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EK MINES
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hined in the face of this tunnel.
The Wonderful is a silver lead mine
n the famous Slocan District. It is
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These are all properties in which
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ave reaped all the profits accruing
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ught to seek investment in these
ines.
GEO. A. CASE,
10 Victoria-street.
, 10 Victoria-st.
Nice Weather
This.
If you like it you can be just as warm NEXT WINTER. We have some SPECIAL CONSIGNMENTS of
VERY CHOICE COAL.
You can get quality and quantity and a very low price, 5.25, in bags.
People's Coal Co.
RUPTURED . . .
If so, did you ever notice the ease with which it can be reduced and retained by the fingers? Then what would you say of a truss with an action similar to that of the human hand and retaining rupture upon the same principle? Here it is, the Wilkinson Truss, manufactured by B. Lindman, Rossin Block, Toronto. 'Phone 1035. 246

PATENTS PROCURED
In Canada, Great Britain, United States and Foreign Countries. PRELIMINARY ADVICE FREE.
C. H. RICHES
Canada Life Building, Toronto.

The Toronto World.

"MALTESE CROSS"
MACKINTOSHES
The Toronto Rubber Co. (Ltd.),
28 King-st. West (Manning Arcade).

SEVENTEENTH — EIGHT PAGES—WEDNESDAY MORNING AUGUST 26 1896—EIGHT PAGES — ONE CENT

Senate Reading Room

IT WAS FOSTER'S DAY

The Ex-Minister of Finance Cuts Through Many Liberal Skins.

TALKS ABOUT THAT "EARTHQUAKE"

And Shows That It Was Simply a Landslide in the Province of Quebec.

That Speech From the Throne Was Like a Mirage—There Was a Table Spread, But No Viands, But Lots of "Tarte"—He Slates the New Government For Throwing Liberal Principles to the Four Winds in Their Very First Acts—They Do Not Practice What They Preach—Sir Richard Forced to Accept Whip Taylor's Denial—In the House it is Talk, Talk, Talk.

Ottawa, Aug. 25.—(Special.)—Two or three minutes sufficed to clear off the routine and then the debate on the address was resumed.

Mr. Foster, who was greeted with warm party applause, addressed his opening remarks to certain observations of the mover of yesterday. Mr. McInnes, he said, had given as evidence of the depressing effect of 18 years of the National Policy that numbers of people, many of them persons of culture and refinement, were piling in applications for Government situations to such an extent that the lives of members and Cabinet Ministers were becoming a burden to them. Mr. Foster thought this was rather an evidence of the wide and consuming hunger amongst the Government's life-long followers after 18 years in opposition. It might also be looked upon as evidence of a full crib from which a liberal hand was ready to deal out to these tried and true and cultured followers the great and the small gifts for the time being at the party's disposal. If it was evidence of depression at all it was of the depression which would settle by-and-by on nineteen out of the twenty applications for office. The cultured and cultivated were indeed making their applications. Even old members were missing. Mr. Foster's longings had been satisfied with an office at $100 a year and Mr. King of New Brunswick had had his desires met by an appointment as postmaster of Marsh Hill at $10 a year. Following Mr. McInnes' speech, he found that the young member had been learning of Sir Richard Cartwright, for he talked of "The ungodly use of godly influences," and when he spoke of the National Policy he took pattern by Mr. Davies, who termed it a policy "accursed of God and man."

Avoid Such Prophets.

Greater modesty would have better become the young member, whom he recommended in future to avoid these apostles and prophets of disaster. Mr. Laurier's first ambitious speech after assuming the Premiership did not impress one as very statesmanlike. Sir Charles Tupper's observations challenged a strong reply, but there was no need for the Premier to have taunted Sir Charles with feeling sore over the result of the elections. If he felt that was the case he was never more mistaken. Sir Charles Tupper gave up a lucrative office in order to enter into the fight. But what about Mr. Laurier's colleagues? What about Sir Oliver Mowat, who had held on to his comfortable position as Premier? What about Mr. Fielding, who would not undertake to jeopardize his position as Premier of Nova Scotia, but held on to his comfortable job until the victory was won and there was still another who today was fighting for a constituency in New Brunswick. He also held on to his good position.

That Earthquake.

The Premier yesterday had referred to the earthquake of June 23, but where did the earthquake take place? Not in Prince Edward Island, where the Liberals were in the minority; not in Nova Scotia, where with all their arts and power and aid of the Provincial Government the Liberals could not command a majority; not in New Brunswick, where they could only get four seats out of fourteen. In Ontario there had been no earthquake. Mr. Laurier could not command a majority there. Neither could he in Manitoba. Quebec, where an insidious landslide, rather than any earthquake had occurred, had put Mr. Laurier in power. Even in British Columbia the earthquake had not extended there, divisions in the Conservative ranks due to honest differences of opinion giving the Liberals two Conservative seats. Taking up the Speech from the Throne Mr. Foster remarked that the Premier had little to offer the House and country. No man had been able to float so long on simple words out of which no definite meaning could be taken as the present leader of the Government. (Hear, hear.) The Speech from the Throne was like a mirage. There was the table spread, but there were no viands. There was no meat, no salad and no potatoes. (A voice: "Lots of Tarte," and roars of laughter.) All that the House was called together for was to vote the supplies, and he thought that the first paragraph might probably have been altered to read, that "Owing to the stupid and unreasonable obstruction pursued by the Liberal Opposition at the late session, in refusing to vote supplies at the time when they could have been voted with comfort to the House, and economy to the public, the House had now been called together at great public expense."

Contrary to Liberal Principles.

Mr. Foster called attention to the violation of all Liberal principles by the deliberate refusal to vote moneys and then for the new Government to have recourse to a Governor-General's warrant. A Governor-General's warrant was asked for and given without hesitation in July for $1,000,000. Of this amount, however, the document tabled yesterday showed they could only spend $600,000. Some careful, prudent Finance Minister asked for one million dollars, where only $600,000 was necessary. The same thing was done in the month of August. Now, if by a Governor-General's warrant, two millions could be appropriated for departmental salaries, why not twelve millions, or thirty-six millions? (Hear, hear.) How the Tupper Main would have resounded with the announcements if this May-

Continued on Page 8.

THE FLOTATION PUBLIC AND GOLD MINES.

Editor World: Some time ago I read in a Toronto paper—I think in yours—that you'd sent a special man out to British Columbia to enable you to protect small investors in mining shares and that the announcements of sound concerns only would appear in your columns. Will you kindly let me know what you think of ——— as an investment?

Reader.

Our correspondent is in error. We never made such an announcement. On the contrary we stated at the beginning of the boom that The World would insert any mining advertisement that came along. So it will. At the same time we especially warned the public to investigate for themselves.

On August 4, under the headlines "What The News will do," "Special information will enable The News to exclude the advertisements of all doubtful properties," The News published the following:

In order to secure the interests of its readers the News has sent a special correspondent to the mining country whose duty it is to keep the management apprised by daily despatches of the developments and working of the various claims and mines of the district. This information will be used by The News to exclude from its columns the advertisements of all wild-cat companies, or of those properties which have not the best and brightest prospects of paying handsome dividends. Only the advertisements of what are considered at the mines first-class claims will be admitted to the columns of The News, so that investors will be able to deal in gold mining stocks as intelligently as if they were upon the spot themselves. The expense of retaining a special commissioner in this district is very great, but The News believes that its enterprise will be appreciated by its readers and that it will save them many thousands of dollars that would otherwise be thrown away. While it is impossible for any living man to guarantee the value of an undeveloped gold mine, the very best judgment of experts will be used by The News in the manner indicated.

Up to date (three weeks have elapsed) the "special correspondent" has not been heard from, nor have the public been saved from any "wild-cats." Nor has any mining advertisement been refused because it was a wild-cat.

The World has no desire to mislead the public. It will publish the advertisements and notices containing what the promoters claim for their properties. These the public must take at their own risk.

What an investor ought to know is, first, if the money received for treasury stock really goes into development of the mine, and next that claims that a property is really a "mine," an ore-producer, are genuine. For both of these the public must rely on the broker and any other information at hand. A broker ought to protect his client, not fleece him. This is the broker's, not the newspaper's work.

As a matter of news The World a fortnight or more ago sent Mr. A. R. Macdonald, one of its young men, out to Rossland. He arrived there over a week ago and is now sending us a daily special. His initials will appear at the end of his despatches and letters. We have also a local correspondent at Rossland. Both have unlimited use of the telegraph wires for the transmission of news.

The public can therefore find the announcements of the mining companies in The World, also the latest news by wire from the British Columbia mining camps, but we do not assume responsibility for anything outside of what our correspondent sends us.

And while therefore we cannot undertake to advise our querist on a particular mine, we can say this much on British Columbia mining, and Rossland in particular. That after reading the geological reports, and interviews with the heads of the Dominion Geological Survey, and with experts who have been in the country and keen business men who have gone out to examine for themselves, we have no hesitation in saying that British Columbia is about to become the greatest mining country in the world, and that a phenomenal era of production in the precious metals is at hand.

A Cheerful Aspect.

It is reasonable to feel that with the advent of Canada's great fair hard times will be pretty well swept away and the citadels of depression will be forced to capitulate to triumphant prosperity. A briskness in the tide trade that is truly gratifying is very much in evidence at Quinn's, where the sales of bows, clubs and Lombards at 25c each are truly phenomenal. The richest silks that the world looms produce are used in the construction of these neckties. The prejudice against Canadian neckwear that has ruled like an iron hand has been broken down and both femininity and masculinity recognize in these neck-fixings a potent aid to beauty.

Funeral furnishings Gormally & Somerville, 712 Queen-st. West. Tel. 5358.

Fine French cambric shirts, our own make, all sizes, ready for use. We carry possibly the largest stock of shirts in the trade. Treble's, 53 King-street west.

Keeps the system right in hot weather—Adams' Tutti Frutti. See that the trade-mark name, Tutti Frutti, is on each five cent package. Refuse imitations.

Do You Know Him?

John P. Eppig, 80 years of age, who was an undertaker in Cincinnati for 50 years, is missing. If he is in Toronto, Inspector Stark would like to get his address.

Excursion to St. Kitts, N. Falls and Buffalo—Tickets at 5. J. Sharp's, 78 Yonge-street.

One more grand chance to visit the above places Monday morning, Aug. 24th, at 7.40 o'clock, by the staunch steamer Empress of India.

A Treat in Hot Weather—Adams' Tutti Frutti. Don't allow any imitations to be palmed off on you.

Large Assortment of Clarets.

We are offering the public a large selection of choice clarets at $3, $3.50, $4, $4.50, $5, $6, $6.75, $8, $9 and $10 per case quarts; also a choice assortment of old vintage and Chateau wines. Mara's, 79 and 81 Yonge-street. Phone 1708.

Play Pillow-dex, the most exciting and laughable new game ever invented. In two sizes at 25c and 50c each. The Harold A. Wilson Co., 35 King-st. W.

Gems in Art

Are found in our platinum-finished photographs. The Bryce Studio, 107 King street west; Telephone No. 1724 for sittings. ed

Cook's Turkish Bath, 204 King W. Evg. 50c

Links, Fine gold plate, 25c, 50c, 75c, $1; the links are easily adjusted and look as well as fine gold. Treble's, 55 King-street west.

Easy to order—"Salada" Ceylon Tea.

Caw's Fountain Pens, 14 carat gold pens, guaranteed, $1.25 each. Blight Bros., 65 Yonge-street.

Pembers' Turkish Baths, 75c. 129 Yonge.

Mike Brennan's Trial.

The new trial of Michael Brennan for the murder of John S. Strathy will take place next month. It is said the defence will claim accidental killing.

Play Pillow-dex, the most exciting and laughable new game ever invented. In two sizes at 25c and 50c each. The Harold A. Wilson Co., 35 King-st. W.

SIR MACKENZIE ACCEPTS.

The Ex-Premier Could Not Refuse the Appeal of His Fellow Senators.

HE WILL NOW LEAD THE OPPOSITION

American Insurance Companies Must Pay Their Policies in Gold

Or in Canadian Currency, According to a Bill Introduced in the Senate—Sir Richard Likely to Take Sir Mackenzie's Place at the Adjourned Cable Conference—Rumored That Col. Otter Will be the New Commandant of the Royal Military College.

Ottawa, Aug. 25.—(Special.)—Sir Mackenzie Bowell is to lead the Opposition in the Senate. This is as predicted by me the other day. To-day he was waited upon by a large deputation of Senators, headed by Senator Miller, and presented with a requisition signed by all of the Conservative Senators in the city asking him to accept the leadership of the Conservative members in the Upper House during the present Parliament.

The following is the requisition: "We, the undersigned members of the Senate of the Dominion of Canada, hereby beg to express to you our high sense of appreciation in your past services as leader and member of the Conservative party. We further express our confidence in your experience and ability and take pleasure in urging upon you our desire that you should retain during this Parliament your leadership of the Conservative members of the Senate. William Miller, John J. Ross, Francis Clemow, L. F. R. Masson, M. Adams, D. McInnis, W. D. Taylor, J. C. Aikins, L. J. Forget, R. B. Dickey, Peter McLaren, W. Owens, A. A. Macdonald, John Dobson, G. W. Allan, James R. Gowan, M. R. Cochrane, A. W. Ogilvie, G. C. McKindsey, Thomas McKay, Donald McMillan, William McDonald A. Vidal, C. Primrose, George B. Baker, R. Ferguson, James A. Lougheed, W. E. Sanford, J. F. Armour, Samuel Prowse, Pascal Poirier, Py B. Bernier, J. O. Arsenault, George T. Baird, Charles T. Casgrain, P. A. Deblois, W. J. Macdonald, H. Montplaisir, Thomas Temple, Theodore Robitaille, J. O. Villeneuve, J. H. Bellerose, Joseph Bolduc, John Carling, D. McKeen James Reid."

Senator Miller, in presenting the requisition, pointed out that the high position occupied by Sir Mackenzie in the councils of the country would give him prestige as a leader for which his experience and acknowledged ability in every way fitted him. In addition to that he possessed the entire confidence of the Conservative members of the Senate, who had every confidence in his capabilities to lead the party in the Upper House.

Sir Mackenzie, in reply, said that although requested by Sir Charles Tupper to lead the Conservative members of the Senate he had declined to accept the responsibility, but in view of the fact that it was the unanimous wish of his fellow-Senators he felt he should lead them he felt that it was his duty to accept the honor they desired to confer upon him. The announcement was received with loud applause.

To Pay Policies in Gold.

Senator Lougheed in the Senate this evening introduced a bill to amend the Insurance Act. It provides that all policies of insurance negotiated by United States companies in Canada to residents in Canada shall be payable in legal tender of the Dominion, notwithstanding that there may be a stipulation to the contrary in policies. The object of this bill is to meet a contingency which might arise in the United States by reason of a free silver policy being adopted in that country. The present position of the policies of insurance negotiated in Canada of United States companies is that upon payment of these policies maturing payment in most cases, if not in all, is made at the head offices of the companies in the United States. The Canadian policy-holders would, therefore, be compelled, if silver became legal tender, to accept payment of their policies in that coin, which is only worth fifty-two cents on the dollar. As all premiums are payable in gold it is urged that there can be no valid objection to making the policies payable in the same coin. The bill is likely to give rise to an interesting discussion in the Upper House.

The Debate Yesterday.

The Government is evidently prepared to rush business in the House as to-night the Premier gave notice of a motion to take Wednesday evening and the whole of Thursdays hereafter for Government business. The debate on the address was maintained with vigor to-day, Mr. Foster making a capital address and Sir Richard Cartwright replying. To the old Parliamentary hand it seems strange to see the doughty knight for the first time in many years strictly on the defensive. The latter hours of the session brought two new members to their feet, Messrs. Stenson and Oliver.

Despatches From London.

Two despatches from the Home Government were received in Parliament to-day. One acknowledged the receipt of the loyalty resolutions passed by Parliament. Mr. Chamberlain in his despatch says: "It has been a source of great satisfaction to Her Majesty to receive this assurance of Canadian loyalty, and to know that in its effort to maintain the legitimate interests of the British Empire she surely can always rely upon the support and approval of the Canadian people."

Another despatch acknowledged the receipt of the resolutions favoring the principle of international arbitration. It says: "Her Majesty's Government in London have learned with much satisfaction the terms of this resolution, which they believe expresses sentiments generally entertained on the subject both in this country and in the United States."

Visitors at Ottawa.

The city was full of visitors to-day, who took possession of the Parliament buildings by hundreds this afternoon. Most of them were from the eastern provinces and came up to Ottawa on an excursion to the Exoerimental Farm.

The Cable Conference.

A return of unforeseen expenses, incurred since January last, was presented to Parliament to-day. It includes the payment made to families of officers who have died in the public service, and a number of other payments is included. Among them is the sum of $1930 expenses incurred by Sir Mackenzie Bowell and Sandford Fleming in connection with the Pacific Cable Conference. As already announced the conference will not get down to actual work until October, and it is not unlikely that a change in the personnel of the Canadian representatives will take place before the commission meets. The name of Sir Richard Cartwright is mentioned as likely to be substituted for that of Sir Mackenzie Bowell.

They Want Fish Hatcheries.

The mainland members from British Columbia, although Liberal supporters, are believers in the Conservative policy of aiding the fishery interests, and concede that great benefit has resulted from the hatchery on the Fraser River. Mr. Bostock is now asking for one to be placed on Shuswap Lakes, while Rev. Mr. Maxwell has seen the Ministers in order to get a hatchery on Skeena River.

Canadian Bankers to Meet.

Ottawa will have another very important convention on Sept. 9, 10 and 11. It will be the annual meeting of the Canadian Bankers' Association. The members of the local banks will tender the visitors a banquet at the Russell House on the evening of Sept. 10, and arrangements are also being made for a trip up the Gatineau. The convention will bring to Ottawa a large number of the best posted men on money matters in the Dominion, and the subjects to be debated will be of deep interest to the commercial world of Canada.

Personal and General.

At a meeting of the Debates Committee to-day Mr. Choquette was elected chairman.

It is rumored that Lt.-Col. Otter of Toronto is to succeed General Cameron as commandant of the Royal Military College at Kingston.

Twelve officers and men of the 1st Battalion of Royal Berkshires and the 8th Royal Engineers, stationed at Halifax, will be in Ottawa for the Dominion Rifle meet. Word has been received at the Department of Militia to that effect.

The scheme for the shipment of Canadian beef and mutton to the Old Country market is to be laid before the Ministry on Tuesday at a big conference to be held for that purpose. All arrangements have been made by Mr. Choquette, M.P., and the promoters of the scheme will be on hand to advocate their own plans.

The operations of the French treaty, which came into force in October, 1895, may be extended to Spanish goods.

The Senate resumed to-night. Eulogies were pronounced by Sir Oliver Mowat, Sir Mackenzie Bowell, Mr. Miller and others upon the late Senator Reed and Sir David Macpherson, and then an adjournment was made until to-morrow out of respect to the deceased.

Mr. Lemieux will ask if the Government intends to take part in the Paris Exposition of 1900.

Mr. Laurier has given notice that Government orders have precedence on Wednesdays after 6 o'clock and on Thursdays.

A SAD WARNING.

James Henry Attempted to Crawl Under a Train Which Started and Crushed Him to Death.

Comber, Ont., Aug. 25.—James Henry, a man well up in years, was killed at South Woodslee on Monday night. A freight train was standing on the sidetrack and Henry, desiring to cross to the other side, endeavored to do so by crawling underneath one of the cars. Just at this juncture the train was put in motion and the unfortunate man was caught by the wheels. He was badly mangled, both legs being severed from his body. The unfortunate man lived only 15 minutes after the accident. Mr. Henry was well known around Woodslee, where he carried on the insurance business, and he also dealt in cattle and grain. His remains were gathered up and taken to the freight sheds and after removed to his late home.

A BRAVE BOY'S DEATH.

Howard Atkins Lost His Life Attempting to Save His Younger Brother, Who Was Rescued Later.

Charlottetown, P.E.I., Aug. 25.—While trying to save his brother Albert from drowning this afternoon, Howard Atkins, a boy of 17, met his death and the other boy was rescued by a third party in a boat. The first boy had been thrown into the harbor at Lower Montague by the collision of two row boats.

Still Another Cheap Excursion.

Another popular excursion to Buffalo, Niagara Falls and St. Catharines will be given on Friday, Aug. 28, by the steamer Empress of India, G.T.R. and Erie Railways. Steamer will leave Geddes' wharf at 7.45 a.m. sharp, giving excursionists seven hours at Niagara Falls, or five hours at Buffalo. Buffalo tickets are good to return the following day. Tickets at principal offices and at the wharf.

Play Pillow-dex, the most exciting and laughable new game ever invented. In two sizes at 25c and 50c each. The Harold A. Wilson Co., 35 King-st. W.

Lakeview Hotel, corner Parliament and Winchester streets; steam heated, bathroom on each floor; rates $1 and $1.50 per day; special arrangements for weekly board. John H. Ayre, proprietor. 135

Brazilians Fight With Italians.

Paris, Aug. 25.—Telegraphic advices from Rio de Janeiro state that engagements between Italians and Brazilians took place at Sao Paulo on the 22nd and 23rd instants. According to the newspapers of Sao Paulo the trouble was fomented by the Italian Consul at that place, and it is rumored that the Brazilian Governement has decided to withdraw the Consul's exequatur.

Turkish Baths, 197 and 199 Yonge. Evg. 50c

More Troops for Cuba.

Barcelona, Aug. 25.—The first batch of the reinforcements for the Spanish forces in Cuba, to be sent from here sailed for the island yesterday.

Fetherstonhaugh & Co., patent solicitors and experts, Bank Commerce Building, Toronto.

Tourists and campers should lay in a supply of the celebrated Tonka Smoking Mixture.

Cook's Turkish Baths, 204 King W., day, 75c.

Gentlemen of refined taste chew the famous Beaver Plug exclusively.

Cook's Turkish Bath, 204 King W, Evg. 50c

The Vacancy in South Essex.

Windsor, Ont., Aug. 25.—It is said that the Conservatives of South Essex have all but agreed upon W. H. McEvoy, ex-Mayor of Amherstburg, as their candidate for the seat in the Provincial Legislature, left vacant by the death of Hon. Mr. Balfour.

A good truss properly fitted for $1 at The S. B. Chandler, Son & Co., Ltd., 108 110 and 112 Victoria-street.

LORD RUSSELL A VISITOR.

England's Chief Justice and His Distinguished Party in Toronto.

HIS LORDSHIP FAVORS SUNDAY CARS.

People Who Work Hard All Week Should Enjoy the Fresh Air.

After They Have Attended Worship There Is No Harm in Recreating—Sir Frank Lockwood Has a Great Admiration for Our Own Edward Blake—The Question of Home Rule Discussed—The Visitors' Program for To-Day.

The Right Hon. Lord Russell of Killowen, Lord Chief Justice of England, is in the city. When the Chicora arrived at the Yonge-street wharf at 5 o'clock yesterday afternoon, bringing His Lordship and party over from Niagara, the Union Jack floated in his honor from the end of the pier, and the docks were crowded with hundreds of people anxious to get a glimpse of the greatest of living jurists.

Greeted by Mr. E. B. Osler, Q.C.

Lord Russell, on landing, was accompanied by Lady Russell of Killowen, Miss Russell, Mr. Charles Russell, Sir Frank Lockwood, Q.C., M.P., Lady Lockwood, Miss Lockwood, Mr. Montagu Crackanthorpe, Q.C., and Mr. James Fox. The party were greeted by Mr. B. B. Osler, Q.C., representing the Law Society of Ontario, and Mr. E. A. Wills, Secretary of the Toronto Board of Trade, and driven in carriages, awaiting them, to the Queen's Hotel.

Half an hour later they boarded the Royal Canadian Yacht Club's launch, the Hiawatha, which conveyed them across the bay to the Yacht Club's beautiful Island home, where the whole party were dined as guests of Mr. Osler. Among those invited to join His Lordship at table were: Archbishop Walsh, Sir Frank Smith, Mr. Justice Osler, Aemilius Irving, Q.C., Walter Barwick, Q.C., and Prof. Wilson.

His Lordship Talks to The World.

On the party's return from the Island, Mr. Charles Russell, the genial and popular son of the Lord Chief Justice, introduced a representative of The World to his distinguished father and to Sir Frank Lockwood, Q.C., M.P., the well-known Liberal Home Ruler.

To the newspaper man Lord Russell expressed himself as full of admiration for Niagara Falls and the scenery of the Niagara River, but added that, as he had visited this country once before, 13 years ago, his impressions were not as vivid as those of some other members of the party.

"What do you think, Lord Russell, of the prospect of an arbitration treaty being formed between England and the United States?" asked The World.

"I think, sir, I have said out as much as I can on that question," replied His Lordship, "but I may state that I consider the outlook as not without hope."

Sir Frank on Home Rule.

The question of Irish Home Rule being touched upon, the scribe asked Sir Frank Lockwood what he thought of the position of the movement at present.

"I fear," answered Sir Frank, "that the divisions in the Irish parliamentary party have turned the hands of the clock back. I am sorry to see that the coming Irish convention is not to be representative of all Irishmen, for some sections of the Irish party are holding aloof from the gathering."

"Do you look, Sir Frank, for the ultimate success of the fight for Home Rule?"

"Yes, I do, because I firmly believe in it," said the English Knight.

Great Admiration for Mr. Blake.

In response to a question regarding Hon. Ed. Blake, Sir Frank said: "I have the greatest admiration for Mr. Blake, both personally and as a parliamentarian, and I consider he was a great acquisition to the House of Commons from the moment he put his foot in it. To begin with his first speech in the House on the Home Rule question, when in 1893 he followed Hon. Joseph Chamberlain in the debate, was a great success."

Sir Frank, replying to a further query, stated that he does not think Mr. Blake has any intention of ousting Mr. Dillon from the leadership of his section of the Irish party. Mr. Blake seemed to be very loyal to Mr. Dillon.

Asked whether personal jealousy was the cause of the Irish factions, or what was at the bottom of the lamentable divisions in the party, Sir Frank was uncommunicative. He would not say that petty jealousy caused the disturbances. In fact, he did not really see what was the trouble among Ireland's representatives, but he greatly regretted their lack of unity.

That Sunday Trip at the Falls

In the course of the interview the trip taken along the Niagara gorge by Lord Russell, Sir Frank and their party last Sunday was spoken of, in which connection the scribe informed the distinguished visitors that Toronto was such a goody city that some of its citizens were greatly shocked at such a desecration of the Sabbath, and considered the desecrators to be as great heathens as Li Hung Chang, who was also shortly to visit Toronto.

Lord Russell did not appear to be greatly crushed by this announcement, but Sir Frank Lockwood observed "That we must bear with what equanimity we may."

Mr. Charles Russell, the son of the Chief Justice, took occasion here to laughingly explain that the whole party had gone to church and heard a sermon on Sunday morning before they started on their outing, but this fact the newspapers had omitted.

Lord Russell Favors Sunday Cars.

The agitation at present going on in Toronto having been told of, The World asked Lord Russell and Sir Frank what they thought of Sunday cars.

Lord Russell's reply was in these words: "As an outsider I do not care to say anything, but I think it a great pity that people who work hard all week in the centre of a great city should be deprived of the opportunity of enjoying the fresh air and the beauties of nature once a week. After people have attended worship in the morning I see no harm in their thus recreating."

The Chief Justice on Sunday Freedom.

Pursuing the conversation, His Lordship observed that although he had not gone into the question he did not think that Sunday freedom demoralized the people. He instanced the opening of the art galleries and museums in London, which, so far, seemed to tend in the very opposite direction.

To-Day's Program.

To-day the distinguished party will visit the points of interest in the Queen City. This afternoon the ladies will be driven to the Four-in-Hand clubhouse by Mr. Walter Barwick while Lord Russell and the other gentlemen are being dined at Osgoode Hall by the Benchers. This evening the Lord Chief Justice will be entertained at the Toronto Club by the Board of Trade.

The Grand Trunk is furnishing a special train upon which the party will leave the Union Station to-night for Kingston, where they will take boat and go through the Thousand Islands to Montreal. On Saturday they go to Ottawa as guests of Lord Aberdeen. From the Capital they expect to proceed to Quebec, Lake Champlain, Newport, New York, Philadelphia and one or two other points, sailing from New York on Oct. 10.

Mr. Charles Russell told The World yesterday he did not think Lord Russell could be in Toronto for the Industrial Exhibition.

To the Ermine Born.

Lord Russell is a splendid type of a Britisher. Big of frame and noble of presence, he is outwardly an ideal Lord Chief Justice. His massive head and strong, clean-shaven features mark him as to the ermine born. Nothing of the Irish brogue does he retain, and his clear-cut, crisp, accurate style of speech indicate him to be what he is—the able English jurist. His bearing, though wholly unassuming, has that quiet dignity which distinguishes men of great parts.

A View of Sir Frank Lockwood.

Sir Frank Lockwood strikes the observer as one of Nature's own noblemen. His huge physique, great intellectual forehead, kindly smile and affable manner at once impressed themselves upon the interviewer. It is easy to see that he is an extremely loyable man, and those fortunate enough to meet him straightway credit the story of his having played leapfrog the other day with the schoolboys at Eton.

GONE WITH THE GOVERNMENT.

Plenty of Money Said to Have Been Used to Elect Mr. Paterson in North Grey—Mr. Blair Also Wins.

Owen Sound, Aug. 25.—(Special.)—The fondest dreams of the Liberals were more than realized to-night as the returns came slowly in from all over the riding. Mr. Paterson's majority is 408.

When the Controller of Customs accepted the Liberal nomination for North Grey, he displayed an amount of pluck, not to say rashness, which few men would have cared to show. But his courage and the hard work of his lieutenants were more than rewarded by his brilliant victory to-night. The majorities in the June election and to-day were as follows:

June 23—Majority for McLauchlan, Owen Sound 90, Sullivan 6, Holland 130, Sarawak 40.

Majority for Clark, Keppel 96, Sydenham 166, Derby 45.

Net majority for Clark, 32.

Aug. 25—Majority for Paterson, Owen Sound 133, Sullivan 45, Keppel 86, Sydenham 200, Derby 24.

Majority for McLauchlan—Holland 105, Sarawak 12.

Paterson's total majority 525.

McLauchlan's total majority 117.

Paterson's net majority 408.

It will be seen from the above figures that Mr. Paterson made tremendous gains throughout the entire riding, except in the Township of Keppel, the municipality in which the late John Clark resided and to which that gentleman had received 96 majority; Mr. Paterson did only ten worse. The vote in Owen Sound, which has always been a Conservative stronghold, was a great surprise to everyone, and as soon as it was known that this town had given the Controller 133 majority, the Conservatives realized that their man was badly defeated.

The election was remarkable for the large number of voters who were brought in from a distance. Men came from as far west as Regina, Dakota and Winnipeg and from points all over Ontario.

The Conservatives charge that an immense amount of money was used and that the Government did the Grit stumpers extra and large sums in public works had also a corrupt influence on the electors of Owen Sound. There is no doubt some truth in this, but in addition it must be remembered the Conservative candidate had the Catholic vote against him, and besides a considerable number of independent voters were disposed to give the Laurier Government a fair trial.

When the figures became known, the Liberals held a torchlight procession and are still, at a late hour, making Rome howl with their demonstration. An immense crowd was addressed outside the market building by Messrs. Paterson, Mulock, James Sutherland, Frank Pedley, James Conmee, M.L.A., and James Cleland, M.L.A. All the speakers took the view that North Grey, by its verdict, had rebuked those who have been crying French domination, and given a stunning blow to the Conservative machine, which had forced a fight which should never have been entered upon.

Blair Defeats Wilmot.

St. John, N.B., Aug. 25.—Hon. A. G. Blair, Minister of Railways, won a great victory in the combined Counties of Queen's and Sunbury to-day, defeating his opponent by a majority of 694. It was one of the keenest political fights that ever took place in New Brunswick. Mr. Wilmot the Conservative candidate was defeated in his own county.

WILL DALY RUN?

It Now Looks as if the Ex-Minister of the Interior Would Run in Brandon Against Martin.

Winnipeg, Man., Aug. 25.—(Special.)—The resignation of D'Alton McCarthy for Brandon surprised people here, as it was not believed he would vacate until another candidate had been appointed. There appears to be no agreement in the matter. There is a rumor that Hon. T. Mayne Daly, who returned to Brandon yesterday, will again stand for his old constituency now that it is open. Conservatives are much pleased over the report and are eager to re-enter the fray. It would be history repeating itself if Joseph Martin should make the fight with Mr. Daly, which does not seem unlikely. The last time they came together in Brandon, Mr. Martin was badly beaten.

Have you tasted "Salada" Ceylon Tea?

Steamship Movements.

Aug. 25.	At	From
New York	New York	Southampton
Circassia	New York	Glasgow
Trave	Southampton	New York
Ems	New York	Naples
Ethiopia	Moville	New York
North Gwall	Bolwing	St. Thomas
Mongolian	Liverpool	Montreal
Scotsman	Liverpool	Montreal
Baltimore City	Leith	Montreal
Carham	London	Montreal
Lindisfarne	London	Quebec
Prussia	Hamburg	New York
Obdam	Rotterdam	New York
Lonngo	Father Point	Bristol
Noordland	New York	Antwerp

DEATHS.

HURLBURT—Suddenly, on Tuesday, the 25th inst., at 526 Dufferin-street, Frederick Schadel, youngest child of Charles W. and Mary Hurlburt, aged 2 years 9 months.

Funeral private.

Montreal and Halifax papers please copy.

A WOMAN WAS KILLED

And Several Persons Badly Shaken Up in a Trolley Smash.

THE BELT LINE MOTOR "SKATED"

And Crashed Into a Queen-Street Trailer at Spadina-Avenue.

Mrs. Sheppard of the Humber, Who Was on Her Way Home From the City, Was Doubled Up and Mangled to Death—Other Passengers on the Wrecked Car Were Badly Scared, But Not Seriously Injured—The Case to Be Investigated by the Coroner.

A Belt Line car going south on Spadina-avenue at 7.20 o'clock last night crashed into the trailer attached to a west-bound Queen-street car at the Queen-street crossing, and an elderly woman named Mrs. Sheppard, who was a passenger on the trailer, was almost instantly killed. James Wren, 76 Fern-avenue, the conductor of the Queen-street motor car, was rendered unconscious and badly cut about the head. Fortunately there were only about half a dozen passengers on the ill-fated car, but all of them received a severe shock.

The cars in the pitch-in were Belt Line motor 419 and trailer 309 and Queen-street motor 361 and trailer 277. Motorman F. Bilton, 20 Farley-avenue, and Conductors J. W. Perkins and C. Meate, had charge of the Belt Line train, while the Queen-street outfit was manned by Motorman W. Graham and Conductors F. Wren and W. F. Beal.

Ran Past the Line.

The Belt Line car should have stopped at the crossing for the west-bound car to pass, but, notwithstanding the strenuous efforts of Motorman Bilton to apply the brake, the train continued in motion and struck the Queen-street trailer near the front, with terrific force, derailing it and almost turning it half way round. Mrs. Sheppard, who had been occupying a seat near the front end of the trailer, was thrown out by the concussion, and in some unaccountable manner got underneath the Belt Line car. Willing hands soon extricated her and Drs. Lehman and Hay, who live on Spadina-avenue, right near the scene of the fatality, were summoned. There was but a faint spark of life left in the unfortunate woman's body, when the doctors arrived and while they were carrying her into the Maple Leaf Laundry she died. She had been terribly crushed and the doctors think all her ribs must have been broken. The police took charge of the remains, which were removed in the patrol wagon to the Morgue to await identification.

Conductor Wren had been thrown from his car and rendered unconscious. He was taken into Leckie's drug store, where Drs. Lehman and Hay revived him and stitched up wounds in his head. He was able to go to his home.

How the Woman Was Identified.

From papers found on the dead woman's clothing it was inferred that she was Mrs. Brown of Humber Bay. There was nothing else to lead to the identification. She had two baskets of plums with her and boarded the car at King and Church-streets, asking particularly if the car went through to Mimico. She repeated the query when the conductor came for her fare and he told her where she would change