with an arrangement whereby we are able to make a little profit on the goods we sell."

THE MYSTIC CIRCLE.

Its Success—How the Supreme Deputy Worked and Was Thanked.

The first regular meeting after closing charter of the Toronto Ruling No. 213, the Fraternal Mystic Circle, was held last evening in room C, Shaftesbury Hall, W.R. Bro. Harry Collins in the chair, with W.V.R. Bro. Robert Hodge as vice-chairman. The attendance of the brethren was very large. After the business of the evening had been disposed of and some half score of new members initiated into the hidden mysteries of the mystic circle, the worthy ruler, on behalf of the ruling, presented the supreme deputy P.W.R., Bro. J. Arthur McMurtry with a beautiful and artistically illuminated testimonial, the work of R. M. Williams. This stated that S.D. Bro. J. A. McMurtry had given unbounded satisfaction to the members of this subordinate ruling as its organizer. It had met with phenomenal success in getting signers to the petition for its charter—over 125 representative citizens being down on petition as charter members, and all this had been accomplished by him in less than one month. The supreme deputy made an admirable reply.

$5 New York and Return $5.

H. W. Van Every, the traveling public's friend will show the Canadians that he is standing up for their rights by giving them return fare five dollars from Suspension Bridge to New York, good to leave on Nov. 8, 9, 12 and 15 and return on any regular train within ten days from the day of issue. Stand by him as he has stood by you in the past and you will reap the benefit, as other lines cannot force him to advance the rate to sixteen dollars, which they are trying to do. His offices are at Nos. 5 Adelaide-street east and 36 York-street.

The following are reliable signs by which a good life insurance company may be known: It must have ample assets, a surplus indicating present and future prosperity and a reputation for liberal dealing and prompt payment of death claims. The North American Life Assurance Company of this city possesses all these advantages and is therefore properly entitled to be considered a staunch and progressive institution.

Read "Miss Nobody of Nowhere," by the author of "Barnes of New York."

Drowned in a Cistern.

STREETSVILLE, Nov. 7.—The 19-months-old son of Mr. Will Hill got the cover off an old-fashioned "open" cistern in some way and fell into it. When discovered it was too late to save the child's life.

How to cure Indigestion—chew Adams Tutti Frutti Gum, 5 cents.

Weather With Toothsome Compensations.

These, the days of frosty mornings, early dusks and changeful skies, autumn pastimes, winter warnings, politics and pumpkin pies.

BIRTHS.

ALEXANDER—On the 7th inst., at 125 Isabella-street, to Mr. and Mrs. George T. Alexander, a son.

MARRIAGES.

DAVIES—RICE—At the Church of St. Luke's, on Thursday, Nov. 6, by Rev. Dr. Davies, Alice Bloor Rice to Harrie Poyntz Davies, younger son of the officiating clergyman.

LIVINGSTON—WILTSHIRE—On Nov. 7, by Rev. J. M. Cameron, pastor East Presbyterian Church, Harry Armstrong Livingston, eldest son of John Livingston, Esq., editor Calgary Herald, to Madeline Ellen Wiltshire, third daughter of Henry H. Wiltshire, Esq., of The Mail.

DEATHS.

WILSON—On the 7th November, 1890, at the Rossin House, Toronto, Hugh Wilson, Provincial Land Surveyor, in his 61st year.

Interment at Mount Royal Cemetery, Montreal.

COOK—At Stouffville, on Nov. 7, of hydrothorax, Philip Cook, Esq., aged 59 years and 3 months.

Funeral Sunday, Nov. 9, at 10 o'clock. Friends and acquaintances will please accept this intimation.

Read "Miss Nobody of Nowhere," by the author of "Barnes of New York."

THE LAW TO TAKE ITS COURSE

A REPRIEVE REFUSED IN THE CASE OF REX BIRCHALL.

Poised in Justice's Equal Scales His Cause Fails—Affecting Interview Between the Doomed Man and His Wife—Locked in Each Other's Arms—Birchall Quotes Poetry and Smokes a Fresh Cigar.

OTTAWA, Nov. 7.—Your correspondent learns that the Cabinet Council has decided, after due consideration, that Birchall will be executed on Nov. 14. This is official. The cabinet was unanimous in its opinion as to the guilt of Birchall, and consequently decided that the law should take its course. The Governor-General will sign the order-in-council to-day. The State Department will notify the sheriff of Oxford by mail.

WOODSTOCK, Nov. 7.—This has been an eventful day here, and to-night every one is discussing the judicial tragedy to be enacted one week hence. Birchall did not break down on receipt of the news from Ottawa, yet he showed signs of great emotion as the last ray of hope vanished. The first to communicate the news to the prisoner was Mrs. Birchall. She called at the jail and kissing him through the bars handed him this message:

OTTAWA, Nov. 7.

To DUGALD MACMURCHY, barrister:

Governor-General-in-council has been pleased to order that the law be allowed to take its course in re Birchall. (Signed) ROBERT SEDGEWICK.

How Birchall Received the News.

The doomed man was visibly affected, and with tears running down his cheeks he sighed: "Then I suppose I must go."

The faithful wife then bade him good-bye until evening, and brushing tears from her eyes left the jail. She went through this terrible ordeal with wonderful nerve, but when she reached the hotel what had appeared at first to be a dream vanished and the stern realities of the situation drove her into hysterics.

Several friends called to offer what consolation lay in their power to lessen the awful blow.

Birchall, however, soon brightened up, and as he stood gazing at the shadow of night gathering about the jail was heard to quote Dickens' well-known words:

Away with melancholy,
In doleful changes ring
On life and human folly,
But merrily, merrily sing tra-la.

Then he lighted a fresh cigar and chatted with his death-watch like a man who had been reprieved rather than one who had but six short days to live. An hour after one of the officials stated to your correspondent that Birchall appeared to be anxious for the fatal day.

An Affecting Interview.

At 8 o'clock to-night his wife called again and was allowed by the Attorney-General a long interview with her husband touching family matters. Birchall claims he will fall heir to considerable property in the spring and desires to will it to his faithful wife before he dies. The meeting of husband and wife in the cell was very affecting.

"There, Rex, I have done all"—and before she finished the sentence they were clasped in each other's arms crying aloud. The doors were closed and the two were permitted a private chat lasting until nearly midnight.

Mrs. West-Jones evinced no surprise at the receipt of the news from Ottawa.

"NOT MUCH."

Judge Galt Will Not Allow the Condemned Cell to be Entered by Lawyers.

Before Chief Justice Galt in Chambers yesterday Mr. Hilton appealed against the Master in Chambers' ruling of Wednesday, refusing to allow Rex. Birchall to be examined. Mr. Hilton urged that all he wanted to ask Birchall was whether or not he told The Globe newspaper what it published about G. H. Græme being an accomplice of his in the murder of Benwell. Judge Galt in the first place said he would not make the order. In the first place Birchall would be perfectly justified in saying: "I won't answer," secondly—

Mr. Hilton: But Birchall has expressed his willingness to testify.

Galt J.: "But the unfortunate wretch is going to be hanged a week from to-day, and I will not be a party to allowing the condemned cell to be entered by attorneys and a reporter. Not much."

Mr. Hilton: "I cannot see how it will injure the man."

Judge Galt: "Well, I do."

The order was refused, and Birchall will go to the gallows without giving his testimony in Græme v. Globe.

FASHIONABLE FURS.

Dineen's Fur Rooms Filled With the Choicest Goods.

Some idea of the extent of their stock may be gathered from the fact that they carry all sizes in every style of fur garments and this is one of the advantages that ladies find who favor them with a visit. Another advantage is the very low price at which the goods are sold. In seal garments the unequaled low price at which the firm has been selling all season will not be advanced until Nov. 15. Some special values are shown in fur lined wraps and circulars from $12.50 to $25.00 each. A line of fur capes in all the popular furs is worth seeing. Dineen's store is on cor. King and Yonge-streets.

Another Retaliatory Tax.

NEW YORK, Nov. 7.—Information was received here to-day that Peru had imposed a prohibitive tax on imported lard. The news created quite a stir on the produce exchange, as Peru takes $300,000 worth of best quality lard from this city yearly. The Peruvians have passed a new tariff law to take effect Feb. 1 next and a tax of five cents per pound is imposed on all foreign lard.

Life Insurance Policies.

The Ontario Mutual issues the most liberal policies of any company doing business in Canada. Its rates are the lowest and its security undoubted. Office, 32 Church-street.

Read "Miss Nobody of Nowhere," by the author of "Barnes of New York."

Telegraphic Taps.

Thomas and William Harper, treasurer and manager of the Harper Bros. Co., manufacturers of decorated lamps, New York, are missing.

By the explosion of a six-pound shell one man was killed and four others injured at Fort Wadsworth, Staten Island, yesterday.

Steamship Arrivals.

Date.	Name.	Reported at.	From.
Nov. 7.	Spaardam	New York	Rotterdam
"	City of Chester	Queenstown	New York
"	Rhynland	London	
"	Pennland	New York	Antwerp

Read "Miss Nobody of Nowhere," by the author of "Barnes of New York."

Cooking ranges, 25 per cent. cheaper than any place in city. Wheeler & Bain, King east.

Colder With Snow To-day.

West to north winds, partly cloudy weather, turning a little colder with a few showers of sleet or snow.

Frank Cayley Offers For Sale.

Yonge-street, corner of Wellesley. This lot has a frontage of 70 feet by a depth along Wellesley of 150 feet, and is one of best corners in the city. For price and terms apply at office.