

KAISER ATTACKED IN REICHSTAG

Socialist's Speech Causes Uproar

Chancellor Replies With Bitterness Which Adds to the Turmoil

(Times Leased Wire.) Berlin, Feb. 19.—Emperor Wilhelm and Chancellor Bethman von Hellweg were attacked on the floor of Reichstag by Dr. Frank, the leader of the Socialists, in the German representative body. Frank declared that the same law which brought the Reichstag into being was responsible for the creation of "Kaiser." Dr. Frank declared that as Chancellor von Hellweg had attacked the basic suffrage represented by the Reichstag as a demoralizing and dangerous influence in public life, and at the same time to use those terms concerning the Kaiser. When Frank attacked the Kaiser, he-President Shah, who was present, called him to order saying that speaker would be allowed to drag Kaiser's name into the debate. "I will say what I like about the Kaiser," retorted Frank. "We have no cause to shrink from mentioning the Kaiser as though he were a divinity. I favor respecting the Kaiser, but I must insist that the same respect be given the Reichstag." The Conservative side tried to knock Frank down, but the Socialists kept outmarched cheered and applauded wildly. Frank continued: "The Prussian government in suppressing public demonstrations with rods such as have been employed during the last week, will yet provoke a revolution. If a revolution starts, the Socialists will sweep away the Chancellor and all obstacles to popular government."

KITCHENER'S ARMY SCHEME

Advocates Longer Compulsory Training of Men in Australia. Sydney, Feb. 19.—Lord Kitchener's report on military affairs reaffirms his high opinion of the capacity of the Australians, but insists on a longer compulsory training of the men. Education for officers he considers necessary. He suggests first, the establishment of a college on the lines of the Staff College in the United States with a staff of imperial officers. He advises Australians to later return to the system with an Inspector-General at its head. A board of inspection approves of the government's decision to manufacture locally arms of ammunition.

RAISUL REPORTS OWN DEATH

Tangier, Morocco, Feb. 19.—The authorities announced to-day that the semi-official report of the death of Raisul, the bandit, was erroneous. Raisul said the bandit himself was responsible for the report, and believe he was the first move in some coup d'etat planning. He is said to be in the hands of his followers.

COASTING ACCIDENT

Lady Smith, Feb. 17.—Leonard Ryan, the 14-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Ryan, while coasting down Gator street with a number of young boys, met with a serious accident. The sled on which young Ryan was riding was started from the top of the hill, and he was travelling very rapidly and got beyond control, and just as it crossed the Esplanade it ran into a telegraph pole, precipitating the coasters. Young Ryan was carried to his home on Roberts street, where it was found he had sustained a fracture of one leg just below the hip. It was impossible to discover if other bones had been broken. The patient was taken to the hospital at Nanaimo, yesterday, where further investigation will take place just as soon as the swelling is reduced.

WOMEN FARMERS

London, Feb. 18.—Miss Minnie Clark, a lady farmer, hopes to raise \$100,000 from women to form schools of agriculture for women in Canada. Miss Clark suggests that the difficulty of obtaining sufficient and reliable labor would be overcome by training women in the home, and that farm implements should be unfair to sell water to outsiders cheaper than to large manu-

AGAIN LOST ON TIE VOTE

CITY COUNCIL REJECTS OAK BAY AGREEMENT

Meeting of Board Last Evening Was a Very Lively One

The city council at a special meeting held on Thursday again rejected the proposed agreement with the municipality of Oak Bay in respect to a supply of water. This outcome of the vote on the resolution could hardly have been anticipated, for it was taken as a foregone conclusion that it would be carried. Ald. Raymond, who at the last sitting of the board voted in the negative, was absent and when this fact was noted when the meeting opened it seemed certain the agreement would pass. As Ald. Bannerman was present, he was known to be favorable to the proposal. Quite unexpectedly, however, Ald. Bishop took a stand in opposition to the agreement and the vote was taken, and the mayor declared the motion lost. Present at the meeting was a delegation from the Oak Bay council, but only one of their number, J. S. Floyd, clerk of the municipality, was given an opportunity to speak. The meeting was replete with lively incidents. Ald. Fullerton and the mayor had several little clashes which were noted by the proceedings. On the agreement being taken up, Ald. Langley, chairman of the legislative committee, explained how it came about that such recommendation had been made to the council. He explained at length the provisions of the agreement and declared that if it were turned down Oak Bay would secure a supply from the Esquimalt Waterworks Company, which would mean a larger territory for the company and the city streets. He believed that it would be a most unwise policy to allow the water company to go through the streets and lay mains which if the city should acquire the Goldstream property, would become dead and worthless pipe. In the next place he believed it would be unwise to allow a private company to acquire territory which directly adjoins the city. Such a policy, without regard to what might happen this year would be very much against the interests of the city. In his opinion all the territory adjoining the city should be tributary to Victoria.

In regard to the matter of fixing the rate at ten cents per thousand gallons, he said this figure had been made after a calculation given by the water commissioner, which he believed to be correct. This was the cost of the water as delivered at the Oak Bay boundary line from the mains outside the city—7 1/2 cents per thousand gallons had been added to the actual cost, which brought the price up to ten cents. The question had been asked: Is this fair to the large manufacturing concerns in Victoria who are charged a higher rate? He did not believe this point ought to enter into the question at all. The manufacturers got water at the same price that it costs the city, counting the cost of redistribution. The cost of Oak Bay water would get it not at ten cents per thousand gallons, but with the cost of distribution in Oak Bay added—and he could tell them that the people of Oak Bay are not in a position to pay more than the rate for the water. In conclusion, Ald. Langley declared that the agreement was a good business proposition. It would prevent conflict with Oak Bay, would obviate the necessity of tearing up the streets and preserve a valuable market for Victoria's water supply.

Ald. Mable could not understand how the calculation that the water costs the city of Victoria only 7 1/2 cents had been arrived at. At the request of the mayor, James L. Raymer, water commissioner, made a lengthy explanation on this point. He had calculated the value of all the properties belonging to the city in connection with the water department, estimated the interest, took depreciation at 2 1/2 per cent, considered the cost of pumping, and then arrived at the figure that the actual cost of the water was 7 1/2 cents. Ald. Mable was still unable to understand how it cost the people of Victoria 14 cents and how they could in that event justify selling at 10 cents. Mr. Raymer said the reason why the people of Victoria found the cost of water was because the cost of distribution throughout the city had to be borne by them.

Ald. Fullerton, with some heat, declared that Mr. Raymer had told the council a different story last year. The water commissioner denied this. Mayor Morley tried to set Ald. Fullerton right on the question of the cost of the water, but that worthy declared he would not see eye to eye with his worship, and in this attitude he was warmly supported by his neighbor, Ald. Mable. Ald. McKee, who, by the way, has all along been favorable to the agreement, tried to pour oil on the troubled waters by saying that what appeared to be disturbing both Ald. Mable and Ald. Fullerton was the fact that the council justify the sale of water as a commodity to outside parties which was costing the consumers of the city more.

Mr. Raymer, who was "still on the stand," said he would hardly be expected to answer this question, as it was the reality of policy. Ald. Fullerton said that Spring there would be discriminated against if such an agreement were to be made with Oak Bay. Ald. Mable would be agreeable to selling water to Oak Bay for the same price as it cost the people of Victoria, but not for the people of Victoria. The justice of such an arrangement, the Bishop said that while he had voted in favor of the agreement last week he had changed his mind. He believed that it would be unfair to sell water to outsiders cheaper than to large manu-

facturing concerns in Victoria. He thought Victoria West was being discriminated against in the proposed agreement. At this point the mayor expressed the opinion that the board might be assisted in their deliberations if they were to hear from the gentlemen who were present representing the Oak Bay council. Ald. Fullerton protested against this suggestion. "We are quite competent to run our own affairs," said he. Ald. Ross said if Oak Bay was so anxious to live on the best terms with Victoria it ought to make an endeavor to avoid the streets of Victoria in planning a route for its water pipes. Ald. Langley explained that it was erroneous to suppose that the people of Oak Bay were going to get water for ten cents per thousand gallons. As a matter of fact they would have to pay more for it than the people of Victoria.

The mayor said he was amazed that some people were apparently prepared to deny the growth of Greater Victoria. They should assist the uplifting of Oak Bay by every means in their power. Ald. Bannerman at some length explained why he was in favor of the agreement and closed by asking, "If Victoria West and Oak Bay are lost to the city as markets, where is Victoria going to sell her water?" In his opinion if these two sections were to take their supply from an outside source it would be impossible for the city to finance the Sooke lake scheme. Should they get water from Sooke lake then the city will have no place to sell it in order to make a profitable undertaking.

Ald. Mable—Can you sell Sooke lake water at ten cents? The question was answered in the affirmative by a number of aldermen and also by the water commissioner, but Ald. Mable remained unconvinced. Mayor Morley at this point entered into an elaborate argument to show that Victoria could afford to sell water wholesale at 7 1/2 cents per thousand gallons. He illustrated his argument by suggesting that if all the people of Oak Bay were assembled at the mouth of the delivery pipe before the water is taken into the distribution pipes for Victoria, they could be supplied at 7 1/2 cents per thousand gallons, and there would be no injustice done Victoria in charging that municipality 30 cents per thousand gallons. On this point Mr. Raymer said that the arrangement with Saanich had been made at the express request of the people of that district. They did not wish to undertake the cost of distribution, and the city had done it for them.

Mr. Floyd, on behalf of the deputation from Oak Bay, made a brief statement. He explained that the system of distribution had cost Oak Bay \$30,000. He was proceeding to point out that the suggested agreement was not a matter of Oak Bay's seeking, but one which emanated from the city council, when Ald. Fullerton interrupted. Ald. Fullerton—No instructions were given by this council for any committee to open negotiations with Oak Bay for any such agreement. Mayor Morley—I am surprised at you, Ald. Fullerton. You ought to know that any committee of the council has the right to initiate business. Ald. Fullerton—That's all right, but not in this fashion. Mayor Morley—Now, Ald. Fullerton, that is absurd. There is a good deal going on in some of the committees which the council does not always hear of privately. The committee of which you are chairman does a good deal of hole-in-the-corner business. Ald. Fullerton—That is not so. Everything is open and above board in that committee. Mayor Morley—Ald. Fullerton seems to be laboring under a misapprehension as to the prerogatives of committees. For his benefit and the benefit of all of us, I want to state now that any committee of this council has a perfect right to initiate any proposal it thinks right, and that the council will give its recommendations the fullest consideration. Ald. Sargison was sorry that the discussion had drifted along these lines. He believed the proposed agreement an excellent one and thought that any committee which had taken the trouble to prepare such a report should be commended rather than otherwise.

After some further discussion the motion to adopt the agreement was put and declared lost on the following division: Ayes—Mayor Morley, Ald. Sargison, Bannerman, Langley and McKee, 5. Noes—Ald. Fullerton, Mable, Ross, 3. As the deputation from the Oak Bay council withdrew his worship remarked that he was very sorry about the result of the vote. Ald. Fullerton thanked the council for having given the question prior consideration at the proceedings of the meeting and the deputation retired.

MUCH CREDIT JOHN OLIVER'S WESTMINSTER BRIDGE TOLLS TO BE REMOVED

Government Takes Step Which Was Advocated by Liberals for Years. For many sessions the Liberal members who came from the neighborhood of New Westminster voiced the grievances of the farmers of that district in regard to the imposition of tolls on the bridge over the Fraser river at the Royal City. The government remained deaf to all the representations which were made by John Oliver and other Liberal members, and refused to forgive the sum the revenue gains from that source. It was in vain that it was pointed out to the industry that toll roads and bridge tolls were a relic of a bygone age. But now, when with Conservative members representing the district the credit which is due to others may be appropriated by them and the party they belong to, the government has suddenly found out that the levying of tolls on highways and bridges is not in line with the spirit of the times—and therefore not in harmony with the policy and practice of the McCreary administration. Accordingly the decision has been reached that the bridge shall hereafter be maintained as a free bridge for all pedestrian and vehicular traffic. As the structure is being used by the Great Northern railway and will shortly be utilized by the B. C. Electric Railway Company the income from these sources will be more than enough to maintain the bridge and probably yield a small profit to the province. Just why the charging of tolls should have become an archaic practice in the opinion of the McBride administration within one short year can only be explained on the theory that the government does not want any credit to go to Liberals for the reform. The farmers of the Delta and the splendid country to the south of New Westminster will, however, know whom to thank for first bringing this matter to public attention, and making it necessary for their successors in the House to follow up their urgent advice to the government to abolish these tolls.

TRADE RELATIONS WITH GERMANY

Views of London Tariff Reform Papers Combated by the Government Organs. (Special to the Times.) London, Feb. 18.—The German-Canadian trade treaty is creating much interest here. The views of tariff reform press are hotly combated by government organs. The Chronicle, which yesterday devoted a column to "The Unusual Allarmist Misrepresentation," says: "There is no ground for anxiety on our part because Canada has come to a sensible arrangement with Germany." The Daily Graphic thinks the recommendation all the more satisfactory because it leaves the case for inter-imperial preference untouched. Germany's recognition that preferences are family possessions, being a precedent with which other countries will have to reckon with later on.



THAT BALKY HORSE!

BOARD OF TRADE DELEGATES AT CAPITAL

Interview Hon. W. Templeman Regarding Victoria Harbor Improvements. (Special to the Times.) Ottawa, Feb. 18.—Simon Lelser, president of the Victoria Board of Trade, and Joshua Kingham arrived here to-day to interview the government on the question of improving Victoria harbor. They had a meeting with Hon. Wm. Templeman shortly after their arrival, and the Minister of Inland Revenue will take up the subject with the Minister of Public Works without delay. The delegates express their appreciation of the cordial reception extended to them by Mr. Templeman, whom they found to be in hearty sympathy with the object of their mission. Geo. A. Keefer, public works engineer in British Columbia, and H. F. Bullen, of the British Columbia Marine Railway, accompanied the delegates here.

MORE BIOTING IN GERMANY

OVER TWO HUNDRED PERSONS INJURED. People Aroused by Ruthless Methods Employed to Suppress Disorders. (Times Leased Wire.) Frankfurt-on-Main, Germany, Feb. 18.—More than two hundred persons injured in Socialist riots last night, are in hospitals here to-day. Even the police admit that at least 200 were injured. It is believed that twice that many suffered from minor cuts and bruises in the demonstration against the passage of the government suffrage bill. None of the injured will die, according to hospital reports, but many of them are suffering from severe cuts and deep stab wounds inflicted by bayonets in the hands of the police. The people of Frankfurt and of southern Germany are aroused by the ruthless methods of the military in suppressing the Socialist demonstrations and further disorders are expected. The Socialists are demanding the free rights to hold street meetings. The Socialist papers are scolding the police and government and calling upon their brethren to resist tyranny and oppression to the last effort. Responding to the call of their newspapers, Socialists and their sympathizers have been arming themselves and preparing to resist what they deem an invasion of their rights. Among the weapons used effectively against the military are small bags of pepper, which are thrown in the faces of soldiers and horses of the cavalry. The bags break when they strike and the victims are blinded by the pepper. Last night's rioting raged through many streets. For the first time, police charges were hardly effective and no sooner had the mob broken before them in one quarter than it rallied again in another section of the city. The police have been on duty almost continually for many hours and appeals may be sent to the capital for aid. Lever Brothers, Toronto, will send you a cake of their famous Plantol soap, if you mention this paper.

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NAVAL OFFICERS URGE FIGHT

ANXIOUS TO CAPTURE PORT IN GREECE. Admiral Mianlis Opposed to Violence But May Be Overruled. (Times Leased Wire.) Constantinople, Feb. 18.—All that prevents an open clash between the Greek army and navy is a difference that exists between Admiral Miaoulis and Naval Lieutenant Tipaldo, according to messages brought here to-day. It was heard to-day that following Tipaldo's banishment for participating in a naval mutiny several months ago, he did not relinquish his command as had been supposed. His followers who are with him in Athens are in almost open revolt against Miaoulis over the latter's attitude toward the army men who are in practical possession of the city. Tipaldo urges that the navy take Piræus, the port of Athens, and then forcibly suppress the members of the navy league at the capital. Miaoulis is opposed to violence, but it is feared that his supporters are in the minority and that a clash cannot be avoided. The trouble between the army league and the navy was augmented by the proposed appointment of a military dictator. The army man proposed was Prince Nicholas of Greece, who has been in Constantinople for several weeks, is hastening to Athens to-day. It is believed he has been called home by his father, King George. May Abolish Militia League. Constantinople, Feb. 18.—King George of Greece late to-day summoned a council of the royal family at Athens to consider the ability of abolishing the militia league. It is generally conceded that the militia league is at the root of the present trouble between the Greek army and navy, which had its origin in a proposal to appoint a military dictator for the Kingdom. The abolition of the league undoubtedly would make or break the present dynasty. It would leave a clear path for the appointment of a navy man to the dictatorship. It is argued on the other hand, however, that the power of the army might be great enough to precipitate general domestic strife if the league were abolished.

CHINESE OCCUPY CAPITAL OF THIBET

Council Will Be Abolished—Natives Complain of Actions of Troops. Calcutta, Feb. 18.—Recent reports of trouble between Chinese and Tibetans is confirmed by dispatches received by the Pioneer newspaper of Allahabad stating that Lhasa, the capital of Thibet, has been occupied by 2,000 Chinese troops. It is supposed they are at the capital for the purpose of abolishing the Tibetan council and establishing purely Chinese government in Thibet. The Lamas see their power vanishing and have no means to preserve it. The Tibetans complain that Chinese troops have desecrated their holy places and monasteries and levied contributions on the people. The situation is watched with anxiety in India.

WOMAN SHOTS MAN.

Fort William, Feb. 18.—Mary Matavon, a comely young Galician woman, who has been married three months, shot and instantly killed Paul Fummary, a laborer, at her home in the coal dock district yesterday. The woman claims that Fummary entered her home and tried to assault her, and that she picked up the revolver to protect herself.

WOUND MAY CAUSE DEATH.

Belgrade, Serbia, Feb. 18.—Former Crown Prince George is near death at a remote garrison in Northeastern Serbia. He is suffering from blood poisoning, which resulted from an accidental bullet wound in his hand. When the Prince was shot he refused treatment, declaring his death would be a "good riddance" to those who for years have been trying "to get me out of the way."

NINE PERSONS INJURED.

Montreal, Feb. 18.—A local passenger train on the Waterloo branch of the Central Vermont railway was wrecked last night near West Sheffield, Que. Nine persons were injured, none seriously. From some cause, at present unknown, the two rear cars of the train left the rails and plunged down a fifteen foot embankment, the rear car, a first class passenger car, in which most of the injured people were riding, turning over completely. The heavy snow on the ground prevented loss of life.

WOMAN AND CHILD

Grand Jury Investigating Mysterious Affair at Sanatorium. Santa Rosa, Cal., Feb. 18.—The Sonoma county grand jury began its preliminary investigation into the circumstances attending the death of dynamite Lucila Smith and her child at the Santa Rosa sanatorium of Dr. William P. Burke. Dr. Burke, the centre of the inquiry, who is charged already with the attempt to kill the woman, probably will not be summoned until later in the inquiry, if at all, according to an intimation by District Attorney Lea.

MRS. W. S. BLACKSTOCK DEAD.

Toronto, Feb. 18.—Mrs. W. S. Blackstock, died yesterday. She was the daughter of Thomas Gibbs of Oshawa and sister of the late Hon. T. N. Gibbs and W. H. Gibbs, formerly M. P. for North Ontario. She was born in Terrebonne, in the province of Quebec, in 1827, but early in life came with her parents to upper Canada, and resided at Oshawa until her marriage. She leaves one son, G. T. Blackstock, K. C., and three daughters.

HALLEY'S COMET.

Washington Professor Says It Is Not as Brilliant as on Last Visit. University of Washington, Seattle, Feb. 18.—Halley's comet has been sighted from the university observatory. "A strange impression seems to have got abroad regarding the observation of this comet," said Prof. J. E. Gould. "For several weeks it has been possible to see the so-called Halley's comet from points in the northwest, with the aid of a two-inch lens. It is a mistake to believe it will be visible but a short time to residents of this section. I look for some spectacular features the latter part of May." No credence is given by Prof. Gould to the report that cyanogen gas of sufficient quantity to destroy human life exists in the comet's tail. Indeed, he is of the opinion, and declares every new observation strengthens his belief, that the comet is by no means as brilliant as on the occasion of its last visit seventy-five years ago.

THREE CENT CAR FARES AT CLEVELAND

Scheme Adopted After Fight Which Has Lasted for Fifteen Years. (Times Leased Wire.) Cleveland, Feb. 18.—After a fight begun fifteen years ago and waged at various times by former Mayor Tom L. Johnson, three-cent car fares will hereafter prevail in this city. A new franchise, placing the street car system under the supervision of the city, was approved in a referendum election yesterday by a majority of 3,100. The franchise was proposed by Judge Robert W. Taylor, of the Federal court. The Cleveland Trolley Company must furnish the city with car service at cost, plus six per cent, return to holders of stock in the concern.

FIGHT FOR FREE TRADE IN INSURANCE

Canadians May Insure in Foreign Companies Without Payment to Government. (Special to the Times.) Ottawa, Feb. 18.—The Senate banking committee this morning decided that any Canadian individual or firm should be allowed to go outside of Canada for fire insurance without being charged extra for it by the government. The clause in the government bill requires the payment by the insurer to the insurance department of an amount equal to 15 per cent of the premium paid by any insurance company not licensed in Canada was struck out. This is a victory for the British Columbia lumbermen and Canadian manufacturers generally, who have been demanding free access to big reciprocal and mutual companies in the United States.

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ARE MISSOURIANS.

Members of U. S. House Committee Desire to "Be Shown" Peary Discovered North Pole. Washington, D. C., Feb. 18.—The House committee on naval affairs has declined to accept as final the report of the National Geographical Society that Commander Robert E. Peary reached the north pole. The committee members intimated that they desired to "be shown" that Peary really discovered the "great north" and planted the Stars and Stripes there before they recommend that congress tender a vote of thanks to him. The members, however, have not decided what action they will take toward convincing themselves or how this may be accomplished.

HENRY, OUT OF POLITICS.

San Francisco, Cal., Feb. 18.—Francis J. Heney reiterated to-day his determination to keep out of California gubernatorial fight. He declared to-day that under no condition could he be prevailed upon to accept a nomination for governor. Heney stated that he will continue with the prosecution of Binger Hermann in Portland.

LABORITES MAY FORCE ELECTION

WANT LORDS' VETO TO PRECEDE BUDGET

No Agreement Yet Reached Between Nationalists and Ministers

London, Feb. 18.—That another general election is not unlikely within three months is the constant assertion to-day following the events which took place yesterday one of the most exciting since the election. All evidence points in the direction of an acute crisis. The cabinet council, which is now sitting daily, had a two hours' session yesterday, and the Prime Minister had an audience with the King, after which the cabinet council resumed its sittings and did not adjourn for more than an hour.

George M. Barnes, new chairman of the Labor party in parliament, sent a manifesto to Premier Asquith protesting against the budget question preceding the veto, and declaring that in the event of this protest being disregarded, the Laborites would vote against the government. Negotiations between the government and the Nationalists are in an unsatisfactory state. It being reported that John Redmond failed to carry his demands, while an alliance between the Nationalists and Laborites in a campaign to force Premier Asquith to take up the veto first would undoubtedly present a serious situation, the Premier does not seem to be worried. He sought relaxation last night by attending the theatre. Reform of House of Lords. London, Feb. 18.—In view of a flat proposal received by Premier Asquith to-day, it is believed the crisis in the political situation is approaching. The Nationalists and Laborites this afternoon demanded that the premier either swing the cabinet to support their intention to abolish the veto power of the House of Lords immediately or resign the premiership. It is thought there is little likelihood of Asquith being able to harmonize his cabinet and comply with the demands of the other parties. Should he attempt to fill the objectionable cabinet officers' places with persons who would do his will in the matter, a split in the Liberal party might be the result.

PIN CAUSES DEATH.

Tacoma Woman Passes Away From Blood Poisoning. Tacoma, Wash., Feb. 18.—Mrs. Martha J. Freedland, mother of City Treasurer Ray Freedland, is dead here to-day, a victim of blood poisoning. A month ago Mrs. Freedland picked her thumb with a pin. She paid little attention to the wound at the time, but it finally became so serious that she was taken to the Fannie Padlock hospital. The physicians, however, were unable to do anything for her and she succumbed yesterday.

CORNWALL PIONEER DEAD.

Cornwall, Ont., Feb. 18.—Patrick Denny, a well known citizen of Cornwall, is dead, aged 83 years. He was the son of the late James Denny, and was for over 40 years a prominent dealer. He was local agent of the E. O. Navigation Company for fifteen years. His wife, two sons and one daughter survive him. The latter are John P. Denny, of the Royal Bank, Montreal; Clarence Denny, of Nelson, B. C., and Miss Edith Denny. He was a prominent member of the C. M. W. A. and the Knights of Columbus. (Concluded on page 16.)

ATTEMPT TO KILL

WOMAN AND CHILD Grand Jury Investigating Mysterious Affair at Sanatorium. Santa Rosa, Cal., Feb. 18.—The Sonoma county grand jury began its preliminary investigation into the circumstances attending the death of dynamite Lucila Smith and her child at the Santa Rosa sanatorium of Dr. William P. Burke. Dr. Burke, the centre of the inquiry, who is charged already with the attempt to kill the woman, probably will not be summoned until later in the inquiry, if at all, according to an intimation by District Attorney Lea.

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