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MAKER'S YEAST.

BREAD made of this Yeast
took 132 First Prizes at Ontario
Fall Shows in 1887.
Over 10,000 ladies have written
to say that it surpasses any yeast
ever used by them.
It makes the lightest, whitest,
sweetest bread, rolls, buns and
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Bakers in nearly every town in
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PRICE FIVE CENTS.

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Novelties in Plushes, Flow
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Better than ever before
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finest City Styles at town rates.
ncreasing, there has not been an opp
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During the Busy Seas
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AKING
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A WEEK OF CONVENTIONS.

THE QUEEN CITY CROWDED WITH CLERGYMEN AND DELEGATES.

Presbyterian Statistics — Prospects of the New Methodist College — A too Officious Constable—General News.

TORONTO, June 18.—Last week was notable for the numerous conventions that assembled here. Besides the anti Jesuit convention there were in session the Anglican Synod of Toronto Diocese, the Methodist Conference, the Presbyterian General Assembly, the Dominion W.C.T.U., the Grand Lodge of Canadian Oddfellows and other smaller bodies. The Women read papers on the social evil question and passed resolutions favoring prohibition. In their opinion the country is ready for the total suppression of the traffic. "Kitchen Gardens," "Flower Missions," "Cooking Schools" were also subjects of discussion. Mrs. Youmans was elected honorary president. Montreal was selected as the next meeting place.

The General Assembly still continues in session. Rev. Principal Grant was elected moderator. A garden party was held in Government grounds in honor of the Assembly. Ministers of the Crown, representatives of bench and bar, church and state, and the elite of Toronto's citizens joined their Presbyterian brethren and welcomed them to the Queen City. So officially and most felicitously did the Lieutenant-Governor and his charming daughter, Miss Marjorie Campbell.

A special committee was appointed to consider the Jesuits' Estates Act and to report thereon. The statistics read to the Assembly showed:

In the synod of Toronto and Kingston there are 361 churches and stations, a decrease of 19. The Presbytery of Kingston shows a decrease of 12; Peterboro a decrease of 2; Whitby of 1; Orangeville of 2; Barrie of 3, and Owen Sound of 1; total 21. Lindsay gives an increase of 1; Toronto of 1; while the Presbyteries of Sangeen and Guelph remain the same.

In the synod of Hamilton and London there are 318 such churches and stations, a decrease of 16. Three Presbyteries give the same number for each of the years namely, Huron, Maitland and Bruce; London shows an increase of 4, while Hamilton shows a decrease of 5; Paris of 3; Chatham of 10; Stratford of 1, and Sarnia of 1. The total decrease is thus 20 in 5 Presbyteries, against which is to be set an increase in 1 Presbytery of 4, three remaining the same.

The Toronto Conference of the Methodist Church held its sixth annual session in the Broadway Tabernacle. There were two ballots for president, and on the second Rev. Hugh Johnston was elected, getting 197 votes to Dr. Stone's 93. Rev. T. W. Jeffery's character, among others, unanimously passed the conference amid hearty applause.

Rev. Dr. Potts made his report as secretary of the Education Society and Federation movement. The subscriptions for Federation up to June 1 were $264,519.62, of which $108,112.62 has been paid. There are 3575 subscribers to the fund, which is made up as follows:

Conference.	Subscribed.	Paid.
Toronto	$181,679 21	$73,152 49
London	29,188 35	3,871 29
Guelph	22,804 89	8,205 63
Bay of Quinte	9,392 25	3,605 60
Montreal	4,066 09	1,577 61
Man. and Northwest	221 00	71 00
British Columbia	5 00	2 60

Dr. Potts further said that he has a separate account of money received from people outside the Methodist Church, such as Vice-Chancellor Mulock, M.P., Hon. Alex. Mackenzie, Hon. Oliver Mowat, Sir John Macdonald, Hon. Edward Blake. It amounted to $14,935, of which $12,645 is paid up.

The Bishop of Toronto presided at the Synod held at St. James' Cathedral. This is the jubilee year of the diocese of Toronto, the first bishop having been consecrated in 1889. A lengthened discussion arose on a communication from the Dominion Temperance Alliance asking the Synod to appoint delegates to their conference. Rev. Dr. Curry said the Synod were not prohibitionists and never would be. He moved that the communication be acknowledged. The motion carried. An anti-Jesuit resolution, the main feature of which is to test the act in the courts, was also put through.

The annual convention of the International Undertakers' Association will be held here in October, five hundred delegates will be present.

A great mass meeting of Ontario millers will be held in Toronto on July 9 and 10 to discuss their grievances.

Last Friday Richard Score, the King-street tailor, was married to the widow of the late C. C. Walker. The bride is 67 and the groom 82, yet they set out for New York to spend the honeymoon like young birds. The bride is the eldest sister of Mr. William Gooderham and has a handsome income.

William H. Dickson, a G.T.R. yard constable, is a prisoner charged with shooting Brakeman John McLachlan of the C.P.R. Dickson boarded a train at Parkdale as it was being shunted down to the Union Station. In accordance with orders Conductor Hamilton told him to leave the train. Refusing, the conductor attempted to eject him and McLachlan, coming to his assistance, received a shot in the left shoulder, which may result in his death. Dickson has been very handy with his revolver ever since he has been in the employ of the G.T.R. On more than one occasion he has shot at newsboys, and once at the Union Station hackmen had to overpower him and take his revolver away when he was flourishing it and threatening to shoot a bootblack whom he fancied was jeering him.

The New U. S. Consul-General at Halifax.

WASHINGTON, June 15.—The President to-day appointed Wakefield G. Frye of Maine Consul-General at Halifax. Mr. Frye held that position during the Arthur Administratien and was succeeded by Mr. Phelps, the present Consul-General. He was born in Maine, was a member of the Legislature and is a man of prominence in his State. He is not related to Senator Frye.

Lived to the Age of 105.

ST. JOHN, N.B., June 15.—The oldest man in St. John died yesterday. Cornelius Driscoll was born in Baltimore, County Cork, Ireland, in 1784, and was, therefore, 105 years old. He was a laborer, used no tobacco and scarcely touched liquor. Upto the age of 90 he worked steadily and until a few months ago worked about the house. He claimed that his grandfather died at 105 and two of his brothers lived to be 90.

A Serious Assault.

HAMILTON, June 15.—James Bowe, foreman of the Hamilton Iron Forging Company's works, was this morning arrested for striking John Fox on the eye with a piece of iron, inflicting a serious wound. Fox is confined to his bed. Bowe was released on bail shortly after he was arrested.

CRONIN'S DEATH.

Woodruff Makes a New Confession.

CHICAGO, June 16.—All previous "confessions" of Woodruff, the horse thief, indicted for complicity in the Cronin tragedy, were eclipsed this morning in an entirely new story from him, published in an extra edition of The Times. He contradicts and discredits every other "statement" heretofore attributed to him, and now appears in the roll of an ex-member of the Canadian Militia, claiming that he was trusted by Cronin's alleged murderers because he furnished Fenian spies with valuable information during one of the Fenian raids into Canada. Woodruff says he arrived in Chicago on March 26, and obtained work from a gardener on Southport avenue, not far from the Carlson cottage. After three or four days' work for the gardener, Woodruff was taken sick. His narrative says:—"With the intention of going to the County Hospital I drifted into O'Sullivan's place. I made up my mind that he was a Fenian, and reminded him of certain scenes during the Fenian raid into Canada. I went over during that raid as a volunteer in the 24th Kent Battalion, whose headquarters were at Chatham. We went as far as Niagara. At that time I was assigned to the Adjutant's department, and gave to some Fenian spies who came to our camp such points as I learned while in that place. That was my first connection with the Glan-na-Gael. O'Sullivan told me he would get me some work if possible. From there I came down and went to work at Dean's livery stable."

Woodruff tells that he met Detective Coughlin soon afterward and had a drink with him, conveying the impression that Coughlin knew Woodruff to be a thief, and Woodruff believed the detective to be a "fence." While walking together they met O'Sullivan, the ice man. O'Sullivan mentioned Woodruff's request for employment, and Coughlin quizzed Woodruff that a man in his line should want "work." Woodruff persisted that he was laboring for his board and clothes at the livery stable. Coughlin and O'Sullivan went off together. "That was about the second of April," continued Woodruff. "Melville arrived in Chicago about this time (this is the first mentioned of Melville in the 'confession'). I know this, because a day or two afterward I was over on the South Side and went into the 'Owl' saloon, kept by Sol Van Praeg. I went into a back room and saw Melville and Coughlin drinking together. This was in the evening. I knew Melville, as I had met him in California. He was a great friend of Desmond and Sand Lot Kearney during the labor troubles there. After taking several drinks together Coughlin left us, saying he had an engagement."

I said, "I am nearly busted." He said, "Why don't you go down and see Alexander Sullivan,' and I said I was not prepared to be sent to Europe. Williams, looking me squarely in the face said it would not be necessary for me to be sent out of town in this case." The pair proceed, Woodruff declares, to 117 Clark street, where the furniture of the Carlson cottage was first stored. Woodruff's story is further to the effect that he made arrangements with Williams and Alexander Sullivan by which he was paid $25 for taking the conveyance to the Carlson cottage on the night of the murder.

DEATH OF MR. WM. DAVIS.

The Well-known Ottawa Contractor Passes Away at a Ripe Old Age.

OTTAWA, June 16.—One of Ottawa's prominent citizens, Mr. William Davis, the well-known contractor, died to-day at his residence in Rideau-street, in the seventy-second year of his age. Mr. Davis was head of the firm of Davis & Sons, who are at present building several sections of the Cornwall Canal. He came to Canada from Tipperary, Ireland, nearly fifty years ago and was employed by H. H. Killaly of the Board of Works on the upper Ottawa improvements, including the Trent, Ottawa River, Lachine, St. Maurice, Chambly and other canals. In 1854 he built portions of the Chatte Canal. He lived in Montreal for fourteen years, removing to Ottawa about thirty years ago, where he constructed the St. Louis dam and was foreman of improvements at Government House. Subsequent to that he constructed works at Culbute, Lachine, Montreal and other points.

About five weeks ago he was prostrated by a complication of diseases, passing away peacefully surrounded by his wife, three sons and five daughters. The lamented gentleman was highly regarded throughout the community, where he had amassed considerable wealth and was at all times a generous benefactor. The funeral will take place on Wednesday morning at 9 o'clock.

ONE YEAR IN JAIL.

Dr. J. C. Bright of Chatham Convicted of Criminal Malpractice.

CHATHAM, June 15.—At the General Sessions Thursday, Dr. James Cook Bright of this place was convicted of the crime of furnishing a noxious drug to a young girl named Clara Douglas. Detective T. Wasson worked up the evidence for the Crown and Professor Ellis analyzed the medicine which was given to the girl. Bright, who was acquitted once before when tried on a similar charge, was sentenced to one year in jail.

Detective Wasson is following up the M.D.s who do anything crooked, and having them brought before the council so that their names will be struck off the roll. For some time it has been the practice of a lot of quacks from the other side to come to Canada representing themselves as a great medical association by having a doctor who is registered in Canada as one of them and under cover of his diploma commencing operations. Dr. McKeown's conviction here a few days ago has probably put an end to this scheme.

The Dynamiters at Johnstown.

JOHNSTOWN, June 15.—Maj. Phillips dynamiters have had Johnstown in a state of nervous terror all day, and this evening General Manager John Fulton of the Cambria Iron Company dictated a forcible protest to Governor Beaver, stating that the mills and offices of the company were being ruined by the blasts, that Adjt.-Gen. Hastings had paid no attention to two requests for its discontinuance, and that the State would be held responsible for any further damage done. The message was filed in the telegraph office with instructions that it be put upon the wire as soon as another blast was fired. In the meantime Adjt.-Gen. Hastings had gained communication with Maj. Phillips and an order to discontinue the blasting went into effect.

A St. Petersburg Pageant.

ST. PETERSBURG, June 16.—Grand Duke Paul Alexandrovitch, accompanied by his betrothed, Princess Alexandra of Greece, made a state entry into this city Saturday in the presence of the Czar and the King of Greece. The route to the palace was lined on either side with troops, behind whom were dense crowds of spectators. The Grand Duke and his fiancee were given an ovation by the people.

THE ALIEN CONTRACT LAW.

ITS ENFORCEMENT ON THE CANADIAN BORDER.

Blaine Would Like the Interchange of Labor Undisturbed, But Allison's Assistant Says he Has No Option.

WASHINGTON, June 15.—Some time ago the British Minister made an informal complaint to the Secretary of State in regard to the operation of the Act of Congress prohibiting the importation and immigration of foreigners and aliens under contract to perform labor in the United States, especially so far as concerns the Canadian border. The Secretary of State referred the matter to the Secretary of the Treasury, saying that the "Canadian authorities hope that some arrangement may be made whereby the law may not be enforced if possible, to the end that the old friendly feeling of intercourse and interchange of labor shall be allowed to remain undisturbed," and requesting such a reply as he might informally present to the British minister. Acting Secretary Batcheller replied to the Secretary of State to-day as follows:

"In reply, I respectfully invite your attention to the amendment to the Alien Contract Law contained in the Deficiency Bill approved Oct. 19, 1888, a copy of which is printed in the enclosed circular dated Nov. 21, 1888, which amendment you will see applies not only to immigrants of the prohibited classes arriving by vessels, but also to immigrants who may have entered this country within a period of one year from an adjoining country. This act, as you will see from the enclosed circular, was construed as imposing on the Secretary of the Treasury the duty of enforcing the provisions of the acts referred to and it has not been supposed that it was the intention of Congress to give the secretary discretionary power to suspend the operation of the laws in any case. I enclose copies of several opinions which have been given during the administration of the acts in question. It is obvious that as the laws now stand it is incumbent upon the executive officers to enforce them and that such considerations as those presented in your letter, however forcible and reasonable, should be addressed to the law-making power."

Preferred Death to Drink.

SAULT STE. MARIE, Mich., June 15.—Dr. F. B. Norris, who recently located at Little Current, Ont., is missing, and it is believed has committed suicide, as a valise with articles of clothing, letters, etc., has been found. Dr. Norris was the victim of an inordinate appetite for liquor. He established a good practice at 331 Elk-street, Buffalo, N.Y., in 1887, but his great failing obliged him to relinquish it, and he later moved to 488 Main-street, occupying room No. 1 as an office. He did not make a success there and was obliged to call on his brother, who holds a government position in Washington, for assistance. He then moved to Hamilton, Ont., but the thirst for strong drink pursued him and finally landed him a practising physician at Little Current in the backwoods of the Northwest and for a time he was perfectly straight, but just as his wife was preparing to join him he began to drink again and in a short time was a common sot. That is the last known of him. The finding of his clothing is the only tidings of the doctor which has come to light, but the general impression is that the doctor's body will come to the surface in a few days and that sooner than continue the disgraceful career which seemed inevitable he preferred the alternative of self-murder.

BARRY'S NEW LABOR UNION.

He Explains His Plan at Chicago to Representatives of 7000 Men.

CHICAGO, June 15.—The organizing committee of the new labor organization known as the Brotherhood of United Labor met last night. T. B. Barry presided. It was reported that labor organizations representing about 7000 members had signified their intention of uniting with the new order. Mr. Barry presented his plan of government for the new order, which is a radical departure from the methods used by the Knights of Labor. All power is to rest in the local organizations, and the annual convention and the executive officers can only advise measures, having no power to formulate a policy of their own. They cannot order a strike or declare one off, nor can they levy assessments of any kind but may recommend one, though they cannot enforce it. The organization contemplates local, central, state and national trade branches. John E. Ahles of Davenport, Ia., and George E. Detwiler of Chicago were elected delegates to the world's congress of labor, which is to meet in Paris July 14.

Notes from the Capital.

OTTAWA, June 15.—Senator McInnes of Hamilton and E. B. Osler of Toronto, promoters of the Long Lake and Regina Railway, had a long interview with Sir John Macdonald and Hon. E. Dewdney yesterday afternoon relative to their road. It is understood that such arrangements have been made as to enable them to go ahead with the work.

Mr. Anderson of the Orient Steamship Line says that negotiations between himself and the Government for a fast steamship line have been practically closed. He also states that the boat will be a 20 knot boat.

Lively Times Ahead in Edinburgh.

LONDON, June 15.—There is every prospect of lively times in Edinburgh. Mr. Parnell, against the opinion of some of his best friends, has accepted the freedom of the city, voted by the Town Council, in spite of what is known to be a powerful, and is presumed to be an overwhelming, opposition in the city itself. He has named July 20 as the day when he will go to Edinburgh. The Lord Provost has declined to take part in the proceedings, and those who know Edinburgh and the temper of the Scottish people say that in these circumstances Mr. Parnell's reception will be very mixed. There will be demonstrations against him, as well as for him; and as feeling runs high on both sides, blows may be exchanged before the day is over.

Father Damien's Successor.

NEW YORK, June 15.—Father Callaghan of Castle Garden, who some time ago sent to the leper settlement at Molokai several cases of clothing, to-day received a letter from Father Wendelin, the successor of Father Damien, thanking him for the gifts. Father Wendelin says he has not as yet experienced any indications of the dread malady, but that the disease has stricken down his assistant, Father Conrody. The five Sisters of Mercy sent to the settlement from Syracuse are reported as doing well.

A Farmer's Sudden Death.

MONTREAL, June 15.—A farmer named Descarries suddenly dropped dead in a train from Hemingford while coming to the city this morning.

THE FASHIONS.

A Variety of Jottings that Will Interest the Fair Sex.

Toques grow more pointed in front.

The tea gown bids fair to live forever.

Green remains the color most in vogue.

Spring willow is a lovely shade of golden green.

They are wearing hat crowns much lower just now.

Pompeiian blue looks royal and beautiful in velvets and plushes.

Round waists and belts are gradually displacing pointed bodices and basques.

Striped tennis gowns are frequently worn with striped Cowes caps to match them. So are beach gowns.

The yoke waists are now about as much worn by full grown women as they have been by children for the last two years.

The newest fabric for little girls' clothing is plaided mohair. It is light in texture and its color combinations are generally artistic.

Next in favor to green come shades of red-brown, dull brick, terra cotta and Egyptian red, which are seen in both dark and light shades.

Girdles of silver or bronze about an inch in width looped around the waist and with one end hanging down to the ankles are occasionally worn.

An evening costume recently seen at a Paris reception was of shot velvet, apparently of vieux rose and green, the combination making a dull heliotrope.

A combination much worn this season is that of black and yellow. Black straw hats take yellow ribbons and flowers, and yellow straws have black ribbons and black feathers.

Tain materials for hot weather wear are very fresh and charming, but very expensive. For the most part they are open-work tissues from India and cost quite as much as satin or velvet.

There is an extensive assortment of cotton dress fabrics for summer wear, including zephyrs, ginghams, embroidered French organdy muslin, Chambry batistes, lawns and crepons.

The most popular wrap just at present is one that partakes of the nature of both the jacket and the cape. It is a tight-fitting bodice without sleeves, over which a loose cape reaches to the waist.

The corsages of those gowns which are made of the costliest semi-diaphanous and transparent tissues have crossed surplices on the bosoms in empire style, belted or pointed waists, and airy scarfs that cross and tie in easy artistic folds.

There are any number of fancy wraps for this season's wear. There are corsage bodices with deep lace wings, Abbe Galant capes, empire mantles, Louis XV. coats, pelerines and pelisses of lace, and long lace Connemara cloaks, and ever so many more.

Fashion-makers say that the next freak in veils will be the large, long, blond lace ones in use about forty years ago. They were tied around the high crown of the Dunstable bonnet and thrown back, falling mantle-fashion over the shoulder to a point below the waist line.

Many Thanks.

"My age is 58 and for 20 years I have suffered from kidney complaint, rheumatism and lame back, and would have been a dead woman if it had not been for Burdock Blood Bitters, of which two bottles restored me to health and strength." Miss Maggie Hendsby, Half Island Cove, N. S. 2

Aluminum.

A Washington correspondent to the Philadelphia Press says: "Aluminum may yet revolutionize the world," said Superintendent Powell, of the geological survey, as he handled a piece of the bright metal in his hand. "Isn't it a beauty?" he inquired, his eyes dancing with enthusiasm, as he thought of the possibilities in store for it.

"Why," continued the professor, "there is aluminum in every clay bank, in every plain, in every mountain side. It is present in earth everywhere. There are today as many chemists devoting their days and nights with a view to discovering processes by which aluminum may be furnished to the public cheaply as there are scientists delving into the possibilities of electricity. I've known the time when the metal was more precious than gold. Then it fell to $9 per pound; now it is $2 per pound. This fall in cost has been reached by the discovery of new affinities which cheapen its production. When it reaches a cost of 25 cts per pound it will be generally used. It is about as light as oak wood, four times as light as iron, and has more resistance than the very best steel. It will be used in the construction of houses, superseding wood and stone or brick. It will take the place of iron and wood in shipbuilding. Just think of a ship constructed of a metal that will but just sink in water. The ocean steamer of today built of iron and wood will be as a canal boat compared to a vessel constructed of aluminum. Such a one will fly as a bird over the waves," said the professor.

How a Dude Caught Cold.

A slim young man in the height of fashion was violently sneezing in a street car, when a companion remarked, "Aw, Chawles, deah boy, how d'ye catch that dweadful cold." "Aw, deah fellah, left my cane in the lower hall tother day, and in sucking the ivory handle, so dweadful cold, it chilled me almost to death." If Charles had used Dr. Harvey's Red Pine Gum his cold would not trouble him very mucfine, or sale at J Wilson's prescription drugstore. tf

Chronic Coughs and Colds

And all diseases of the throat and lungs can be cured by the use of Scott's Emulsion, as it contains the healing virtues of Cod Liver Oil and Hypophosphites in their fullest form. See what W. S. Muer, M. D., L. R. C. P., etc., Truro, N. S. says: "After three years' experience I consider Scott's Emulsion one of the very best in the market. Very excellent in throat affections." Sold by all druggists, 50c. and $1.00

A Whitechapel Victim.

The Pall Mall Gazette says:—In his speech at the Presbyterian Synod the other evening the Rev John McNeill created quite a sensation by telling the following tale: He was speaking of temperance, and said that last Sunday, when he preached a temperance sermon at the Tabernacle, he received a letter that had been written by a lady on the danger of the use at communion of fermented wine. The lady in her letter told a sad story of an inherited passion for drink. There were four or five of them—several brothers and two sisters—the children of intemperate parents. Her sister had unfortunately inherited the craving, and before she was fourteen had taken to drink. The others became converted and did all in their power to cure their sister, but it was of no use. The sister at length married comfortably and children were born. But the craving for drink grew greater and greater, and at length she was sent to a home for inebriates, where she stayed a year. She left apparently, said the sister, a changed woman. Soon after, however, her husband caught a severe cold, and before going out one morning drank a glass of hot whiskey—taking care, however, not to do so in the presence of his wife. Then as was his custom before leaving he kissed his wife. At once the fumes of alcohol passed into her and in an hour she was a drunk and roaring woman. She went from worse to worse and, at last, left her husband and her children, one of them a cripple, through her drunkenness. The husband died two years ago, a white-haired and broken-hearted man, though only forty-five years old. "Need I add," said the sister in her letters, "what became of her? Her story is that of Annie Chapman, one of the recent Whitechapel victims. That was my sister!"

Important Decisons.

Several non-paying recipients of papers were sued by the proprietor of the Dundas *Standard* at the last Division Court. In one case the man sued swore that the former owner of the paper had told him he was going to send the paper, had done so, that the paper had been taken by him from the post-office ever since, but that he did not consider he was liable for the amount of the subscription price.

Judge Muir held distinctly that the man, having taken the paper from the post office and used it, had received the value and was liable for the full amount of the subscription. If he had at first refused to take the paper from the office the postmaster would have notified the newspaper proprietor and the paper would have been stopped. It is very annoying to publishers to have payment refused after supplying a paper in good faith for a length of time. It is a simple matter to have a paper stopped lawfully, but payment of arrearages must precede refusal.

The Difference Between Them.

Mrs Frank Leslie has written a paper on "Woman's Clothes," in which she thus defines the difference between men and women: "A woman, if she were set down on an oasis in the Desert of Sahara, with not a caravan in sight, would peep into the pool to see how she looked, and would smooth and fluff her hair and pull her draperies into place before she looked to see if there was anything to eat. A man would look first for something to eat, and next for something to kill, and he would not look into the pool at all except to drink. Could the most learned scientist give a better pen picture of the marked peculiarities of the two animals?"

$85 Solid Gold Watch. Sold for $1 Only, until lately. Best $20 watch in the world. Perfect timekeeper. Warranted. Heavy Solid Gold Hunting Cases. Both ladies' and gents' sizes, with works and cases of equal value. **One Person** in each locality can secure one free, together with our large and valuable line of **Household Samples.** These samples, as well as the watch, we send **Free,** and after you have kept them in your home for 2 months and shown them to those who may have called, they become your own property. Those who write at once can be sure of receiving the **Watch** and **Samples.** We pay all express, freight, etc. Address **Stinson & Co., Box 812, Portland, Maine.**

DUNN'S BAKING POWDER
THE COOK'S BEST FRIEND

NASAL BALM

OSNABRUCK, Dixons P.O., Ont.
May 11th, 1887.

My wife suffered for five years with that distressing disease, catarrh. Her case was one of the worst known in these parts. She tried all of the catarrh remedies I ever saw advertised, but they were of no use. I finally procured a bottle of Nasal Balm. She has used only one half of it, and now feels like a new person. I feel it my duty to say that Nasal Balm cannot be TOO HIGHLY recommended for catarrh troubles, and am pleased to have all such sufferers know through its use they will receive instant relief and CURE CHAS. MCGILL Farme

Goderich Steam Boiler Works

Chrystal & Black,

Manufacturers and dealers in Steam Boilers, Salt Pans, Tanks, Heaters, Smokestacks, and all kinds of Sheet Iron Work.

Improved Automatic cut-off Corliss Engines, Upright and Horizontal Engines, Machinery and Castings of every description.

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135 H.P. Secon Hand Boiler, Complete.
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A SURE CURE
FOR BILIOUSNESS, CONSTIPATION, INDIGESTION, DIZZINESS, SICK HEADACHE, AND DISEASES OF THE STOMACH, LIVER AND BOWELS. THEY ARE MILD, THOROUGH AND PROMPT IN ACTION, AND FORM A VALUABLE AID TO BURDOCK BLOOD BITTERS IN THE TREATMENT AND CURE OF CHRONIC AND OBSTINATE DISEASES.

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