Mr. Schidrowitz: Exactly.

Mr. Hough: Did you hear Professor Remington state that the acidity of a spirit does not increase with age?

Mr. Schidrowitz: Yes.

Mr. Hough: What would you say as to that?

Mr. Schidrowitz: I would say that Professor Remington is quite wrong.

Mr. Hough: You have heard it stated that a substance cannot change its name by virtue of some treatment. What is your view?

Mr. Schidrowitz: I think I could produce thousands of examples where a substance changes its name, either by chemical treatment, or mechanical treatment, or physiological treatment.

* * You may take, say, Liebig's Extract of Meat, and add to it hot water; you find that you produce soup or bouillon.

Mr. Hough: Doctor Wiley brought out by one witness some similes. First, he brought out the olive-oil simile. Do you think that applies to the issue?

Mr. Schidrowitz: 1 do not. I think that the olive-oil simile, and the maple-sugar simile, and the margarine, are all good examples of false analogies. Take olive-oil. It is not a change of material. Olive-oil is obtained by purely mechanical process from the olive by separating out the oil. In the same way, maple-syrup is obtained from the maple sap by a simple process of concentration. Now, these are, in my opinion, not manufactured articles in the sense that whisky is a manufactured article. In making whisky from grain you convert, first of all, the starch into sugar. The sugar is an entirely different product from starch. Secondly, you convert that sugar into alcohol, which is, again, an entirely different product.²

And I think there can be no difference of opinion in this regard; that the consumer when he asks for olive-oil, or when he asks for maple-syrup, or when he asks for butter, knows

¹Doctor Wiley said—"The addition of water to any distilled product never changes its name or character or classification."

³Doctor Wiley declared Whisky to be an "absolutely natural article," equally with Honey. (See Chapter III—page 21).