Interim Supply

wars and sacrifices, that it is definitely essential to unite if we want final peace, would it be logical for a country like Canada, which is only at the beginning of a wonderful destiny, to disunite because of pointless quarrels which could be settled with a little goodwill and mutual understanding.

Mr. Chairman, those who advocate separatism are working against the best interests of Canada. They forget in particular the sacrifices made during the two world wars by Canadians who went to the battlefields to defend not a foreign cause but the cause of freedom, the cause of Canada which some of them cherished even more than their lives.

Canada has to be united. It is essential for Canadians to find, through the representatives they have elected to parliament to give them guidance and unity, formulas which will bring about mutual understanding. Canadians must unite, and that objective will be achieved only when Canadians will have understood that the role which is reserved for French Canadians, in this Canadian land, must have the same importance on the federal scene as well as in private enterprise, as the one which is entrusted to English Canadians or other racial groups living in this country.

Our English speaking colleagues must understand not only our problems, but also the fact that we, French Canadians, are here to stay, that we are deeply attached to our French traditions and that we wish to keep speaking this language which our mother tongue, and one of the most beautiful in the world. English Canadians must understand the need which French Canada has of maintaining its cultural tradition, because it is only through the maintenance of that cultural tradition that the citizens of French Canada will fully develop.

On the other hand, French speaking Canadians must understand that there exists among their English speaking colleagues a desire to understand them, to be conciliatory and to sit down with them around a conference table, in order to find the formulas which may bring about good understanding between all groups.

Mr. Chairman, I am of the opinion that this debate is necessary.

The Deputy Chairman: Order.

Mr. Sevigny: I think it behooves us-[Mr. Sevigny.]

(Text):

The Deputy Chairman: Order. It being five o'clock, it is my duty to leave the chair in order that the house may proceed to the consideration of private members' business, pursuant to section 3 of standing order 15.

Progress reported.

Mr. Speaker: It being five o'clock the house will now proceed to the consideration of private members' business as listed on the order paper, namely the notices of motion which appear on page 28.

BROADCASTING

REQUEST FOR SURVEY OF COMMERCIAL ADVERTIS-ING ON RADIO AND TELEVISION

On the order: Private members' notices of motion:

That a special committee be appointed to carry out a survey of all aspects of commercial advertising on Canadian television and radio, in certain newspapers and other fields of mass communication, for the purpose of recommending what steps, if any, should be taken to prevent the distribution of fraudulent and misleading advertising to Canadian consumers:

That the said committee consist of fifteen memnamed at a later date, nine of whom bers to be

shall constitute a quorum;
That the said committee be empowered to send for persons, papers and records; to sit while the house is sitting; to report from time to time; and to print such papers and evidence from day to day as may be ordered by the committee, and that standing order 66 be suspended in relation thereto.

Mr. MacRae: Stand.

Mr. Speaker: The hon. member requests that this motion stand, but it was called for the first time on December 12. If it is not proceeded with today it will disappear from the order paper pursuant to standing order 48, subparagraph (1). Is the hon. member still requesting that the order stand?

Mr. MacRae: Stand.

Order discharged and motion withdrawn.

LABOUR CONDITIONS

SUGGESTED INTRODUCTION OF MEASURE TO ENSURE FULL EMPLOYMENT

Mr. Stanley Knowles (Winnipeg North Centre) moved:

That, in the opinion of this house, the government should give consideration to the advisability of introducing a measure to be known as "The Canada Full Employment Act", and that consideration should be given to including in the said proposed measure, inter alia, the following provisions: (a) a clearcut recognition by parliament of the importance of full employment as a national policy; (b) a declaration that it is the responsibility of the federal government to take the steps that are necessary to provide and maintain a full