"Charles gave a sled to his brother." Here we have two groups, one ending at "sled," the other at "brother."

"I went to King Street with my sister to buy a new hat." Here we have three groups. Can you pick them out?

The last thing we are to learn in this lesson is that every group of words has a picture in it, and that we must not read aloud any word until we have got the thought or the picture in the group.

"When-our-school-closes-for-the-summer-vacation, some-of-us-go-to-the-country, others-go-to-the-lakes, some-remain-on-the-farm, and-many-stay-in-the-city.'

For to-morrow's lesson I want you to bring in the groups in the following examples, putting hyphens between the words of each group, just as we did in the sentence about the summer vacation:

Stanza 5 of "The Graves of a Household."

Stanza I of "Frost."

Stanza 1 of "The Indian Hunter."

I should like you to keep on studying grouping for a week or so, and in every reading lesson you have I want you to be sure to get the groups. In this way you will get a great many more pictures from your reading lesson than you have ever got before.

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