

PLEGGED TO NO COERCION

Wallace Has McGillivray Hard and Fast on the Manitoba School Question.

Sir Charles and Lady Tupper Arrive in New York in Good Health.

The High Commissioner Talks of the New Fast Atlantic Mail Service.

Ottawa, Dec. 14.—Ex-Controller Wallace says to-day that Mr. McGillivray is pledged to him, so that the government will find their victory for coercion short-lived.

Among the passengers who arrived this morning at New York on the Cunard and Steamer Campania, from Liverpool and Queenstown, were Sir Charles Tupper and Lady Tupper, A. D. Provand, M. P., and A. M. Proudfoot.

Sir Charles and Lady Tupper were met by their son, Sir Charles Herbert Tupper. Sir Charles Tupper said they had a pleasant voyage and he was pleased at the prospect of revisiting Canada, which he had not seen for three years.

In answer to an inquiry he said: "I am going to Ottawa on the invitation of the Canadian premier to confer with the government officials upon the proposed establishment of a fast line of passenger and mail steamers between Great Britain and Canada. The steamships will be built for that trade, and will be in all respects up to date. Who will build them or will own them I cannot say, as the matter is still only in its infancy, but they will be subsidized by the government, and tenders will be made and accepted before anything definite can be given out. I have no idea what British port the steamers will sail from, but it is safe to say that they will run to Halifax in winter and Quebec in summer."

An afternoon paper prints an interview with Sir Charles Tupper, in which the commissioner was asked what were the prospects for the annexation of Canada to the United States, to which he replied: "Ridiculous. It would never be thought of in one hundred years. There is not the slightest indication or prospect of such a thing. Canada will remain a part and parcel of a greater nation than the United States will ever be."

Concerning the impeachment resolution in congress Sir Charles is reported to have said: "I had not heard of the resolution to impeach Alford Bayard. What do they want to impeach him for? Talking too much, eh? What nonsense. If your congress should impeach Mr. Bayard they would impeach the very best man the United States has for the post he occupies. Mr. Bayard is very popular indeed in England, and I do not suppose that will help him here. He is considered one of the best ambassadors ever sent there. He is an urbane gentleman, an easy and effective after dinner speaker, and a statesman. He is regarded in England as President Cleveland's right hand man. Impeach him!"

Toronto, Dec. 14.—An approximate statement of the assets and liabilities of Samson, Kennedy & Co., the wholesale dry goods importers who failed a few days since, was prepared to-day by the receiver, and shows a deficit of about \$2,000,000.

The grand board of the Patrons of Industry to-day approved of a resolution to be submitted at the next meeting of the grand association to admit all classes and professions to the Patron ranks, and to abolish all signs, passwords and pledges.

A BAD FIRE IN WINNIPEG. Probable Heavy Loss of Both Life and Property—Victims Recovered.

Winnipeg, Dec. 16.—Fire broke out this morning about 7 o'clock in the Cauchon tenement block on South Main street, one of Winnipeg's largest buildings. By 9 o'clock the north half of the four-story block had been consumed, the balance of the building being saved by a fire wall, and after a hard fight by the firemen. There were seventy tenants in the building and those occupying suites in the burned portion lost all their possessions, escaping scantily attired by means of the escapes and ladders, the stairway being cut off by the flames.

How many lives were lost it is impossible to say with certainty, the debris being yet too hot to make a search. Three bodies have been recovered, however. The first taken out was Major Morris, one of Winnipeg's oldest and best known residents. He was still breathing when carried out by the firemen, but died in a few minutes. His wife was hurrying to death in her apartments, the body not being found until after the floors had fallen. Both were elderly people and the parents of a large family of children, who are prominent in social circles. The third known victim is a medical student whose name cannot now be ascertained. Among those seriously injured are Mrs. Carter and Mr. and Mrs. Baby, whose injuries were sustained by jumping from upper windows. They are in the hospital. It is feared that there are several more victims, and the fact that within a few minutes the big building was a mass of flames and the stairway cut off gives good cause for this fear.

COL. PRIOR CONTROLLER

One of Victoria's Representatives is Given a Seat Near the Cabinet.

Has Been Offered and Accepted the Controldership of Inland Revenue.

It Simply Means a Job With a Salary and the Amx of Honorables.

An Ottawa dispatch this morning says: "Lieut.-Col. Prior, of British Columbia, is to be made minister of customs with a seat in the cabinet, and Mr. Wood will also be taken into the cabinet, thus doing away with the controllership. The solicitor-generalship may be abolished. After a Quebec minister can be found the cabinet will be complete. Mr. Prior is said to be in favor of coercing Manitoba on the school question, and this will help the government in Quebec. The government could not get a 'coercionist minister' in Ontario, hence the flight to British Columbia. The writ will be issued at once for the bye-election in Victoria.

FROM FATHERLAND.

President Cleveland's Remarks Still Troubling the Minds of German Ministers.

The Emperor's Bete Noir, the Socialist Question, Continues a Lively Topic.

Berlin, Dec. 16.—The references which President Cleveland made to the restrictions placed upon American trade insurance by Germany, in his recent message to Congress, have been followed by definite action upon the part of Mr. Theodore Runyon, U. S. ambassador here. Mr. Runyon has already commenced making diplomatic representations on the subject of the vexatious restrictions placed upon American meat imports and insurance companies, and the outcome is awaited with interest.

Throughout the week the Socialists have been the centre of public attention. Herr Bebel's impassioned recriminations against the order of things were listened to with close attention, even by the chancellor, Prince Hohenzollern, General Bismarck and the Conservative leaders. His bitter slaps at the Emperor elicited vociferous applause from the Socialists, and his historical quotations showing that in Prussia revolutions have always been made from on high, instead of from below, were especially apt and unanswerable. During the coming week Herr Lehmann intends to make a speech on "Socialist baiting," which is expected to make a great impression. The Socialists have introduced a long string of bills in the Reichstag, including proposals to eliminate from the penal code the paragraphs against lese majeste, to pass a law of liberalization on the right of assertion to replace special laws of the various states of Germany; to make eight hours work per day obligatory everywhere; to make the franchise uniform throughout Germany; and to amend article 31 of the code so as to require special authority from the Reichstag for imprisoning a member of the Reichstag.

It is now certain the successor of Baron von Koelliker, Prussian minister to the interior, will be Baron von Der Reckow, president of the province of Dusseldorf. The latter has engaged himself, before taking portfolio, to follow generally the emperor's programme in fighting the Socialists, and aiding Bismarck. The reply of Baron Hatzschell von Biberstein to President Cleveland's message to congress is considered a moderate expression of the government's opinions.

Baron Stamm von Tardoff visited Prince Bismarck at Friedrichsruhe this week. The Prince expressed regret at Baron von Koelliker's dismissal, saying he was the only man in the present cabinet who understood how to grapple with Socialism. The Baron says he found Prince Bismarck hearty and strong, walking about his park, and that he indulged in this exercise for over an hour at a time.

Later reports from the city of Hamburg and vicinity indicate that property there of the value of six million marks was destroyed by the recent storm. The northern half of the famous Hambaeb castle, near Manneheim, was badly wrecked. Damage to the forest of Bavaria was very extensive.

The Berlin exposition authorities have accepted the offer of Fred Thiel, representing the Multiple Speed railway company of Chicago, and will grant a concession allowing the construction of a moving sidewalk at the exposition grounds.

Another frightful tragedy has just been enacted in Wiesbaden, which illustrates the danger of harboring so-called harmless lunatics unrestrained in private families. For years the well known millionaire, Herr Aschoff, has refused to permit the incarceration of his son in an insane asylum. Through the affidavits of prominent physicians he managed to evade the law which forbids the keeping of lunatics outside of a state or private institution. In a sudden fit of anger young Aschoff grabbed a carving knife from a table and stabbed his aged father to death. The enraged young man then attempted to kill himself, but only succeeded in inflicting some slight wounds, as the cries of the father brought the other members of the family on the scene, who disarmed him and prevented a suicide.

Another scandal is reported from the Rhine provinces, where, in the suburb of Cologne, Superintendent Czaplowski, of the house of correction, has been sentenced to a long term of imprisonment for inflicting punishment of medieval brutality on the inmates.

Do not dally with rheumatism. Get rid of it at once by purifying the blood with Hood's Sarsaparilla. Be sure you get Hood's.

THE CUBAN INSURRECTION.

A Declaration of the Position Occupied by the Insurgents.

Washington, Dec. 16.—The attitude and claims of the Cubans are set forth in a statement given out today by Senor Gonzalo de Quesada, secretary of the Cuban delegation in the United States. It is in answer to a pamphlet signed "American," which has been widely circulated in this country.

Senor Quesada pictures the alleged Spanish cruelties, gives an official estimate that there are 50,000 revolutionists in the field and invites the Spanish advocates to a debate.

He continues: "We cannot fall suggesting that if the newspapers of this country have not been able to obtain exact news of the war in Cuba, it has been because the cable and mail have been in the hands exclusively of and tampered with by Spanish authorities, who will not allow any matter to go through not favorable to the Spanish government. Did Martinez Campos give the order for not that all foreign correspondents who should go into the Cuban ranks, and threaten to shoot them immediately if they did not obey?"

The American correspondents Woodward and Reno, and by the government's own admission, a manhood and dishonor their calling by falsifying reports of battles, or concealing horrible atrocities committed in the fields by the Spanish. There has been a complete absence of presentation of the Spanish side, yet the American press knows how a man could be killed and identified as Maceo and five months later defeat the Spanish commander at Valenzuela, and again, three months afterwards, cross the terrible straits of the Spanish into Los Villas. Similarly the alleged surrender of Rabi Rego, and a host of other fabrications were given only to discourage the Cubans or influence possible legislation in this country, as was done before the President's message, when it was wired that the Cuban cause had received its death blow.

The Spanish have not admitted a single defeat, yet the Cubans have armed their men with Mauser rifles, used only by the government. The government has killed, according to official reports, more men than they admit we have in the field. Yet we hear of transports bringing a thousand unfortunate recruits to fight for a toppling monarchy in America. Spain never loses. If the truth is not known it is Spain's fault. Let her welcome fearless and incorruptible American journalists to Cuba and give them all facilities. Let her ask the press of this country to name a committee of investigation, otherwise it will look as if she was afraid of the power of the American press. Cuba has placed in the field an army of 50,000 men. She has a population of 1,500,000, about half women, leaving 750,000 men, fully 200,000 able-bodied men among them. This is a wonderful proportion, and shows an almost unanimous feeling in favor of the revolution. The majority are in favor of 'if not, how is it the whole Spanish army has not been able to crush this band of desperadoes? that more than thirty generals and God knows how many officers, have been chasing these Rob Roy's without succeeding in catching and crushing them?"

MARTINEZ CAMPOS RESIGNS. Spain's Best Soldier Has Had Enough Cuban Fighting.

Paris, Dec. 16.—A dispatch to the Figaro from Madrid says: General Martinez Campos has resigned his command of the Spanish troops in Cuba, and will be succeeded by Gen. Weller, at present commander of the government corps of the Spanish army with headquarters at Barcelona.

Washington City, Dec. 16.—An official dispatch from Jamaica states that the Horca has been found carrying the insurgent passengers not properly listed. The Horca is the vessel held at Philadelphia on the charge of carrying filibusters to Cuba. She was temporarily released during the hearing of the case. The fine of \$50 is said to be \$1 for each passenger carried. The results achieved were not as good as expected.

Toronto, Dec. 16.—E. F. Clarke, deputy grand master of the Orange order, has been considering the question of running as Clarke Wallace candidate in Cardwell in place of the McCarthy candidate who was willing to retire in his favor. Mr. Clarke, however, has decided that he won't run, unless the Liberal candidate retires. The Liberals are determined not to retire, therefore, Clarke remains out of the contest. Owing to this decision, Clarke Wallace will not take part in the campaign, refusing to identify himself with either the Conservative, Liberal or McCarthy candidate. Wallace was in the constituency Saturday, but went home to Woodbridge in the evening. Dalton McCarthy is at Dingville and will spend several days working hard for his candidate. Stubbs, and Foster and Montague have arrived and will go into the constituency for a week, addressing several meetings daily. For the Liberal candidate Sir Richard Cartwright, Dr. Langevin, M. P., J. D. Edgar, M. P., and James McMillan, M. P., are doing active work. No patron is working in the constituency, but the members of the order will most likely vote for McCarthy. The contest promises to be very lively and interesting.

The Chinese immigration last month was 1371, an increase of 53. Owing to Father Paradis' colony in northern Ontario, of French Canadians from Michigan, is making excellent progress. E-Mayor St. Jean was burnt out of house and home yesterday.

At the Hintonburg village council meeting on Friday night, Reeve Meaurio took offense at some personal remarks of a villager named Waggoner and promptly slapped his face. A big row followed which was quelled by the police after some difficulty.

SPANISH CABINET CHANGES. New Appointments Are Made to the Vacant Portfolios.

Madrid, Dec. 16.—Count Valdesoro has been appointed minister of justice in succession of Senor Porcayo Robledo, who resigned on account of the municipal scandal, and also as a result of a recent disagreement with the course pursued by Capt. General Martinez de Campos in Cuba. Senor Riva was today appointed minister of public works. He succeeds Senor Rosch, resigned, who is also said to be implicated in the municipal scandal.

THE KILLING AT KHARPUT

Letters From Correspondents Who Were Eye-Witnesses of the Wholesale Murder.

The Whole Affair Was Pre-Arranged—Plunder and Murder the Chief Object.

The Region in a State Desolation—Christians Stripped of Their Clothes.

Boston, Mass., Dec. 16.—Letters at hand from correspondents in Kharpout, Eastern Turkey, give a detailed account of the scenes and incidents attending the recent massacre of Armenians there, as well as the massacre itself.

Says the writer: "The first excitement was over and tranquility pretty well restored when the Desmirk Kurds began to plunder the villages right and left, six of which are in the immediate vicinity of Kharpout, the nearest one being within two hours of the city. The whole city was tossed with apprehension, expecting an attack. It is generally said that the Kurds and the government sanction these affairs; others say that the Kurds in the city are in league with them. The Kurds, while plundering the villages, were heard to say: 'We are going to Kharpout; the Turks in the city said: 'The Kurds are coming here to plunder the Christian quarters.' One official, who appealed to by means for defense of the city said: 'Why should we protect the Gaiours; let them be killed.'"

The governor telegraphed here that 2000 Kurds had come there, and that he could not cope with them. This threw the responsibility on the Kharpout government. Some of the leading men went to the governor and asked for protection, but they were treated with contempt. The disturbances could not have happened if strong orders had been sent to the governor-general to preserve order at any cost.

The terror and distress in the devastated villages can scarcely be pictured. Those who escaped with their lives have been stripped of everything else, with winter just at their doors. Where the Kurds alone have devastated the loss is not great. Kurds plunder but do not kill unless resisted; but the Turks kill in cold blood in a way suggested by the archfiend himself. Any idea of an uprising among the Armenians is absurd. They are in terror of their lives. They are prepared to surrender all their possessions if only their lives are spared.

Another writer describes the attacks on the city and says: "The first attack was begun on Sunday, November 10th, by a few Kurds. These were easily driven off. On Monday they made another attack in the morning, but this also was repelled. These attacks amounted to little, but later on Monday the Kurds and Turks from the surrounding region attacked Huseink. Then the bullets flew and the soldiers withdrew to the city, dragging a cannon after them in a very leisurely fashion. After the soldiers reached the city both Kurds and Turks came on yelling and firing. The soldiers made no attempt to stop them. They fired the cannon once harmlessly into the air toward the city, and then over the heads of the enemy. The Turks of the city joined in the plunder and attack. The Armenian school was set on fire and then the greater part of the Christian quarter Christians were shot down everywhere. I saw all these things with my own eyes. I watched the operations with field glass, and it was perfectly plain that the whole affair was definitely planned and prearranged. The Christians had given up their arms and cast themselves on the protection of the government. No Christian fired on the assassins. The missionaries took refuge in the girls' school until that was attacked. The mission house of the Rev. P. Allen and wife was burned and the school set on fire. They then gathered in the yard and prepared to die. Dr. Barnum spoke to the military commander. He sent some soldiers, but only two remained to protect the missionaries; they threatened if they were not given back they would go away as their comrades had done. The missionaries finally decided to go into the college building. As they left the school yard a Turk fired twice upon them from across the yard, first at Mr. Allen and then at Rev. C. Frank Gates, but he was a bad marksman and no one was hurt. The family of Mr. Gates was the last to leave the yard. Soon after the missionaries got into the school building an officer was sent for them to come out. The missionaries refused to do so, saying that they had no confidence in the chief and the murki. If he wished to offer protection he could protect them where they were. If he did not the missionaries would die there. Against Ali Bey, a Circassian, arrived; he was the only man who acted as if he meant to do anything for the missionaries. He called back the soldiers who had been sent by the commander. The missionaries at once came out and commenced fighting the first that had been sent by the commander. Dr. Barnum, the houses of President Gates, Dr. Barnum, the normal school and the college building were saved and eight of the other buildings were burned. All the houses were plundered, and the soldiers made an attempt to stop the robbery. The missionaries were stripped of everything, but the clothes they were in. The Turks were much disappointed that any of the missionary buildings were spared. On Tuesday the Kurds returned to the attack, but an order came to stop and permission was given to shoot the Kurds. The whole business was finished, and the government deliberately abandoned the Christians. The missionaries put themselves under the protection of the government again and again, formally demanding protection, but the protection given was a sham.

The Ulema, or hierarchy of religion, assured Dr. Barnum that no Kurd should enter the city. The chief of defense told Dr. Barnum that until he was cut to pieces not a Kurd should enter the city; that no hair on the heads of the missionaries should be injured, but he stood quietly looking on while the attack was made, and offered not even a show of resistance. The missionaries had the best possible show for seeing the hollowness of Turkish professions. The whole region is in a state of desolation. I counted twelve ruined villages, of which I know, but there are said to be thirty-three villages in Charsumak alone. There is no return from Kharpout yet. The missionaries there may not escape with their lives.

Belgrade, Serbia, Dec. 16.—The Armenians around Prizrend, Albania, are in a state of open lawlessness. The authorities are powerless and the Christians are anxious, as their oppressor, Murad, has been released from prison at Stamboul where he has been confined for some time past.

MURDER IN SEATTLE

George White, a Colored Janitor, Well Known in Victoria, Instantly Killed.

White and H. B. Crockett, the Murderer, Quarreled About a Game of Dice.

George White, a colored janitor in Seattle, was shot and instantly killed yesterday morning by H. B. Crockett, formerly owner of the Nickel Plate Saloon at the corner of Front and Madison streets. White was at one time porter in the office of R. Dunsmuir and Sons, and was well known in the city.

The trouble occurred in Joe Roadhouse's Criterion Saloon on Yeeler avenue between Third and South Fourth streets. The men were shaking dice for drinks. White had lost a bet and became cross. He called Crockett a name, whereupon Crockett pulled his gun, a 45-caliber Colt, and said: "I will allow no nigger to call me a liar," and fired, the bullet striking White in the left cheek, about an inch from the lower portion of the nose, ranging upward into the brain. White fell in his tracks, never uttering a word or a sound.

Crockett turned his pistol over to Joe Roadhouse, the proprietor of the saloon, and calmly called for a drink of whiskey. In the meantime somebody ran out into the street and called Sergeant Templeton and Jailer Henry Surrey, who had heard the shot and were in front of the police headquarters. Templeton and Surrey hurried down to the saloon and placed Crockett under arrest. As Surrey walked up to Crockett, the murderer was in the act of drinking a glass of whiskey. The jailer, however, took it away from him and took him to headquarters. There he was kept up half-dressed in a mental manner, and told Surrey that the "nigger tried to pull a gun on him, but he wasn't quick enough and got shot for his pains." He was searched and placed in the women's cell, and in a few minutes was in a drunken stupor.

Sergeant Templeton telephoned at once to Coroner Askam and Deputy Sheriff McCorry, and took charge of the remains until they arrived. When they reached the saloon White was lying in a pool of blood in the exact spot in which he fell. The coroner examined the wound, and found that the bullet had not penetrated the back of the head. He rang for Butterworth & Sons' dead wagon, and at 2:45 sent the body to the morgue.

Joe Roadhouse and one other, whose name could not be learned, were the only witnesses to the terrible tragedy, and they were unwilling to talk.

Crockett's statement that White attempted to pull a gun appeared false, as nothing was found on the dead man but a plug of tobacco and a bunch of keys.

THE GREAT HEALER'S POWER. A Handkerchief Blessed By Him Effects a Cure Many Miles Away.

Shamokin, Pa., Dec. 16.—Nathan W. Baker, proprietor of the Baker House at Lewisburg, was completely recovered from acute inflammatory hematemia through the application of a handkerchief blessed by Francis Schlatler, the "Healer" of Denver. The handkerchief was sent Mr. Baker by Miss Fannaght, a Lewisburg girl visiting Colorado.

NEW BOUNDARIES. Changes in the Boundaries of Kootenay Mining Divisions.

The boundaries of the Trout Lake and Ainsworth mining divisions of West Kootenay have been re-defined. The new boundaries are:

Front Lake Mining Division—Commencing at a point on the eastern boundary of West Kootenay; thence west along the southern boundary of the Illecillewaet mining division to the eastern boundary of the Lardene division; thence southerly along the eastern boundary of the Lardene division to its junction with the Sleean division; thence easterly along the northern boundary of the Ainsworth mining division to the Lardene river; thence northeasterly to the eastern boundary of West Kootenay district (crossing the Duncan river at a point to include the southern watershed of the Cameron or Hall creek and East creek); thence following the eastern boundary of West Kootenay district to the point of commencement.

Ainsworth Mining Division—To include all this country on the rivers, creeks and tributaries thereof flowing into Kootenay lake north of Gost river mining division, except those portions of the Lardene and Duncan rivers included in the Trout lake mining division.

At this evening's meeting of the Presbytery of Victoria the committee appointed to interview the congregation of the Central church will present their report. As the receipts have averaged but \$6 a Sunday, the church will probably be made a mission charge.

HOT

era Pacific mailer

The traffic Railway & all, Perkins Pacific Com-hase, which beginning of the steamer North Pacific will leave for the same sail for the in-ard was the two ern Pacific Navigation Co. was not position to Company, on Railway its were op-regarded as no attention was paid to the fact that the steamship was to compare with the date of Oct. 1 passenger to two trips d whenever on the regu-led to meet y five days or Portland, his business the fight of opposition, actor in the t-ugst Sound ed into the

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