Pupa bright orange-scarlet, with a pair of prominent anterior projections.

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Female 2280µ long, of which 500µ is ovipositor ; antennæ 16-jointed, the joints practically sessile ; length of antennæ about  $730\mu$  ; wing  $1530\mu$ long (but the 9 varies in size, a small one having the wing only 1360, a large one as much as 1785); thorax small, only  $425\mu$  long. Thorax black or almost; legs and antennæ pale; abdomen in life bright scarlet. Wings normal; angle formed by third vein, and margin above scarcely short of a right angle ; distal part of third vein faint. Fringe very long, some of the hairs exceeding 170µ.

Male .-- Differs by the longer legs and the cylindrical brown abdomen; claspers stout, obtuse. The femora measure in  $\mu$ : anterior, 830; middle, 800; hind, 1000. Antennæ 16-jointed; middle joints with bulb about  $60\mu$ , and pedicel 40; the hairs on bulb about 140. Scutellum prominent in both sexes.

In Dr. Felt's table (N. Y. State Mus. Bull. 124) it runs to the group of R. antennaria and R. alticola, but is distinct from these. R. alticola is common in Colorado, making a quite different sort of gall, on Artemisia

Another new species of Rhopalomyia, collected at Boulder, will be described by Dr. Felt.

## TWO NEW BEES OF THE GENUS PERDITA, VISITING BAILEYA IN NEW MEXICO.

BY T. D. A. COCKERELL, BOULDER, COLORADO.

Perdita baileyæ, n. sp.

J .- Length, about 61/2 mm.; head and thorax shining dark bluishgreen (vertex dull and yellower green), with copious white hair ; eyes dull pea-green ; cheeks unarmed ; mandibles (except tips), labrum, clypeus (except the usual dots, and more or less of the upper edge) and lateral marks all creamy-white; lateral marks filling the space between clypeus and eye below, but ending abruptly just below level of upper edge of clypeus, except for a very fine streak which runs a short distance up the orbital margin; antennæ pale yellow basally and orange apically, the scape black above, and the first few flagellar joints more or less ringed with blackish above; upper edge of prothorax, tubercles, and spot on the hyaline tegulæ, cream-colour ; pleura without light markings ; wings milky hyaline, stigma light yellow, nervures white ; marginal cell with the poststigmatal portion