

## Fighting in Manchuria

### Russian Operations Against Chinese Who Are Holding Positions Near Mukden.

### In the Storming of Kulo, Attacking Party Lost Thirteen Men Killed.

London, April 23.—A dispatch from St. Petersburg to the Daily Mail says official information is received that renewed military activity is beginning in Manchuria. Chinese troops are strongly entrenched at three points around Mukden. They are armed with good rifles and have 30 Krupp guns. To the eastward of Mukden near Turchauzen there are 12,000 men under the chief Boxer general, Lu Tansu. To the northwest, near Kulo, there are 6,000 Chinese under the former governor of Mukden. To the eastward of Mukden, near the Inshan mountain, there are 9,000 more, under the Chinese General Shu.

Admiral Alexieff has accordingly organized an expedition under Gen. Zerpinsky, consisting of two regiments and five squadrons of Cossacks, 16 guns and a body of volunteers, to operate against the three points mentioned.

The first movement was successfully carried out in the beginning of April Kulo, which is two hundred and fifty kilometers from Mukden, was stormed, and the 12,000 men of the Russian troops and the 13 men killed and four officers and 13 men wounded.

The advance towards the Turchauzen position was then begun. Owing to the departure of the Russian troops from Mukden, the latter city has become very unsafe. Almost nightly Russians are found shot in the back.

The situation in Southern Manchuria is disquieting and another advance of Russian troops will be necessary in the early spring.

According to Russian advisers, says the St. Petersburg correspondent of the Times, Prince Tuan has failed to produce a rising among the inhabitants of Mongolia, who are kept quiet by a wholesome respect for Russia. It is therefore declared to be unlikely that an insurrection has broken out in Mongolia.

### TROOPS FOR SAMAR.

### Reinforcements to Be Sent to Deal With Filipinos Who Refuse to Surrender.

Tacloban, Island of Leyte, April 23.—The session of the Philippine commission at Cat Balogan, Samar Island, today developed the fact that the inhabitants of Samar are still in rebellion and the forces of Gen. Lukban, the rebel leader, which consists of 600 rifles and many Bolomen.

The only delegates present at the session were representatives from several organized towns on the east coast, and they feared to give information to the Americans. The commissioners assured them that the increased American forces would cope with the rebels and that a vigorous campaign would be instituted in Samar. The only American troops now in Samar are seven companies of the First Infantry.

Previous to the arrival of the commission yesterday a party of insurgents fired down from the hills back of Cat Balogan. Some bamboo guns were captured to-day.

The commissioners called to-night for the southern Luzon provinces.

### Surrenders.

Manila, April 24.—One hundred and fifteen officers and 2,157 Bolomen have surrendered and sworn allegiance to the United States at Narvascan, province of South Iloilo.

The commissary investigation is progressing. Several important witnesses in the Red case have left Manila. Messrs. Barry Baldwin, Thomas Harris, Fred Macdonald and H. S. Chandler, prominent merchants, supposed to possess information concerning money paid by commissary officers, are destined to be arrested with a view to the arrests will be made. The trial of Captain James Creed, formerly depot commander at Manila, has been temporarily postponed.

### LEPERS IN PHILIPPINES.

### They Will All Be Placed On One Island.

(Associated Press.)

Manila, April 24.—Major Noble, adjutant-general of the department of the Visayas, has received the surrender of the Visayas, Salas and three of his officers, and the insurgents under Salas will surrender. It is claimed this will terminate the insurrection in the Island of Panay.

It is estimated there are 25,000 lepers in the Philippines, and it is planned to locate all the lepers on one island, Major Mans, the medical inspector.

### SIXTY OUTLAWS KILLED.

London, April 24.—News has reached here of a severe battle in the vicinity of Fort Darwin, Mashonaland, between a force of Charter Land police and natives from Chibwa, under the outlaw Mponda. Sixty of the outlaws were killed.

## DEMANDS BY MINISTERS.

### Ask For More Beholdings and Missionary Says Boxers Are Preparing For Another Rising.

New York, April 23.—A Herald dispatch from Peking says: "The ministers of England, France, America, Holland, Belgium and Italy, to whom the question of provincial punishment was assigned, have submitted a report to the diplomatic corps in which they demand more beholdings, and the punishment by exile and degradation of three more officials. The demand was immediately sent by the diplomatic corps to the Chinese plenipotentiaries."

### Missionary's Warning.

Berlin, April 23.—The Cologne Volks Zeitung prints correspondence from a German missionary in China which says that in Southern Peking the Boxers are preparing for another uprising, especially in the districts of Kuang Ping Fu and Nai Ming Fu, where the population sympathized with the Boxers because of the famine there. The population persistently disregards decrees issued by the authorities.

Referring to Yu Hsuan, the former governor of Shan Si, the correspondent says Emperor Kwang Su was fully informed on the subject of Yu Hsuan's murders of foreigners, and ordered the provincial judge at Kan Su to decapitate Yu Hsuan, who has since fled and disappeared.

## The Russian Students

### Adopt a Resolution Asking Ministers to Postpone Lectures and Examinations.

### Should They Behave Moderately, Absentees May Be Recalled During Summer.

St. Petersburg, April 23.—The universities were reopened yesterday. With the permission of the minister of public instruction, Gen. Vannov, the students held a meeting and after a four hours' debate adopted the following resolution by a vote of 1,561 to 228:

"The students considering the government's benevolent intention and desiring to give time to accomplish necessary reforms, resolve to beg the ministers not to begin lectures in the spring, and to defer the examinations until autumn, when they could be attended by comrades who are now exiled, because, in the contrary event, difficulties might arise in the universities which we wish to avoid."

The students were entirely alone except for the presence of the chief depute. Ten addresses were made, most of them moderate, and the temper of the meeting was conservative. The meeting in a certain sense was a continuation of that held on Saturday, the same students presiding, but the more radical resolutions adopted on Saturday were not accepted.

The Saturday meeting had been forbidden, but the rector eventually opened the hall and four hundred students publicly demanded the recall of absent students. It is believed that the resolution adopted yesterday will render those passed on Saturday nugatory, and will receive respectful consideration by the government.

One of the speakers yesterday related a conversation he had had on Sunday with Senator Aeschinoff and the new Assistant Minister Meschanoff, who had expressed the statement that the government could not receive categorical demands from the students, but had expressed the belief that if the students behaved moderately the absentees would be recalled during the summer.

The university students will meet again to-day to receive the answer of the authorities to their resolution.

### SEVERE FIGHTING

### In Northern Nigeria, Where Slave Raiding Emirs Were Defeated—Natives Charged British Square.

London, April 24.—Brigadier Gen. Sir Frederick Lugard and Col. G. V. Kemball, with a force of West African frontier troops, have completed a successful campaign against the powerful slave raiding Emirs of Bida and Kontagora in Northern Nigeria. The British defeated the Emir of Kontagora after heavy fighting, 5,000 natives frequently charging the British square. The British captured the capitals of Bida and Kontagora, and released thousands of slaves.

The Emirs, who have been the terror of the country for years, killed thousands of natives during the past year. They are now entirely powerless, and this was brought about without the assistance of white troops.

### CARPENTER SHOT.

Parkville, W.V., April 24.—Sidney Cole to-day shot and killed Wm. T. Terry, a carpenter on the steamer Keystone State. Cole's house on the river bank had seven feet of water in it. The Keystone State was about to land near by. It is supposed Cole feared the swell would float his house away. He warned the officers not to land, but they persisted, and he fired three shots, one passing through Terry's heart. Cole was arrested.

### TOLSTOI EXPELLED.

London, April 23.—A special dispatch from Vienna says the Czar has signed a decree expelling Count Tolstai from Russia, and that the decree has been served.

## Amusing Attempts

### To Obtain Evidence Substantiating the Charges Made by H. H. Cook.

### Some Smart Passages-at-Arms Between W. T. Preston and A. H. Marsh.

Ottawa, April 23.—The Cook committee met again in the Senate this morning. Sir Mackenzie Bowell, presiding. O. T. Ritchie appeared for the partisan majority in the Senate; J. K. Kerr for W. T. Preston; S. H. Blake for the accused persons, and A. H. Marsh for H. H. Cook, complainant.

It was stated by Mr. Ritchie that Mr. Bailey, executor of the estate of the late M. C. Cameron, had been summoned to produce the private letter book of 1898. W. T. Preston was examined as to how he had discovered that his letter written to Cook and produced before the committee some weeks ago had been tampered with. He explained that he had asked for a copy of the letter and a friend had examined it and reported it to be without a date, and then Preston went himself and examined the letter under a magnifying glass and swore that there was distinctly visible letters J. and U. in ink which had been obliterated by acids.

There were some passages at arms between Mr. Marsh and the witness. Mr. Marsh once made the remark "innocent lamb," intended to apply sarcastically to Preston, who retorted, "Well, you're no innocent lamb," which drew the laugh to Marsh, who then tried to rake up evidence 20 years old in an old law case to discredit Preston's veracity, but Preston explained that the reflection on his veracity was made by an enemy of his who had been declared by the judge guilty of perjury.

Then Sir Mackenzie Bowell suggested that a messenger should be called to prove that Preston, after being excluded from the room on the first day, had listened to evidence at the door, but the messenger indicated a spot where Preston stood from where it was clearly impossible to hear what was going on in the room.

The committee in an effort to extract evidence disgusted everybody, and when it failed, produced laughter on all sides. The committee adjourned at 2 o'clock.

Sir Richard Cartwright was examined this afternoon at the Senate committee, but there was nothing materially new in the evidence. Dr. Wilson, Mr. Cook's son-in-law, was the next witness, and produced the late M. C. Cameron's letter book. There were four letters, he said, in it which referred to the case at issue.

### Discussion Postponed.

The Manitoba Railway bills discussion was postponed at the railway committee to-day until Thursday next.

### Reported.

The Vancouver, Westminster, Northern and Yukon Railway Company, and the Similkameen and Keremeos Railway Company were reported at the railway committee to-day.

### In the House.

In the House to-day Hon. A. G. Blair read an order-in-council to the Clerical steel rail contract to show that his former statement that the contract was for one year only, with the understanding that further contracts would be made from year to year for five years, was correct. He admitted the draft contract laid on the table of the House for five years, but stated that there was a mistake in the drafting, and it had not yet been executed.

Sir Wilfrid Laurier stated that on Monday he would make a statement as to whether 24th May would be a public holiday this year.

Ottawa, April 24.—A. P. Parish, counsel for H. H. Cook, occupied all this forenoon addressing the senate committee on the Cook charges. Before he commenced Sir Mackenzie Bowell read a letter from M. G. Cameron, withdrawn against Dr. Wilson, his brother-in-law, yesterday. He said he used it in a moment of irritation.

Mr. Marsh traversed all over the case, most of the time quoting from the evidence. In conclusion, Mr. Marsh said that while the evidence was clear against Preston and Cameron, he was willing to admit that the evidence as far as Sir Richard Cartwright was concerned was not all one way. As regards Sir Wilfrid Laurier—and these were the only two members of the government mentioned—it would not do if a case was made out against Sir Richard, but let the Premier go free. Sir Richard was the accredited agent of the Premier, and therefore the latter was as deep in the mud as the other was in the mire. Mr. Blake will speak at 8 p.m.

### A Scene.

W. T. R. Preston met Mr. Marsh, Cook's counsel, at the Russell house, to-day after the committee meeting, calling him a "mean, low, cowardly liar." A crowd gathered, but no blows were struck.

### Charleston and Contractors.

At the public accounts committee to-day G. P. Brophy, of the public works department, was examined, and said that Contractor Heney had financially assisted W. G. Charleston, son of J. B. Charleston, to go into the hardware business. The amount of the purchase of the business was, he understood, about \$18,000. There were two checks, one for \$10,000 and one for \$5,000,

given by Heney. Mr. Brophy said he merely handed over the checks to Solicitor Murphy, and had nothing to do with the purchase.

### In the House.

The Premier, replying to A. Morrison in the House, stated that it was expected the report of the commission investigating Oriental immigration in British Columbia would be received before the end of the session, and as soon as received it would be printed and distributed.

The Minister of Agriculture, replying to Mr. Morrison, stated that there was no authentic report of the existence of bubonic plague in Australia, but captain of vessels arriving had made reports. Warnings had been sent to quarantine officers in this connection. All vessels arriving, whether healthy vessels or not, had to go through disinfection, and various articles, such as yarns, bolls, etc., had also to undergo inspection unless accompanied by a proper certificate from the port of departure. The equipment of a bacteriological station and the appointment of a bacteriological officer had been carried out and repeated warnings issued to quarantine officers to keep the matter of the plague in mind.

Col. Prior called attention to the loss of a vessel on the east coast of Vancouver Island, and to a report that it had been bought and was being salvaged by Americans. He asked if these Americans had the right to do this work, and whether it should not be done by Canadians.

The Premier stated that a complaint in this regard had been received and forwarded to the department of justice for enquiry as to the law in the case. Mr. Prior proceeded with the Nipissing election case.

Hon. C. Fitzpatrick replied to Mr. Northrup, pointing out that the election case was tried by the courts, that evidence had to be reported to the Speaker and was before the House, and consequently no possible service could be had by referring the case to the privileges and elections committee.

## Died in the Blizzard

### Nome Paper Tells of Several Deaths at the Beginning of January.

### Party of Sixteen Men and One Woman Endure Terrible Sufferings

Seattle, April 24.—Partial confirmation of the rumors of death in Alaska by freezing has been received. The Nome Digger of January 30th says: "Dr. Pelton, one of the best known and most esteemed young pioneers of Alaska, was frozen on the trail on the night of January 1st near Solomon. He came from Oakland, Cal., and was 33 years of age. Dr. Anderson left Dexter for Nome about four weeks ago, and has not yet been heard of. It is feared that he has perished in the New Year's blizzard."

W. F. Baum perished while carrying medical assistance to a sick miner. Dr. Baum left for Nome on June 21st last. He was a native of Mobile, Ala., and saw service in the Cuban war. "This afternoon United States Marshal McClean brought into town the remains of a man from Solomon. Later it was identified as that of Alexander Snow."

A story was told at the Chamber of Commerce meeting on Monday night of 16 men and a woman huddled together in a maimed and mutilated condition from frost bite in a cabin on Pilgrim's river, unable to be down because of the crush and with starvation facing them. Generous individuals and companies donated money and food. An appeal to the military was resolved upon, and within two hours an emergency supply of food was flying over the trail by moonlight, drawn by swift dogs. The next day a number of the victims arrived in town and told their story. Some of them were badly bitten and had endured severe hardships.

"Dr. Baum was frozen to death on Saturday, January 19th. Two unknown men were found dead near Mary's Ingleo."

### WERE REPORTED DEAD.

Two United States Soldiers Surprise Their Friends.

Racine, Wis., April 24.—Joseph Kelley, a Racine soldier who was reported killed in a battle in the Philippines, astonished his relatives yesterday by walking in on them. Not until he reached San Francisco did he learn that his friends mourned him as dead.

### Funeral Was Held.

Redding, Cal., April 24.—Harry O. Stone returned to Redding to-day from the Philippines, where he served with the Fourth Cavalry. He was reported killed in the battle of Malolos, What had been supposed to be his body had been found there, and an elaborate funeral held. Later the body was claimed by a Mrs. Stone, of Worcester, Mass., as that of her son Hermon H. Stone, of the 22nd Infantry, and shipped there.

### CARGO ON FIRE.

Queenstown, April 24.—The British steamer Ontario, Capt. Brenton, from Hull, April 18th, for Boston, is putting back with her cargo on fire. A tug has gone to her assistance. It is expected that the steamer will be abandoned.

Later.—The Ontario has been docked. The fire seems to be confined to her after hold.

Richmond, April 23.—John McMorin, a grandson of this place, and father of Alex. McMorin, Victoria, B.C., died this morning, aged 70 years.

## Thousands Homeless

### Floods in Ohio, Kentucky and West Virginia, Drive People From Homes.

### Many Are in a Destitute Condition—Several Railway Bridges Swept Away.

Cincinnati, O., April 24.—Besides the heavy loss by flood in the manufacturing and wholesale districts, many laborers are idle and about 1,000 people have been rendered homeless. The loss in the timber and the interests along the little Kanawha is estimated at a quarter of a million dollars.

At Charleston, W. Va., over 300 people were rendered homeless and the loss of timber in Elk, Pocahontas, and Coal River has been very great. The Kanawha and Michigan railroad has been unable to run between this city and Point Pleasant since Saturday. Three bridges were washed away and the roadbed washed out at many places. Two adjacent towns in Huntington, W. Va., are submerged, the water in many instances being in the second story. Over a thousand people are homeless in the district and many are destitute. In Harvey not a dozen inhabited houses are left. All the towns in this valley that are lighted by natural gas are in darkness and without fuel, as the natural gas main burst near Gallip, Ky. The damage in this section is estimated at over \$600,000.

At Ripley, Ohio, boats are used on Second and Third streets. The city east of Main street is covered with water, but only about 15 families moved to the second stories, and the condition is improving.

At Marysville, Ky., about 30 families have moved to the second stories, and some have vacated. At Aberdeen the condition is much worse.

### Situation at Cincinnati.

Cincinnati, O., April 24.—What is believed to be the crest of the flood sweeping down the Ohio river reached here today. The river rose an inch per hour all night, and a stage of 56 feet was reached before 6 a.m. This is the first time the danger line for business sections, and eleven feet below the line where the water enters the tenements along the river front. The city is surrounded by water on the east and west as well as along the south side, but it is estimated now that the stage of 58 feet will not be reached here, and that the highest stage will come to-day and retire soon will follow.

The conditions on the Kentucky side have not changed. The relief that is in sight here clears everything for the 480 miles up to Pittsburgh, and the river may say that the lower Ohio valley will not suffer so much, as the tributaries below here are not so high as those in the upper valley.

### Pits Flooded.

Youngstown, Ohio, April 24.—The Mahoning river this morning is within two feet of the great flood of 1878, the highest ever reached in the Mahoning valley, and is steadily rising. Steady rains are reported at the head waters and along the upper part of the valley. The suburb of Hazelton is inundated. Several mills have been compelled to suspend operations by reason of the pits being flooded.

### Still Rising.

Louisville, Ky., April 24.—At 10.30 a. m. to-day the river here was rising a fraction over two inches an hour, with 28.8 feet in the canal. The danger line is 28 feet at the upper canal gate, and the local weather bureau forecasters believe this will be passed about noon to-morrow. Water has reached the business houses at the foot of Fourth, Fifth, Sixth and Seventh streets, and is several feet deep in many places.

### NOT REGARDED SERIOUSLY.

Berlin, April 23.—Emperor William regards the news of the plot against his life as "child's play" (Kinder Schachspiel), but he approves the comprehensive steps now taken to forestall the plotters. The Emperor saw an account of the plot and immediately warned the Emperor, who joked about the matter, thus removing her disquiet.

### THE LATEST COMBINE.

Chicago, April 24.—After a conference lasting several days the plow manufacturers of the United States practically have completed the formation of a \$50,000,000 combination. It has for one of its purposes the elimination of the long credits, which have been given country merchants.

### NEW BISHOPS.

Rome, April 24.—The propaganda has decided to propose to the Pope that he appoint the Very Rev. John O'Connor, vicar-general and at present administrator of the diocese of Newark, Father O'Connell, of the American College in Rome, has been selected as the Bishop of Maine.

### BRESCI REPORTED MAD.

Paris, April 24.—A dispatch to the Republic from Rome says that Bresci, the assassin of King Humbert, has become mad in consequence of the ill-treatment of his jailers.

### JOHN M'MORINE DEAD.

Richmond, April 23.—John McMorin, a grandson of this place, and father of Alex. McMorin, Victoria, B.C., died this morning, aged 70 years.

## FLOODS CAUSE SUFFERING.

### The Ohio and Guyandotte Rivers Are Still Rising.

Huntington, W. Va., April 23.—The Ohio river is 53.5 feet and rising an inch an hour. The Guyandotte river is rising again at headquarters. One foot more of water is expected here. News of great suffering from the floods comes from the interior counties. No fatalities have been reported to-day. After an almost continuous rain for six days the weather cleared up at midnight.

### No Alarm at Cincinnati.

Cincinnati, O., April 23.—Although the Ohio is still rising and the back waters of the Little Miami and Mill creek surround the city, there is no longer any alarm here on account of the flood, as it is confidently predicted the river will not reach as high a stage as expected.

### CANADIAN NOTES.

Brantford, Ont., April 24.—Four cases of smallpox have broken out among the Six Nation Indians.

Amherst, N. S., April 24.—Chief of Police Brownell has been dismissed for allowing Timothy O'Hearn to have his liberty after arresting him on a warrant for violating the Scott Act.

Sydney, C. B., April 24.—The schooner Verheena, from Louisburg for Newfoundland, with a cargo of coal, struck a rock on Monday night and sank. The crew were saved.

## The Peace Rumors

### Report That Mrs. Botha Has Been in Communication With Kitchener.

### Who Will Probably Receive the Boer Leaders Botha, Delarey and Viljoen.

New York, April 24.—Once again peace rumors are in the air, says the Tribune's London correspondent. Mrs. Botha has been in correspondence with Lord Kitchener and as a result it is believed that the British commander-in-chief has agreed to receive the three Boer generals, Botha, Delarey and Viljoen, within the next few days.

It is perhaps not without significance that the news should reach London from Amsterdam that Mr. Kruger is afraid Mrs. Botha's efforts will cause her husband to surrender.

### FOR VALOR.

Three Canadians Who Are to Receive the Victoria Cross.

London, April 23.—The Gazette this evening announces that the Victoria Cross has been conferred on Lieutenants H. Z. C. Cockburn and R. E. W. Turner and Sergeant E. Holland, of the Royal Canadian Dragoons, for conspicuous bravery at Komatipoort river, November 7th, 1900, in protecting artillery from capture.

The annual return of recruiting of 1900 shows a total enlistment of 99,301 against 42,700 in 1899. The recruiting for the infantry is regarded as unsatisfactory. In spite of the reduction in the standard of height the number of enlisted infantrymen is below that of 1899, the recruits generally having preferred the showier branches of the service.

Applications for the new war loan continue to pour into the Bank of England. It is estimated that the loan was subscribed for six or seven times over, and it is expected that the list will be closed to-morrow, as it is not desired to lock up too much money.

### MAGNETIC HEALING.

President and Secretary of Institute Use Mails to Defraud.

Kansas City, Mo., April 24.—In the Federal court here Stephen A. Weltmer and Jos. H. Kelly, president and secretary of an institute of magnetic healing at Nevada, Mo., pleaded guilty to indictments charging them with using the mails to defraud. Sentence was remanded until to-day.

The institution advertised to heal "all diseases known to man or woman," giving "absent treatment," and did such a tremendous mail order business that the Nevada post office was raised from a fourth to a first-class office. A fraud order issued by the post office department debarring them from mails was followed by grand jury indictments.

### F. P. FISH'S SALARY.

Will Receive \$100,000 as President of Telephone Company.

New York, April 23.—According to a morning paper Frederick P. Fish will take office as president of the American Bell Telephone Company and of the American Telephone & Telegraph Company on July 1st next. His salary will be \$100,000 a year.

### GIRL KIDNAPPED.

Rochester, N. Y., April 24.—Mrs. John H. Christen, living on Davis street, has reported to the police that her five-year-old daughter has been kidnapped. She says that while the child was playing in front of the house on Augusta street yesterday afternoon, two strangers drove up, lifted the child into the carriage and drove rapidly away. The police are still searching for the alleged kidnappers at the little lot.

## May Have Fifty Wives

### The Arrest of Count Leopold De Melville Reveals an Extraordinary Romance.

### Bears Scars on Face and Body Received in Duels For Love.

Chicago, April 23.—By the arrest of Count Leopold de Melville, otherwise known as Leo Talquin, who is held by the New York police on a charge of bigamy sworn to by a brother of one of his Chicago wives, there was brought to light in this city a romance whose unfolding reveals the count as the hero of more than 100 love affairs. He is declared to be the husband of an assortment of wives whose number a recently deserted wife in Chicago estimated last night at "fifty or so."

As a duelist on many a blood stained field of honor in Europe the count became celebrated nearly a generation ago. His duels were fought for love and the wounds received in the onsets he bears on his face and body. He at last broke altogether with his father, a nobleman high in the court and

### Councils of the King

of Belgium, and came to this country. Such was the narrative rendered last evening at his residence in this city by Mrs. Hannah Henson de Melville, who married Count de Melville on August 21st, 1900, and lived with him until about three weeks ago.

Only a few days before April 1st of this year the Count eloped with a young woman from Riverdale whom, it is alleged, he married in this state and then took with him to New York. Within a few days of the elopement the young man's brother discovered that de Melville had a wife in Chicago, Mrs. Hannah de Melville, with whom he had been living at the time of the elopement. His sister in New York was made acquainted with her brother's discovery. There was a scene between the elopers, after which the woman returned to Chicago.

When placed under arrest in New York the Count was reported to have told Detective Burke he had so many wives that he had not been able to keep track of

Even Their Names, and could form no idea as to their real number.

To have made such an admission the Count would have had to make the Count, who is said to be habitually cautious and taciturn in dealing with strangers. But she freely avowed that in her opinion he has several wives living, and added that she would be surprised if the number should be found to reach fifty.

With this latter number to his credit the Count would be found to have thrown into the shade the records of two most celebrated Chicago bigamists, Bates and Farnsworth, since Bates was only able to muster five at his trial, and Farnsworth about the same number, although Farnsworth told the police here that the number of his living wives was 42.

The Countess first met the Duke of Rev. John Henson, pastor of a church at Grand Rapids, Mich. She had come to Chicago to visit the fair, and was stopping at the Hotel Belmont, her companion being a Southern belle. At first the Count was infatuated with the Southern belle, but later diverted his affections to Miss Henson. She returned to her brother's home in Chicago, and the Count again until last fall, when she married him.

She declared last evening that there is no doubt in her mind that he is a genuine Count, and that he has been all over the world. Before the end of the week the Count will be brought to Chicago to face his accusers.

### Was Employed as Waiter.

New York, April 23.—The man who called himself Count Leo de Melville, who is said to be known also as Leo Talquin, was arrested here on Friday night last at the request of the Chicago police. He was arraigned before a magistrate on Sunday and was remanded until to-day.

A Chicago detective reached this city to-day with requisition papers in which the man is said to be wanted in Chicago for bigamy. The New York police say the prisoner was employed as a waiter under the name of Talquin.

### TO PREVENT TUBERCULOSIS.

New York, April 23.—According to a Herald dispatch from Buenos Ayres, Dr. Villier, an army surgeon, announces that he has discovered a serum to prevent tuberculosis. He says that fifty experiments have been made, and have given favorable results.

### TRAIN WRECKED.

San Antonio, Texas, April 24.—A southern Indiana Central Great North passenger train was wrecked to-day at Davenport, 16 miles north of here, by running into an open switch, misplanned. It was supposed by train robbers. Fireman F. W. Hicks was killed and Engineer Moushan was fatally hurt.

### SAILED FROM SINGAPORE.

Singapore, April 23.—Steamer Ophion, en route to Australia with the Duke and Duchess of Cornwall and York on board, sailed from here at 1.40 o'clock this afternoon.

## DRIA

Children. Castoria is a Oil, Paregoric, Drops contains neither Opium, substance. It is Pleasant, use by Millions of and allays Feverish, and Wind Colic. Castoria cures Constipation and the Food, regulates and Children, giving Castoria is the Children's

### Castoria.

Castoria is so well adapted to children I recommend it as superior to any preparation known to me.

### SIGNATURE OF

### Doctors

DRY WRAPPER.

STREET, NEW YORK CITY

### BOOK FOR BOOKLET DESCRIPTIVE OF

### Bythia Water

There's greatest fountain of health—its remarkable efficacy (daily health) comes to the Indians and to the fish moths of the Santa Barbara Mission has been fully established only in ten years, through extensive practical as well as scientific investigations.