## MESSENGER AND VISITOR.

## MAKER rom weak heart

r 28, 1898.

rn's Heart

Pilla n is exempt from of the heart and of work and the to produce serious later.



It the well-known riston, Ont, said ; off and on for ten a of my heart and thy my heart would rish great violence, gr, Often I had and could not sleep a box of Milburn's and from them da-benefit. They ro-seand strengthened vingevery symptom is, and enabling me sleep." d Narve Pills ource

le, and enabling me sleep." d Nerve Pills cure g dizzy and faint leeplessness, weak-fear effects of grippe, or 8 for \$1.25, at all & Co., Toronto, Ont.

S oure Constipa-lok Headache and not gripe, sicken ill acts perfectly.

n Can be Cured that consumption is with that eminent t, Dr. Slocum, who nd of help to those king of diseases and t belong to the con-eretofore, wealth has of consumption curé to far distant climés iums, but now, under have an even chance lutch of consumption, hroat troubles. The ap the tired and worn who suffer. It drives ure living on the vital rich, red, rosy blod; ung or threat moulds, all persons suffering ung or threat trouble, sting away, with three t this remarkable cure. ne, full address and e T. A. Slocum Co., E Street West, Toronto, Inseinogar And Vist-amples will be sent to t delay, but give it a on Can be Cured IESSENGER AND VISI-amples will be sent to t delay, but give it a

seeing Slocum's free d English papers will to for free samples:



we statement and o made too strong oo emphatic.

ple, safe and quick cure for Cough, Rheumatism, Colds, Neuralgia, Toothacha Oroup,

es, 25c. and 50c. y you. Beware of Buy only the - Perry Davis'.

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\* The Farm. \* Hardy Climbing Vines.

As a rule, planters are inclined to pay As a rule, planters are included to pay more attention to the climbing vines grown from seeds, known as annuals, than to th<sup>c</sup> hardy sorts, slower, perhaps, in the  $e_{ar}$  growth, but much more satisfactory

rule, are larger and longer lasting, while the foliage is more dense and of a broader,

unsurpassed by any other climbing vine. The several varieties are easy to grow,

The several varieties are easy to grow, needing only deep, rich soil, well manured, plenty of water during the blooming season, and the base of the vine mulched with coarse manure during the winter.

This treatment is especially necessary with the Jackmanii, or large flowering type; the

blossoms of this class are large, usually with five petals, and with a wide range

These are among the best varieties of the large flowering class.

attractive, the blossoms pure white, frag-rant and borne in dense clusters, from July

to October. Clematis paniculata is a com

rapid growth, and produces a quantity of pure white flowers from July to Sep-

tember. It is the most profuse bloomer among climbing vines, and peculiarly

of any buildings, clinging firmly to any rough surface; the foliage is a pretty shade

of green, changing to brown and scarlet in the autumn. Our own Virginia creeper,

or American ivy (Ampelopsis quinque-folio), while rather gross in its habit of

growth, is especially useful where rapid growth and dense shade are desired. A

strong vine will grow twenty-five feet in a single season, and in two or three years

will cover a porch or veranda of large size. The foliage is broad and green, changing

in the autumn to a handsome shade of wn, the branches bearing clusters of

dark blue berries in the fail. The honeysuckle family gives us a variety of foliage and flower effects which make it most desirable. The varieties here mentioned succeed in any good soil. The best varieties are Hall's honeysuckle, blooming all summer, the blossoms being

fragrant and of a pleasing yellow and white shade. Honeysuckle scarlet trumpet,

which also blooms all summer, has long trumpet-ahaped deep crimson blossoms, with a lighter throat; the blossoms are borne at intervals during the summer and in great profusion. Honeysuckle sweet-scented monthly is one of the most satisfactory of the class producing through.

satisfactory of the class, producing through-out the summer large trusses of sweet-scented red and yellow flowers. All of the

varieties named are entirely hardy and

Wistarias are rapid growers, strong and

heavy, requiring some substantial support; for training over trees and walls they are unsurpassed; the Chinese varieties, white and blue, are the best, blooming

in May and frequently producing a second crop of blossoms in the late summer. The trumpet vine, Dutchman's Pipe and Akebia

nearly evergreen.

dark blue berries in the fall.

bolder character than the annuals. The clematis combines beauty of foliage with size and variety in color of bloom

plenty of

Ouinata are also desirable climbers, hardy, easily grown and worthy of general cul-tivation. All of the rather gross-growing and rapid-climbing vines require sharp pruning each spring before the growth starts to produce the best results and, of course, require strong supports, and carlier growth, our much more satisfactory when permanent effects are desired. When walls of buildings or boundary lines are to be covered, or when an unsightly view, is to be shut off, nothing surpasses the hardy climbing vines for the purpose, and or course, require strong supports, and when young some training. Given this care, they will do much toward adding to the attractiveness of the home grounds, whether of large or small dimensions.--K hardy climbing vines for the purpose, and they should be more generally used on farm grounds than they are. While many of the classes are excelled in profusion of bloom by the annuals, the flowers, as a \* \* \*

At a public sale of Hackneys held recently in Scotland \$420 each was the aver ve price for a good horse. The high-knee tors are in great demand all over Englal..., especially in the cities. The Scotch farmers go in for high quality, regardless of the service fees of \$25 to \$30. There is a pointer in this for Canadian breeders.-Ex.

The following method of keeping butter cool is given by an exchange : Get a com-mon flower-pot and large saucer, fill the saucer half full of water and set the dish of butter upon it. Then cover butter and saucer with flower-pot by turning the flower-pot. Close the hole in the bottom of the flower-pot with a cork, then dash water over the flower-pot every time it becomes dry. If set in an airy space a small dish of butter for the table can be kept cool and firm without ice.-Ex.

with new petais, and with a white range of color. Henryii has large blossoms of creamy white; Jackmanii, deep purple blossoms; Rubella, blossoms of velvety purple; Star of India, reddish purple blos-soms, aad Seiboldii, bright blue blossoms. The general tone of the reports from the portions of the United States where the fall wheat threshing is completed are disappointing. This, however, is not be-Clematis flammula belongs to the small flowering class, and is one of the oldest and best of hardy climbers. The foliage is couse of extremely light yields, but because the yields are so much less than had been expected. The general fine appear-ance of the wheat fields before harvest seems to have caused too great expectations.-Ex. paratively new sort, from Japan, perfectly hardy and a decided acquisition to our list of hardy climbers. The plant makes a

As far as can be learned at the present time, prices for apples are likely to be good this season. The outlook in the United States for a big crop is not at all bright. In fact, it is doubtful if the 1898 crop will be much larger than that of 1897, which was below the average. In among climbing vines, and peculiarly suited for planting on farm home grounds. For foliage effect only, no climber equals Ampelopsis veitchii, or, as it is more com-monly known, Boston ivy. It is entirely hardy, grows rapidly and attains a height of fifty feet or more. It is a fayorite climber ror growing on churches or walls Canada a small crop is predicted, though it is likely to be larger than last year.—Ex

The range cattle feeders of the west seem determined to get their stockers this fall for much less money than was paid last year. Last year stockers, as a rule, were not in as good condition as they are this year, owing to the pastures being better. In that case they will be worth more for feeding purposes. In addition to this, stockers are not so plentiful as last season, and feeders may find it difficult to get their supplies at the lower prices to get the.. determined upon. ☆ ★ ★

Agricultural Brevities.

Most of the wheat flour imported by the island of Porto Rico is received from the United States.

Apropos of the question whether the potato bug eats the tubers or not Rural New Yorker says a number of its read-ers have stated positively that they have known the potato beetle to eat the tubers. Professor Kedzie reminds farmers that their most valuable mine of potash is the clay and loam of the farm. Every soil contains potash, but the clay is especially rich in it, and by the slow chemical changes, promoted by tillage, potash is constantly set free for the use of plants.

"A quiet change in farming" is noted by Orange Judd Farmer in the statement by Orange Judd Farmer in the statement that good farms near cities have advanced from 5 to 25 per cent in value when reached by an electric railway. The increased demand for farms comes from the city residents who wish to enjoy country life or to raise fruits, vegetables, poultry, etc., for the nearby market.  $x \neq x^*$ 

A newspaper down in Maine, in telling of the death of a man through being struck by a railroad train, adds that "it will be remembered that he met with a similar accident a year ago." It is to be hoped that the habit which he appears to have contracted will not become chronic.--(Philadelphia Inquirer.)

