The Weekly Monitor.

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 9TH, 1881.

— The defeat of the British in the Transvaal, appears to be owing to some recklessness on the part of Gen. Colley, who has paid dearly enough for his mistake, or whatever it was. The Boers (who and what they are is explained below) are trained markmen for either long or short distances and throw few shots away, and when the British left their defensive position, to become the attacking party their force was not sufficient to take the Boer's position. To add to their difficulty the ammunition give out. Had the British waited a short time, it seems by the report, reinforcements which were on the way would soon have joined them, and they could have won the day with comparative ease; but no, probably having full faith in the belief that "one Englishman can 'go through' ten foreigners," they would not wait, but advanced, leaving a strong position, and exposing themselves to a galling fire, and it being rifle against rifle (the unfavorable nature of the ground preventing their getting any even of their lightest field pieces into action) the result was disastrous to the British arms. The end is not hard to predict, as the Boers are but a handful, at least in comparison with the force that England can and will put in the field; but the struggle no doubt will be severe while it lasts; many valuable lives will be lost, and thousands upon thousands of pounds of the English tax-payer's money spent; and in return England will gain what?—simply nothing, except the satisfaction of showing these Boers they are "kicking against the pricks." The seeds of the trouble were sown hundreds of years ago before England owned a rod of South African land, the despotism of the vested lords of the soil, the Dutch East India Co., seeming to have fostered a desire on the part of the Boers to be independent of any government whatever except their own; but when Cape Colony was finally ceded to England by the King of the Netherlands in the treaty of 1815, a struggle arose between the Boers and the new possessors of the soil—the latter to bring the former securely under English laws,—and the former to get beyond this control, frequent conflicts taking place. England advanced until she had penetrated a thousand miles inland to the Transvaal, which is an inland state between the Vaal river on the south and the Limpopo river on the north, with an area of 114,360 square miles, and a population of 120,000 souls.

A treaty was signed between the Boers and the English in 1852, which secured the Boers their independence under certain conditions, among which was to respect the rights of the natives. Twenty five years later the Transvaal was annexed to Great Britain, in opposition to the wishes of the majority of the Boers and there the question rests. There is a good deal to be said in regard to the matter, both pro and con; but our space will not permit, suffice it to say, in partial justification of England's course, at least, that the Boers violated some of the terms of the treaty, and their self government system was in a decidedly disorganized condition. Below we give an extract taken from an exchange, giving an idea of what sort of people the Boers are:—

THE BOERS.

"Who are the Boers?" is a question that has often been asked of late, and many wonder where the peculiar word originated. The word "Boer" is the Dutch for farmer or dwellers in the country, being the same as the German "bauer" and the Anglo-Saxon "boor. The Boers are substantially the descendants of the Dutch immigrants who settled at the Cape of Good Hope under Jan Van Riebeck in 1652. They were joined by French Huguenots in 1657 and 1680, but the latter were soon absorbed. The language of the Boers is the so called Cape Duch, the basis of which is the language of Holland, with the mixture of numerous English, French, German, and even some Malay and Hottentot words. This is the ruling idiom in the Transvaal and the Orange republic, and of the rural population in the western part of the Cape Colony, while in the eastern part and in Kaffraria and Port Natal there is more English spoken than Dutch. Of the entire white population of South Africa, which numbers from 380,000 to 400,000 about 25 per cent. are of English stock, while 73 per cent. belong to the Low German race and about 2 per cent. to other nationalities. The name Boer was first applied to the Dutch colonists by the English on account of their agricultural proclivities, and was adopted by themselves.

On account of the scarcity of water on the South African table land, the country would support only a thin population, and, in consequence, the colonists were obliged to settle at great distances from each other, making impossible a system of popular education. The children of the Boers almost universally grow up in ignorance. Beside this drawback, at intervals there come dry years which oblige the farmer to desert his home and seek water and grazing lands for his cattle elsewhere, and from this comes a characteristic tendency to a wandering life. Under these circumstances it is not surprising that the descenants of the intelligent Dutch settlers should, in consequence of their isolation, and their want of education and intellectual excitement, be considerably behind the world in their ideas.

A New Enterprise.

A HOME MARKET FOR FARMERS.

Bridgetown is waking up. During the coming summer there is every prospect of a large and profitable trade being done in almost every branch of industry that at present exists in our midst. A new enterprise is now being mooted, and is being received with favorable consideration by all those farmers who have been interviewed. It is to start a *Canning Factory*, having for its staple *sweet* corn; but including strawberries, blueberries, tomatoes, peas, beans, squash, plums, pears, and in fact every article produced on the farm that is worth canning. The enterprise is to be wholly undertaken by one gentleman, a Mr. Nutt, a native of Maine. He gives unexceptionable references, and is ready and willing to give every guarantee that his part of the contract will be fulfilled to the letter. A meeting of farmers and all interested, is to be held at Buckler's Hotel, in this town, on Saturday evening next, when all necessary information will be laid before the meeting. All Mr. Nutt requires to induce him to go ahead with the work is a faithful guarantee among the farmers of 50 to 75 acres of sweet corn; 50 acres is the lowest number that can be taken in order to warrant him in going to the expense of putting in the necessary machinery. Mr. Nutt will furnish the seed, which is of the Early Crosby Sweet Corn variety, and it need not be paid for until the corn is delivered at the factory in the fall. After the first year farmers of course will have their own seed. The corn is required to be delivered at the Factory in the husk. It is there shelled, weighed and paid for in cash on the spot at the rate of $1.85 per 100 lbs. In Maine the yield of this corn on an average is from 2600 to 3100 pounds per acre. They estimate the fodder to be worth equal to three tons of good fodder per acre. Every farmer knows that corn is not hard upon the land, and less exhaustive than the potato crop.

We trust our farmers will show their interest by attending the meeting in good numbers, and will come prepared to help the enterprise along by giving a guarantee to do what is required of them to start the ball rolling at all events. Mr. Nutt is prepared to take any amount over 50 acres, so the more the merrier. The enterprise is rather more important than a person would suppose at the first glance, as it will give employment to at least 15 or 20 hands at the very commencement, and the money it will put into circulation is by no means of a small amount. It would pay to give exemption of taxation for two or three years at least to any and every legitimate enterprise which promises to prove of future benefit to our town. We must look alive; the future of Annapolis County is promising, and we must do our best in every way to help along the good work.

Don't forget the meeting on Saturday evening.

— By the Thirteenth Annual Report of the Department of Marine and Fisheries, we find the Nova Scotia Lighthouse service, under the charge of Mr. H. W. Johnston, Agent, at Halifax, includes 122 lighthouses, 10 steam fog whistles, 1 lightship, 1 fog bell station, 3 fog-gun stations, 4 automatic signal buoys, including spare, 7 large iron bell buoys, including spare, 341 iron can buoys, wooden can buoys, spar and other buoys, 7 life-boat stations, 3 humane establishments, 4 signal stations and 6 stationary beacons. The total cost for the maintenance of this service, including humane establishments at Sable Island, St. Paul's and Scatterie, for the last fiscal year, amounted to $116,198.60, and the amount expended during the same period on construction of lights was $7,069.

Marine hospitals have been established at the ports of Yarmouth, Sydney and Lunenburg. At Halifax provision is made for sick seamen at the Provincial and City Hospital, under special arrangements made with the managers of that institution. The sum of 90 cts. per diem is at present allowed for board and medical attendance. At the other ports in the Province, where no hospitals exist, sick seamen are cared for under the direction of the chief officers of customs.

Twenty-four applicants obtained certificates of competency as master, and 29 as mates, at the meetings at Halifax, during the fiscal year.

The total number of casualities to British, Canadian and foreign sea-going vessels reported to the Department as having occurred in Canadian waters, and to Canadian sea-going vessels in waters other than those of Canada, during the year ending the 31st December, 1880, were 323, representing a tonnage of 139,042 tons register, and the amount of loss, both total and partial, so far as ascertained, was $3,078,816.

Cleaveland, Inglisville, Brooklyn.

Leaving the Nictaux Falls, the traveller reaches Cleaveland. Miss Keith teacher of this school. She is one of those active young ladies—quick as a precussion cap; always on the move. As a result she cannot tolerate laziness. Cleaveland is a capital place for lady teachers, any way, as they generally get married after a short period of teaching. The residence of Mr. Jacob Banks is in a pretty situation. At the summit of the hill is the farm of Mr. Abner Sanders. The most interesting point here is a sheep—a regular "butter," who would stand you on your head quicker than you could say "Jack Robinson." An animal of this kind would be grand to "go for" delinquent subscribers.

Along further, at Inglisville, business is assuming a tangible shape. Mr. Cooper Beals and son are erecting a steam saw mill. If a man can go to the bad as rapid as he can get down the mountain, he would be but a short time reaching the goal or jail, either one. A loaded team moving down broke the neck yoke—the sled took a westerly direction, driving the pole into the snow with such force as would do no discredit to an engine and plow with a two mile start. Talk about women being the "weaker vessel," I observed one slaying wood equal to a man, in whom destructiveness has largely developed. Women who can chop wood are scarce,—a man who possesses such a treasure is to be envied. At the foot of the mountain is the farm of Mr. Elias Beals. Fields, orchards and farms are upon every hand. Animation is lent to the scene by passing trains. I cannot now speak of every item—horses, cattle, sheep &c., but will notice the school that is progressing so well—pupils work hard as well as teacher. I hardly need intimate the result of such close application to study. Mr. Beals is determined that understanding shall mark the exertions of the scholars.

If no cheese is made in the factory at Brooklyn, yet in the same building (not by the same process, however,) lots of, temperance men and women are turned out through the instrumentality of Crystal Fountain Lodge, No. 238. The meetings are peculiar for their interest. The officers for the quarter stand thus:—Havelock Neily, W. C.; Lilley Jackson, W. P.; George Morse, S.; Daniel Young, F. S.; Mrs. H. Bruce, F.; Parker Neily, Chap.; Earnest Neily, Marshall; Wm. Bruce, Guard; Wm. Morse, Sent.; Jessie Elliott, R. H. S.; Cousin Morse, L. H. S.; Mary Young, A. S.; Lilley Neily, D. M.; Burton Neily, P. W. C.

The new school house is a fine building, well finished—Miss Jackson teacher. When teachers receive the cooperation of parents, the difficulties of school teaching are surmounted. The teacher ranks high in general estimation.

Sabbath services are conducted by Revs. Messrs. Smith and Melech. In the Lodge room, every three weeks, a Grange meets on Sunday evening.

X.

MASONIC.—Thursday evening, March 3rd, 1881, Rothsay Lodge, No. 41, R. N. S., of A. F. and A. M., had the pleasure of a visitation from Dr. R. W. Black, of Windsor, District Deputy, Grand Master of No. 3 District.

He was received and welcomed by the officers and members of Rothsay becoming the representative of the Grand Lodge of Nova Scotia.

It is but due to our official to say that his presence on such occasions brings up afresh before us the interest and kindly feelings with which we are regarded, as also to receive those necessary and timely councils by those in authority over us, and we hope will prove an inspiration to greater efforts on our part to show ourselves better workmen in the future in carrying out the principles and old landwarks of masonry.

The Deputy expressed himself much pleased with the neat and cheerful appearance of the Lodge room—and sound financial condition, and the general efficiency of the officers in the working of the Lodge.

After a free interchange of paternal expressions by those present, which serves to strengthen the ties which bind Masons so closely together in the great brotherhood, the Lodge proceeded to the election of officers for the ensuing year, and resulted in the following being elected:

Bros. Robert Starratt, W. M.
" L. G. DeBlois, S. W.
" W. M. Forsyth, J. W.
" Edmund Bent, Treasurer.
" Benjamin Starratt, Secretary.
" Albert Morse, S. D.
" Thomas W. Chesley, J. D.
" Samuel K. Morse, Marshall.
" Robert Bath, S. S.
" John Murdoch, Senr., J. S.
" Daniel Palfrey, Tyler.

PAST MASTERS.

Rev. H. D. DeBlois, G. C.
Bros. J. L. Cox.
" W. E. Starratt, G. Dir. of C.
" S. K. Morse,
" J. Foster.
" Benjamin Starratt.

W.

COUNTY COURT.

County court commenced at Annapolis yesterday morning. The following is the docket:—

OLD SUMMARY AND APPEALS.

1 W. H. Miller, applt. ... Bohaker
vs. Joseph Hoffman, respdt. ... E. Ruggles
2 Israel Letteney, pltff. ... Owen
vs. H. E. Wright, an absent debtor, ... ——
3 Peter Bonnett, pltff. ... Owen
vs. James Gavaza, defdt. ... Mills
4 J. B. Mills, pltff. ... Mills
vs. Douglass, et als, defdt. ... Wade & Viets
5 Peter Bonnett, pltff. ... Owen
vs. James Gavaza, defdt. ... Mills
6 Rafuse, respdt. ... ——
vs. Wiles, applt. ... Chesley
7 John Harris, respdt ... Cowling
vs. C. Ulhman, applt. ... Owen

NEW SUMMARY AND APPEALS.

1 Alexander Munro, pltff. ... Parker
vs. John M. Gavaza, defdt. ... Chesley
2 W. H. Troop, respdt ... E. Ruggles
vs. Daniel Clarke, applt. ... Chesley
3 Samuel Daniels, respdt. ... E. Ruggles
vs. John D Peakes, applt. ... Owen
4 Robt. E. Ellison, pltff. ... Owen
vs. George Litch, defdt. ... E. Ruggles
5 Charles B. Cornwell, pltff. ... Parker
vs. Henry C. Bruce, defdt. ... E. Ruggles

OLD DECLARATION CAUSES.

1 A. W. Corbitt, et al, pltff. ... Rigby
vs. A W Stronach, et al, defdt. ... E. Ruggles
2 —— Pine, pltff. ... Mills
vs. —— Pine, defdt. ... Owen
3 McMillan, pltff. ... Mills
vs. Cornwall, et al, defdt. ... Cowling
4 John E. Fleet, pltff. ... Owen
vs. Gideon Burrell. defdt. ... Cowling
5 S. F. Siminson, pltff. ... A. Morse
vs. The W & A Railway Co, defdt. ... E Ruggles
6 Chesley, —— pltff. ... Chesley
vs. Gavaza —— defdt. ... Mills

NEW DECLARATION CAUSES.

1 Henry T. Andrews, pltff. ... Mills
vs. David C. Landers, defdt. ... E. Ruggles
2 Crompton Willett, pltff. ... Owen
vs. John Wagstaff, defdt. ... Chesley
3 Albert E. Hall, pltff. ... A. Morse
vs. Cerono Purdy, defdt. ... Owen
4 Moorehouse, pltff. ... Chesley
vs. Gidney, an absent debtor ... ——
5 McKenzie, pltff. ... Mills
vs. Hall, defdt. ... E. Ruggles
6 McKenzie, pltff. ... Mills
vs. Hall, defendant ... E. Ruggles

THE ILLUSTRATED SCIENTIFIC NEWS.—One of the handsomest of publications is the *Illustrated Scientific News* published by Munn & Co., New York. Every number contains thirty-two pages, full of engravings of novelties in science and the useful arts. Ornamental wood work, poetry, vases and objects of modern and ancient art are finely shown. The March number contains, among various other subjects illustrated, a full description of the the manufacture of paper hangings, with engravings; how the deceptive curve is produced in casting the ball by the base ball pitcher, his attitude, how he holds and handles the ball, all fully illustrated. The number before us also contains engravings of Capt. Ead's proposed ship railway across the Isthmus, and a novel hydraulic railway locomotive. In addition to all this it contains many valuable recipes for artisans and housekeepers. This publication will be found instructive and entertaining to all classes, but will be best appreciated by the most intelligent. Published by Munn & Co., 37 Park Row, New York, at $1.50 a year, and sold by all newsdealers.

ACCIDENT AT WILLIAMSTON.—One day last week Mr. Charles H. Shaffner received a serious injury on the head while chopping in the woods. He was struck by a limb of a falling tree which got lodged the day before. He remained insensible a day or two, but is recovering.

— The *Journal* accuses us of "throwing out *baseless* hints as to some prejudice and opposition on the part of the western end of this County, against the Nictaux & Atlantic Railway," says it has devoted *many* columns to its interest; and claims to be ignorant of any such feeling as we alluded to. Our only answer we can make is to refer the *Journal* to our answer to "Western" in our last issue. We said *at first* such feeling existed, and although the *Journal* may claim ignorance of it, we know it to be so, and can prove what we say if called upon. Now, here we wish our readers to understand that is not said in a spirit of fault-finding; but as a statement of a fact, which proceeded naturally enough, no doubt, from a not full enough understanding of the importance of the work, and an objection to be taxed for a benefit which at that time did not make itself very evident.

— The following is a list of the collectors of County and Railway Rates for the different Wards of the County, with the rate per cent for which each is to collect, namely:—

No. 1 Inglis Banks, ... 2
" 2 James R. Foster, ... 1
" 3 Judson Balcom, ... 1
" 4 Gilbert Hill, ... 1½
" 5 W. A. Gray, ... 7-10
" 6 John McCormick, ... 1
" 7 James C. Clark, ... 1½
" 8 W. E. Roggles, ... 1½
" 9 W. O. Wright, ... 2
" 10 Fowler Burns, ... 1½
" 11 Melbourne Morse, ... 2
" 12 Obadiah Barteaux, ... 1½
" 13 James P. Grimm, ... 3
" 14 Adolphus Ford, ... 5½
" 15 Robert Kelly, ... 5

— A correspondent says:—

"I noticed the following advertisement in one of the stations on the W. & A. R.

It is not a good sample in our days of free schools—

NOTICES.—All Poor and County rates For 1879—1880 for The Township of W—If not Paid on or before the Twenty first of September, The same will be sewed And Collected as the Law Directs without fale, R—H. Collector.

W—August the 7.—1880. But anny pursons wishing to pay Can pay at the Store of J—J—At A——before that time to save expence—

— The *Shipping and Mercantile Gazette*, says of the steamship "Neptuno," due at Annapolis on the 29th inst., that she has made the fastest passages ever known in the fruit trade." She made several passages from London to St. Michaels, a distance of 1500 miles on an average of 5 days and 16 hours each trip, bringing 10,000 packages of oranges and pine apples on each occasion.

— Two lads, named respectively Norman Sweeney and Reuben Vidito, of Bear River, have been consigned to the Annapolis jail, on a charge of burglariously breaking into the store of messrs. E. E. Rice, H. H. Chute, and Moses E. Rice, of Bear River. Vidito pleaded guilty on examination, and accused Sweeny of being the leader.

TORBROOK ITEM.—There will be an entertainment on Tuesday evening, March 15th, if favorable, if not the first fine evening, at Torbrook school house, consisting of dialogues and music. Admission, 10 and 15 cents—proceeds toward liquidating the debt on the church organ. Come one, come all, as it will be the best of the season.

— The ladies of the Methodist Church intend holding a Social at the Parsonage, on Wednesday, the 16th inst. Tea ready at 6 o'clock, p. m. Tickets 25 cents, taken at the door. A large attendance is requested, proceeds for the benefit of Providence Church.

— The Act of Incorporation for the Acadia Steamship Company pas sed its first reading in the Dominion Parliament, on the 4th inst.

— Voting on the Scott Temperance Act takes place in Kings County on the 14th April next.

— Two or three second-hand waggons can be had cheap from J. W. Beckwith.

FIREMEN.—A meeting of the firemen of this town is called, by order of the captain, for to-morrow evening.

HALIFAX, March 1st, 1881.

Dear Sir.—The following prices are London quotations for sound apples at sales Feb. 10th, 1881.

By them it will be seen that even in sound fruit there is a great difference between ordinary and very fine.

Baldwins 19s. 27s. 6d.
Spitzenbergs 19s. 6d.; 23s.
Seeks 26s.
Russets 14s. 6d.; 27s.
Newtowns 18s. 27. 6d.

Halifax, March 5th, 1881.

We beg to advise that quotations of apples in the London market are not materially altered since our last. We note following sales of Feb. 16th and 20th, viz: Spitz., 23s.; Baldwins, 21s.; Vandevers, 22s. 6d.; Greenings, 19s.

Sufficient care has evidently not been taken by parties shipping, as a large portion of the fruit has arrived lately in a frosted condition.

We would strongly advise that our friends should ship before the first of April, as the prices drop soon after that date, on account of the arrival of French cherries and strawberrias, as much as 10s. per barrel.

Yours truly,

JACK & BELL
Agents for Garcia Jacobs & Co.
Covent Garden Market,
London.

— To make shoe pegs enough for American use consumes annually 200,000 cords of timber, and to make our lucifer matches, 300,000 cubic feet of the best pine is required every year. Lasts and boots trees take 500,000 cords of birch, beech and maple, and the handles of tools 500,000 more. The baking of our bricks consume 2,000,000 cords of wood, or what would cover with forest about 50,000 acres of land. Telegraph poles already up represent 800,000 trees, and their annual repair consumes about 300,000, more. The ties of our railroads consumes annually thirty years' growth of 75,000 acres, and to fence all our railroads would cost $45,000,000, with a yearly expenditure of $15,000,000 for repairs.

In the northwest there has been a very rapid destruction of the forests, and much solicitude is felt as to the future source of timber supply. Straw lumber has been manufactured to some extent in Kansas, and is said to answer the purpose very well. Straw lumber may be the lumber of the future. The refuse straw from the great grain producing states of the west will be utilized. Instead of raising trees, the land can be devoted to grain, which may be sold, and the straw used for lumber. Coal for fuel and straw for inside finishing may relieve the pressure on the forests and give them a chance to grow.—*Rochester Democrat.*

New Advertisements.

Take Notice!

THE business heretofore conducted by FALCONER & WHITMAN, Marble Workers, Bridgetown, is this day dissolved by mutual consent. All amounts due the said firm, and all claims against the said firm, will be settled by either of the subscribers.

D. FALCONER,
O. WHITMAN.

Bridgetown, Jan. 5th, 1881. 1it48

NOTE—Parties wishing work done in the above line can be still supplied at the old premises. See advertisement.

D. F.
O. W.

NOTICE!

WANTED!

300 DOZ. PAIRS GOOD WOOLLEN SOCKS;
500 doz. Good Straw Hats;
5000 doz. Eggs;
200 Cords Shipping Hardwood.

For all of which the Highest Market Prices will be paid, in exchange for goods at the Lowest Possible prices.

CONSTANTLY ON HAND:

A large and well-selected stock of

DRY GOODS,
Hats & Caps in latest Styles,
READY-MADE CLOTHING,
Boots & Shoes
Hardware, Paints, Oils, Glass, Etc.

Also, a Full Stock of

CHOICE GROCERIES,
• At Bottom Prices.

A. D. CAMERON.

march9n47tf

Administrator's Sale.

To be sold at PUBLIC AUCTION, on the premises,

ON MONDAY,
4th Day of April, next,

at eleven o'clock, a. m., under a License granted by the Judge of Probate, for County of Annapolis,

All the estate, right, title interest, of Stephen Millbury, late of Granville, in the County of Annapolis, farmer, of, in and to, seven acres of Marsh, situate and being in Belle Isle marsh, Granville, Co. of Annapolis.

TERMS made known at the sale.

MARY MILLBURY, Admrx.
DAVID MILLBURY, Admr.

Granville, Feb 21st. 1881. 4it51 pd

HOP BITTERS.
(A Medicine, not a Drink.)
CONTAINS
HOPS, BUCHU, MANDRAKE, DANDELION,
AND THE PUREST AND BEST MEDICAL QUALITIES OF ALL OTHER BITTERS.
THEY CURE
All Diseases of the Stomach, Bowels, Blood, Liver, Kidneys, and Urinary Organs, Nervousness, Sleeplessness and especially Female Complaints.
$1000 IN GOLD.
Will be paid for a case they will not cure or help, or for anything impure or injurious found in them.
Ask your druggist for Hop Bitters and try them before you sleep. Take no other.
D. I. C. is an absolute and irresistible cure for Drunkenness, use of opium, tobacco and narcotics.
SEND FOR CIRCULAR.
All above sold by druggists.
Hop Bitters Mfg. Co., Rochester, N. Y., & Toronto, Ont.

$72 a week. $12 a day at home easily made. Costly outfit free. Address True & Co., Agusta, Maine.

THE STEAM SHIP
'NEPTUNO!'

100 A 1, 555 tons register, 130 Horse Power, Arthur H. Bromage, commander, especially suited for the Fruit Trade, due at Annapolis,

the 29th March,

will load apples direct for London. First-class passenger accommodation.

F. H. MITCHELL, Agent,
tds pd Tupperville.

$66 a week in your own town. Terms and $5 outfit free. Address H. Hallett & Co., Portland, Maine.

J. & W. F. HARRISON,
Have in Store and to Arrive:
FLOUR!
of the following brands:

CHESTER,	MANCHESTER,
DUCHESS,	HURON CITY,
MELROSE,	WHITE PIGEON,
IMPERIAL,	BRIDAL VEIL,
GILT EDGE,	WHITE DUCK,
CROWN,	SUPERLATIVE,
SNOWFLAKE.	
STAR,	
GRENLAU,	
MAJOR,	
AMAZON,	
ZENITH,	
BUDA,	

J. & W. F. HARRISON,
11 & 12 North Wharf, ST. JOHN, N. B.

$5 to $20 per day at home. Samples worth $5 free. Addsess Stinson & Co., Portland, Maine.

NEW YORK
ARTIFICIAL STONE
WORKS,
MANUFACTURED AT
ANNAPOLIS, N. S.

Plain and Ornamental Stone Work,
—SUCH AS—
WINDOW CAPS, SILLS,
WATER TABLES,
CHIMNEY TOP, Round & Square,
STONE EDGING,
STONE STEPS of any design,
COPING for Cemetery purposes,
BURIAL CASES,
CHIMNEY THIMBLES,

Monuments & Head Stones
of all descriptions; Ornamental Vases, Drain Pipe, Flower Pots, Flagging for Walks and Platforms, and all kinds of Stone work that can be manufactured.

We will warrant this Stone to stand any kind of weather, and the longer exposed the harder it gets.

We have now in the Woodland Cemetery, Annapolis, a lot of Coping, manufactured recently, which the public can inspect for themselves.

Orders solicited—satisfaction guaranteed.

Artificial Stone Works.

Annapolis, N. S., Feb. 16th, 1881.

CARD.

MRS. C. C. COLBRAN
Desires to inform the gentry and inhabitant of Bridgetown and vicinity, that she is a Trained Nurse of 8 years' experience, having been in Guy and St. Thomas' hospital, London, England, offers her services to those ladies who may be seeking such assistance.
Terms moderate.
P. O. Address, Lower Clarence. 4it48

New Advertisements. | New Advertisements. | New Advertisements.

DOWN IT GOES AGAIN!

ANOTHER CARLOAD OF

Corn Meal and Goldies' Star Flour.

Corn Meal, at $3.60; Flour, $6.25 to $7.00.

Boots and Shoes, Dry Goods and Groceries at

AT BOTTOM PRICES.

At J. W. Beckwith's.

P. S.—On and after the 1st of May I will be found in the building now occupied as the "Monitor" Office with a full and complete Stock of Dry Goods and Groceries, Boots and Shoes, for Spring Trade, of which Special Notice will be given in due time.

MONCTON REFINED SUGAR always on hand, 10 1-2 lbs. for $1.00.

Queen Street, Bridgetown.

LONDON HOUSE, JANUARY, 1881.

Great Bargains in balance of Stock of Winter Dry Goods,

Boots and Shoes at COST, to close out Stock on Hand, as the Subscriber intends going out of the Boot and Shoe trade.

W. M. TUPPER.

P. S.—Parties who have received their accounts for 1880, will please call and settle at their earliest convenience. W. M. T.

FLOUR & MEAL

Flour & Meal.

FLOUR & MEAL

Flour & Meal!

250 Barrels

Meal!

—AND—

125 Barrels

FLOUR!

Daily Expected.

RUNCIMAN, RANDOLPH & CO'S.

Bridgetown, N. S., Feb. 16th, 1881.

FARM for Sale!

THE subscriber offers for sale his Farm, situated a mile east of Paradise, on the Annapolis side of the river, containing something over 220 acres; ¼ mile under cultivation; 2 miles pasture land; remainder woodland. Cuts about 25 or 30 tons hay, has a young apple orchard of about 100 trees, 14 or 15 years old, yields about 40 or 50 barrels; well watered; dwelling house, barn and outbuildings all in good repair, together with all the farming utensils and household property.

If not previously sold by private sale, it will be offered at PUBLIC AUCTION on Friday, 15th April, at 11 o'clock, a m.

BENJAMIN DANIELS.

Paradise, Feb. 16th, 1881.

MONCTON
Refined Sugar.
The First in this Market.
10 lbs. for $1!
TRY IT.
For sale by
B. STARRATT.
Paradise, Jan. 31st, 1881.

STARTLING DISCOVERY!
LOST MANHOOD RESTORED.
A victim of youthful imprudence causing Premature Decay, Nervous Debility, Lost Manhood, etc., having tried in vain every known remedy, has discovered a simple self cure, which he will send FREE to his fellow-sufferers. address J. H. REEVES, 43 Chatham St., N. Y.

COME TO THIS OFFICE FOR YOUR BILLHEADS.

NOTICE.
Administrator's Sale.
TO BE SOLD AT
Public Auction,
on THURSDAY, March 17th, 1881, at 2 p. m. on the premises of the late James Roy, of Port George, a lot of land with dwelling house and store combined, barn and other outbuildings.
TERMS OF SALE.—Ten per cent down, the remainder on delivery of the deed.
JOHN ROY, Admr.
Margaretville, Jan. 7th, 1881. 39tf

ANNAPOLIS SS.,
In the Supreme Court, 1881,
IN EQUITY.
CAUSE:
ANDREW LEE, Plaintiff,
vs.
TIMOTHY PHINNEY, MARY E. PHINNEY, EDWARD ALIAS EDWIN BANKS & MARY E. BANKS, Defendants.

UPON hearing read the affidavit of Ingram B. Elliott, also the affidavit of Thomas W. Chesley, and the original Writ herein and Bill embodied therein, and on motion:

It is ordered that unless the above defendant, Edward Alias Edwin Banks, do appear and plead to the above action within thirty days after the first publication of this Order, the plaintiff shall be at liberty to make default against him in this suit.

And it is further ordered, that this Order be published for the space of thirty days in the Bridgetown MONITOR newspaper, published in the County of Annapolis.

By the Court,
M. I. WILKINS,
Prothonotary.

Halifax, January 10th, 1881.
On motion of Mr. CHESLEY, for plaintiff. 5it44

$5 Watches, Stem Winders $4.50. White Metal Hunting Cases $5. Imitation gold $6. Solid gold $12. Cheapest and best for use or speculative purposes. Valuable catalogue free. Thompson & Co. 152 Nassau St. N. Y.

SCHOONER FOR SALE.

The Schooner

EFFIE YOUNG!

is offered for sale. She is three years old, in good repair, copper fastened, registered tonnage, 118.

TERMS made to suit purchasers.

For further particulars apply to Howard D. Troop, Esq., St. John, N. B., or to

DANIEL YOUNG, Youngs' Cove,
or ROBT. HILL YOUNG, Granville,
Executors Estate Late Hiram Young.

January 19th, 1881. 131 tf pd

ESTABLISHED 1845.

HARNESSES

LEATHER! BOOTS & SHOES!

Of Every Description.

THROUGH my long years of experience I feel confident at the beginning of a New Year, in calling attention to my present facilities to supply Harnesses, &c., at the very LOWEST PRICES:—

1st, I import mountings direct from manufacturers.
2nd, I manufacture the Leather
3rd, I employ the best workmen in the County.
4th, Am satisfied with a small margin.

I am thankful to my many patrons, and wish them in the coming year every prosperity, and that there may be a growing demand for first-class Harnesses.

COARSE BOOTS,
UPPER, GRAIN AND WAX, CALFSKINS, SOLE LEATHER, ETC.

GEORGE MURDOCH.

WANTED.

ONE THOUSAND HIDES, for which the Highest Cash Price will be paid. n36

NOTICE.

IT is the intention of the proposed STEAMSHIP COMPANY to apply for a charter, under the Limited Liability Act, at the next session of the House of Assembly of Nova Scotia, and notice of the same is hereby given, in conformity with the Act, passed 8th March, 1879.

THOS. S. WHITMAN,
Secretary Committee

Annapolis, January 32st, 1881. 5it47

1000 AGENTS WANTED for Visiting Cards, Books & Novelties. Outfit 35. Big profits. 50 Tinted, Silver, Chromo & Floral Cards, and name, 10c. Stationery package, 25c.
A. W. KINNEY, YARMOUTH, N. S.

CITIZEN'S
FIRE, LIFE AND ACCIDENT
Insurance Company
OF CANADA.

Sir Hugh Allan, President.
Henry Lyman, Vice President.
Archibald McGoun, Secretary Treasurer.
Alfred Jones, Inspector.
Gerald E. Hart, General Manager.

CAPITAL:
1,188,000.00.

Policies of Insurance issued by the above Company on the most favorable terms. Isolated or detached dwellings insured for one or three years at very low rates.

Agent for Annapolis County.

H. CROSSKILL,
MIDDLETON.

Middleton, Jan. 3rd, 1881.

FOR FALL TRADE, 1880.

CLARK, KERR & THORNE,
—HAVE NOW—
IN STOCK AND TO ARRIVE
1500 Boxes Window Glass,
5 TONS PUTTY.
50 bbls. Paint Oil,
10 Tons White Lead & Col'ed Paints,
10 bbls. Turpentine,
500 boxes Horse Nails,
75 kegs Horse Shoes,
500 Pots & Bake-ovens,
300 dozen Axes,
225 Bundles Shovels,
2 Casks Miners' Shovels,
5 Tons Cable Chains, assorted,
10 Casks Horse Traces,
50 Bundles Hay Wire,
250 dozen Padlocks,
30 Cases Barn Lanterns,
20 Cases Axle Grease,
20 Cases Axe Handles,
75 doz. Buck Saws & Frames,
250 Coils Rope,
25 Cases Cotton & Wool Cords,
800 dozen Pocket Knives,
1200 Table Knives,
250 Rolls Sheathing Paper,
20 bbls. Pitch,
20 bbls Tar,
15 bbls. Rosin,
20 Casks Zinc,
10 Tons Grindstones,
100 Boxes Clinch Nails,
3 Casks Spoons,
2 Casks Ink,
2 Cases Shoe Threads,
2 Cases Whips,
2 Cases Lashes,
4 Cases Toilet Soaps,
2 Cases Dressing & Fine Combs,
2 Casks Tin Teapots,
2 Cases Files,
250 Bgs Shot,
500 M. Gun Caps,
100 Kegs Sporting Powder,
150 Kegs Blasting Powder.
—ALSO—
Our usual variety of
SMALL WARES.
Remember the place—
Old Stand of Messrs. I. & F. Burpee & Co., 42 & 44 Prince William Street,
ST. JOHN, N. B.

A Happy New Year To All!

THE OLD & THE NEW

WHILE tendering thanks to my friends who have so liberally patronized me during the Old Year, I would call attention to the fact that I shall continue to sell in the New Year, the

BEST GOODS
AT THE
Lowest Possible Advance on Cost.
Some very nice
NEW YEAR'S PRESENTS IN
PARLOR LAMPS, PLATED CASTORS, VASES, CAKE SALVERS, FANCY CUPS AND SAUCERS, ETC., ETC.,
A SPLENDID LOT AMERICAN CONFECTIONERY, JUST OPENED, NEW YEAR'S CARDS VERY NICE,
Lots of Raisins and Pickles: Complete Stock of General Goods.
WANTED—1000 BUSHELS GOOD OATS.

J. W. WHITMAN.

Lawrencetown, Dec. 27th, 1880.