By Electric Telegraph,

SPECIAL TO THE DAILY BRITISH COLONIST.

Canada!!

Confederation before Parliament!

The Terms Pass the Senate by 17 Majority!

PILLEY TO BE LIEUT. GOVERNOR!

OTTAWA, April 6—After great opposition the Union Terms, unamended, passed the Senate last night.

The majority is 17.

This settles the whole matter.

Pilley will be offered the position of Lieut Governor of the new province. It is thought he will accept.

Europe.

VERSAILLES, April 4—A New York special dispatch from Paris dated yesterday says the National insurgents have commenced passing out of the Neuilly gate, in all about 50,000, Borget, Flourens and Menoth Garibaldi in command. It was understood that Valerian would not fire, but about six o'clock when the artillery was all in front and Borget in advance with 10,000, Valerien opened fire killing the Commandant. Gen Borget had just got out of his carriage when the vehicle was smashed by a bombshell. The wildest scene ensued. The troops tried to retreat and the main body left Borget alone with 10,000 men. He tried to bring his field artillery against the fort but it was useless. The Communist Government got back into the city. Borget and his men were cut off and cannot pass Valerian. The main body escaped with the loss of 1000. Borget must lose large numbers although there are 12,000 killed, wounded and missing. Including Borget's force the Communist troops under Flerens number 150,000.

LONDON, April 5—It is rumored that 20,000 Nationals have entered Versailles. The report is considered doubtful.

The effective strength of the Communists is 120,000 men and 200 guns.

The following details from before Paris have been received: Borget commanded the right wing with Flourens behind, Duval in the centre and Eudson on the left. The left and centre suffered the most. The forts protected their right. The Nationals were badly organized and were out of ammunition. Many tried to return but found the gates shut. There was a hot contest at Menden and St Pierre. Tullois is reported to have escaped. The Boulevards are animated with excitement, but the city is quiet. Foreigners hoist their respective flags all day. The battle raged between the Government forces under Vinoy to-day 100,000 Communists under Borget. Everywhere the latter were defeated. Near Meudon Borget and Flourens, with 35,000 men, are cut off and surrounded. They must either surrender to-night or be cut to pieces in the morning. Many Communists are refusing to fight and are throwing away their arms and begging for mercy.

PARIS, April 7—The *World's* special says the situation is hourly becoming more alarming. The forces of the Commune are growing stronger and bolder. Theirs' proposition to treat has inspired fresh hopes and it is believed that they have 100,000 men who will meet boldly the Government troops, retake the conquered positions and make no advances for peace. The slaughter on both sides yesterday and to-day was fearful. The churches and houses of aristocrats were pillaged, and all the priests were imprisoned. German intervention is now the only hope.

LONDON, April 8—Details of the fighting at Neuilly on Friday have been received. A small force of Communists at Courbevoi was dislodged by the guns of Fort Valerian. They rallied on the Avenue de Neuilly and opened fire on Versailles. Troops appeared on the heights and the Communists were again forced to retire behind the bridge of Neuilly, which they barricaded. The pursuiters then shelled and demolished the barricades. The Nationals suffered heavily in attempting to hold the bridge and were thrown into temporary disorder, but succeeded in extricating their cannon and abandoned the bridge, taking refuge in the houses on the eastern bank of the river. The Assembly is occupying the buildings on the other side and a sharp fire was kept up across the river. They then passed across the bridge in pursuit of the retreating insurgents when the guns on the ramparts opened a heavy fire with shells on the Avenue de Neuilly and checked the pursuit. Communists again commenced to throw up barricades under protection of the artillery, but were ultimately driven out of Neuilly and withdrew behind the ramparts. The fighting—which was desperate throughout—commenced at 10 a m and ended at sunset—at which hour 7 guns still protected the gates.

Picard officially announced the complete success of the Insurgent?] Government forces after a hard struggle lasting two days Thursday and Friday. He admits that Gen Eliston was killed.

Some 40,000 Nationals attempted a reconnoissance on Friday toward Chatillon, but failed to accomplish anything.

LONDON, April 8—Princess of Wales gave birth to a boy to-day.

The Turkish Government has ratified the action of the London Congress.

A large French war ship is ashore on Goodwin Sands. It is supposed to be full of troops. Assistance has been sent.

The commander of the Versailles army will invest Paris. The Nationals have been ordered to retire behind the forts and remain on the defensive. Bergeret claims that the fire from the forts dislodged the Government troops from their advanced position. The Commune is making requisitions on shops for arms and ammunition.

LONDON, April 6—Telegraphic communication with Paris is severed.

VERSAILLES, April 6—Thiers, instead of following up the advantages gained has commenced negotiations with the Commune, offered to concede many demands and to exempt leaders from punishment. Bismarck has notified Thiers, that the present indecisive policy must end and that if the insurrection be not suppressed the Germans will enter the capital.

BRUSSELS, April 6—A nun, who escaped from Paris has arrived and reports that the churches were sacked, priests mutilated, and convents invaded. Two Jesuits had been shot. Assay succeeded in escaping after he had been hunted from place to place. For every Communist and National executed by the Versailles army treble the number of anti-Communists will be executed. The Nationals number 100,000 picked men. Rochefort's journal condemns the Communists.

LONDON, April 7—Dispatches to the Daily News report that all the officers and professors of the College of Jesuits in Paris have been arrested.

Parisian merchants have had a consultation with Thiers.

NEW YORK, April 7—A special 'cablegram' from Paris says that at the funeral of the killed yesterday evening an extraordinary scene occurred. There were three huge hearses with black velvet palls, each decorated with 70 red flags containing the dead. Following them were 800 National Guards and double that number of citizens. Women were marching by hundreds along the boulevards at a solemn pace. Several members of the Commune joined the procession as it arrived at Pere la Chaise. Each hearse contained 33 coffins and 23 other hearses already in the cemetery were filled with dead from the various hospitals. It was an awful scene. There was one huge grave for all and the bodies were lowered one at a time amid the shrieks of the women and the shouts of the men for vengeance on the assassins at Versailles. Pere la Chaise was one mass of people swaying with passion and screaming 'Vive la Republique! Vive la Commune!'

The losses of the Communists created grief and bitter animosity in the city.

LONDON, April 7—The Austrian Admiral, the victor o Lissa, is dead.

The peace plenipotentiaries of France and Germany had another meeting at Brussels on Saturday.

LONDON, April 7—A dispatch from Versailles dated the night of the 6th, says the cannonade and musket firing continued all the afternoon to the South of Paris.

A portion of the artillery of the Versailles Government troops made a vigorous attack upon the insurgent nationals at Neuilly, assisted by the fire of Fort Valerien and the batteries at Courverie. The combat still continues. A large force of insurgents at Guevilles is surrounded by Government troops. A bold attempt was made by them to break the lines of the Versailles army and return to Paris, but it failed.

The Temps publishes a dispatch from Louis Blanc to the Versailles Assembly to negotiate with Thiers the conditions of a new election law, to embrace a convocation of electors for the choice of the Constituent Assembly.

LONDON, April 7—3 p m—The 'Cry du People' asserts that the Federalists maintain their position.

The republicans attacked the troops on the bridge at Neuilly. They have also retaken Chatillion and dismounted the enemy's batteries near Vanvers and taken two mitrailleuns.

LONDON, April 7—A dispatch from Paris says that several shells burst within the walls of houses in the Avenue de l'Imperatrice.

The Communists have determined to continue the contest and have greatly strengthened the fortifications at Montmatre and Balgues.

Gen Cluseret is reorganizing the national guards, and hopes are entertained that an armistice of 48 hours will be concluded for an exchange of prisoners.

A new corps, called the Paris Avengers, is in course of formation, the members of which are to operate as skirmishers.

LONDON, April 7—The child of the Princess of Wales is dead, the birth having been immature.

VERSAILLES, April 8—The government troops carried Neuouilly yesterday afternoon and crossed the Seine at 3:30 p m under a tremendous fire from the guns and mitrailleuses of the insurgents; they advanced up the avenue Neuilley driving the insurgents furiously back inside the city, and advanced as far as Ponte Maillett. The slaughter was great. The troops are so near Paris that they are firing shells into the city continually. The greatest consternation prevails, and the insurgents suffer heavily. The government troops fought splendidly at Nanterre, where General Garfier whipped the rebels badly. No particulars of the fight received.

The interior of Paris is calm.

A dispatch from Versailles this evening says the entire army now under command of Marshal McMahon has been divided into four corps, of which one is held in reserve and is commanded by Vinoy, and the other three are ordered into active service under command of Generals Ladmerault, Cissy and Gubrail.

LONDON, April 9—Dispatches from Paris dated the 8th confirm the accounts received from Versailles, and admits that the Government troops occupied the barricades at Neuilly at 7 o'clock on Friday evening.

LONDON, April 9—Paris dispatches to the *Times* says the insurgents have already commenced to put into execution their threats of retaliation on the prisoners that they have taken.

The Commune prevents the opening of the churches; nearly all the Cures have been thrown into prison.

Marshal McMahon commands the army of Versailles. Gen Vinoy has charge of the reserves.

Thiers, in a circular dated April 7, says: Yesterday Gen Darmes carried the insurgents' position at Courbevoi, and to-day the insurgents' position at Neuilly bridge was carried. The insurgents' losses are immense.

A *Telegraph's* special says the Assembly troops are at Pont Maillet and hold a position under the ramparts. Paris has only got provision for two days. A collapse is imminent.

PARIS, April 9—The Nationals on Thursday night occupied the barricade of Neuilly, which to-day the Versailles batteries forcibly attacked. The Nationals defended, and shells were raining until 4 o'clock in the afternoon. The Versailles troops apparently intended an assault, but attacked the barricade instead of the right and left flank.

LONDON, April 9—5 p m—There was desperate fighting around Paris on Saturday. Fort Valerian and the advanced batteries of Versailles bombarded Port Maulet steadily, their shells falling in Champs Elysees. An engagement took place at Ville Neuf. There were skirmishes at Bugneaux and Billancourt.

All southern forts have retired.

The Government forces are gaining ground in front of Montrouge and Bicetre.

A decisive struggle is expected at the gates of the city.

It is reported that Thiers is adverse to forcing an entrance into Paris by fighting, and prefers to reduce the city by investment.

At 10 o'clock last night the cannonade at Porte Maillet and other points continued with great violence. To-day a conflict occurred among the insurgents themselves in Rue de Faubourg and St Antoine in consequence of the refusal of the National Guards to march beyond the wall.

The *Observer* says Bismarck is still favorable to the restoration of Napoleon.

Eastern States.

NEW YORK, April 5—A dispatch from Hartford dated at 2 o'clock this morning says that English—Democrat—has 16 majority with a possibility of 40 more. If Sanford gave Jewell 104 instead of 144, as reported, it is probable there will be a failure to elect by the people. The Senate will have a Republican majority.

HARRISBURG Pa, April 7—Governor Geary has issued a proclamation calling out the militia companies to suppress the miners' riot.

HARTFORD, April 5—The Post announces the election of the entire Republican ticket, except Governor.

PROVIDENCE, April 6—Complete returns of the State election show a Republican victory.

SCRANTON, Pa April 7—A band of 10,000 men armed with muskets, clubs and revolvers, visited Tripp's mine in this city this morning and prevented the entrance of the workmen. Three miners employed at the works were shot dead by the mob and others scoopelted with stones that they will probably die. Last night Morris & Wood's coal works in this city were torn down, most of their mine blown down and the track torn up. A large mob is now engaged in driving men out of the mines near the mills. Several gangs of men have raised the Irish-American flag and seized the arms of two militia companies. Great excitement prevails here and a bloody time is expected. Gen Osborne has been telegraphed to for troops.

The Mayor of this city was hooted while reading the Riot Act to the mob to-day. There is not an American militia company in the entire Northern half of Luzerne county. The mob altogether numbers over 10,000, and they are increasing rapidly. Such mines as are being worked here or near this city were besieged to-day and suspension of work was compelled. The proper officers for preserving the peace are moving slowly, and unless decisive measures are taken at once the whole city will be under terrorism of the rioters. Two coal breakers were destroyed this afternoon.

SCRANTON, Pa, April 8—All is quiet on the Lackawanna. Matters are greatly exaggerated. It is now asserted that no persons were killed, and but few hurt. The only trouble since yesterday was the burning of the house of a miner at 1 o'clock in the morning.

WASHINGTON, April 9—The Joint High Commission was in session yesterday. All reports agree that the negotiation is progressing favorably, and a statement comes from well informed sources that the proposed basis of settlement of the questions pending before the Commission first contemplate giving the privilege to American fishermen to fish within parts of Canadian waters from which they are now excluded, and to land and dry fish and clean nets etc. For this privilege the United States is to pay Canada a specified sum of money. 2nd—That certain general international principles are laid down covering those of neutrality by which claims arising from depredations of the Alabama and Shenandoah etc. are to be adjusted. 3rd — That Commissioners to be hereafter appointed to adjust matters on the basis proposed. It is further said that this basis has been sent to England for approval. Some of the Commissions have no hesitation in saying that they will probably by the 1st of May submit the conclusions of the Commission to the two governments.

Prominent colored citizens have made arrangements to serenade Senator Sumner and Gen Butler after the passage of the Klu Klux Bill in compliment to their efforts in its behalf.

A large number of letters have been received at the Executive Mansion congratulating the President on his complete vindication by report of San Domingo.

Representative Hale of Maine will introduce in the House, to-morrow, and press to the vote, a general amnesty bill removing all legal and political disabilities imposed by the 14th amendment from all persons except members of Congress and of the army and navy, above 21 years of age, who left the Federal service to engage in the rebellion, and members of original secession conventions, and persons availing themselves will be required to take the oath of allegiance to the United States.

California

SAN FRANCISCO, April 2—This afternoon a train coming toward Vallejo arrived within a mile and a half of Vaca station, when a top carriage with double team was seen going along the road parallel with the track and a quarter of a mile ahead. When the cars had nearly overtaken the carriage it was turned and driven upon the track, the occupants not appearing to notice the train at all. The engineer whistled down breaks and reversed motion, but the space was not sufficient to allow the train to stop; and the carriage was struck with full force. The horses were uninjured, detached from the carriage and thrown some distance on the side of the track. The top and body of the carriage were carried a hundred feet and thrown off on the other side with the occupants, a young man named Myer from Dixon, and a young lady from Marysville to whom he was paying his attentions. The running gear was carried along till the train could be stopped, and was rolled and doubled up under the cowcatcher without throwing the train off. The lady was found insensible with a frightful wound upon the head, her arm broken and blood gushing from her nose and mouth. Myer was but little injured. The lady was taken to Vaca where she partially recovered consciousness before the train left. Myer, who had shown but little effect of the colision fainted on the platform.

At 1/4 minutes before 3 o'clock the most severe shock of earthquake felt for a year agitated the city, lasting two and a half seconds, the undulation being northeast and southeast. A second followed at an interval of two seconds and a half more severe than the first. Many people rushed into the streets. The duration of the second shock was two seconds. There was no damage done anywhere.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 31—Berton, Vice Consul of France, has sued the *Chronicle* for $50,000 damages for alleged libellous articles calling him an adventurer and cautioning the public against him, etc.

The chief engineer of the steamer Forward, which was destroyed by the United States gunboat Pasipee at Boco de Tescalish, after being kept in prison for eight months arrived here by the steamer Montana to-day.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 8—Arrived—Steamer Oriflamme, Portland. Barkentine Harriron, Nanaimo. Schr Lovel Peacock, Port Discovery. Schr Hawke, Tacoma. Ship Grace, Darling, Seabeck.

The great billiard match, American fourball carom game, for $1,000 a side, 2000 points, between Joseph and Cyrille Dion against Rudolph and Deery, was won by the Dions scoring 2000 against 1580 by Rudolph and Deery.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 7—Dion beat Deery in a 500-point French carom game, 3 balls, last evening, on the 7th inning, scoring 500 against Deery's 416.

The British ship Golden Age, from Victoria for Callao, put in here on the 3rd, in distress, leaking badly having experienced heavy weather. It will be necessary to unload her.

It has cleared up and is cold again with a norther blowing as hard as ever.

Exclusive to the 'Colonist.'

Canada.

TORONTO, April 5—Winnipeg dates to March 18 were received, the parliament is in session and working harmoniously. The Attorney General is going to introduce a new Supreme Court Bill, it is to be very simple and does not copy the French laws of the Province.

The Indians are looking anxiously for a settlement from the Home Government for their lands.

Eastern States.

WASHINGTON, April 7.—In the Senate the Klu Klux bill was received, it was read twice and referred to judiciary committee.

Europe.

LONDON, April 10—The Government forces encamped in Courbevoi and occupied Bridge of Neuilly, forcing the barricades. Mont Valerien and the batteries at Courbevoi maintained an incessant bombardment all day. Their shells fell beyond the Arc de Triomph. Nationals have evacuated the Champs Elysees and occupy the adjacent streets. The efforts of the committee to force citizens generally to take up arms have failed.

It is reported that Versailles troops have crossed the Seine at Armeres and are concentrating at Longchamps. Arbitrary arrests are increasing in numbers in the city. Many more have been thrown into prison. Church services are generally suspended and the doors of the Cathedral of Notre Dame are closed.

Gen Bergerot is under arrest and a party of conciliation are redoubling their efforts. They had a public meeting in favor of peace at which the members of the committee were present. Additional barricades have been erected in quarters threatened by the besiegers.

PARIS, April 9—There has been a cannonade all day.

The Champs Elysees is completely deserted. The National Guards are hiding in the cross streets, seeking protection from shells which fall in every direction and many close to the American Consulate. The result of 40 hours bombarding is that the versailles troops have crossed the Seine and occupied Tablonville and Long Champs drawbridge, and that the doors of the Porte Maillet are broken.

LONDON, April 9—The 'Moniteur' reports Delascuse under arrest; also that the ambulance service in Paris is insufficient and the wounded are suffering.

Domiciliary visits will be made to-morrow to seek for refractory nationals.

A recent decree of the Commune has been modified so as to make military service compulsory on all citizens between the ages of 19 and 40 years.

A flotilla of gunboats has been sent from Havre up the Seine to assist in operations against Paris; seige guns have also been dispatched from Havre and Cherbourg for an attack against the forts occupied by the Insurgents.

Insurgent nationals in Marseilles were disarmed without resistance and imprisoned.

California.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 8.—The Russian Consul announces that Hutchinson, Kohl & Co of San Francisco, received from Russia a lease of Copper, Robber and Behring Islands, also a contract for furnishing medicines, provisions, powder, shot, arms, to the inhabitants of Kurlile, Surasie, Aran and Shulobia islands. These supplies have hitherto been all furnished from St Petersburgh. The same firm concluded a purchase of all trading posts, vessels, goods and fur stations of the Russian American Commercial Co, both in Alaska and Russian Asia and will succeed to the business of that Company. The transfer of the papers is to take place to-day.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 10—Sailed—Steamer Alexander, Kodiac; schr Daisy, N W codfish banks.

Flour—There was a brisk enquiry and negotiations are pending for lots. Local brands — Superfine $5 25@5 50; extra $7 25@7 50.

Wheat—Under a rise of 2d in Liverpool market here it is firmer. For lot Oregon $2 62½ was refused; choice, $2 60@2 65.

Barley—A lot of 1000 sks which was sold just after the rain lot week at $1 60 was resold to-day at $1 65; the market closes apparently firm at $1 60@1 70.

Oats—No sales to report. Quotable at $1 60@1 65.

Potatoes—All kinds dull at $1 50@1 60.

Onions—10½ sks choice Oregon, $3 55.

(BY MAINLAND TELEGRAPH.)

British Columbia.

QUESNELLE, April 10—Mr G B Wright returned last night from Giscombe portage. He was four days making the trip from there. Found considerable open water in the Fraser river and considerable snow upon the Portage. Mr Trutch will commence to open the wagon road as soon as the snow is gone. Estimated distance is less than eight miles. Crooked rivers was found everywhere open and passable for four or five ton boats. The Fraser river is nearly open to Fort George. The steamer Enterprise will try the canyon in about a week. Spring promises to be early.

YALE, April 10—On Saturday afternoon Robert Church, baker and grocer of Yale, died from illness produced by eating hard boiled eggs just before going to bed. Deceased had been ailing for some months and it is supposed this has caused his death. He died intestate, but has distant relatives in Montreal.

The steamer Hope arrived here last night on her second trip from New Westminster, bringing 50 tons of freight and a few passengers. She left for New Westminster at 10 o'clock this morning with a few passengers. The river is rising slowly; risen about two feet within the last two weeks. Weather mild. Spring steadily advancing.

A REQUISITE SUPPLIED.—To avoid the necessity which has heretofore existed of sending to San Francisco to have finished Bookbinding Robert Williams has, by study, application and practice in the largest establishments in California, perfected himself in the art of Bookbinding and Ruling, both plain and ornamental, and is supplied with all the necessary material and machinery. Always to be found at T N HIBBEN & Co's.

Shipping Intelligence.

PORT OF VICTORIA, BRITISH COLUMBIA.

ENTERED.

April 4—Slp Alarm, Dwyer, San Juan
Stmr Olympia, Finch, Pt Townsend.
Stmr Isabel, Starr, Port Townsend
Slp Ringleader, Dake, san Juan
March 5—Stmr Grappler, Deveraux, Skeena.
April 6—None
April 7—Stmr Isabel, Starr, Port Townsend.
April 8—Sch Eliza, Middleton, Saanich
Sch Matilda, Wharton, Burrard Inlet
Stmr Isabel, Starr, Port Townsend
Stmr Enterprise, Swanson, New Westminster
Stmr Otter, Lewis, Skeena.
Brig Robt Cowan, Brown, Honolulu
April 10—Stmr California, Hayes, Astoria
Slp Ringleader, Dake, San Juan
Slp Eagle, Pritchard San Juan
Slp Alarm, Dwyer, San Juan
Slp Hamley, Carlton, Comox

CLEARED

April 4—Stmr Olympia, Finch, Port Townsend,
Stmr Isabel, Starr, Port Townsend
Slp Ringleader, Dake, San Juan
Slp May Queen, Belancourt, Burrard Inlet.
Stmr Enterprise, Swanson, New Westminster
April 6—Slp Alarm, Dwyer, San Juan
Sch Greyhound, Wheeler, Port Townsend
April 7—None
April 8—Sch Eliza, Middleton, Saanich
April 10—Stmr Isabel, Starr, Port Townsend
Stmr Enterprise, Swanson, New Westminster
Slp Eagle, Pritchard, San Juan

PASSENGERS

Per stmr California, fm Portland.—Mrs Schibonet, Mrs Scott add child, Miss Clark, Mrs Evans, Mrs McGinly and 2 daughters, Messrs Hovey, Kientoff, Harrison, Wright, Brulong, Francis, McGinley, Smith, Horan, Main, Evans, Warren, Dignew and 27 others.

Per stmr Olympia, from Puget Sound—Mrs Robinson & 2 chdn, W Harrison, Davis, Larrabee, Carson, Mrs Hurd Miss Wren, Miss Van Bokkelin, Mrs Waller, Williamson Wheeler, Mason, McDonald, F Williams, Miss Ordway and 40 others.

Per stmr Isabel from Puget Sound—Mrs and Miss Tilly, Miss Tucker, Messrs Simms, Frauthenthal, Stark, George, Gittatrick, Ernal, Lincoln, Stewart, Donally, Lewe, Davis, Hansom, Simmonds, Rosey, Ainsley, and 32 others.

Per stmr Isabel from Puget Sound — Denny, Harding Thompson, Rogers, Breenan, Comstock, Wood, Kennedy Sabin, Montgomery, Solomons, Keans, Strachen, Disler, Chapman, Hill, Brown, Polson, Evans, Barney, Oberborg Lyons, Johnston, Hunt, Smith, Jones, Hayes, Howels, Collins, McCook, and 42 others.

CONSIGNEES.

Per brig Robert Cowan, from Honolulu—J R Stewart, Findlay, Durham & Brodie, Janion, Rhoden & Co, Hudson Bay company, D Lenevue, H Nathan jr & company.

Per schooner Greyhound, fm San Francisco—J Dickson Gov Musgrave, H T Mann & Co, J Cunningham, N Mitchell, H B Co, L Marshall, G T Seymour, Promis & Saunders H E Levy, F Neufelder, Greenbaum Bros, T Shotbolt, R Carr, C Bossi, Moore & Co, Langley & Co, L Wolf, C Strouss E B Marvin, B&W, V, CYL, Kwong Lee & Co, J H Turner & Co, F, J Ruyff PPJ, A Buler, Foster, Stuart & Keast, S KO, Tie Song, A Mayer, Pickett & Co.

Per stmr Olympia—Reynolds, Stafford & Hicken, Hartley, Blackley, Irvine, Meeker, Cramer.

Per stmr California—Promis & Saunders, Janion, Rhoden & Co, JG, TJ, C Wood, Mrs Scott, Lewe, Stahlschmidt & Co, ST, GT, W&H, R F Pickett & Co, H B Co, S N, R M, Willson & Rickman, T Pritchard, W & Co.

IMPORTS

Per brig Robert Cowan, from Honolulu—400 sks salt, 1450 kegs sugar, 225bxs soap, 220bbls molasses, 26bbls beef, 51 bales pulu, 7cs dry goods.

Per schooner Greyhound, fm San Francisco—4 stoves 25cs hardware, 1 cs machinery, 6 cs woodenware, 300cs mdse, 1pkg leather, 200kgs nails, 6cs furniture, 251 rls tow, 250cs groceries, 3sks beans, 6cs fruit, 130cs coal oil, 150bxs soap, 1cs cheese, 4cs tobacco, 10 bgs caramel, 6 bgs oats, 4bgs buckwheat, 65cs boots and shoes, 45 cases clothing, 22 pkgs chandlery, 1 chain, 1 anchor, 10 pkgs agric'l impl'ts, 5pkgs glassware, 2100 mats rice, 200pkgs Chinese goods, 28cs millinery, 200cs hardware.

Per stmr Olympia—50 sheep, 2 qrs beef, 21 bdls sheep skins, 4 trunks, 6 hd cattle.

Per stmr California—7 cs bacon, 1000 sks middlings, 16 sks peas, 5 kegs dried apples, 55 sks wheat, 712 sks flour, 50 pbls flour, 1 keg butter, 26 sks bran, 50 sks feed, 3 cs personal effects, 5 cs household goods, 2 bales woollen goods, 47 sks ship feed, 1 bdl trees.

MARRIED

At Vanwinkle, Cariboo, on the 20th ult, by the Rev Thos Derrick, Mr J C Beedy to Miss Laura Lindhardt, late of Copenhagen, Denmark.

Flour.
ALL the Best Brands of Oregon Flour For sale by
ap7 JANION, RHODES & CO.

Middlings and Bran.
FOR SALE BY
ap7 JANION, RHODES & CO.

Window Glass.
ASSORTED Sizes, in 50 feet boxes For sale by
ap7 JANION, RHODES & CO.

Wall Paper,
ASSORTED Patterns and qualities, in large and small cases. For sale by
ap7 JANION, RHODES & CO.

White Lead & Paints
IN 25lb and 28lb tins For sale by
ap7 JANION, RHODES & CO.

Boiled Linseed Oil,
IN drums and casks For sale by
ap7 JANION, RHODES & CO.

Soap.
ENGLISH Mottled and Yellow Soaps, in 12lb, 28lb 56lb and 112lb boxes. For sale by
ap7 JANION, RHODES & CO.

Candles,
TAYLOR'S, full weights, in 1lb packets. For sale by
ap7 JANION, RHODES & CO.

Tin Plates,
ASSORTED Sizes. For sale by
ap7 JANION, RHODES & CO.

Hoop & Sheet Iron,
ASSORTED Nos. and Widths For sale by
ap7 JANION, RHODES & CO.

Blankets.
2 1-2, 3, 3 1-2 and 4 Points, of All Colors, Best Qualities. For sale by
ap7 JANION, RHODES & CO.

Flannels,
WHITE and colored, in short lengths For sale by
ap7 JANION, RHODES & CO.

Crimean and Baltic SHIRTS
ASSORTED Patterns and Qualities For sale by
ap7 JANION, RHODES & CO.

Hosiery.
MEN'S Heavy Scotch Knit Socks, Lamb's Wool, Merino and Cotton Socks, Women's Woollen Stockings. For sale by
ap7 JANION, RHODES & CO.

Underclothing.
MEN'S Heavy Wool Shirts and Drawers; also, Merino. For sale by
ap7 JANION, RHODES & CO.

Carpets,
TAPESTRY, Brussels and Felt Carpets For sale by
ap7 JANION, RHODES & CO.

Electro Platedware
OF EXTRA Quality, from the celebrated manufactory of James Dixon & Son, Sheffield, Forks, spoons, tea and coffee pots, cruet frames, dishcovers, kettles, a large assortment. For sale by
ap7 JANION, RHODES & CO.

Mustard,
ARMSTEAD'S—In ½lb and 1lb tins For sale by
ap7 JANION, RHODES & CO.

Oilman's Stores,
PICKLED, Pie Fruits, Sauces, Chutney For sale by
ap7 JANION, RHODES & CO.

Sardines,
IN ½ and ¼ boxes. For sale by
ap7 JANION, RHODES & CO.

Currants,
EXTRA Quality, in 25lb tins. For sale by
ap7 JANION, RHODES & CO.

Salad Oil,
FINEST Quality, in ½ pints, pints and quarts For sale by
ap7 JANION, RHODES & CO.

Jams and Jellies,
IN tins and stone jars. For sale by
ap7 JANION, RHODES & CO.

Sago, Tapioca,
ARROWROOT. For sale by
ap7 JANION, RHODES & CO.