myself; never said in presence of Thos. Bunt that I did not know Thos. Cornish was there, or pulled the mask off Moses Auger's face.

Patrick Rooney testified that as he was returning home from Elora, and near the Cornish's, about half-past 10 o'clock at night, he heard cries of murder; Mr. Williams was with him; saw about five men running away in the direction of Thomas Cornish's; then went on and met Daniel Cornish, who was still shouting "murder," and seemed very much excited; persuaded him to go into the house, and noticed that he was daubed all over with tar; did not recognize any of the persons that were running away; there was light enough to recognize persons—especially well known ones—at several yards distance.

Richard Hanna heard cries of murder of Saturday night, about a quarter or half-past 10 o'clock, coming from the direction of Cornish's; live about 1½ miles from Cornish's.

David Lillie—Live about ¼ a mile from Cornish's; heard cries come from that quarter about half-past 10 o'clock on Saturday night; got up and went to Cornish's and found him daubed all over with tar.

Other witnesses gave confirmatory evidence of hearing cries.

Dr. Paget testified that he had attended Daniel Cornish, professionally, and found him suffering from blows that had evidently been administered with violence.

This closed the case for the crown.

For the defence was called—

James Sutherland testified—I had been over to John Auger's about 8 o'clock; Moses was there and had come over to see a new fence his brother was putting up; about 9 o'clock John Auger and his wife and Moses Auger left with me for my house, where we remained till five minutes past eleven; remained outside talking for about ten minutes more; it would be about a quarter past eleven when we separated, and when they left they went in the direction of John Auger's house; never heard any cries that night.

Cross-examined—My wife attends to the clock; John Auger lives on the half of the same lot with me; Moses Auger lives with his father on a lot near Cornish's.

Mrs. Sutherland corroborated the evidence of her husband.

John Auger testified, lives about a mile from Daniel Cornish's; was at Sutherland's on last Saturday night; left there a little after eleven and went staight home; my brother Moses left me to go home to my father's; positively deny that I was at Cornish's on the night alluded to; did not throw down Mr. Cornish; emphatically decline. I know nothing of it. I was never charged [illegible] any crime criminal before; compared my watch with Sutherland's clock and found them to agree, mine being five minutes past eleven when we rose to leave.

Cross-examined—Have been there on four times at Sutherland's, and never so late.

Aaron Auger testified, lives with my father, so does Moses who was at home on Saturday evening till eight o'clock when he left saying he was going to his brother John's, and Moses came home about half-past 11; went to bed together and slept together; Moses sleeps next the wall and would have to get over me to rise out of bed; did not rise till morning.

Cross-examined—Was present when Moses was arrested; unwillingly admitted; Moses denied his name when asked by the Constable; never heard of the Cornish outrage till next day; never asked my brother why he denied his name; saw Cann on the Sunday, he came to see my brother.

June 11.

The Court opened at half-past nine a. m., when the Pilkington case was resumed.

Hiram Cann testified that he had went to bed with his brother John at half-past nine on the Saturday night, was awoke by the baby crying at eleven and his brother John was still in bed.

Cross-examined—Went to bed together; knew it was eleven o'clock from the fact of the "boss" asking what time it was and his wife answered eleven o'clock; knew that there was some difficulty between my brother and Cornish; did not hear of the outrage at Cornish's on the Sunday at meeting; first knew of it when Constable Findlay came to arrest my brother.

George Wright, testified—Was at Thomas Cornish's on Saturday night between 9 and 10 o'clock; was there fully an hour; Thomas Cornish, Mrs. Cornish and Miss Cornish were there; heard noises whilst there, went out and going to where my waggon and horses were, found four men there, Rooney, Williams, Adam Simpson and his hired man; they told me what had happened to Daniel Cornish and his wife; went up to Daniel Cornish's house; Mrs. Cornish told me that Thomas Cornish was present at the outrage. I told her that could not be because I left him at the other house and he was there while I remained; could not distinguish the nature of the noises; left Thomas Cornish's house about ten minutes to eleven; Thomas Cornish followed me into the house; [illegible] or so after Rooney left.

Mrs. Thomas Cornish corroborated the evidence of her husband.

Cross-examined—My husband was in the garden working when Wright came; never heard of the outrage till Monday morning from the constable; [illegible] after the Auger's on the Sunday that there was something wrong, but did not [illegible] the nature of it; was indifferent as to the matter.

Annie Cornish corroborated the testimony of her mother and Wright in all particulars.

Cross-examined—The Constable did not tell me why he wished to arrest the Auger; Mrs. Auger told me [illegible] after that the boys had been arrested; did not tell the whole truth; [illegible] the course of the day.

Thomas Cornish, brother of Daniel Cornish, corroborated the evidence of his wife, daughter and Wright, as to time, place and circumstances detailed by them; solemnly swears that he knows nothing whatever of the outrage committed on his brother; was never out of his house after Wright left till 6 o'clock on Sunday morning; the first I heard of the outrage was on Sunday evening from Aaron Auger, he thinks; the door was shut during the time Wright was in the house; Wright was almost a stranger to me; had been in the house once before.

Cross-examined—Did not go to see my brother after the outrage; we are not on very friendly terms; Moses came to see me on Sunday night after he was liberated on bail; I understood from him that they were trying to implicate me in the matter.

Mrs. Ford testified that Mrs. Daniel Cornish came to her house on Saturday night after midnight with the keys of the chapel; Mrs. Daniel Cornish, as I understood, told me that she had not yet been to bed; she told me of the outrage; never heard the cries of Cornish; we were in bed asleep.

Mrs. Checkly lives about half a mile distant from Daniel Cornish; went to bed about 10 o'clock and was asleep about 10.30; never heard any cries that night.

Richard Amy testified to the general good conduct of the defendants.

Richard Harper testified similarly, having known the Augers from childhood and Cann for the last 16 or 18 years; does not believe that any person could justly throw a speck on their character.

This was the case for the defence.

Mr. Guthrie having addressed the Jury on behalf of the defendants, and Mr. Peterson having replied for the crown, the Judge summed up, and the Jury having retired, shortly after brought in a verdict of not guilty.

Guelph Evening Mercury

FRIDAY EVENING, JUNE 14, 1872

The Militia Estimates.

Year by year the expenses connected with the maintenance of the militia force of the Dominion have largely increased until they have reached the enormous figure of more than a million and a half dollars a year. If there was any great increase in the force, or any extraordinary expenditure which could not be avoided, there might be some excuse for this extravagant outlay. But the Government failed to show this when the subject came up for discussion in the House the other night. The men's pay has not been increased. Their uniform and accoutrements are not any more expensive than they were. The red tapeism and inefficiency of the whole department is as notorious as ever. And yet the expenditure has mounted up to the figures above quoted, and if it keeps on at the same ratio it will soon be over two million dollars a year. Ten years ago a hundred thousand dollars were sufficient to cover the whole expenditure of the Militia department for a year, and the force was then as efficient as it now is. Of course Confederation added to the yearly expenses of the department by adding to the force which Canada then had the different companies which were organized in Nova Scotia and New Brunswick. But as the force in those Provinces is small, the expenses connected with their maintenance is inconsiderable. Were the men treated as they ought to be, were they paid according to the value of their services, were their comfort while in camp properly attended to, there would not be so much cause for complaint, for then we would have some assurance that the money asked for was well spent. But we do complain, and the country has a right to complain, that large sums are yearly spent in this Department, for which we receive no earthly benefit, and which might well be saved without impairing the efficiency of the force.

It was for the purpose of having these matters thoroughly sifted that Mr. Fournier on Tuesday night, moved that the House resolve itself into Committee on the militia estimates, with a view of reducing the expenditure, but the Government resisted it, and with the aid of their followers defeated the amendment. Mr. Stirton voted for this amendment, and for this the *Herald* has one of its mean, dirty hits at him, and calls in question his loyalty. Mr. Stirton did what every honest man would do, who is careful of the people's money, and who is opposed to its being recklessly squandered. As to his loyalty that can take care of itself. We think it can stand the test any day with that of the author of this contemptible charge.

DOMINION PARLIAMENT.

Sir John A. Macdonald moved the third reading of the Act respecting trades unions.

He explained the object of the Bill in nearly the same words as when he introduced it. He said it had been adopted without a dissenting voice, because the old law was too harsh and tyrannical to be borne by free men. This Act, in connection with the other on same subject, would give protection both to employer and employee.

Hon. Mr. Mackenzie said he saw nothing in the bill that could do harm, though he thought the clause requiring mechanics to register their Trades' Unions was rather harsh and restrictive towards workingmen. He did not see what objection there was to the bill. The accompanying bill prevented any injustice from being done to employers.

And a third time and passed.

The Speaker presented a message from the Senate announcing that that body had agreed to the address to his Excellency, sent up from the Commons.

Mr. Harrison moved the second reading of a Bill to amend the law relating to adjustlements respecting stolen goods. He said that after the discussion that had already taken place on this Bill, he would agree to amend it so that it would simply provide that actions against new-paper publishers for the insertion of advertisements for the recovery of stolen goods, which the question being asked, cannot be brought after a period of six months from the insertion of advertisement.

The amendment was adopted, and the Bill read a second and third time and passed.

Sir John A. Macdonald moved the second reading of a Bill to amend the Parliamentary Elections Act of 1871. The first clause provides that in the Province of Ontario, subject to the special provisions hereinafter made, the qualification of voters at elections for members of the House of Commons shall be that established by the laws in force in that province in the 22nd day of January, 1867, as to the qualifications of voters at elections of members of the Legislative Assembly; and the voters' lists to be used at elections of members of the House of Commons shall be the same as at such elections of members of the Legislative Assembly, on the basis of the qualification aforesaid, and the polling subdivisions or wards in the most central and convenient place for such elections.

The Bill was read a second time and agreed to in committee and reported.

Sir F. Hincks moved the second reading of the bill for granting certain sums of money required for defraying certain expenses of the public service for the financial years ending respectively the 30th June, 1872 and 1873, and for other purposes relating to the public service. Carried.

We are happy to learn that Dr. Landerkin has been nominated Reform candidate in the Riding of South Grey.

It is rumored that Beaty, of the *Leader*, intends making the Ballot Bill one of the planks of his platform in the hope of increasing his popularity with the working classes.

BIRTHS.

SUTTON—At Guelph, on the 13th inst., the wife of Mr. John Sutton, of a daughter.

JUST RECEIVED

AT

DAY'S BOOKSTORE.

BOOKS

On Oil Painting,
On the Art of Illuminating,
On Flower Painting,
On Sketching from Nature—in water colors,
On Light and Shade,
On Miniature Painting and Coloring.

PHOTOGRAPHS

On Figure Drawing,
On Pictorial and Prospective,
On Landscape Drawing,
On Sketching Trees from Nature,
On Water Colour Painting,
On Animal Drawing,
On Sketching from Nature,
On Surveying and Levelling.

Just Received and For Sale Cheap at

DAY'S BOOKSTORE,

WYNDHAM ST.,

GUELPH.

NEW FANCY STORE.

The subscriber begs to inform the public of Guelph and surrounding country that she is opening a Fancy Store

On the West Market Square,

In Paul Cullen's old stand, where she will keep a choice stock of

BERLIN WOOLS

General Fancy Goods, and Toys.

She hopes that by strict attention to business, and studying the wants of the public, to merit a share of public patronage.

MRS. MOYES.

Guelph, May 22, 1872 3md

NEW BOOKS

FOR

Summer Reading.

Roughing it—by Mark Twain.
Rival Houses.
The Tichborne Romance.
Nuts and Nutcrackers.
The Tuggs at Ramsgate.
Paul Gosslett's Confessions.
A Marine Residence.
An Ocean Waif.
The Tragedy of Life.
Killed by Mistake.
Mrs. Brown on the Alabama Claims
Bab Ballads.
Albert Lunel,
Lord Kilgobbin.
Good Bye, Sweet Heart

For Good and Cheap Reading Matter go to

ANDERSON'S

Cheap Book, Stationery and News Depot,

OPPOSITE THE MARKET

GUELPH

Guelph, June 14, 1872

EASE AND COMFORT.

THE BLESSING OF PERFECT SIGHT

There is nothing so valuable as Perfect sight and perfect sight can only be obtained by using

PERFECT SPECTACLES

The difficulty of procuring which is well known.

Messrs. Lazarus, Morris & Co.

have after years of Experience, Experiment and the erection of costly machinery, been enabled to produce that grand desideratum, perfect Spectacles,

Which Never Tire the Eye,

And last many years without change.

For Sale

PART of Lot Number 3, 1st and 2nd Division West side of the Owen Sound Road, in the Township of Arthur, 46½ acres of rich arable land, nearly all cleared, and under cultivation. The property is known as the "Roman Catholic Church Lot." Title good, and immediate possession given. Apply to MACMILLAN & O'CONNOR, Solicitors, &c., No 8, Day Block Guelph. jan9wtf

New Advertisements.

FIRST OF THE SEASON.

FRESH

SALT WATER SALMON

Bermuda Tomatoes,
Green Peas,
and Banannas,

ARRIVED TO-DAY BY EXPRESS.

HUGH WALKER,

WYNDHAM STREET, GUELPH.

Guelph, June 13, 1872 dw

CO-OPERATIVE STORE.

HOW TO SAVE 25 PER CENT

The Subscribers have purchased another stock of

DRY GOODS AND GROCERIES

Which they now offer Retail 25 cents in the Dollar below what is usually paid.

J. C. MACKLIN & Co.

Guelph, June 6th, 1872 dw

PUBLIC NOTICE.

The Great Semi-Annual Clearing Sale of DRESS GOODS commences To-morrow at the Fashionable West End Dry Goods Store, Alma Block.

A. O. BUCHAM,

Guelph, June 11th, 1872.

TWENTY POUNDS

OF

GOOD CURRANTS

FOR $1.00

OR

FIVE CENTS PER LB. AT

J. E. McELDERRY'S,

No. 2, Day's Block, Guelph.

GEORGE S. POWELL

Begs to announce that he has purchased the

Bankrupt Stock of BOOTS and SHOES

Of John McNeil's Estate, and will continue the

Boot and Shoe Business in all its Branches

IN THE SAME PREMISES.

Having been with Mr. McNeil for a number of years, and having an experience of over 18 years at the business, he feels confident of giving the public entire satisfaction.

A NEW STOCK

Will be introduced in a few days, and in the mean time the goods now on hand will be sold at remarkably low prices.

REPAIRING DONE AS FORMERLY

And satisfaction guaranteed. A trial solicited.

Guelph, May 17, 1872 dw GEO. S. POWELL.

DUIGNAN'S PUBLIC CAB.

The Subscriber begs to inform the people of Guelph that he has purchased a handsome and commodious Cab, which will always be at their service.

He will be at the Railway Stations on the arrival of all trains.

Parties wishing to hire by the hour or otherwise will be charged the most reasonable rates.

As he will make it his study to see to the comfort of all passengers he hopes to receive a share of public patronage.

Orders left at the Express Office, Mr. Hugh Walker's, and at the Post Office will be promptly attended to.

Sept. 4, 1871. do JOHN DUIGNAN

SODEN'S PUBLIC CAB.

The subscriber having purchased Mr. D. Coffee's splendid Cab, begs to inform the public that it will be at their service at all times, either by the hour, the day, or any other way, at the most moderate charges.

It will attend all the regular trains, also Concert and Balls, and can be engaged for Marriages or Funerals on the shortest notice.

Order slates kindly permitted at Mr. Harvey's DrugStore, Parker's Hotel, and Hewer's Western Hotel.

A careful and steady driver always with the Cab. A share of public patronage respectfully solicited.

Orders may also be left at the Owner's Grocery Store, Upper Wyndham Street.

Oct. 19, 1871. dtf R. SODEN.

J. B. ARMSTRONG & Co.

Carriage Builders,

GUELPH,

Awarded at the PROVINCIAL and other fairs upwards of

100

FIRST PRIZES

For the Best Work made in Canada.

Intending purchasers will study their own interests by calling at our Factory, or writing us by mail, when full information as to prices and style will be furnished.

See Armstrong's new Carriage Springs, invariably acknowledged by carriage makers, blacksmiths, and every person who has seen or used them, to be far superior to the old leaf spring. Shop rights to use, and apply them for sale, and springs furnished.

Note the Address, McDonnell Street, rear of the Royal Hotel.

J. B. ARMSTRONG, T. H. SCARFF.

Guelph, April 22 1872 w

AT

THE LARGE No. 1.

2 Cases Gents

READY-MADE CLOTHING

1 case Boys " "

1 " Knickerbocker Suits

FINE STOCK TO CHOOSE FROM.

WM. GALLOWAY.

Guelph, June 6, 1872

ARRIVED!

A Large Lot of

BOYS' TWEED SUITS,

Knickerbocker "
Sailor "
Highland Kilt "
Tweed " "

Also, a fine lot of

CHEAP TWEEDS

For Children's Wear at

JAMES CORMACK'S

No. 1, Wyndham Street.

Guelph, April 25, 1872. dw

NOTICE TO THE PUBLIC.

A. H. R. KENNEDY'S

Flour and Feed Store.

Call and leave your orders with A. H. R KENNEDY if you want the best

Flour, Potatoes and Feed

of all kinds, as cheap as any in the town, and always delivered to any part of the town when required.

Also, a fine lot of wheat, oats and peas, for seed.

Remember the stand—Anderson's new buildings, next door to Wm. Sunley's tinshop West Market Square. feb 15—dwom

CHEAP

WRITING PAPER

AT

P. C. ALLAN'S

5 Quires Good Note Paper for 20c, 25c, and 30c.

3 Quires Good Ruled Foolscap for 25c *worth that per quire*

500 Reams Ledgers, Day Books Journals,

Just come down from the Bindery, will be sold about half-price.

BOOK BINDERY

Now in full Operation.

All kinds of work done in first-class style, and at once.

P. C. ALLAN,

Guelph, June 8, 1872. dw

NEW FANCY STORE,

Upper Wyndham Street,

Next door to Mr. Naismith's.

Mrs. WINSTANLEY

Begs to inform her friends and the public that she has opened a Fancy Store on Upper Wyndham Street, where she will constantly have on hand a variety of

Trimmings, Berlin Wool, Needles, Pins, Tapes, Chignons, Writing Paper, Envelopes, etc. etc.

Mrs. Winstanley has also opened a

Registry Office for Servants,

AND A

LENDING LIBRARY.

Guelph, May 27, 1872 dw