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Drink for the Chicks Low

A. Pardee, Simcoe Co., Ont. If all of the causes that lead to losses among young chicks could be assembled and compared, I sincerely believe we would find more dead believe we would find more dead chicks due to impure water than to anything else. Chickens will drink water from old stagnant pools in the hamyard, from mud puddles in the lane, just so as it is weler. The only way to avoid the tro-bles that ease is to keep them well supplied with cool, fresh water all the time. I find that cool, fresh water can-not be supplied in the ordinary drink-ies and. A water fountain is neces-

ing pan. A water fountain is neces-sary. Suitable fountains can be had from poultry supply houses or better still they can be made at home. My fountains are made as follows:

Take empty tomato cans of the largest size and punch holes around the open end about half an inch from the rim. Then take a saucer (a dish of any kind more than half an inch deep), fill the can with water and hold the saucer over the open end, and quickly invert.

The water will run out and fill the saucer until the holes punched in the can are submerged. Then the pressure of the air on the water outside the can will prevent more from coming into the saucer and there will be half an inch of clear water there for the chickens, which is constantly supplied, as water is lost either by the chickens drinking or by evaporation. around quite narrow, say half an inch, so that the chickens cannot get into the water and dirty it.

## Poultry Keeping Without Frills

Mrs. C. Anderson, Peterboro
Co., Ont.
There are too many frills to the way in which poultry is managed in this country. I believe that this is due in large measure to the fact that women are responsible for the care we women are responsible for the care of the poultry on the average farm. We are so used to fussing around the house putting unnecessary but much demanded frills on the regular meais for the family, that it comes natural to us to worry around with wet and dry mashes three times a day for

I once grew so disgusted with this continual fussing with poultry raonce grew so disgusted with recentinual fussing with poultry rations that I decided to sell every hen on the place and buy eggs. Just then a Special Poultry Number of Farm and Dairy set me on the right track, and Dairy set we be a proper to the property of the property and Darry set me on the right track, and I am now keeping poultry without frills, have labor reduced to a minimum, have healthier fowls, and am getting more eggs. I am following what is commonly known as the hopper system. Here are my methods

briefly and exactly:
The mash that I feed consists of The mash that I reed consists of methird bran or middlings, one-third cracked wheat, and one-third cracked orn. This is kept in a self-feeding hopper, and has only to be refilled once a week. In another smaller hopper is a supply of smashed smaller hopper is a supply of smaaned opster shell and grit, usually sharp and. In still another hopper, this one being made of wire netting. I keep a supply of well cured alfalfa or dover hay. From these three hop-pers the birds can feed themselves whenever they wish. The mash, of course, is fed dry, and there is no mixing to he done. mixing to be done.

The floor of my poultry house is littered to a depth of four or five

fowl are supplied daily with water or milk, the latter when I have it. This is what I call poultry keeping

without frills.

### Poultry Jottings

Poultry should never be eaten the day it is killed. The tenderest fresh killed chicken will be tough as soon as the animal heat has left the body. In about 12 hours, however, the mus-cles wil relax, and it then becomes acceptable for food.

It requires about four geese to well covered vessel until wanted, at make a pound of feathers. Picking which time add about 12 to 14 quarts live geese for their feathers is a prac- of hot water and the carbolic acid, tice that has been discontinued in and mix well. Use as a spray once a this country.

According to the New York Agri-cultural Experiment Station, the cost of food, per chick, to weigh one pound, on ground grain, is three cents; on whole grain, three and seven-tenths cents. After repeated In about 12 hours, however, the muscless will relax, and it then becomes cleas will relax, and it then becomes cleased will represent the says the ground grain ration with the growing pays the cost of dressing the fowls pays the cost of dressing pays the

inches with cut straw, which is repound three ounces; five weeks old, the nostrils: Half pound ordinary moved as soon as wet or dirty. In two pounds, six ounces; six weeks laundry soap, one gallon of water, this I feed a mixture consisting of old, three pounds, 12 ounces; seven one quart kerosene oil, four ounces two thirds eorn and one-third wheat and two thirds wheat and eight weeks old, six, ounces, two conditions of the soap in a weeks old, six ounces, the condition of the water one-third corn in summer. This grain is mixed thoroughly with the litter four ounces; nine weeks old, seven pounds are the condition of the conditi

#### List of Fairs

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