

## UNITED STATES DECISIONS.

With annotations from "American Law Reports" (A.L.R.)

ATTORNEY AND CLIENT—DEATH OF LAW PARTNER—SHARING IN FUTURE BUSINESS.

The estate of a partner in a law firm is not entitled to share in the earnings of the surviving partners in closing up the business on hand at his death, which was held on a general retainer basis, and not on contingent fee.

*Puffer v. Merton*, 163 Wis. 366, 170 N. W. 368, annotated in 5 A.L.R. 1288.

AUTOMOBILE—FAMILY CAR—LIABILITY OF OWNER FOR INJURIES.

One who has provided an automobile for use in his family is not liable for injuries caused by it to a stranger, when it is being driven by a member of the family who is using it for a purpose of his own.

*Arkin v. Page*, 287 Ill. 420, 123 N. E. 30. [See also 5 A.L.R. 216, on the liability of an owner under the "family purpose" doctrine for injuries caused by an automobile while being used by a member of his family.]

BANK—EFFECT OF NOTICE IN PASS BOOK.

The mere printing in a bank pass book of a provision, among many others, releasing the bank from liability in case complaint is not made of forged indorsements within ten days after return of vouchers, does not bind the depositor unless he is required to sign it or his attention is particularly called to it.

*Los Angeles Investment Co. v. Home Savings Bank*, 182 Pac. 293. [See also 5 A.L.R. 1193, as to printed statement of rules in a pass book as affecting the rights of the bank and depositor.]

BANK—RIGHT TO CHARGE BACK FORGED PAPER.

A bank cannot charge back to the account of its depositor a forged check upon itself which it has credited to such account.

*Woodward v. Savings & T. Co.*, 100 S. E. 304, annotated in 5 A.L.R. 1561.

CARRIER—RIGHT TO RE-ENTER TRAIN AFTER EJECTION.

A passenger once lawfully ejected for nonpayment of fare, at a point where the train would not otherwise have stopped, has no right to re-enter the train upon tender of fare; nor has he a right to continue his journey by tender of fare after the signal for stopping the train has been given.

*Mangum v. Norfolk & W.R. Co.*, 99 S. E. 686, annotated in 5 A.L.R. 346.