

Yugoslavia

NOTE:

¹Replaced by Convention of June 2, 1934 as between contracting parties to the later Convention

Convention further revising the Paris Convention for the Protection of Industrial Property of March 20, 1883
Done at London, **June 2, 1934¹**
Entered into force for Canada July 30, 1951
CTS 1951/10; LNTS 192/19

PARTIES:

Australia
Austria
Belgium
Bulgaria
Canada
Czechoslovakia
Denmark
Egypt
Finland
France
German Democratic Republic
Germany, Federal Republic
Greece
Haiti
Holy See
Hungary
Iceland
Indonesia
Iran
Ireland
Israel
Italy
Japan
Lebanon
Liechtenstein
Luxembourg
Malta
Mexico
Monaco
Morocco
Netherlands
New Zealand
Norway
Portugal
Romania
San Marino
South Africa
Spain
Sri Lanka
Suriname
Sweden
Switzerland
Syrian Arab Republic
Tunisia
Turkey
United Kingdom
United States
Viet Nam
Yugoslavia

Zambia

NOTE:

¹Replaced by Convention of October 31, 1958 as between contracting parties to the later Convention

Convention further revising the Paris Convention for the Protection of Industrial Property of March 20, 1883
Done at Stockholm, **July 14, 1967**
Entered into force for Canada July 7, 1970
BTS 1970/61; TIAS 6923

NOTES:

The Convention of the **Union of Paris** (Convention for the Creation of an International Union for the Creation of an International Union for the Protection of Industrial Property, done at Paris on March 20, 1883) has been revised at Brussels (1900), Washington (1911), The Hague (1925), London (1934), Lisbon (1958) and Stockholm (1967).

As in the case of the Berne Convention, States can be bound at one level for the substantive provisions and at another level for the administrative provisions. Canada is currently bound, as regards the substantive provisions of the Paris Convention, at the **London level** (Revised Convention for the Creation of an International Union for the Protection of Industrial Property, done at London on June 2, 1934). The London Convention entered into force for Canada on July 30, 1951. As regards the administrative provisions of the Paris Convention, Canada is at present bound at the **Stockholm level** (International Convention further revising the Paris Convention for the Protection of Industrial Property, done at Stockholm on July 14, 1967. Canada acceded to the Stockholm Convention on March 26, 1970, and it entered into force for Canada on July 7, 1970. The Canadian Instrument of Accession states:

"...with the limitations provided for in Article 20(1)(b)(i) namely that the accession by the Government of Canada shall not apply to Articles 1 to 12."
(Articles 1 to 12 are the "substantive clauses".)

Canada is not a party to the Lisbon revision of 1958.

PARTIES:

Algeria^{1 2}
Argentina^{3 4}
Australia
Austria
Bahamas

Barbados
Belgium⁴
Benin^{1 4}
Brazil¹
Bulgaria^{1 2}
Burkina
Burundi
Cameroon
Canada⁴
Central African Republic
Chad
China
Congo
Côte d'Ivoire
Cuba^{1 2}
Czechoslovakia²
Denmark⁵
Egypt
Finland
France⁶
Gabon
German Democratic Republic
Germany, Federal Republic⁷
Ghana
Greece
Guinea
Haiti
Holy See
Hungary^{1 2}
Iceland
Indonesia
Iraq¹
Ireland
Israel
Italy
Japan
Jordan
Kenya
Korea, Democratic People's Republic
Korea, Republic
Lebanon^{1 4}
Libyan Arab Jamahiriya^{1 2}
Liechtenstein
Luxembourg
Madagascar
Malawi
Mali
Malta^{2 4}
Mauritania
Mauritius
Mexico
Monaco
Mongolia
Morocco
Netherlands⁸
New Zealand⁹
Niger
Norway
Philippines⁴
Poland¹
Portugal
Romania^{1 2}
Rwanda
Senegal
South Africa¹
Sri Lanka