Z CO..
RS.

CTION SALE
—OF—
AL ESTATE
N LILLOOET.

pted by the Mortgagee to sell by
lic Auction, at the Salesroom,
Yates Street, on

esday, August 24

At 12 o'clock noon,

ce or parcel of land and premises,
he District of Lillooet, in the Pro-
British Columbia, said to contain
(89) acres, more or 1 ss, and num-
three (3), Group (1), on the official
vey of the said District of Lillooet.

ERMS CASH.

W. R. CLARKE,
Auctioneer.

S. P. MILLS, Esq., Barrister-at-
he Auctioneer. aud-d&w

N STEAMSHIPS
AL MAIL LINES.

t and Quickest Route to
the Old Country.

From Montreal
..... Allan Line ..... Aug. 20th
..... do ..... Aug. 27th
..... do ..... Sept. 3rd
..... Dominion Line ..... Aug. 24th
..... do ..... Aug. 31st
..... do ..... Sept. 7th
rior.. Beaver Line ..... Aug. 24th
nipeg.. do ..... Aug. 31st
rio .... do ..... Sept. 7th
From New York.
obraska. Allan-State Line.. Aug. 25th
... do ..... Sept. 1st
alifornia do ..... Sept. 8th
..... White Star Line..... Aug. 24th
..... do ..... Aug. 31st
..... do ..... Sept. 7th
40, $15, $50, $60, $70, $80, upwards.
ate—$30, $35, $40. Steerage $20.
ers ticket d through to all points in
ain and Ireland, and at specially low
parts of the European continent.
oint saved on round trip tickets.
ine steamers sail every Wednesday.
ne Saturday and Wednesday.
iculars apply to
A. CAME ON, Agent,
Government St., Victoria.
NNISON, Nanaimo.
o GEO. McL. BROWN, D.P.A.,
Vancouver.

NOTICE.

s hereby given that thirty days after
tend to apply to the Chief Commis-
lands and Works for a special licence
carry away timber from the follow-
bed tracts of land in Alberni District:
ter Arm, Sproat's Lake, Alberni
ommencing at a post on the shore at
ra ter mer of the Arm marked B. C.
ence west along the shore 80 chains,
chains, east 80 chains, north 20 chains
oint of commencement, containing
acres, more or less.
hore of the Sterling Arm, Sproat's
erni District, commencing at a post
re of the Arm, marked B. C. P. Co.
st along the shore of the E. & N. Ry.
dary post, about 40 chains, more or
ce along the boundary line south 20
est 40 chains, north 30 chains, to the
commencing containing about 80
re or less, for the British Columbia
nufacturing Company, Limited.
H. CARMICHAEL,
Secretary.
, B.C., July 1, 1892. jy2 d&w

NOTICE

s hereby given that the Okell & Mor-
Preserving Company Limited Lia-
ve deposited with the Minister of
orks at Ottawa a plan and description
and of the wharf proposed to be con-
by the said company upon the front
re of Lot 14, Block L, Harbour Re-
of Victoria, in the Province of Brit-
bia, and that a duplicate of such plan
ription has also been filed in the office
istrar General of Titles at Victoria
, and that the said Company have ap-
he Governor-in-Council for approval
n accordance with the provisions of
2 section 5 and 6 consolidated Statu-
nada. Dated at Victoria this 6th day
A. D., 1892.
BELYEA & GREGORY,
for the Okell & Morris Fruit Pre-
serving Company, Limited
Liability. jy6 wkly

TON SPORTS.

sentative meeting of the inhabitants
was held on August 10 h, A. Steven-
, J. P., chairman, and it was resolved,
tens be taken to establish a reading
l library in Lytton.
king committee having been elected it
decid d to hold a dance party and a
spor s i connection with the above,
n, on Sept. 7th and 8th. A large room
et has been specially built for the ac-
ation of the party. Special arrange-
ave been made to provide good music
ccasion.
been decided that dance parties be
the nights of Sept. 7th and 8 h, and
se racing and athletic sports be held on
h.
ral programme will be provided, and it
to make arangements with the rail-
mpany for travelling accommodation.
ll particulars see posters or communi-
h the secretary. M. BRATTIE,
n, Aug 16 h, 1892.

WASHBURN
Guitars, Mandolins & Zithers
in volume and quality of tone are
the BEST IN THE WORLD. War-
ranted to wear in any climate.
Sold by all leading dealers. Beau-
tifully illustrated souvenir cat-
alogue with portraits of famous
artists will be Mailed FREE.
ON & HEALY, CHICAGO.
fri-d&w

SMEN—LOCAL AND TRAVELLING
nted to sell nursery stock for the old-
hed Pontiff Nurseries, comprising 700
irst-class hardy stock; new specialties;
s experience not essential; good pay;
work; outfit free. Apply to British
bia branch offices of STONE & WELLING-
. Allen Clark, manager, 16 Broad St.,
a, B. C. mo1f-d&w

TEACHER WANTED.

Yale Public School, qualified as second-
or B. Salary, $60 per month. Apply to
WILLIAM DODD,
Secretary Board of Schoo. Trustees.
, July 23, 1892. jy25 d&w

IMPERIAL POLITICS.

Mr. Morley Issues a Commission to Enquire Into the Evicted Tenants' Question.

His Election to be Contested—What the Gladstone Government are Doing.

LONDON, Aug. 20.—John Morley, chief secretary for Ireland, is instituting a commission of enquiry into the position of the Irish evicted tenants and the holders of evicted lands, the commission to report in time to prepare a bill before the opening of Parliament in November. The Irish members want the Government to make an advance from the Treasury for the relief of the evicted tenants, relying on their majority in parliamont to confirm the grant.

Mr. Gladstone has charged Right Hon. H. H. Fowler, President of the Local Government Board, to prepare a measure completing the local self-government of the Metropolis.

Right Hon. A. J. Mundella, President of the Board of Trade; Right Hon. H. H. Fowler, President of the local Government Board, and Tom Burt, Liberal member for Morpeth, form the Liberal committee appointed to consider the eight hours bill, the amount of liability of employers, etc.

Mr. Arthur Herbert Dyke Acland, Vice-President of the Council of Education, Prof. James Bryce, Chancellor of the Duchy of Lancaster, and Right Hon. Henry Shaw-Lefevre, President of the Commissioner of Works, form the committee on parish councils.

John Morley's re-election in Newcastle-on-Tyne is likely to be attended with difficulty. His co-member, C. F. Hammond, the Conservative alderman, says that Mr. Morley will be defeated by at least 500. Should this occur, Stuart Redel, the Liberal member from Montgomeryshire, will receive a peerage, and Mr. Morley will take the seat thus made vacant.

There is no mincing or gain-saying it; the Radicals are angry. They make no concealment of their rage at being rejected by Mr. Gladstone in his cabinet selections and of their purpose to assert themselves at the coming session of Parliament. They assert that but for their votes Mr. Gladstone would have been left in a minority, and that the Whig aristocrats whom he recalled and elevated to office are no more representative of the masses that constitute the Liberal majority in the late election than Lord Salisbury himself. They declare that the time has passed for the people of England to be represented in a Liberal Cabinet by aristocrats with titles and tuft-hunting candidates for titles; and that the people are now strong enough to see that men of the people shall have a voice in the Government. It is reported that there is a strong probability of an approach between the Radicals and the Parnellites. Should such a combination be formed the cabinet would either have to bow to its wishes or resign. The Parnellites don't control votes enough to defeat Mr. Gladstone, but, united with Mr. Labouchere and his associates, they could easily rule or ruin the Liberal Government. The situation is causing great anxiety, which Mr. Gladstone is known to share, and the only solution appears to be such recognition of the Radicals as will bind them to the Liberal ranks. This, at present, is not probable, as Mr. Gladstone is said to be entirely bound up with his Whig advisers.

A GREAT DAY'S SPORT.

Vancouver Defeats Westminster on the Cricket Field—Fast Work of the Wheelmen.

A Coward's Insinuation Against a True Sportsman—That Championship Game.

VANCOUVER, Aug. 20.—(Special.)—The cricket match between Vancouver and Westminster resulted as usual, with the Terminal City on top. Is it luck, good grounds, public patronage or science, that has given the city on the inlet such an enviable position in the sporting world? There's no disputing the fact that, this year, we have carried everything before us in the sporting line, with almost monotonous regularity.

To-day's cricket match was no exception—Vancouver 158 Westminster 120. Irwin's 55 was the big score for the Royal City, while Campbell's 69 runs was the way-up record of the day. Campbell, after brilliant play, was finally retired by a wild ball. Vancouver counted 11 byes, Westminster 4.

The meet of the Terminal City Cycling club was a gratifying success. Few towns under similar circumstances could put up such an excellent day's sport—large crowd, good music and exciting races.

In the one mile, maiden race, A. E. Nicholles was first, Williams second, and Charles Cliff third.

In the half mile dash, Laurenceson and Potter were scratched to Dean's 20 yards, and five others in the field. The race was a pretty one from start to finish. Potter won by half a wheel from Laurenceson with Dean third, in the good time of 1.25.

In the three mile handicap race for a challenge cup presented by the Hotel Vancouver, Potter again won against a field of four, handicapped at 200 yards, Dean second, Walton third, in 9 41.

In the one mile race Laurenceson and Potter were again scratched. This time Laurenceson gave Potter the go-by on the last lap, and led him in by a wheel in the splendid time of 2:58.

Taking into consideration the condition of the track, which is not even banked at the corners, this is the best time for a mile that has been made at Brockton Point. Pugh took third honors. The first prize was a gold watch.

In the one mile handicap, Charles Milne, with 40 yards start, beat Potter home in 3:52. Emanuels took third place. Milne rode a capital race and received due credit from the grand stand.

The half-mile obstacle race was amusing, well contested, and fairly won by C. Philp, with Potter second. The riders had to lift their machines over three obstacles in the track, mount and start themselves, running with machines between two hurdles the first time round. Philp showed himself very expert in mounting, dismounting and handling his machine at the hurdles.

The race of the day was to have been the five mile scratch. In the fore part of the afternoon the sports were pleadingly calling for bets against Laurenceson. Later the crowd seemed to realize Potter's wonderful improvement since the first of the season, and his marvellous staying powers, and Laurenceson's backers became fewer and fewer, until shortly before the race, two prominent betting men with big money on Laurenceson were publicly hedging. This soon started the betting fraternity headlong in the opposite direction, and Potter came to the front as favorite. Then one of those contemptible tin-horn betters who paralyze healthy book-making and fair sport by spreading damaging rumors as soon as they lose a dollar or two on the man they desire to injure, started the ridiculous yarn that Laurenceson had sold the race.

It was no use asking "Who said so?" he could not have been found in that crowd of indignant sports short of one of Rider Haggard's "smelling out" bees. As that was not practicable, Mr. Laurenceson, like a gentleman and true lover of sport for the sake of sport, requested Referee Fullerton to publicly announce that as a rumor was very current on the grounds that he had sold the five mile race, he would not compete, not wishing a suspicion of that kind to be entertained against him. The referee declared all bets off wagered on Laurenceson, adding a few remarks as to that gentleman's untainted reputation in the field of sport. The race was won easily by Potter, Philp second, Dean third, Walton fourth, Emanuels fifth, Milne sixth. Six prizes; eight competitors; slow time.

The funniest thing that has occurred since the fire, was the lacrosse match between the white ducks and blue jeans. On the conclusion this legend was written in white letters on the blackboard.

"Lacrosse match. Blue Jeans v. White Ducks—tie. All bets off."

In throwing the lacrosse ball, Quigley won, 122 yards; Campbell, 115⅔; McGregor, 115½. This is only fair throwing. It has been beaten in Toronto, St. Catharines and Montreal. The C. A. A. record is 148 yards, McConaught, Montreal team, though Quinn, of Montreal, has thrown over 150 yards at the Montreal sports, for which he holds the gold medal.

NANAIMO'S LABOR DAY.

Far Ahead of Any Previous Celebration—Decorations, Flags, Order of Procession, Etc.

Politics, Labor and Other Questions Discussed by Mayor Beaven and Others.

(Special to the COLONIST.)

NANAIMO, Aug. 20.—The Labor Day celebration to-day excelled that of any previous year. The day was bright and clear; flags flying on all the public buildings, business houses and hotels. The procession was formed at Victoria Crescent at 10 a.m. First came the marshal, followed by the Nanaimo Silver Cornet Band, the Trades and Labor Council, the Coast Seamen's Union in uniform, bearing a handsome banner with the motto, "Never Give Up the Ship," with emblems, anchor, etc. Just behind them was a full rigged ship on a little wagon drawn by a dog in charge of Master Arthur Webb. Next came the Knights of Labor, Colvin Ewing Assembly, with a beautiful banner, followed by the Miners' Association, Branch No. 13. Their banner is considered to have been the handsomest in the procession. It bore the representation of miners at work, following these came the Carpenters' and Joiners' Union of America, next the Journeymen Tailors' Union, with suitable banners, followed by the Coal Trimmers' Union, also with a banner, on which was the representation of a ship entering the harbor. The Fire Department, in full uniform, with reel, was followed by a fire engine gaily decorated with flowers, flags, etc.

Following in carriages came the Mayor and Council, delegates from Victoria and Vancouver, together with guests, among whom were Mayor Beaven of Victoria, D. W. Gordon, M.P., the members in the local Legislature, Mr. S. M. Robins, Superintendent of New Vancouver Coal Co., William McGregor, Manager of the N. V. C. Co., The line of march was up Wallace street to the Comox Road railroad crossing where the Northfield contingent were met with their band. The counter march was down Wallace street, up Nicol, Finlayson, and Haliburton streets, back up Commercial street, to the Caledonian grounds, where a luncheon had been prepared, and speeches, sports, etc., were participated in. D. W. Gordon acted as chairman; Hon. Robert Beaven spoke on the politics of the day; Mr. Keith and others, on the Labor question and Chinese question, the speeches occupying the greater part of the afternoon. Everybody was highly pleased with the day's celebration.

SIR JOHN THOMPSON DISCUSSED.

The "Mail" and the "World" Speak Editorially of His Prospective Leadership.

TORONTO, Aug. 20.—The Mail, in an editorial on the illness of Premier Abbott, refers to the question "Who can succeed him?" "Sir John Thompson is next in command, but," says the Mail, "his position as an aspirant would be somewhat awkward at this particular juncture." It continues: "Sir John made a report on the Manitoba School case, which pledged him, at least, to review the School Act, although the Judicial committee of the Privy Council has pronounced favorably upon it. The Quebec bishops are demanding that he proceed with his review, and afford relief, while the Protestant half of his party must feel that no action ought to be taken. The danger in which Sir John stands is that, owing to the Manitoba difficulty, he may, as Premier, enjoy the full confidence of only a section of his Conservative following."

The World has an editorial on the same subject. It says: "It has been said that Sir John Thompson would not be acceptable to the Conservatives of Ontario because he is a Roman Catholic. They will accept him just as the Catholic Conservatives of Quebec accepted Sir John Macdonald. As a Catholic and premier Sir John Thompson will, in the very nature of things, do less for his co-religionists than if he were a Protestant. Sir John Macdonald was always irritating the Protestants, because of what he did for the Catholics and for what he did not do for his fellow Protestants. With Sir John Thompson as premier, it would be just the opposite way. There would be no Manitoba school question up at Ottawa if Sir John Thompson were premier."

Chinese Not Wanted.

CALGARY, Aug. 20.—Alderman Orr to-day makes an offer of a 50 foot lot on either Bow or Elbow River streets to any one, except Chinamen, who will erect and operate a steam laundry. This, he thinks, would be the easiest way of settling the Chinese question, by not giving them work.

AMERICAN RETALIATION.

Text of the Preamble and Proclamation Regarding Alleged Discriminations on the Welland.

The Right of Free Passage Through St. Mary's Falls Canal Suspended.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 20.—The President has proclaimed retaliation with Canada in accordance with the authority conferred upon him by the Act to enforce reciprocal relations with Canada, passed last July. His proclamation is dated August 18, but was only issued to-day, after the final interview between Secretary Foster and Michael H. Herbert, the charge d'affaires of the British Legation here, which took place, this morning. The proclamation, after reciting the text of the act of congress under which it is issued, concluded:

Whereas: The Government of the Dominion of Canada imposes a toll amounting to about 20 cents per ton on all freight passing through the Welland canal in transit to ports of the United States, and also a further toll on all vessels of the United States, and on all passengers in transit to a port of the United States, all of which tolls are without rebate, and

Whereas: The Government of the Dominion of Canada, in accordance with an Order-in-Council of April 4, 1892, refunds 18 cents per ton of the 20 cent toll at the Welland canal on wheat, Indian corn, peas, barley, rye, oats, flaxseed and buckwheat, upon condition that they are originally shipped for and carried to Montreal or some port East of Montreal for export, and that if transhipped at an intermediate point, such transhipment is made within the Dominion of Canada, but allows no such nor any other rebate, on said products when shipped to a port of the United States, or when carried to Montreal for export to be transhipped within the United States, and

Whereas: As the Dominion of Canada by said system of rebate, and otherwise discriminates against the citizens of the United States in the use of said Welland canal in violation of the provisions of article 27, of the treaty of Washington, concluded May 8, 1871, and

Whereas: said Welland canal is connected with the navigation of the great lakes, and I am satisfied that the passage through it of cargoes in transit to ports of the United States is made difficult and burdensome by said discriminating system of rebate and otherwise, and is reciprocally unjust and unreasonable.

Now, therefore, I, Benjamin Harrison, Pres dent of the United States of America, by virtue of the power to that end, conferred upon me by said Act of Congress, approved July 26, 1892, do hereby declare that, from and after September 1, 1892, until further notice, a toll of 20 cents per ton be levied, collected and paid on all freight, of whatever kind or description, passing through the St. Mary's Falls canal in transit to any port of the Dominion of Canada, whether carried in vessels of the United States or of other nations, and to that extent I do hereby suspend, from and after said date, the right of free passage through said St. Mary's Falls canal of any or all cargoes, or portions of cargoes, in transit to Canadian ports.

The Feeling at Ottawa.

OTTAWA, Aug. 20.—The news that President Harrison had issued his proclamation against Canada enforcing the discriminatory canal tolls, created a veritable sensation in official circles. It was thought the recent offer of the Dominion Government to withdraw the rebate at the end of the season, would appease the American Government. All the Cabinet Ministers are out of town. Premier Abbott will probably cancel his departure for the Gulf of St. Lawrence, and it is certain a meeting of the Government will be held in a day or two to consider the situation, which is very alarming. The proposed canal tolls are practically prohibitory against Canadian vessels.

TORONTO TOPICS.

Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers Favor Arbitration—Reception of Hon. Edward Blake.

Winnipeg not Unlikely to Have the Next Meeting of the Methodist Conference.

(Special to the COLONIST.)

TORONTO, Aug. 20.—The annual union meeting of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers opened here to-day. Delegates from all parts of Canada and the U.S. are in attendance. Although the meeting was held behind closed doors, it is understood the opinion expressed almost universally favored arbitration as a means of settling all disputes between the brotherhood and railway companies.

The Irishmen here resolved to tender a reception to Hon. Edward Blake on his return from Ireland. Large committees have been struck, with representatives from all over the Province, to carry out the arrangements.

Winnipeg is favorably mentioned as the place for holding the next quadrennial conference of the Methodist Church. The date of the conference will be some time in 1894.

TURKISH OUTRAGES.

Complaints of Indignities and Injuries to American Missionaries in Asia Minor.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 19.—The Secretary of State to-day received a cablegram from the United States charge d'affairs at Constantinople, informing him that the house of Dr. Bartlett, an American missionary at Bourdeur, Province of Xenia, Asia Minor, has been burned, and that the lives of the missionaries are in danger. He believes that if prompt action is not taken, the missionary cause, and the lives of the missionaries will be in serious danger in other places. Secretary Foster promptly cabled the charge to make an urgent demand for effective protection, indemnity and punishment of the guilty parties, and reprimand of the authorities found remiss. The U. S. cruisers, Newark and Bennington, now on their way to Genoa will be ordered to the vicinity of the outrage to support their demand. Secretary of State Foster said to-night that the complaint of infringements of the treaty rights of American missionaries in Turkey had been accumulating since 1888, and in one notable instance, that of the outrage upon Rev. Mr. Knapp and Dr. Reynolds by Moussa Bey, in this same province of Asia Minor, it has taken seven years to secure the punishment of the offender, and the United States was now determined to see if American citizens had any treaty rights which the Turkish authorities were bound to respect.

LIVELY FIGHT.

The New York Central Strikers Go for the Twenty-Third Regiment.

BUFFALO, Aug. 19.—A battalion of the 23d regiment had a lively shake up last night, just before midnight, when the strikers at the Elk street crossing of the New York Central stoned non-union switchmen who were making up a train. Some of the missiles hit the soldiers of the 23d, but none of them were seriously injured. The soldiers ordered their assailants to leave or accept a dose of lead, and when the order to prepare for firing was given, there was a scarcity of strikers. No arrests were made. After this train had been sent to East Buffalo word of the affair reached Vice-President Webb, and he, thereupon, ordered further operations suspended for the night on the grounds of insufficient protection for the road employes. This action on the part of the Central official is regarded as signifying that their road will insist on full protection from the civil and military authorities or it will not attempt to do business.

PREMIER ABBOTT COMING OUT.

He is Coming Here in Search of Rest, and Partly on an Imperial Mission.

TORONTO, Aug. 19.—(Special).—A dispatch from Montreal says it is currently reported there that Hon. Mr. Abbott's coming visit to the Pacific Coast, is to be taken at the request of the Imperial Government, that a report of the condition of the Esquimalt fortifications be made by some Minister of eminence. The Premier will travel in the private car of President Van Horne, which has been placed at his disposal. The Empire states editorially that Mr. Abbott's recovery from his attack of two weeks ago, is only partial and imperfect, and that anxiety as to his condition is far from being allayed.

A BRITISH OPINION.

Cause of the Present Unsettled Condition of Things in the United States.

LONDON, Aug. 19.—The Daily News in a leader on the labor trouble in the United States, says: "The American people have themselves to blame for these outbreaks. Hordes of vulgar office seekers have been permitted to fatten on the public; the great cities have been given over to men who ought to be in prison. Millions of acres have been given with a light heart to railway companies, who now threaten to strangle the republic in an octopus grasp. This is the practical anarchism which ruins the United States; the whole people will have to consider what shall be done with the railway. There is no solution except in the assumption by the State of the supreme authority."

AMERICAN NEWS.

A Walla Wallan Blocks a Railroad.

DAYTON, Wash., Aug. 18.—David Small, a resident of Walla Walla, owns 44 lots in Waitsburg, over which the Oregon and Washington Territory road passes. Small has never received payment for his lots. Last night he hired eight men and a dray and tore up the railroad on his property, then stood guard with a Winchester, stopping the section hands from repairing the track. The mail train was delayed six hours, and a freight train carrying eight cars of stock four hours. Superintendent Taylor, Roadmaster Campbell and Receiver Tyler arrived on the scene at noon, when Small gave up and allowed the track to be repaired. Small is likely to be arrested for stopping the mail.

The Strike Affecting New England.

BOSTON, Aug. 19—The switchmen's strike at Buffalo is already being felt in New England, and more especially will the large manufacturing centres, such as Lynn, Brockton, Lowell, and Fall River, suffer. Several Lynn manufacturers have already received notice to ship goods for the West via the provinces, entailing additional expense and delay.

"Pure Love For Blood."

FALL RIVER, Mass., Aug. 18.—Charles H. Peckham of Central village surrendered to the police this morning, declaring he killed Mr. and Mrs. Andrew J. Borden out of pure love for blood. Peckham was locked up while the police made an investigation as to the truth of his story. He is a farmer 62 years old. Lizzie Borden, the daughter, who is under arrest charged with the murder, will still be held pending the result of the investigation. There is no doubt that Peckham is a crank whether the story he tells be true or not. Immediately after the murder had been discovered Lizzie Borden, who gave the alarm, said that she had seen a strange man loitering around the premises. This story was not believed as it was supposed that she was trying to divert suspicion from herself.

Poisoned His Wife.

SELINA GROVE, Pa., Aug. 18.—The sudden death of Mrs. Charles Swengle, of Paxtonville, turns out to be the result of poison. Her parents were suspicious that she died from an unnatural cause, and had the stomach removed and sent to Dr. Leffman, of Philadelphia, for examination. A report was received stating that a sufficient quantity of strychnine to cause death had been found. The day before Mrs. Swengle's death her husband purchased two grains of strychnine from druggist Shindle, of Middleburg. This the druggist testified to before the coroner's jury. The poison was placed where Mrs. Swengle was in the habit of keeping morphine, she being a sufferer from rheumatic pains. The jury reported that Mrs. Anna Swengle had died from the effects of poison, maliciously placed within her reach by her husband, Charles Swengle. A hireling testified that he was offered $50 by Swengle to take her (Mrs. Swengle) away. This being true, it will be damaging evidence against the husband, who is in jail to await trial. His father is the Rev. Mr. Swengle, for 30 years a minister here. Mrs. Swengle was only 22 years of age.

Manufacturer Dead.

HAMILTON, Aug. 19.—F. S. Hero, one of Hamilton's best known manufacturers, is dead.

THE BLACK POPE.

Approaching Election of a Superior General of the Company of Jesus.

Statistics of the Order—A Philadelphia Priest Spoken of—His Ecclesiastical Services.

BALTIMORE, Aug. 19.—An event regarded as of great importance among Roman Catholics comes off at Rome about the end of this month. It will be the election of a General of the Company of Jesus in succession to the late Father Anderledy. The General of the Jesuits is called the Black Pope on account of the great influence he wields at the Holy See. He is elected for life and invested with supreme authority over all the Jesuits throughout the world. The order now numbers 5,751 priests, 3,713 teachers and 3,508 brothers. The new General will be chosen by a convention or general assembly of the order convoked at Rome by the Vicar-General, Rev. Louis Martin. The order of the Jesuits is divided into 27 provinces, each of which will be represented by three delegates to the convention, the Rev. Father Provincial, ex-officio, and two others chosen by the fathers and the rectors of the different houses in each province. These delegates, with the Vicar-General, Attorney-General, the secretary, and the five assistants of the deceased general, form the Elective Assembly. The election is a solemn affair. All the members of the Assembly prepare themselves by prayer, and join in Holy Communion, after which they solemnly deposit their ballots before a crucifix. The Jesuits of Canada will not send delegates to the convention, having delegated certain priests, resident at Rome, to act for them. The delegates from the United States are: Province of Maryland and New York, Rev. Thos. J. Campbell; Province of Missouri, Rev. John F. Frudon.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., Aug. 19.—Much interest is taken here in the proceedings at the coming general chapter of the Order of Jesus in view of the fact that Rev. B. Villiger, pastor of the Church of the Gesu, has been mentioned in connection with the position. Father Villiger is one of the oldest and best known members of the society in America. He has travelled extensively as a missionary all over the United States, and in his early days was distinguished for his labors in the West. He was born in Switzerland 73 years ago, and when the Jesuits were expelled from that country in the revolution of 1848, he came to this country in company with about 40 others. After his ordination in this country he was rapidly promoted until he became Provincial of the Province of Maryland, which includes all the states from Virginia to Massachusetts. When the war broke out he was appointed Superior of the western missions, and after several years of labor in that field was assigned to the Church of the Gesu in this city. In 1888 he celebrated his golden jubilee, and was the recipient of many congratulations and presents. Many other important questions will come up before the Chapter besides the election of a Superior-General.

FROM MONTREAL.

Turf Pool Rooms To Be Stopped—French Canadians Leaving the Catholic Church.

The Bankers Wrestling With What They Call "The U. S. Currency Evil."

(Special to the COLONIST.)

MONTREAL, Aug. 19.—The Provincial Government has given orders that proceedings be taken to stop the turf pool rooms which have lately been doing business here.

Owing to dissatisfaction over the erection of a new church in the parish of Maskinonge, 20 or 30 French-Canadian families living in the parish have decided to cut themselves adrift from the church of their fathers, and go over to their Protestant brethren.

The bankers here have already made a move lessening what they call the United States currency evil in Canada. At the next meeting of the Dominion Bankers Association, a motion will be made proposing a discount from 1½ to 2 per cent.

THE HALL-PRITCHARD FIGHT.

A Current But Unverified Rumor That Hall is the Victor.

A dispatch was, it said, received in the city last evening to the effect that Jim Hall had defeated Ted Pritchard in four rounds. The fight is supposed to have taken place near Brighton, Eng., in the presence of a select few, but up to the time of going to press no confirmation of the report had been received.

JIM HILL'S OBJECT.

To Control the Oregon Railway and Navigation Company's System.

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 18.—A Chronicle Chicago special says: "The objects of J. J. Hill's present visit to New York is to secure a controlling interest in the Oregon Railway & Navigation Company's line, consisting of 1,000 miles or more of track between Spokane and Portland. The property is under a 99 years' lease to the Oregon Short Line and Utah Northern railway, a controlling interest in whose stock was owned by the Union Pacific. Under the terms of the lease the Union Pacific has guaranteed interest on bonds, six per cent interest on stock and the expense of re-organization. There are but two ways in which Hill can gain control of the Oregon Railway and Navigation Company's line. Either the Oregon Short Line or Union Pacific has so defaulted under the terms of the lease as to make that instrument nugatory, or Hill must own a controlling interest in the $26,000,000 of Oregon Short Line stock.

The Union Pacific at one time owed $14,000,000 of this stock, but it is very probable that it may have sold enough to lose its controlling interest. In either case it would be a comparatively easy matter for Hill to secure control. Such a conclusion would instantly make Hill master of the North Pacific coast railroad situation and of both the Union Pacific and Northern Pacific coast terminals. He could also dictate the rates to be charged on Pacific coast traffic and the annual contracts which now give the Union Pacific almost a monopoly on Portland business. With the transfer of the Oregon Railway & Navigation Company would go a line of Steamers plying to every ocean and river port between San Francisco and British Columbia, and river lines covering nearly 1,000 miles of territory.

DID AS HE WAS TOLD.

A Negro Shoots a Trespassing Circus Man on Sight.

CUMBERLAND, Md., Aug. 19.—At Martinsburg, W. Va., a sensational tragedy occurred to-day, the result of a negro's too literal translation of his instructions. G. P. Evans, the owner of a fine lawn and residence near where the circus tent of the Harris Nickel Plate combination had been pitched, stationed a negro, named Viney, near the lawn, and gave him instructions to shoot down the first person who attempted to walk across his property. The negro faithfully obeyed the order, when an attache of the circus, a white man, name not given, started to make a short cut across the lawn. Viney deliberately fired and shot him dead. The other employes of the circus learning why Viney did this deed, sought out Evans, and throwing a rope around his neck, started to lynch him. Harris, their employer, finally prevented them from hanging him, and both Evans and Viney are now in jail.

IN CUSTODY.

J. F. Long, Charged with Robbery, Brought Over from the Sound Last Night.

The Missing Jewelry Not Recovered—Brown Being Hunted Down by Detectives.

Port Townsend Chief of Police Delaney brought J. F. Long, supposed to be connected with the robbery of the jewelry from the residence of Wm. Stevenson, over from the Sound, yesterday evening. Sergeant Walker, who went over for Long, did not return. It turns out that he is hot on the trail of another man, also supposed to be connected with this daring daylight robbery, and from advices received at police headquarters, last night, the sergeant confidently expects to be able to nail his man. The news received here when Long was captured, that all the missing jewelry had been found on his person, now proves to be erroneous. Long, when run down, had in his possession three diamond rings, which he claims as his personal property, and some pawn tickets, one for a gold watch, another for a bracelet, the others for small pieces of jewelry. These were on Seattle pawn shops, and some delay must take place before they all can be looked up. Long, contrary to expectation, offered no resistance to being brought back to Victoria, but at once expressed his willingness to return. He was handed over to Officer Smith, by Chief Delaney, and landed in jail, where he now is. No attempt was made to procure bail. Long refuses to say much about the robbery, simply denying his connection with the affair. He has not been informed that there has appeared on the scene a witness who asserts that she saw and recognized him as he jumped the fence on the day, and at about the time, of the robbery. What connection Brown, the other party, whose arrest Sergt. Walker expects to effect, has with the affair, could not be learned. The whole case has been a very mysterious one from first to last, and it has taken some clever detective work to clear the matter up, even to the extent which has been done. The result of Sergt. Walker's trip will be awaited with interest. Mr. Stevenson received the following telegram from Port Townsend, last night:

W. G. STEVENSON,
Bodega Saloon.
More of your property found. Long on boat. Will leave for Seattle, first boat, after Brown.
J. W.

The man Brown referred to in the telegram, was out at Oak Bay with Long, and left in the small boat with him. Brown and Long were in Port Townsend together, and while there, it is reported, had a quarrel in a saloon, during which Brown said to Long, "You don't get away from me, we did the job together, and I am going to stay with you." From the fact that none of the missing valuables were found on Long, it is supposed that they may have been transferred to Brown's custody, and this is one reason why the pursuit is being crowded so closely, as it is desired to overtake him before he has time to dispose of them or get out of the country.

CANADIAN NEWS.

Visiting His Constituents.

HALIFAX, Aug. 19.—Hon. G. E. and Mrs. Foster are spending this week and expect to remain next week in Queen's County, the constituency of the Minister of Finance.

Fire Damages.

RIDGETOWN, Aug. 19.—Long's dry goods stock and Bawden's drug stock, also Coyne's dental parlors and Coor's lodge rooms, above Long's, have been damaged by fire.

The Scott Act Sustained.

DANVILLE, Que., Aug. 19.—The Scott Act was on trial, yesterday, in Drummond County. The returns show a large majority in favor of the retention of the Act.

To Resume Missionary Work.

BELLEVILLE, Aug. 19.—Rev. Dr. Meachem and wife have left for Japan, where they will resume their missionary labors.

Stores Burned.

EDMONTON, N.W.T., Aug. 18.—Connor's furniture and Martin's taxidermist stores were burned last night. Loss $11,000. Insurance about $4,800.

Buried at Home.

FERGUS, Aug. 18.—The remains of the late John Black, cattle buyer, who went to England with a shipment of cattle, and died in Liverpool, have been interred here.

Storms and Floods in P. E. I.

HALIFAX, Aug. 20.—For some weeks the farmers of Prince Edward Island prayed for rain. Their prayers were answered, and six inches of rain fell in four and a half days. Now they are praying for fine weather. The floods have ruined thousands of tons of hay. Instead of making hay while the sun shone, the farmers waited for another inch of growth, with the result of heavy loss. A miniature cyclone swept over a section of Prince Edward Island on Wednesday night.

A Perfect Cook.

A PERFECT cook never presents us with indigestible food. There are few perfect cooks and consequently indigestion is very prevalent. You can eat what you like and as much as you want after you use Burdock Blood Bitters, the natural specific for indigestion or dyspepsia in any form.

CAPITAL NOTES.

Militia Minister Bowell En Route for British Columbia—German Rags Prohibited.

Brackman & Ker's Proposed New Wharf—Duties on Fish Reduced by Spain.

(From our Own Correspondent.)

OTTAWA, Aug. 20.—The Colonial Secretary has notified the Governor-General that the Spanish Government has reduced the duty on cod and stock fish to 18 pesetas on every hundred kilograms, or 220 pounds avoirdupois, 29 pesetas per centime being equivalent to a pound sterling.

As a further precaution against cholera the Government has passed an order prohibiting the importation of rags from Germany and Belgium.

The process of wiping out non-efficient militia corps is going on in Manitoba. The Grenadiers were wiped out this week.

Thirty Vermont farmers just returned from a visit to Manitoba are here. They are delighted with the Northwest country.

The Brackman & Ker Milling Company are applying to the Governor-in-Council for permission to construct a wharf situated on Section 30, Shoal Point, fronting the Victoria harbor.

Hon. Mackenzie Bowell left for Belleville to-night. He proceeds to British Columbia on Monday.

Active preparations for the Dominion Rifle matches are going on. This year's meeting promises to be the most successful in the history of the association.

The Scotch delegates to the Pan-Presbyterian council, which meets in Toronto next month, are commencing to arrive.

IMPERIAL CONCERNS.

First Meeting of The Gladstone Cabinet—Home Rule Bill in Process of Incubation.

Further Cabinet Appointments—Mr. Gladstone Gone to Hawarden—Unionist Movements.

LONDON, Aug. 19.—It is officially announced that Right Hon. John Blair Balfour has been appointed Lord Advocate for Scotland. He was born in 1837, and has been Solicitor General for Scotland and Lord Advocate in the Gladstone government of 1880—a post to which he returned in 1885-1886. He is a privy councillor, a commissioner of Education for Scotland, and a thorough Liberal. He represents Clackmannan and Kinross. Alexander Asher, M. P. for Edinburgh, has been appointed Solicitor General for Scotland. He was born in 1835 and has been Solicitor General for Scotland in former Liberal administrations. He has sat for Elgin since 1881.

Samuel Walker, Q.C., has been appointed Lord Chancellor for Ireland. He was Attorney-General for Ireland under Mr. Gladstone's second and third administrations. The MacDermott, who was Solicitor General for Ireland under Mr. Gladstone's second and third administrations, is now appointed Attorney-General for Ireland, and Sergeant Pemphill is appointed Solicitor General for Ireland.

LONDON, Aug. 19.—The first meeting of the new cabinet was held to-day. All the members were present. The subject of preparing the Home Rule bill for the meeting of Parliament on November 4, is said to have been discussed. As far as domestic affairs are concerned, it is understood British reforms will not be neglected. Chancellor Bryce is determined to push his bill giving access to the people to the mountains of Scotland.

The following additional appointments are officially announced: Mr. Herbert Gladstone, son of the Prime Minister, Under Secretary of the Home Office; Mr. Thomas Burt (Laborist), Parliamentary Secretary of the Board of Trade.

A farmer named Atkinson will oppose Sir. Wm. Vernon Harcourt when he offers himself again for re-election in Derby. Notwithstanding that Atkinson's fellow Conservatives have urged him to give up the idea, Atkinson stubbornly insists that he is going to make Harcourt fight hard to keep his seat.

Rt. Hon. Mr. Gladstone will leave London, to-morrow, for Hawarden. The ministers,