

SPAIN'S PREMIER SHOT.

Three Bullets From An Anarchist's Revolver End The Life Of Canovas del Castillo.

The Crime Deliberately Planned and Foreshadowed in a French Paper a Week Ago.

The Assassin Avenge The Tortures of Convicts—Revolution May Follow The Deed.

MADRID, Aug. 9.—Senor Canovas del Castillo, prime minister, was assassinated yesterday afternoon by an Italian anarchist, whose name is believed to be Michele Agnino Gulli, at the baths at Santa Agueda.

Senor Canovas del Castillo and his wife were present yesterday morning at the celebration of mass in the chapel attached to the baths. After the mass the Premier sat reading and conversing with some reporters, when the assassin approached and fired three shots at him with a revolver, hitting him in the forehead, chest and left ear. The wounded man fell to the ground crying: "Assassin! Long live Spain!" He was carried to his room and expired at 1:30 p.m. After extreme unction had been administered him by a priest of the Dominican order.

The murderer was immediately seized by people in the vicinity of the scene of the crime. He was severely handled and might have been killed had it not been for the protection afforded him by a number of civil guards who ran to the scene. The prisoner, who declared he had killed the Premier in accomplishing a just vengeance, first gave the name of Rinaldi, and claimed that the deed was the outcome of an extreme anarchist conspiracy. Later, however, the assassin confessed that his real name was Michael Agnino Gulli, that he was 26 years of age, a native of Boggia, near Naples, and had left Italy and come to Spain in 1896. After reaching Spain, Gulli, according to his confession, resided in Barcelona and participated in the doings of the various anarchist associations in that place and vicinity. After returning to that place for some time, Gulli visited France and Belgium and returned to Spain at the last. His return to the anarchist seems to have completed his plans for the assassination of the prime minister. He left Madrid for Santa Agueda at the same time as Senor Canovas del Castillo, and awaited his man.

Senora Canovas del Castillo, wife of the Premier, rushed to his side upon hearing the shots and bitterly reproached the murderer for the crime. Gulli, replying to the agonizing words of the distracted wife, said: "I respect you, because you are an honorable lady, but I have done my duty, and I am now free in mind for having avenged my friends and brothers of Montjuich."

Montjuich is a fortress in Barcelona outside of which anarchists who have been sentenced to death for recent outrages have been executed by being shot in the back. The anarchists regularly executed outside of Montjuich were the last batch of fiends guilty of throwing bombs on June 7, 1889, into a religious procession about to enter the church of Santa Maria de la Mar. Twelve persons were instantly killed and fifty others injured. For this twenty-six anarchists were sentenced to death and a majority of them executed.

The Spanish newspapers express great indignation at Gulli's crime. Even periodicals which are usually hostile to the services of the deceased statesman.

LONDON, Aug. 9.—A week ago the French newspaper, *Courier de Lyon*, published an interview with an Italian anarchist, in which it was stated that within a few days the world would be astonished by an event resembling the death of Carnot.

The Spanish anarchists, Refuse and Barcelona, now in London, being questioned on this subject, on the subject of the assassination of Canovas, declared the murder had nothing to do with them. Rinaldi, or Rinaldi, they assert, is quite unknown. One of them said: "Our methods are constitutional." They admitted, however, that they could not be expected to greatly deplore the death of a man responsible for the tortures inflicted on them; but they reiterated the assertion that the act was the work of a solitary individual, with accomplices.

LONDON, Aug. 9.—The assassination of Senor Canovas has caused great excitement and activity among the police of all branches in this city. All the men absent on leave have been recalled, and constant communications are going on between the British police headquarters here, Scotland Yard, and the headquarters of the Spanish police at Madrid.

Gulli has confessed that he killed Senor Canovas to avenge the Barcelona anarchists and the insurgent leader, Don Jose Rizal, who was executed at Manila, Philippine Islands, December 30 last, as instigator of the Philippine revolution. Dr. Rizal denied that he was a rebel leader, but he admitted that he had drawn up the statutes of the Philippine league. In Gulli's room the police found to-day a double-barreled pistol. It appears that when he left the house yesterday he carried a parcel which is believed to have contained a bomb. The theory is that he hid this in the fields. A dispatch from Barcelona says that Gulli arrived there in December, 1895, coming from Marseilles. He was employed in the printing office of the *Review of Social Science*, managed by the anarchist engineer Tarrida Marni, formerly imprisoned in Monte Juich fortress at Barcelona. Gulli was implicated in the terrible crime of the celebration of Corpus Christi, although he left Barcelona a few days before it occurred. He was denounced to the police for complicity but he had already disappeared.

WASHINGTON, D.C., Aug. 9.—Senator Morgan, a member of the committee of foreign affairs, predicted, in an interview last night, that the assassination of Senor Canovas might be the forerunner of complete change of government, the public replacing the monarchy. This, he thought, was the present tendency, and yesterday's event is regarded as evidence of the disintegration of the Spanish government.

OLD WORLD POLITICS.

The Treaty Incident Inspires Germans to Ask Annihilation of England's Power.

Suggestion That Russia and France Should Join to Shut Out British Goods.

Family Quarrels Amongst Parties in Great Britain—The Leaderless Liberals.

LONDON, Aug. 7.—The close of parliament leaves in the hands of the political parties in an altogether enviable frame of mind. The latent antagonism of the different schools of the ministerial class has threatened to break out during the past six months to bring about civil war in the Tory camp, and the recess leaves a considerable number of Conservatives in a state of high indignation and resentment. The malcontents claim that the legislation has been reactionary and socialist. Many of them are angry at what they declare to be a humiliating surrender of national honor on the demand of America.

The Marquis of Londonderry, representing the big class of Tory landlords, has added to the discontent by publishing yesterday a letter in which he practically asks for the removal of the Unionists, saying, in no more words, that he cannot stand the Irish land bills nor Mr. Chamberlain's policy. The Marquis adds that the Conservatives would never have permitted it to become a law, and that he is indignant and quarrelsome, while the leaders seem to be lost in the shuffle. Lord Rosebery occasionally leaves his temporary retirement in order to make a humorous speech. Mr. John Morley is seldom heard except at academic lectures. Sir Henry Fowler and Sir Henry Campbell-Bannerman are the only two who are heard in the House of Commons. Mr. Herbert Asquith has been earning Tory cheers for his speeches in behalf of the workmen's compensation bill. Sir William Vernon Harcourt has been tried to push to the front by issuing a manifesto early during the week suggesting a new Liberal programme. His so-called presumption, however, has been snubbed by the heads of the Liberal federation, and his manifesto has fallen absolutely flat. As a matter of fact the Liberal party are opinionless as well as leaderless. The conflict for the leadership of the party continues in spite of this far from hopeful outlook, and should the party be called to power the fight between Lord Rosebery and Sir Wm. Harcourt will undoubtedly be re-opened.

HAWAIIAN CHEAP LABOR.

MARSHALL, O., Aug. 3.—The Hawaiian government decided on July 28 to issue no more six months' residence permits to Chinese. This practical conclusion, following the lines of American legislation, means much to American laborers. The foregoing act was obtained from undisciplined authority by Watson H. Wyman and mailed to San Francisco, and was telegraphed to this city tonight. Mr. Wyman also adds:

"I am able to state that there is in contemplation a plan for stocking the island with colored laborers from the cane plantations of the United States. No white labor can stand the cane field work nor the wet work on the rice plantations, nor the humid climate here. It speaks volumes for the patriotism of the islands that they are ready to make a contract to-day, when annexation is not a certainty, that will result in the gradual diminution of Japanese labor, for, of course, as time progresses and existing contracts expire, the laborers under contract can be deported and replaced by the colored labor of Louisiana, Texas and Mississippi."

"We are to-day advised that several Japanese vessels are under way here, and have it from a more credible source that our steamer brought instructions to those in authority here that, if the Japanese make a move, the American flag is to be raised instantly. It is fully felt here that this would precipitate an uprising of the 25,000 Japanese, who would be supplied with arms from the Naniwa, and who could then make life very unpleasant for the whites. There are not too many of these, and every man of them would have to get out and shoot."

TO YUKON FROM EDMONTON.

WINNIPEG, Aug. 7.—It is said that the C.P.R. authorities are in conference with the Dominion government with a view to opening up a route to the goldfields via Edmonton. It is claimed that a more accessible and less dangerous route is possible, and that it can be cut out during the winter, so as to be available for traffic in the spring. Mr. Cade, head, civil engineer, has received a telegram from Ottawa to hold himself in readiness to accompany a party of surveyors to open a route into the Yukon. From another source it is learned that the party will leave here on Tuesday.

KILLED THEMSELVES.

NEW YORK, Aug. 9.—Wm. G. Read, of the stock and bond firm of Read, Parsons & Co., killed himself by shooting to-day at his office in the Edison building. Dependancy, brought on by illness, is the reason assigned.

FORTY-SIX KILLED.

SOFIA, Bulgaria, Aug. 7.—A terrific explosion occurred yesterday at a cart-ridge factory at Fastebuk, on the Danube, 130 miles northwest of Varna. Forty-six persons were killed and many others injured. The lives of sixty of the latter are despaired of. Prince Ferdinand of Bulgaria, on receipt of the news of the disaster, visited the sufferers to the hospital, and caused money to be distributed to the families of the victims.

TO RULE THE YUKON.

Minister Sifton Sends Major Walsh With Two Maxim Guns in Answer to Protest.

He Will Overawe The Miners Into Paying Great Tribute And Staying Off Reserves.

The Government Organ Tells What Will Confront Those Who May Mourn.

(From Our Own Correspondent.) OTTAWA, Aug. 7.—The present organization scheme for the Yukon contemplates the expenditure of a quarter of a million dollars, most of which the government hopes to raise by way of royalties. In the meantime funds will be obtained by Governor General's warrant. The government has decided to appoint an administrator, to increase the number of police by 15, making 115 in all, and to send two Maxim guns with them. The name of Major Walsh is favorably suggested as the best man for the chief executive officer out there. It was also decided to constitute a court of appeals for civil justice, to be presided over by Justice McGuire of Prince Albert, who, at Mr. Sifton's request, has consented to go there. It is impossible to appoint a new judge without the authority of parliament, but as the Northwest judges have jurisdiction in the Yukon, the case may be met temporarily by force overawe the miners. Hon. Henry Aylmer, of Sherbrooke, Que., has been appointed registrar, and a registration district will be constituted. The skillful resistance of the miners from Victoria. It was originally intended that only twenty should go on that day.

In consequence of the strong protests received from Victoria, the government has decided to reduce the size of claims from 500 feet, as formerly decided, to 100 feet for an ordinary claim and 200 feet for a discoverer's claim.

OTTAWA, Aug. 9.—The protests against the government's hard mining regulations which have been coming so freely for the last few days have only served to stiffen Mr. Sifton's back. He has determined to attempt to make West Elizabeth made a march on the mines of the Elizabeth Mining Company, formerly operated by Horner & Roberts. About fifty men were going to start for the mines to-day. The men asked that they be allowed to finish loading a freight. They agreed to go out as soon as it was loaded, which will take several days. Officials of the company made an effort to get permission from the miners' officials to continue work on an 80 cent basis. This was not given. It is expected that the mine will be idle as soon as the flat is loaded.

THE SEALING COMMISSION.

(From Our Own Correspondent.) OTTAWA, Aug. 9.—The Behring Sea seal commission will be in session again shortly. The commission will meet in the provincial assembly building, at the head of one hundred picked men, backed up by two Maxim guns, stood in their path."

Creek claims are to be reduced in length from 500 to 100 feet. Justice McGuire, of Prince Albert, is to establish a criminal court at Cudaby, and Hon. Henry Aylmer, of Sherbrooke, Que., is to be registrar of the district.

FATAL ELEVATOR FIRE.

CHICAGO, Aug. 5.—Six and probably seven lives were lost in an explosion which took place this evening during a fire in the Northwestern grain elevator, at Cook and West Water streets. Three of the dead are firemen. The body of another fireman is thought to be buried in the ruins of the elevator, and three persons were blown into the Chicago river. From the force with which the explosion swept the spot on which they were standing they must have been injured. The explosion of the elevator was caused by the explosion of mill dust caused the awful havoc.

The origin of the fire is believed to have been in the vicinity of the boiler house. Accumulated dust, as dry and inflammable as gunpowder, that had been piling up for years, added to the spread of fire, and the explosion, completing the work of scattering the fire throughout the entire structure. The explosion started for a moment the police and firemen, but they continued to help those who had been hurt.

Dozens of the men laid injured in the elevator were blown into the air, and others were killed. The dead were for the time left where they fell. No man could reach their bodies and live. The fire was most difficult to control, and the elevator was surrounded by a number of small buildings, which were continually catching fire. The total loss is estimated at \$500,000, which is fully covered by insurance.

PETER'S PENCE.

LONDON, Aug. 9.—The Vatican, including the Pope himself, is actively engaged in a campaign to stimulate the devotion of Peter's pence, which shows a serious decrease. The chief contributor to this fund has always been France, but the tendency of the Vatican to support republicanism has cooled the ardor of aristocratic donors; and while the gifts from America have increased, they do not cover the French deficiency. The receipts are steadily falling while the expenses of the Vatican are increasing.

The Sugar Trade.

MONTREAL, Aug. 9.—An important meeting was held to-day between the wholesale sugar merchants and refiners, with the object of establishing prices and other arrangements for selling the product of the refinery.

THE WARNING UNHEEDED.

LONDON, Aug. 9.—A special from Madrid received to-day says the Spanish government was aware that a meeting of anarchists was held early in July, and that it was ordered to murder Senor del Castillo before August 15 and to assassinate Senor Sagasta before August 30.

BARCELONA, Aug. 9.—Gulli, the assassin of Senor Canovas del Castillo, was known here under the name of Acholioli. He formerly worked as a compositor, and was also a young assistant master at a school here a gypsy woman told his fortune. She predicted that he would become great, and would meet with a violent death.

MADRID, Aug. 9.—It appears this afternoon that Gulli, the assassin, represented himself as a correspondent of El Populo. He said he was employed under the law providing for the trial and punishment of anarchists, as this law is so framed that a person prosecuted under it is not allowed to defend himself, or attempted to use an explosive in the commission of or attempt to commit the crime charged against him. However, there is no doubt Gulli will be summarily tried and sentenced. The public demands the adoption of stringent measures against anarchists and also against those who are in sympathy with them.

MINERS' FAMILIES DISTRESSED.

PITTSBURGH, Aug. 9.—Appeals for food and provisions are numerous at the headquarters of the miners' officials in this city. It appears as if there was a fall from every section of the district, and miners in person were present to ask that the suffering ones be looked after. Secretary Warner was kept busy answering the appeals. He said he estimated that he had sent more than \$10,000 worth of provisions to various parts of the district. The appeals are now coming in from the families of the miners, which are at the various mining camps using their influence to keep other men from working. A series of meetings are to be held every day. It is expected to keep up the interest in every section and strengthen every point where there is the least indication of weakness.

The vigil of the miners of the New York & Cleveland Gas Coal Co. are to be kept up and the vigor increased from day to day. Early this morning the miners of West Elizabeth made a march on the mines of the Elizabeth Mining Company, formerly operated by Horner & Roberts. About fifty men were going to start for the mines to-day. The men asked that they be allowed to finish loading a freight. They agreed to go out as soon as it was loaded, which will take several days. Officials of the company made an effort to get permission from the miners' officials to continue work on an 80 cent basis. This was not given. It is expected that the mine will be idle as soon as the flat is loaded.

THE SEALING COMMISSION.

(From Our Own Correspondent.) OTTAWA, Aug. 9.—The Behring Sea seal commission will be in session again shortly. The commission will meet in the provincial assembly building, at the head of one hundred picked men, backed up by two Maxim guns, stood in their path."

Creek claims are to be reduced in length from 500 to 100 feet. Justice McGuire, of Prince Albert, is to establish a criminal court at Cudaby, and Hon. Henry Aylmer, of Sherbrooke, Que., is to be registrar of the district.

FATAL ELEVATOR FIRE.

CHICAGO, Aug. 5.—Six and probably seven lives were lost in an explosion which took place this evening during a fire in the Northwestern grain elevator, at Cook and West Water streets. Three of the dead are firemen. The body of another fireman is thought to be buried in the ruins of the elevator, and three persons were blown into the Chicago river. From the force with which the explosion swept the spot on which they were standing they must have been injured. The explosion of the elevator was caused by the explosion of mill dust caused the awful havoc.

The origin of the fire is believed to have been in the vicinity of the boiler house. Accumulated dust, as dry and inflammable as gunpowder, that had been piling up for years, added to the spread of fire, and the explosion, completing the work of scattering the fire throughout the entire structure. The explosion started for a moment the police and firemen, but they continued to help those who had been hurt.

Dozens of the men laid injured in the elevator were blown into the air, and others were killed. The dead were for the time left where they fell. No man could reach their bodies and live. The fire was most difficult to control, and the elevator was surrounded by a number of small buildings, which were continually catching fire. The total loss is estimated at \$500,000, which is fully covered by insurance.

PETER'S PENCE.

LONDON, Aug. 9.—The Vatican, including the Pope himself, is actively engaged in a campaign to stimulate the devotion of Peter's pence, which shows a serious decrease. The chief contributor to this fund has always been France, but the tendency of the Vatican to support republicanism has cooled the ardor of aristocratic donors; and while the gifts from America have increased, they do not cover the French deficiency. The receipts are steadily falling while the expenses of the Vatican are increasing.

The Sugar Trade.

MONTREAL, Aug. 9.—An important meeting was held to-day between the wholesale sugar merchants and refiners, with the object of establishing prices and other arrangements for selling the product of the refinery.

THAT OVERLAND ROUTE.

An Easy Path to Yukon Promised Across The Prairie Country From Edmonton.

Survey To Be Made Immediately For English Promoters of Transportation Enterprise.

NELSON, Aug. 7.—Mr. J. B. Powell, civil engineer, late managing director and engineer of the London Gold Mining and Development Company, has been appointed engineer and director-in-chief by the Great Commonwealth Development and Mining Company to establish a transportation overland route to Klondyke, starting from Edmonton, N.W.T. Mr. Powell starts for Edmonton in a few days to locate the route and survey the line. The company contemplates being in a position in the spring to take all kinds of freight and passengers to the new Eldorado of the North. Six hundred miles of this route will be over a beautiful prairie country and 300 through the plateau or basin between the head waters of the Yukon and the west branch of the Mackenzie rivers.

WINNIPEG, Aug. 9.—Commissioner McCreery is strictly enforcing the provisions of the alien labor laws, and in examination of several men who reached here lately seeking work on the Crow's Nest Pass railway he discovered that they had no intention of settling on land. All men presenting themselves have to be suitable farm hands and desirous of ultimately settling on land in the Northwest. If not they are refused employment and will in future be deported out of the province. The immigration office on Saturday sent out fifty men to Lethbridge for work on the Crow's Nest line and will send another hundred men early in the week by way of McLeod.

MOUNTAIN CLIMBERS.

They Have Distinguished Themselves at Banff and Will Make Further Ventures.

WINNIPEG, Aug. 9.—Prof. Fay has been successful in reaching the summit of Mount Lefroy at Banff. The party consisted of nine people, including a Swiss guide and Mr. Colly, a well known mountain climber from England, who declares that Mount Lefroy is more difficult to ascend than the Matterhorn. The same party will try the ascent of the Green mountain and Mount Assiniboine. The last has been tried over and over again with no success. It is about 11,600 feet high and looks from the level to be almost perpendicular for 1,000 feet. Howard Douglas of Calgary will become superintendent of the National Park at Banff on September 1.

MEXICO VERY NERVOUS.

The Fall in Silver May Make Debt Repudiation a Necessity.

MEXICO, Aug. 9.—The continual fall of silver and the corresponding rise in exchange has reached the point when this country is brought face to face with what may be a serious crisis. No sophistry can hide the real condition of affairs here. At this moment Mexican bonds are unsalable in London, principally owing to the scrupulous exactness under which the interest has been met. These bonds are in gold, and at this rate of exchange that interest is excessive, and it is only a matter of time, unless there is a favorable change in silver, when this republic will be unable to stand it.

GERMANY FLOOD SWEPT.

BERLIN, Aug. 9.—The cloudbursts and inundations which have recently devastated the eastern parts of Germany were the worst since 1870. According to local statistics 105 persons were killed in Silesia alone and in Saxony the number of killed was not far short of 180. The financial losses foot up over 150,000,000 marks. At Pillnitz, the country residence of the Queen of Saxony, the river Elbe rose so fast that it flooded the lower floor of the royal castle, forcing the King and Queen to seek refuge at Dresden.

BACK FROM DYEA.

VANCOUVER, Aug. 7.—The Capilano returned from Dyea yesterday. Capt. Powys says he met six steamers on his way back, all bound for Dyea. The Capilano landed all her cattle and horses safely. Dyea was crowded but there were enough pack horses there to enable everyone to make the 35 miles overland to river navigation before winter.

A WASHINGTON ROMANCER.

He Seeks to Excite the United States Authorities by a Foolish Story.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 9.—Representative J. Hamilton Lewis, of the state of Washington, has had a conference with the treasury officials in regard to customs matters on the Alaska-Canadian frontier. Mr. Lewis said that he had received information which he deemed trustworthy to the effect that the Canadian Commissioner of Customs had issued a special order fixing an exorbitant rate of duty on everything bought by miners entering the Klondyke country by way of Alaska. According to Mr. Lewis' information this duty was fifteen cents a pound on goods of every character. The treasury officials are inclined to doubt the accuracy of this report, but have taken means to ascertain the facts. If, however, it should be found to be true, the action of the department in establishing a branch custom house at Dyea may be reconsidered and steps taken to protect the rights of American miners in the premises.

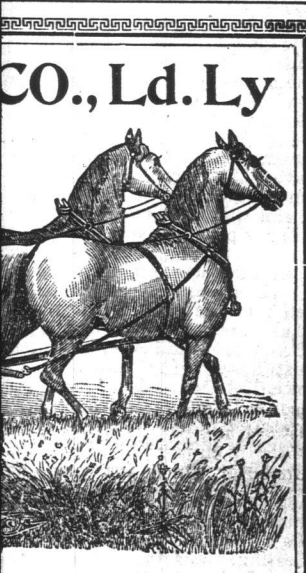
Economy and strength are combined in Hood's Sarsaparilla. Every bottle contains 100 doses and will average to last a month.

SEE HAT THE -SIMILE SIGNATURE -OF H. H. PITCHER IS ON THE WRAPPER OF EVERY BOTTLE OF ASTORIA

is put up in one-size bottles only. It is in bulk. Don't allow anyone to sell anything else on the plea of promise that it is good and "will answer every purpose." See that you get C-A-S-T-O-R-I-A.

is an every wrapper.

CO., Ltd. Ly



Machines just arrived:
Sharp's and Tiger Sulky Rakes.
Scythes, Forks, Rakes, etc.
at Prices.
AND KAMLOOPS.

It is done to disturb the existing self-government of Great Britain. He expressed his opinion that the present which bind the colonies and the other land are stronger by reason of natural than by any other which seem to be imposed upon them. He would, he thought, be apt to irritate. England already, he said, the bulk of the trade of the colonies is done by New South Wales. He said that the people of New South Wales have been with him since he saw how the British people treated their kinsmen across the sea.

No Tariff War.
LONDON, Aug. 9.—The newspapers continue to discuss the United States tariff bill for reprisals, but it is learned the foreign office that the government of Germany has no intention of giving a tariff war.



DE FOWLER'S
EXT-OF
WILD
STRAWBERRY
CURES
IC, CHOLERA, CHOLERA-MORBUS, DIARRHOEA,
DYSENTERY,
all SUMMER COMPLAINTS of
Children or Adults.
Beware of Imitations.