CLOSING SESSION OF CONVENTION

Teachers' Association Hear Addresses From Premier Rutherford, Dr. Tory and Jas McCaig.

The second and closing day of the convention of the Northern Alberta Teachers' association was held yesterday in the Grandin street school, Strathcona. The academic proceedings consisted of practical demonstrations in tutorial science and some very interesting and instructive papers on matters relating to education. Dr. Tory on behalf of the university presented a scheme, which was readily accepted, by which the teachers can enrol for special study under the direction of the university staff. Reports from the standing committees were read and discussed and officers were elected for the ensuing year. J. Rogers, of Vegreville, second vice-president of the association, occupied the chair.

F. S. Carr, B.A., of Edmonton, read an interesting paper on the "Relation of Birds and Animals to Agriculture." He succeeded in making the teachers more conversant with many birds and animals which have been looked upon by the farmer as injurious pests, but which are beneficial to the cause of agriculture. In the category of birds were mentioned water fowl, birds of prey, crows and blackbirds, woodpeckers, insectiverous birds, finches and hen-like game birds. Observation would suffice to prove that these birds must have animal food in the primary stage of their existence and that, when they begin to forage for themselves, each individual in its comparatively short life time is accountable for the disappearance of innumerable insects and seeds of noxious weeds. An examination of the stomachs of these birds further proves this to be the case.

Animals were similarly dealt with by Mr. Carr, and were conveniently divided into flesh-eaters, vegetable-eaters and omniverous animals. All three classes, in some degree, carry on their depredations, but they are in reality either of a direct or indirect benefit to the farmer in his calling. Mr. Carr left the convention with a greater appreciation of the important relation that exists between birds and animals and the work of the farmer.

An opportunity was given the teachers to brush up in their teaching methods by observing teachers at work in the class room. In the junior section Miss J. McNeil taught a lesson in phonetics which is thought to be the latest approved scientific method of directing the youthful mind along the stream of knowledge. In the senior section R. M. Watt, of Leduc, dealt with the question of trade winds before a class of boys.

"Introduction to Geometry," was the subject of a paper read by R. H. Roberts, M.A., of Edmonton. Mr. Roberts first showed that the Euclid of the old educational regime has very little psychological, philisophical or practical value, and therefore is not entitled to a place in the school curriculum.

"A subject of present day study," said Mr. Roberts, "must measure up to a three-fold estimate, viz., it must have a knowledge value, a disciplinary value, and a cultural value. Geometry can and should be taught from these three viewpoints.

"Introduce geometry in your drawing classes and as the interest in it develops, relate it to constructive drawing or to manual training and call it draiting. Make the class a workshop where exactness in constructing all figures is insisted on. The practical should not be slighted in order to teach theorems and generalities of every kind should be abolished."

The importance of Mr. Roberts paper was shown in the relation which geometry should be made to bear on other subjects. It should relate to algebra, drawing, manual work and every branch of study which has to do with the construction of geometric figures.

University Classes.

President Tory, of the University of Alberta, addressed the convention with a view to giving the teachers of Alberta an opportunity to pursue a special study course in the university such as is afforded by McGill and other universities to the school teachers in the east. The proposition was assented to at once by about fifty of the teachers and Dr. Broadus was called upon to discuss the course of study most favored, which proved to be English literature. It was finally decided to leave it to the president and staff of the university to decide on a suitable hour for the meeting of the class and to draft a course of study. All teachers who are desirous of availing themselves of university teaching should drop a card at once to Dr. Tory stating what hour in the week, whether in the afternoon or evening, would be most acceptable to them, and what course of study they would like to suggest.

Draft of Resolutions.

The following resolutions were read by Supt. McCaig as charirman of the resolution committee:

Resolved—

That in the opinion of this association the time has arrived for the establishment of secondary schools with separate designation and accomodation apart from the elementary schools.

That the present course should be suitably expanded to take account specifically of commercial work, manual training of a specialized sort, domestic science and agriculture, but that these should not be separated from the other work, but should be associated with a certain minimum training in the liberal arts of the secondary schools.

That in the case of agriculture there should be not less than two centers selected and not more than four and that demonstation work, experiment and observation on a well managed farm, associted with the school should be part of the work.

That financial recognition should be given to special subjects on the elementary school program of studies.

That the association should have a correct report from a finance committee at the business meeting.

That this association give permission to that part of the association known as the Vegreville inspectorate to withdraw from the larger association and after the expenses of this meeting are defrayed the secretary be instructed to pay the third of the surplus to Mr. Loucks in trust for his association to be organized.

That this association approve of the idea of promoting a Provincial organization as embodied in the recommendation of the Board of Examiners.

The resolutions were read clause by clause and adopted.

Papers to be Published.

The suggestion was made that the papers read in the course of the convention be published in pamphlet form. Messrs. McCaig, Ellis, Ross and Dobson were appointed a committee to see that this be done, but on motion of Mr. Rea, it was made conditional, on the cost being not too excessive.

The Programme committee reported the following as constituting the prospective programme for the convention in 1909.

The Schools and Psychological Adjustment—R. H. Roberts.

Telling your troubles—General discussion.

The Novel—Prof. Broaders.

The Public School Arithmetic Course—discussion led by Miss Chegwin, Mr. McKee, G. E. Ellis, W. A. Munroe, Miss Low, and Mr. Ross.

The Materials of Composition in Standards II. III. and IV.—Miss Finberry.

The Treatment of Composition III. and IV.—Miss Bentley.

A Class in Expressive Reading Stand III. and IV.—Mr. Wintersgill.

A Course of Handwork for Public School—A. E. Hutton.

Aims in Literature in Secondary Schools—Mr. McNally.

Quantitive Experiments in Chemistry—Mr. Keith.

The Economic Minerals of Alberta—A. A. Macgregor.

Mr. Keith in behalf of the teachers of Wetaskiwin invited the association to hold the next convention in that city. After discussion it was decided on motion of Mr. Rea to hold the next convention in Edmonton.

Other Resolutions.

A resolution committee to draft resolutions for the next convention was read as follows: Messrs. Keith, Wetaskiwin; McKee, Strathcona; Rea, Edmonton; Parker, Fort Saskatchewan; and Miss Moore, Wetaskiwin.

A cordial resolution was passed instructing the secretary to write to Dr. Tory, thanking him on behalf of the association, for the reception which was tendered in the university building on Thursday afternoon to the teachers assembled.

Resolutions were also passed thanking the people of Strathcona for their liberal hospitality and the members of the association who prepared the papers read.

The officers for the ensuing year are as follows:

President, R. H. Roberts, M. A. Edmonton; 1st Vive-president, F. H. Dobson, Strathcona; 2nd Vice-president, W. A. Munroe; 3rd Vice-president, Mrs. Carey, Wetaskiwin; Secretaurer, F. S. Carr, B. A. Edmonton.

On the election of president, Mr. Roberts took the chair and conducted the proceedings to the close.

Basketball Tournament.

Basketball is having its hey-day among the Alberta school girls; nearly every school has its basketball players and some have organized both junior and senior teams. These senior teams have been doing considerable skirmishing in the hope of meeting on the field and have succeeded in doing so, in some cases, notably when the Edmonton seven went to Lacombe to play the gorls there. The anxiety for a grand contest culminated in a basketball tournament which was held in the rink at Strathcona yesterday. Girls accompanied by their chaperons, and supplied with a complete kit of sweaters, running shoes and other paraphernalia, were present from Wetaskiwin, Fort Saskatchewan, Edmonton, Lacombe, Strathcona and Lamont.

It was a rather uncommon sight to see girls battling for supremacy with supporters and spectators lined along both sides of the rinw. Each team had its colors, which were waved from the benches at every opportunity. The girls were really clever players, giviing as good an exposition of the game as could be desired. At all times they were perfectly oblivious to their surroundings and went into the game with a determination to win. In the dressing room which was provided in true athletic style, could be heard wherefore and why the game was won or lost.

Inspector Thibaudeau, of Lacombe, acted as official scorer and arranged the games with as much fairness as possible.

The Lacombe septette proved to be victors, with a total of 16 goals, Wetaskiwin was second with 15 goals and Edmonton third with 6 goals to their credit. All seemed well pleased to see Lacombe win as the players excelled all their competitors in fleetness and in block-work combination.

Evening Reception.

A unique event was held in the evening when the six basketball teams and their supporters met for a social time in Grandin street school. An excellent program was rendered and refreshments served. The feature of the evening was the presentation of the Thibaudeau shield to the Lacombe team as winners of the tournament. The girls spent a most enjoyable time telling about their bruises and becoming better acquainted with one another than was possible in the heat of the contest.

Thanksgiving Day in U. S. Nov. 26.

Washington, Oct. 31—The president has issued his annual thanksgiving proclamation in which he points out the steady growth of the nation in strength, worldly power, wealth and population and for this he declares the Americans owe it to the Almighty to show progress in moral and spiritual things. Thursday, November 26, is the day set aside for Thanksgiving.

Queen of Spain Enciente.

Madrid, Nov. 1—LaCorrespondencia announces that Queen Victoria is enciente. The queen's last child was born June 23, this year.

WOMEN SUFFRAGE CRAZE SPREADING

National Council of Women Have Heated Discussion on This Question.

Ottawa, Oct. 30.—Woman suffrage resolution, which has been agitating the minds of the members of the National Council of Women, owing to the differences of opinion upon the question existing among them, came up today, and was ruled out as unnecessary. President Lady Edgar, thus summarily disposed of it on the grounds that full arrangements have already been made to discuss the question of 'Votes for Women' at the great international conference to be held in Toronto next June, and it was for such consideration of the subject that the resolution was asked.

This decision cut short a spirited debate, as some of the members who favored resolution seemed to think that an attempt was being made to side-track the issue of woman suffrage, upon which there was a diversity of opinion among the members.

Ballot the Keystone.

Resolution on woman suffrage stated that as women had always ranked foremost in moral and social reform work, and as a ballot was the keystone to the accomplishment of all reformative work, the Canadian National Council should express its opinion that the all important question of citizenship be awarded its rightful place on the programme at the International conference at Toronto next June. When this resolution, which had been placed on the order paper by the Canadian Suffrage Association and the Canadian Medical Alumnate Association.

Lady Edgar said Dr. Stone Cullen expressed her opinion that the woman suffrage question should be given a dignified place on the programme of the National Council as well as at the International congress. She thought it was an awfully innocent resolution and at first had thought that every member would heartily support it. Later she had learned that it had caused a great deal of worry. In Colorado, where women had votes, the protection of women was well provided for. She thought it was awful that women were ranked as minors, lunatics and animals when they were not given the right to vote.

"No, no, we are not," exclaimed Lady Taylor of Hamilton.

"Yes, we are," reiterated Dr. Stone Cullen.

She thought no one was better able to deal with women's questions than women themselves, and it was time the women of Canada realized their responsibility.

Resolution Ruled Out.

Lady Edgar remained firm in her attitude and ruled out the resolution as unnecessary, and there was no further discussion.

The resolution that steps be taken as soon as practicable, to secure the incorporation of the National Council of Women of Canada, was moved by Mrs. W. E. Sanford. Lady Taylor seconded the motion, which was carried. The following resolution was also adopted, "That the local councils of Canada approach their respective legislatures at their next sessions asking for the enactment of legislation for the establishment of juvenile courts, and generally providing the machinery necessary for the putting in force, by the Dominion government, of the Juvenile Delinquents Act, adopted at the last session of the Dominion parliament.

The Suffrage Discussion.

There was a warm discussion on the suffrage question when Dr. Cullen, of Toronto, presented her report on citizenship of women. The report contained a paragraph approving the recent actions of the British suffragettes.

Lady Taylor, of Hamilton, said: "If we carry this resolution we shall be commending the action of the suffragettes in England. There may be some women in Canada, who approve of the conduct of the British women, but I do not, and I ask that the eulogies of the British suffragettes be stricken from the report."

Dr. Gordon, of Toronto, and Miss Peters, of St. John, both declared their willingness to go to jail if it would help the women of Canada to get the right to vote. Dr. Yeomans, of Winnipeg, said that if references to the British suffragettes were stricken out it would tend to discourage them. British women had adopted these tactics because statesmen had advised them that this would be the most effective way to accomplish their object.

Dr. Cullen, in a spirited defence, said that her remarks were justified. The fight which the British women were putting up was of world-wide interest. In the beginning she had been horrified at their methods but now realized that they were the most effective. Lady Taylor decared that there was no occasion to eulogize the British suffragettes. It would not help the Canadian women. In the end Dr. Cullen agreed to strike out of the report the differences to the British Suffragettes and report as amended was received.

TRIBUTE TO THE LATE HON. THOS. GREENWAY

Ottawa and Toronto Papers Make Heartfelt References to one of the Foremost Figures in Western Life—A Farmer Who Always Took a Deep Interest in Agriculture.

Ottawa, Oct. 30.—All the local papers in recording the death of Hon. Thos. Greenway, made complimentary reference to the deceased.

The evening Free Press says: "His administration of affairs in Manitoba was marked by wisdom of administration and prudence. He was the enthusiastic exponent of the rights of Manitoba, was a firm believer in the principle of common schools, and his name will ever be identified with the famous school act. Modest in bearing, determined in following out a policy when he believed it to be right, he was a good leader and a true Liberal. Of late years he has spoken much in Parliament, but last session he made some notable speeches upon seed grain advances, the Aylesworth election act, and the Lands Act. An assiduous worker for his constituency and province, he has now paid the penalty of a life spent in his country's service. Indeed, it would not be saying too much to assert that the strenuous labors of last session were largely responsible for the illness which culminated fatally this morning."

A Great Factor in the West.

The Evening Citizen says: "The late Mr. Greenway was a man of resolute will and clear, strong judgment. He was a vigorous advocate of provincial rights and his name will loom large as a great factor in Western progress and development."

The Evening Journal says: "Mr. Greenway, both during his political career in Manitoba and since he has been a member of the House of Commons representing a western constituency, was widely known and universally respected. He was a man who had the esteem of both political parties and one against whom there was never the slightest reproach of any kind. His many friends here regretted exceedingly to hear of his death."

The Globe's Tribute.

Toronto, Oct. 30.—The Globe will say today: "Hon. Thos. Greenway succumbed to the malady which he contracted in his journey from his home to Ottawa. He was one of the best known public men of Canada. One of the pioneer farmers of Manitoba, he saw the province grow from the days of despondency to its present position as one of the progressive commonwealths of the west. He had shown a taste for politics before leaving Ontario for the West, and was only following his strong bent when he became a member for the Manitoba legislature and subsequently the premier of the province. In that position his course was such as to reflect credit on Liberalism. After his defeat he became a member of the Dominion House. His opinion on any North-West question was always listened to with extreme respect. The decline of his health prevented him from taking as active a part as his inclination would have urged him to do in the wider sphere of Federal affairs, but his strong common sense, unusual experience and knowledge of Western conditions made him a safe and stable counsellor. His appointment to the board of railway commissioners was a peculiarly happy one, for he would have brought to bear on his duties the equipment of a public man of extensive experience and a knowledge of railway matters from the farmer's point of view.

"His age was urged against him as an objection to his appointment, but latterly it was understood his health had improved, and his mental powers were as clear as they ever were. He was not fond of the sound of his own voice. He only troubled any body of men in which he had a seat when he had something worth saying. He said it in the briefest possible way and left no doubt as to his meaning. He belonged to the interesting generation which stayed with the West through its period of doubts and unsolved problems and had the satisfaction of seeing his faith justified. He moreover helped materially in arriving at the solutions. He never ceased to be a farmer and his happiest hours were spent on his model farm among the prize cattle which he introduced to the West.

IS STANDARD OIL SUPPORTING TAFT

Bryan Closes Record-Breaking Tour of Republican Candidate's Home State—Rockefeller's Support of Taft is Vigorously Assailed—Taft Denies Support of Trusts—Independence Candidates Speak in Brooklyn.

Cleveland, October 30.—A slashing assault upon President Roosevelt, W. H. Taft and Rockefeller, with Rockefeller's support of Taft as his text, was Bryan's valedictory in Ohio today. In a score of red-hot speeches he denounced the alleged hypocrisy of the President and Judge Taft in trying to throw on him the odium of the Oil King's support, while all along, he said, they had his hearty OK, as revealed by Rockefeller's warm approval of Taft in this morning's papers.

Particular care is to be taken that every farmer in the West gets Rockefeller's words for Taft, and with that end in view Bryan will dispatch Jeremiah A. Sullivan, an Iowa orator, who is travelling with him in Iowa, tomorrow to see that the agriculturists hear about it.

Bryan's final day in Ohio was one of the most remarkable in his recent experiences. Record-breaking crowds and record-breaking enthusiasm astonished him everywhere he stopped in Taft's home state. Several crowds of 10,000 persons were addressed during the day and a great number of working men showed remarkable enthusiasm for Bryan.

Taft Denies Trust's Support.

Buffalo, October 30.—"Rockefeller and the Standard Oil trust is not supporting me," was the emphatic declaration of Judge Taft before an enthusiastic audience of 6,000 in Convention Hall here tonight.

"Bryan is greatly troubled about my attitude toward the trusts,' he said, 'and he has been made so by the announcement that Rockefeller is going to support me. Now if the Standard Oil were anxious to bring about my election, I should think that the last thing that would be done would be to advertise its support of me. Therefore, this publication, which Bryan is now making so much of, seems to me to have but little significance in attempting to show that the Standard Oil, or any other trust because it hopes for immunity from me, is supporting me in this campaign. That is not the way support is tendered when it is desired to bring about an election.

"I am in a position to state as emphatically as possible that neither the Standard Oil nor any one connected with it or identified with it in management has contributed a cent to the Republican fund, Rockefeller and the Standard Oil are not supporting me. The administration is prosecuting the Standard Oil and intends to do so until that part of it, which may be an evil, is driven out." This announcement from Taft was cheered with wild enthusiasm. It was the first utterance from Taft on the statement of John D. Rockefeller that he was for Taft. A snowstorm and Taft struck here at the same time today, but the splendid demonstration given the Republican candidate was not marred by the climatic conditions.

Independence Party Demonstration.

New York, October 30.—Thomas L. Hisgen, together with W. M. Graves, candidate for Vice-president, and Clarence Shearn, Gubernatorial candidate, addressed more than fifty thousand voters in Brooklyn tonight. As a fitting close to the new party's campaign in that borough, two monster rallies were arranged, one at Clermont avenue rink and one at the Gospel Tent, East New York. The magnificent receptions heretofore accorded the campaigners throughout the entire state were, if possible, eclipsed at tonight's demonstration.

FROM PORT ARTHUR TO THE SASKATCHEWAN

President Hays Says G. T. P. Will Be Running Between These Two Points Next Spring—Is Enthusiastic Over Conditions in Western Canada—No Financial Panic.

Montreal, Oct. 30.—Mr. Charles M. Hays, president of the G. T. P., on his return from his tour over the line of the new trans-continental, this evening stated that by the opening of next spring the G. T. P. would be running trains through from Port Arthur to the Saskatchewan. While delays had occurred on the government section between Superior Junction and Winnepeg, Mr. Hays was confident that this section would be in good working order early next summer, with both the government and G. T. P. sections handling traffic.

With regard to the West, Mr. Hays returned in a most enthusiastic frame of mind, declaring that he saw no sign of any financial panic or other depression during his tour. Mr. Hays stated that great progress was being made at Prince Rupert and all along the British Columbia section of the Grand Trunk. Another hundred mile contract would be given out immediately on the western section, while two hundred more miles would be soon put under contract east of the Rockies, which would reduce the gap between the east and the west to 400 miles over the mountain district.

Mr. Hays stated definitely that the G. T. P. had a charter to run a road to Vancouver, and that it was merely a question of time till they started a service to that city. In general he considered conditions in the west very good for railway work, and said he was perfectly confident of the future.

THREW HIM OVER CLIFF.

Thos. Fox Did the Right Thing in Killing Reardon.

Ottawa, Oct. 30.—When Thos. Fox, after a struggle with D. J. Reardon on the edge of the cliff in Rockliffe Park on September 5, threw him over, he did the proper thing and was warmly commended yb Magistrate O'Keefe. Fox was walking with his fiancee in Rockliffe Park in the moonlight one evening when Reardon, who was a married man, insulted her. A desperate struggle ensued, during which Reardon was thrown over a foray-foot cliff. Fox fell with him. Reardon was instantly killed, but Fox falling uppermost, was only injured. In a straightforward manner he told the jury the whole story, and the magistrate entirely exonerated him of any charge of having caused the death of Reardon.

Fox was acquited.

Depopulating Africa of White Labor.

Canadian Associated Press.

London, November 2. — General Booth states that if the rate of immigration out of South Africa and Australia continues, South Africa will soon be without a "white" working class population. "They must Christianize the negro, otherwise there will be appalling trouble," said the veteran Salvation Army head.

STRATHCONA NEWS

(From Friday's Daily).

ICE STOPS FERRY.

The scow on Walter's ferry was stopped yesterday because of the rapidly forming ice, and it is probable that it will now be laid up for the winter as the river this morning is filled with lolly which has become quite hard on the sides. Yesterday forenoon a large number of people went down to the landing on each side only to be disappointed in finding the river filled with ice and no means of crossing available.

ASSAULTED ON BRIDGE ROAD.

A daring assaut and robbery took place on the road leading to the bridge on Wednesday night, the victim being one of the nurses of the Strathcona public hospital. About eight o'clock as she was returning from Edmonton, when the snow was falling and the night dark, a man after passing her, turned and struck her two violent blows in the face. He then snatched a small hand bag containing a considerable sum of money, she was carrying and made off down the hill. The lady proceeded to Strathcona and the authorities at the hospital notified the police who are now on the lookout for the assailant. Unfortunately the description given is very meagre.

LOCALS.

There is now excellent skating on the lakes to the south of the city, McKernan's being an especial favorite among the young people. A large number have come over from Edmonton each afternoon for several days to take advantage of an early skate.

The secretry of the Board of Trade, E. T. Baines has added greatly to the appearance of the board of trade rooms by decorating the walls with a large number of photographs used in connection with the exhibits at Toronto, New Westminster, etc. Mr. Baines is nothing if not progressive and his latest idea is a good one to give visitors the most favorable impression of Strathcona.

Tonight in the Odd Fellow's hall the long looked forward Curlers' ball will be held. It is expected that there will be a big attendance and every preparation is being made for an enjoyable evening.

The regular monthly meeting of the Ladies Hospital Aid society will be held at the home of Mrs. J. M. Douglas on Monday afternoon at half past three.

(From Saturday's Daily.)

LATE POLICE CHIEF'S FUNERAL.

The funeral of the late Chief of Police Andrew McCauley took place yesterday afternoon to Strathcona cemetery. There was a large attendance, the city council attending in a body. The pall-bearers were Constables Meaghen and Sharkey, of the Strathcona police force; Sergeants McCallum and Howie and Constables George and Steele, of Edmonton. The funeral services were conducted by Rev. David Fleming. J. C. Wainwright had charge of the funeral arrangements. The late Chief McCauley came to Strathcona highly recommended as an efficient officer, and his management while serving as chief in Strathcona was excellent. Prior to coming to Edmonton he was engaged as chief in Carman, Manitoba. Although serving as a police officer in the West, the late chief had done very little of this work before coming to Canada, two years ago. In the early part of his residence in this country he spent some time in Montreal in a good position of the government service, but this he gave up to come West. McCauley began his career as a Scotland Yard detective, where he spent five years, after which he served with distinction as a soldier in Egypt and in the Boer war. For his work in those wars he received several valuable and muchprized medals. After the close of the Boer war the deceased entered the South African Constabulary, under Lord Kitchener, and only left this organization when he was stricken with a severe attack of fever, which left him so wasted that he was put aboard a liner almost a mere skeleton and taken to the old country, where he recovered his health to a certain extent. The deceased sometimes took great pride in showing his great number of recommendations received from various persons in distant parts of the world.

CURLERS' BALL.

The curlers' ball in Strathcona last night was a great success. Over two hundred couples were in attendance, and the large hall, lighted by over 40 incandescent lights and gayly decorated, presented a beautiful scene. The music for the dancing was furnished by Richardson's orchestra, and refreshments were provided by donations from the ladies of the city. The ball makes a most auspicious opening for the curlers' season.

WRESTLING MATCHES.

The hall of the new Baalim Block was packed to its utmost capacity last night to see the wrestling matches conducted by Jim White, the well-known Minneapolis mat artist, who has been in Strathcona for some time past.

There were to have been three events, but only one of these materialized as announced, the others having fallen through owing to the absence of the participants. The first event was to have been a bout between Leo Benson and Bob McKinnon, but the latter failed to appear, so White gave an exhibition with Benson, who is his trainer. They wrestled for fifteen minutes, but neither secured a fall. In the second event White agreed to throw B. Archer twice in half an hour. Archer made a good showing but went to the mat on a double Nelson in 21 minutes and again in five minutes. The purse in this event was $50.

The last event was a specially arranged match between Koch and Archer for twenty minutes. Archer won with a hammer and lock hold in eight minutes and secured the purse of $10 offered by the management.

PUBLIC SALE of MRS. SARAH CARSON.

I am authorized to sell on Wednesday, Nov. 4th, 1908, beginning at 12.30 o'clock at the above mentioned home, Sec. 1-55-24, 2 miles east of Namayo P.O., the following described property, to wit:

HORSES—One 6 year old brown gelding weighing 1250 lbs.; one 5 year old bay mare weighing 1300 lbs.; one 4 year old bay gelding weighing 1200 lbs.; one 10 year old grey mare weighing 1200 lbs.; one good yearling filly colt. This is a desirable lot of farm horses and practically free of blemishes.

CATTLE—Four of which are good milch cows; 2 cows with calves at foot; 2 dry cows; 2 yearling heifers, one 4 year old grade S.H.-Durham bull; 4 spring calves.

HARNESS—Three sets work harness, one set double driving harness.

PIGS—Four good brood sows, 22 spring, pigs (Well bred.)

VEHICLES—One lumber wagon, 1 good Demcerat, 2 sets bob sleighs.

IMPLEMENTS—One Deering binder in good repair; one Champion mower in good repair; one Frost & Wood, nearly new hay rake, one four section iron harrow, one excellent Frost & Wood disc harrow, one 14 in. gang plow; one 14 in. breaker; one 16 in. walking plow; one one 1 6in. sulky plow; grain seeder or drill; also hay rack, 2 flat racks, and many other useful articles.

We will offer some household goods and a limited amount of oats and barley and Timothy seed.

TERMS—All sums of $15.00 and under cash; on large amounts a credit of 14 months may be had by purchaser furnishing acceptable joint lien notes bearing 8 per cent. interest; 5 per cent. off for cash, where entitled to credit. No property to be removed until terms of sale are completed with. Free lunch at noon.

FRANK WEBBER, Clerk. C. H. WEBBER, Auctioneer.

SHINGLES!

Just arrived a large consignment of best Cedar Shingles Now is the time to buy, when the price is low. Call and get what you require at once and save money.

D.R. FRASER CO., Ltd.

PHONES: Yard and Offices 1830 Mill 2038.

201 NAMAYO AVENUE Edmonton.

JAS. RICHARDSON & SONS

GRAIN MERCHANTS

Grain Exchange, Winnipeg. A. C. Ruttan, Manager

When you are thinking of shipping send us a card and we will explain how you can dispose of your crop to the very best advantage. We will also send you detailed shipping instructions and keep you posted on prices. Don't overlook this. It is to your benefit.

Highest net track offers wired on anything in the grain line to any point. Ask us for quotations when you have your cars loaded. Large advances and prompt adjustments.

Flax buyers for Canada Linseed Oil Mills, Montreal.

Oat buyers for Anchor Elevator & Warehousing Co., Ltd., Winnipeg.

References, Merchants Bank at Winnipeg and branches, or any commercial agency.

BINDER TWINE

Canadian Perfect 550 ft.	$11.40
Canadian Medal 600 ft.	13.00
Barb Wire 2 or 4 pt.	4.25
Wire Nails - - - -	4.00

NORTHERN HARDWARE CO

J. R. HARPER, Manager.