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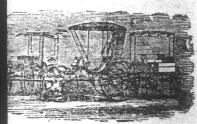
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VOL. 10- NO. 18. WHOLE NUMBER 491.

VICTORIA, B. C., FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 27, 1894.

PART 2

Suspected by the Chinese of quadruple majority.

Carrying a Cargo Contra
A disaptch to the Daily News from band of War.

The Japanese Minister of War Assumes Command of the Army.

London, Sept. 26.—The Westminster ish steamer Pathan, from New York, on suspicion that her cargo contained articles contraband of war.

A Central News dispatch from Tokio says the report recently put in circulation that an armistice between China anl Japan had been proposed by England and

Russia was absolutely untrue. The Japanese minister of war, Oyan, ond army of thirty thousand now embarking at Hiroschima. Its destination mantle ought to be reinforced. is unknown. The Japanese minister of marine will also act as minister of war during Oyan's absence.

CABLE NEWS.

Continued Trouble in Tangier-Players Before the Queen.

London, Sept. 25 .- Advices from Tangier say that the Jews on their way to the markets are continually plundered and stripped of their clothing on the principal roads. An imperial tax of five pounds is demanded for their free passage. The Erchamna tribe is demanding the immediate release of Muley Mohammed, the eldest son of the late Sultan Muley Hassan. Muley Mohammed was proclaimed sultan early in September, in spite of the fact that his younger brother, Abdul Aziz, had previously been proclaimed sultan and had been recognized as such at Fez, the seat of the present government of Morocco. Muley Mohammed, however, had previously been imprisoned at Narakesh by order of his brother, the sultan, and was compelled to sign the act of adhesion to Abdul Aziz. The position of the latter had been secured by being recognized as sultan by the powerful sherif of Wazan. In addition to demanding the release of Muley Mohammed the Erchamna tribe s demanding the immediate release of all the other political prisoners now in confinement at Morocco City. If the demands are not granted the tribes mentioned threaten to plunder Morocco

The result of the second ballot in the district of Nugent sur Seine to fill the vacancy in the French chamber of deputies caused by the election of M. Casimir Perier to the presidency resulted: Basary, as Robert did not receive a majority over his two opponents. The so- hand in England as in this country,

voted for the Radical. the remains of Emin Pasha's Soudanese | ured as many Canadian landscapes are troops for a march on Barelchea, on the by the ruthless hand of the constantly akim and Kassala to Khartoum.

support he expected. The leader of the ed on St. Paul's cathedral or Westmin-

osition was defeated. Dispatches received from Dalmatia. Java, say Matarem, capital of the island his life by the sad accident at Snowdon of Lombok, has been almost destroyed by the bombardment of the Dutch. The besieged are beginning to suffer from Murray, the editor of the monumental famine and are expected to capitulate.

the czarewitch may be postponed again, this time until February.
Signor Ranuzzi-Segni, secretary of the Italian legation and acting charge d'affaires at Belgrade, Servia, has been recalled in consequence of a quarrel with he had mounted some four hundred feet the Servian foreign minister. Mr. Neko-It is alleged that the latter replied to Signor Ranuzzi-Segni's request that a date be named when his letters of recallment might be formally presented

that he might go whenever he pleased, employing the phrase, "Allez vous en." The Riforma publishes the report that a violent altercation took place after the of bravado in this desperate and fearful insulting remark of the Servian foreign adventure. On the day before his death ling the Italian foreign minister out of in which another tourist lost his life the foreign office without ceremony. Baron Galvagna, the Italian minister to leaving Signor Ranuzzi-Segni in charge

Mr. and Mrs. Beerbohm Tree, supported by a select London company, gave performance of "The Red Lamp" in the ballroom of the castle at Balmoral last evening in the presence of the queen which elicited prolonged applause. After he performance Mr. and Mrs. Beerbohm ongratulated them upon the excellence the performance and thanked them for the entertainment they had furnished.

supper and left for Dublin on a special rain at midnight. The success of the Bulgarian government as represented by the present minthe recent elections is remark-The returns show that the ministry have carried 114 seats in the national garia and with moderate success in Wise stated that an opposition mob expired from loss of blood.

BRITISH STEAMER SEIZED, wrecked the polling stations in his district and thus prevented his election. It is believed, however, that he has been chosen. M. Stoiloff is elected by a

Odessa states that a number of arrests in connection with the recent raid upon police are continuing the search for the guilty persons, with the result of occa-Gaeztte prints a dispatch stating that the connected with an extensive revolutionlicia.

The Times publishes a dispatch from Vienna stating that private accounts of unfavorable and his appearance denotes a marked change for the worse.

The Graphic, in an article on the war in the far east, says that in view of the will take personal command of the sec- Russians at Vladivostock and elsewhere,

A dispatch from Vienna to the Daily News says that according to a Cracow with an apoplectic fit and arrived at Spala in so weak a condition that he had to be carried out of the railway car. An official dispatch from St. Petersburg, datfrom Sapla say that the czar has much improved and would probably go to Cri-

The cholera has so diminished in Austria that it is now confined to a few districts. Twelve districts which were infected have been declared to be entirely safe. The health authorities of St. Petersburg report that during the period were 245 new cases of cholera and 96 deaths from the disease in this city. In Warsaw there were 151 new cases and 38 deaths within the same period.

Referring to the rumored changes in the Italian embassies at London, Paris and Berlin, the Matin accuses Premier Crispi with designs upon Tripoli, to divert attention from Italy's financial troubles. The check to these designs received from Great Britain, Germany and France explains, the Matin thinks, Signor Crisin those capitals.

OLD COUNTRY NOTES.

Hotel on Ben Nevis-A Mount Snowdon Accident-Suicide.

On Ben Nevis is situated the hotel of the greatest altitude in the whole of Great Britain, which has recently been built on its summit, and there the tourist may obtain the creature comforts of which he stands so badly in need after his climb, especially in the unfavorable weather which we have been experiencing of late. The charge for tea, bed and breakfast is half a guinea. From the

The bill sticker has not had such a free cialists withdrew their candidate and where some beautiful bits of scenery are marred by unsightly posters, calling at-It is reported that Col. Colville, the tention to some patent medicine or the administrator of Uganda, instructed by newest thing in hats. But unless a firm the French minister of war, is gathering | hand is held London may soon be disfig-Nile, in order to prevent the passage of in search of new modes of bringing their Monteil mission. The departure of specifics under the notice of the public. Col. Colville will be the signal for a The latest move is by means of the magic joint Anglo-Italian expedition from Sulantern to project on the Nelson monument, London, an advertisement in praise The premier of Victoria, Australia, of a certain patent medicine. It is to be Hon. J. B. Patterson, has resigned, ow- hoped that the county council or some ing to the result of the elections, the authority will be able to nip in the bud feature of which is the annihilation of the such a gross outrage of good taste. If free trade party. Mr. Patterson was not, we shall hear of the pictorial adverelected, but his party did not recive the tisement of some nostrum being project

ster Abbey. A man of remarkable promise has lost the other week. Mr. Mitcheil, who per ished there, was a co-worker with Dr. English dictionary now in course of pub-As the Grand Duchess of Hesse is in lication. He set out to climb a dangerdelicate health, it is expected that the ous gulley in the mountain, and a part; marriage of Princess Alix of Hesse to went with him, but apparently more as onlookers than as sharers in the dangerous enterprise. Most of them went only to the foot of the ascent. The rest left him when he had got three hundred feet highr. He went on alone, and when more he suddenly came headlong down. It was not so much the height as the difficulty of the ascent. He was in a position in which he could neither advance nor recede. The unfortunate man is said to have been a good climber and a steady one, yet it is difficult to believe that he was altogether free from a spirit ninister, which ended in the latter hust- he had successfully attempted an ascent

some years ago. Last week Mr. McCausland, manager Servia, left Belgrade two months ago, of the Dublin branch of the Belfast Banking company, committed suicide. The unfortunate gentleman took his life between seven and eigh o'clock at his residence, The Hill, Monkstown. McCausland, who took charge of the Dublin office on its opening in 1892, came from the Drogheda branch. He was and a large audience of the royal family about 62 years of age. For the last three and invited guests. In the course of the weeks he has been away on leave, and a costermonger ballad was sung, on Moday visited the offices, when he was in the best of spirits. It is said there is no room for the slightest sug-Tree and the leading performers in the gestion of anything wrong in the deplay were presented to her majesty, who ceased's financial relations with the institution. No cause can be assigned in explanation of the act. The revolver with which he committed suicide was a The performers were then entertained at six chambered one. Mrs. McCausland heard the shot and rushed into the room to find that her husband had wounded himself in the head. Dr. Beatty, who lives close at hand, was instantly called in. He found Mr. McCausland bleeding from a wound in the head and discovered a six chambered revolver on the assembly, against 39 seats won by the opposing factions. The Russophiles have of the chambers had been discharged. net with a crushing defeat in northern Mrs. McCausland said she had only heard one shot, but that her husband had shot south. M. Zankoff, the leader of the off one chamber in the garden a few

EZETA LEAVES FOR MEXICO.

Subjugate Central America.

quesada, have left surreptitiously for the Polish club have been made, and the Mexico. They had bought their tickets secretly Saturday night, So careful were they in their efforts to deceive the public sionally taking one into custody. The that even when they bought railroad persons arrested included a large num- transportation they gave out to the press ber of university students. The belief that they would not leave here for sevhas become general that the culprits are eral days. Gen. Ezeta was to stay in San Francisco for a week, and the attor-Chinese authorities have seized the Britary movement, the leaders of which are news said that they would not go until next wednesday, when they would go direct to New York. This morning they quietly left the hotel in a carriage an hour before the regular time of departure the czar's health have been received of the train. They crossed to Oakland there showing that his condition is very pier ahead of the regular passengers, and sought the privacy of their sleeper. Those considered; furthermore, that Ezeta's intention was to raise an army there and proceed at once to oust his enemies. newspaper the czar was recently stricken | Whether it was to regain possession of some sort, of which he has long dreamed, is not known, but there is little doubt but that it is one or the other. He ed Saturday, says authoritative advices has not hastened away for nothing. To begin with, Gen. Colocho left here on the 10th inst., and went straight to the City of Mexico. He at once apparently laid the whole matter before influential people there and they formulated these plans, being all the time in correspond-Telegrams from Mexico since then from September 2 to September 15 there there is probably some foundation for the current rumors.

JAPANESE PARLIAMENT.

To Be Convoked on October 15-All Parties Favor War.

Washington, D. C., Sept. 25.-The convoking of the Japanese parliament on October 15th, as announced in a cable dispatch to-day, excites much interest in pi's resentment towards the ambassadors | Japanese circles here, as it will bring to-States, by which foreigners exercise in the first week of the present month. While parliament may be divided on about twenty in number, had supported

reaties, one of which is with the United | rogation the duties under that law would States, by which foreignerers exercise extra-territorial rights at certain treaty ports in Japan. The opposition to the government clamored for the immediate abrogation of these old treaties. The government would not go this far, saying it would be a breach of faith with foreingn nations.

GERMAN SOCIALISTS.

Resolutions to be Submitted at the Coming Congress.

Berlin, Sept. 25.—The resolution which will be submitted to the coming socialist congress will show that the attention of that party is again occupied with the question of religion as next in importance to that of property. One of the rethe socialists have nothing at all to do with religion, and an amendment has

means negation of all religions. In regard to property a resolution will be introduced declaring that the ownership of property is theft and an amendment to this resolution will be offered deis aimed only at the big land owners, a clause in the amendment declaring that the small land owners ought not to be disturbed. The ground of this resolution is the contention that the landowners are keeping the land out of the hands of those who have the strongest right to it, and are therefore acting in opposition to the public welfare. The executive committee in Berlin are disinclined, as before, to discuss the question of religion, and will prepare no authoritative defence upon that question.

Neither socialism, anarchism nor any other ism is beginning to perturb public opinion as the Polish question. Suddenly the Poles seem to have become unchained and the Polish nation revived. Prince Bismarck's speech at Varzin last Sunday has been the means of calling attention to the movement of leaders in Prussian and Austrian Poland to the distinctly pertinent fact that there is in existence concerted agitation with the object of keeping the Poles as a united race before the world. The emperor's favorite, Baron von Koscielski whom the Kaiser recently promoted to the Herrenhaus, on the occasion of the Lemburg fetes delared that Poland could not be divided no matter how she was made to appear on the maps, and that she would always be undivided. "Separation," he said, "pains our hearts, but it does not destroy our organization. ways be a nation of one blood, our hearts

beating in unison.' This utterance, taken together with the friendly reception given to a deputation of Poles by Emperor Francis Jo-seph and the declaration made a few Mays ago by Dr. Wekerle, the Hungarian premier, in regard to the historic career of Hungarian and Polish cavalers, causes the question to be asked: "What does it all mean?" The Freisinigo Zeitung recalls the fact that the Kaiser assented to the nomination of a Pole as hishon of Posen, re-establishing the Polish language and teaching it in the Polish schools, thereby making peace sophiles, is said to have been elected days ago. The unfortunate gentleman with Rome, through Cardinal Ledochowa handsome majority, but it is other- lingered for a couple of hours and then ski. Court gossin attributes the growth ski. Court gossip attributes the growth comin', we'll have a better dinner."—Street of Polish influence to the emperor's pla-

tonic affection for the Baroness Koseilski. The action of the German and To Try and Carry Out His Scheme to Austrian emperors taken together suggests the idea of a concerted policy to the end of the revival of Polish nationality as a counterproise to the pan-Slavic San Francisco, Sept. 25.—Gen. Antonio Ezeta and his attorneys, Lubren and De-

ESCAPE FROM SIBERIA.

Russian Guards Overpowered and 2000 Men Released.

San Francsico, Sept. 25 .- By the S. S. Rio de Janeiro, which arrived from the Orient yesterday, news was received of the escape of two thousand prisoners from Siberia. The men were employed in the construction of the Siberian railway, and had, as later developments the Russian soldiers guarding them, who some days ago obtained an inkling of the subjects of telegrams flying between here and Mexico say they gath-making their way towards Corea, and are inclined to think that the Chinese admirered that the consolidation of all Cen- believed to be now safely within the all formed his fleet so close in shore be tral America with Mexico was being borders of that country. There they wilf try to secure passage to more distant had gone out to meet the Japanese fleet. Salvador only or to effect a union of to hand them over as fast as apprehended to the Russian authorities.

BRAZIL AND THE STATES

The South American Republic Abrogates Blaine's Treaty.

New York, Sept. 25.-The Herald's Washington special says: Brazil has abrogated her reciprocity treaty with the ence by telegraph with ex-President Eze- United States. The formal announcement was received at the state departhave been coming thick and fast, and ment yesterday. It came in the form of a letter from Minister Mendonca, Brazil's diplomatic representative here, and said that in accordance with instructions from his govenrment he gave notice of the abrogation of the reciprocity treaty, to take place on January 1st next. The action of Brazil in this matter is taken as the result of the passage of the new tariff law, which does not hold out any inducements to other countries to grant special rates of duty to products of the

United States. In the reciprocity treaty, which was negotiated by Secretary Blaine and Minister Mendonca, it is stipulated that either of the contracting powers can abrogate it by giving the other three months' notice. Brazil, therefore, is merely carsome questions of international policy, rying out this stipulation. There is nothall parties, including those usually againsf | ing specially significant in Brazil' saction, the government, will uphold the war which the mikado has precipitated since will place such duties on American artithe last parliament's dissolution. Up to cles covered in the reciprocity treaty as that time the Liberals and Radicals, she may see proper. The former duties imposed on American goods shipped to the government, and the Progressionists, about fifty in number, had usually opposed it. The twenty-eight Opportunists ducts will continue to come in here free, were shifting in allegiance and the other members were divided into small groups, difference being that had the McKinley

have been imposed on such articles.

American News. Washington, D. C., Sept. 21.—Neither the Japanese nor the Chinese legation has received any advices as to the great naval engagement off Yalu. Lieutenant Miyoaka, the naval attache of the Japanese legation, returned to-day from an no time to say more, as I have too much eastern trip. He is well acquainted | ship work to carefully study the matter.' with the scene of the battle, and says that it is so far removed from the Japanese telegraph stations that word would first have to be carried by dispatch boats to Tushima or Nagasaki before the Tokio authorities could be informed of the battle. As the fight occurred last Saturday, it is expected that dispatch boats will have the official ver- including the reception of the delegates sion transmitted very soon. Minister solutions already prepared affirms that Kurino, at the office of the Japanese legation here, regards the cable from Tokio to the Associated I'ress as giving been prepared declaring that socialism the most trustworthy report of the engagement yet received, and they are nat- is presided over by Dr. A. P. La Chaurally gratified to learn from this source | pelle. Numerous subjects were discussthat the Japanese fleet sustained no great | ed at to-day's session, including yellow damage. They point out that Tokio is but 550 miles from Hiroschima, where causes and methods for the prevention of manding the abolition of private owner- the emperor and the headquarters of the ship of land. This demand, however, army and navy are located, and that there is telegraphic connection, so that Tokio would have the best information from Japanese sources from the imperial headquarters at Hiroschima. Lieutenant Miyoaka, the Japanese naval attache here, says there is no such ship rates being unremunerative, have decided in the Japanese navy as the Abushima, which the Shanghai correspondent says away with the canal tolls so as to give was sunk. There are many ships with the suffix "shima," meaning island, but | in the carrying of the freight. none have the prefix "Abu," or anything ike it. It is thought, however, that the ruiser Sakio, claimed to have been sunk, is the Sikyo. The latter was formerly a fast merchantman between Shanghai and Yokohama, and was recently transferred

hai report to have been sunk, is undoubt-Japanese navy, with the remarkable ion, with the prospect of extensive soverses on land and sea.

The correspondent of the Telegraph at St. Petersburg telegraphs a denial of the report that the Russians have entered Corea.

First Boy-Wot's de rush? Second Boy-I heard pa invite an old friend to dinner, and I'm hurryin' home to "Did y'er father send yeh?"

"Then wot you runnin' y'rself to death

"'Cause, if mamma knows company is

CAPTAIN MAHAN TALKS

His Opinion of the Recent Naval Battle

at Yalu River. London, Sept. 25.-The United States Cruiser Chicago has sailed for Havre, where she will be docked. She will re turn to Gravesend in ten days to take coal. Shortly before the Chicago sailed a representative of the United Press went on board of her and obtained an interview with her commander on the re cent battle between the Japanese and

Chinese fleets. Captain Mahan said: "The great thing with a fleet of war vessels with a lot of transports in charge is to prevent surprise or embarrassment. In this case there was a surprise and this fact to my proved, been planning escape for several mind supplies a prominent lesson. It months. Meager advices received at Yo- is necessary in convoying transports that kohama are that the men overpowered the convoying fleet should be decisively cause he was obliged to do so. If he parts. The Russian government forward- which was the proper course, he would ed a request to the Corean officials to have uncovered the mouth of the river, assist in the capture of the refugees and into which the transports had gone. Consequently he drew up close in shore, by which movement he was tactically embarrassed in manoeuvring. If his fleet had been much larger than the Japanese he might have advanced, at the same time leaving a sufficient number of vessels to head off a rush which the Japanese might have made.

"The whole affair illustrates the extreme difficulty attending an attacking movement across the water unless you have control of the water absolutely Whether the Chinese succeeded in their object it does not appear, but the question is whether it was worth the risk for the sake of landing troops. It certainly was bad management to fight so close in shore. That is one reason why the Japanese did not try to pass through the Chinese line, for they would have got into shallow water and become entangled. It was a big engagement for modern vessels, but I see nothing yet to lead me to suppose that the engagement will lead to the reconstruction or remodelling of

"The details so far are very meagre. I do not know anything about the manner of attack, but doubtless before long the Japanese will give full I don't even know what was the formation of the Chinese fleet in resisting the attack. All that is clear is that the Japanese were on the offensive and the Chinese on the defensive. I only wish I had more time to write what I want to say. What interests me most is to know in what manner the battle was fought. Upon this point we have got nothing. But the great lesson is in the risk of attempting to carry a great force across water. As a general rule such an atattempt is sufficient to justify the risk. It remains to be seen whether the object of the Chinese admiral accomplished was sufficiently important to justify the risk most interesting thing will be to know in what order the Japanese fleet approached the Chinese; whether it was concentrated on part of the Chinese or spread out over the whole line. I have

Canadian News. . Montreal, Sept. 24.—The regular sessions of the twenty-second annual convention of the American Public Health association opened in Association hall this morning, the informal proceedings to the city having taken place yesterday morning. The health departments of the principal towns in the United States and Canada are represented: The convention causes and methods for the prevention of

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The Toronto harbor commissioners, in view of the fact that during the past few weeks numbers of coal vessels have been obliged to tie up on account of freight to request the Ottawa government to do the owners of the vessels an equal share

diphtheria and natural health legisla-

A Montreal dispatch says: A decided sensation was created in local society circles yesterday by the news, which soon gained currency, that a well known young lady named Chreveille, who had been a prominent character around many into a fleet cruiser. Lieutenant Miyoa- of the hotels for several years, had been ka says the Yossila, stated in the Shang- | arrested on a charge of obtaining goods without paying for them. The news edly meant for the Yoshin, the pride of caused consternation among the many the Japanese navy. It would be start- local swells who have been on friendly ling news indeed, he says, if this ship terms with the lady in question. The achad gone down, but he scouts the idea. cused belongs to one of the leading She is one of the fastest vessels in the French-Canadian families in the province. It was while the family was stopspeed of 23 knots an hour. The Chinese | ping for a period at a leading hotel that minister declines to discuss the recent the young lady commenced to lead a battles or any phase of the war. In regay life, For several years she has been sponse to an inquiry to-day he sent word doing the rounds of all the leading hotels, that no advices had been received and and her escapades have been the talk that he was very busy. He is building of the inmates. The young lady lived in a large ballroom in the rear of the lega- the grandest style, ordering the most expensive costumes from leading establishcial festivities in the near future. There ments. When one hotel became too hot s apparently no disposition to share in for her she would make her exit and the panic at Pekin over the Chinese re- take up her abode in another. She became so reckless recently, however, and her conduct provoked such a lot of comment that the proprietor requested her to leave. Last week she took her departure and went to Longeuil. Before she left the hotel she had a costly robe made at a well known milliner's. She received it before she left the hotel and has been wearing it since, but has not paid for it yet. Finding she had left the hotel and had left no clue to her whereabouts a warrant was procured for her arrest.

He paid his summer hotel bill, and paid it all in cash, Then looking at the wreck, he said:
"Who steals my purse steals trash,"