

THE EVENING TIMES AND STAR, ST. JOHN, N. B., THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 23, 1916

CANADIAN LUMBERJACKS BATTALION "IN ACTION"



Maple Leaf timber experts working in the forests of old Scotland. Several units of expert woodsmen and millmen have been raised in various parts of Canada and sent to the old country to help win the war. One of the battalions, or a section of it, is now in Scotland, where a camp has been established at Kirkcaldy. They are there busily engaged felling trees and preparing the timber for huts and other purposes of the British forces. The London Daily Mirror service which sends us these photographs says: "The men wear a picturesque dress and give quite a Canadian atmosphere to the district." The upper picture shows the teams drawing the immense logs, and the lower the Canadians working with the saws.

Canadian Casualties Exceed Enlistments by About 15,000

Ottawa, Nov. 22.—Canadian casualties since the first of June last have tallied over 42,000, or a little over twice the total of casualties from the time the Canadian first got into the trenches until the end of last May. In June there were 11,797 Canadian casualties; reported in July, 3,634, in August, 3,079, in September, 9,051 and in October, 14,321. The casualties this month have been so far decidedly lighter than in September or October but will still average several score per day.

The casualties and the wastage, through rejections of men found physically unfit on the second medical examination during the past five months total approximately 15,000 more than the total number of enlistments.

In September and October total casualties were double the total of new recruits. The figures show the need of government action to systematize and speed up recruiting.

Consider Liquor Enemy to Race

British Employers Favor Prohibition on Efficiency Grounds—Large Bills for Drink

London, Oct. 31.—(Correspondence).—If Great Britain is ever won over to the principle of prohibition, I believe it will be on the ground of efficiency and national economy, rather than on the ground of morals. The capitalists and great employers seem to be gradually inclining to the French view that liquor must be regarded as an enemy not so much to the industrial as to the race. This impression was gathered from conversations with foremen and heads of the great industrial establishments which we recently visited. There are perhaps two northern cities which stand out prominently in regard to hard drinking: they are Glasgow and Newcastle-on-Tyne. Both are populated by hard-working and hard-headed people, who can drink deeply before they are rendered incapable. In Newcastle I was told the weekly drink bill runs to £20,000 (£100,000). The people are, of course, enjoying unusual prosperity and no one in the city who wants work is unemployed.

At Glasgow the question came up in conversation with one of the directors of the Fairfield Engineering Co. who, when asked whether he would welcome prohibition, said it would be a fine step. Notwithstanding the restrictions of the Central Control Board, he said, many of their workmen were drink-sodden all the time. Capt. Bean, the Anzac eye-witness, who was with us, not only supported prohibition for industrial workers, but also for the soldiers.

Value of Rum-tot Questioned.

He questioned the value of the much-maligned rum-tot. At Vickers, Limited, at Barrow-on-Furness, I found the secretary of the company also favored prohibition. Men earned good money, he said, but squandered it on Saturday and Sunday, and very often failed to appear at work on Monday. At Lancaster, where there were more women workers than men, one of the heads of the firm, who was with us, not only supported prohibition for industrial workers, but also for the soldiers.

Sabbath-observance advocates find some support also from the experience of these northern industrial towns. For many months these establishments have worked seven days a week, but lately it has been decided that, in the interests of the workers, and the ultimate interest of the establishment, it is better to revert to a six-day week.

GERMAN IMPUDENCE

Copy of letter received by an English firm of watchmakers, published in "John Bull":

Stobs, 2th of October, '16.

Dear Sirs,

I allow me to ask you if you would be kind enough to send me by return 2-3 watches nickel or silver with your lowest terms. I would be very obliged to you if you could name me a firm, which could furnish me tools, glasses, springs, etc. For your kindness I thank you in anticipation.

EMIL HETICH.

Watchmaker.

Prisoner of War, Emil Hetich, No. 3974, Camp A, Hut 17, Stobs, near Hawick, N.B.

It will be observed that the artless Herr Hetich says nothing whatever about paying for the watches or the miscellaneous articles he requires. In view of the liberality with which German prisoners of war are treated in this country, he probably thinks that any British tradesman would be only too pleased to comply with his modest request, free, gratis and for nothing.

\$100 REWARD, \$100.

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is catarrh. Catarrh being greatly influenced by constitutional conditions requires constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts through the blood on the mucous surfaces of the system thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in the curative powers of Hall's Catarrh Cure that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials.

Address: F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio. Sold by all druggists, 75c.

MORE THAN \$250,000 RAISE GIVEN TO GLOVE WORKERS

Gloversville, N. Y., Nov. 23.—Wage advances approximating between \$250,000 and \$300,000 annually were granted the glove workers in Fulton County—the centre of the American glove industry—at a meeting of the Glove Manufacturers' Association of the State of New York here. The advance is to be effective Dec. 1.

"Cure Your Rupture Like I Cured Mine"

Old Sea Captain Cured His Own Rupture After Doctors Said "Operate or Die"

His Remedy and Book Sent Free.

Captain Collins sailed the seas for many years; then he sustained a bad double rupture, and soon found himself unable to remain ashore, but kept him from the sea for years. He tried after doctor and tried after truss, but no result. Finally he was assured that he must either submit to a dangerous operation or die. He decided to die!

He cured himself instead.

What is needed is a means of gently urging the assimilative functions of the stomach and intestines to absorb the oils and fats and hand them over to the blood, where they may reach the starved, shrunken, run-down tissues and build them up. The thin person's body is like a dry sponge—eager and hungry for the fatty materials of which it is being deprived by the failure of the alimentary canal to take them from the food. A splendid way of working to overcome this sinful waste of flesh building elements and to stop the leakage of fats is to try Sargol, the famous flesh building agent that has been so widely sold in America in recent years. Take a little Sargol tablet with every meal and see if you cheeks don't quickly fill out and your body, covering each bony angle and projecting point.

All good druggists have Sargol or can get it from their wholesalers, and will refund your money if you are not satisfied with the gain in weight it produces as stated on the guarantee in each large package. It is inexpensive, easy to take and highly efficient.

If you find a druggist who is unable to supply you with Sargol, send \$1.00 money order or registered letter to the National Laboratories, 74 St. Antoine St., Montreal, and a complete ten days' treatment will be sent you postpaid in plain wrapper.

NOTE.—Sargol is recommended only as a flesh builder and while excellent results in cases of nervous indigestion, etc., have been reported, care should be taken about using it unless a gain of weight is desired.

FREE RUPTURE BOOK AND REMEDY COUPON.

Capt. W. A. Collins (Inc.)

Please send me your FREE Rupture Remedy and Book without any obligation on my part whatever.

Name

Address

City

State

MISERABLE FROM STOMACH TROUBLE

Felt Wretched Until He Started To Take "Fruit-a-lives"

534 Champlain St., Montreal.
"For two years, I was a miserable sufferer from Rheumatism and Stomach Trouble. I had frequent Dizzy Spells, and when I took food, felt wretched and sleepy. I suffered from Rheumatism dreadfully, with pains in my back and joints, and my hands swollen."

A friend advised me "Fruit-a-lives" and from the outset they did me good. After the first box, I felt I was getting well and I can truthfully say that "Fruit-a-lives" is the only medicine that helped me."

LOUIS LEBLANC.

50c. a box, 6 for \$2.50, trial size, 25c. At all dealers or sent postpaid by Fruit-a-lives Limited, Ottawa.

Europe Imports Chinese Labor

France and Russia Securing 70,000 Artists and Laborers From Far East for Munition Factories

Washington, Nov. 22.—France and Russia, the American government has learned, are importing thousands of Chinese and Indo-Chinese to work in munition factories and arsenals, to free their native workmen for military duty. The number already put to work in French plants is estimated at 20,000, with 80,000 more under contract by permission of the Chinese government for four years services in France. Russia has contracted for 30,000, of whom 5,500 have reached the country.

Most of the Orientals are trained artisans, drawing wages in some instances as high as \$3 a day. Specially chartered ships are moving them to France, while Russia is transporting them by way of the Siberian railway.

The Indo-Chinese are being distributed largely among the munition plants in the south of France. Already more than 3,000 at St. Medard, 700 are working at Bassens, 600 at the Toulouse arsenal, 800 in the Toulouse powder mills, 800 in the Tarbes arsenal and several thousand of Chinese and Indo-Chinese in the smaller plants and agricultural pursuits. Some of the more highly skilled are in airplane factories.

Washington officials are watching the Allies' experiment closely, interested particularly in the outcome of the introduction of Oriental labor into modern labor conditions, and into more or less modern factory surroundings. Some significance is attached to the fact that both France and Russia have contracted for the imported labor for four years.

Reports reaching Washington declare that the Chinese proves satisfactory; neither France nor Russia will stop at the 70,000 men contracted for. Labor conditions in the Shanghai, Hong Kong and Canton districts are said to be already badly disturbed by the Allied draft.

DOES CATARRH BOTHER YOU? ARE YOUR NOSTRILS PLUGGED?

Why not give up that stuff and stop moping your stomach? The one sure treatment is "Catarrhose" sure to cure you. It goes where the disease is. It is certain to cure in your case because it has restored tens of thousands worse than you are. Catarrhose is a thorough cure because it destroys the causes as well as the effects of the disease. Relief is prompt, cure is quick with this powerful remedy which is guaranteed to cure Catarrh in any part of the nose, throat, bronchial tubes or lungs. To be really cured, use only Catarrhose. Beware of dangerous substitutes meant to deceive you for genuine Catarrhose, which is sold everywhere. Large and small packages. Large bottle, costs \$1.00; small size, 50c.; sample size, 25c.

A Message to Thin Weak Scrawny Folks

An Easy Way to Gain 10 to 30 Pounds of Solid, Healthy Flesh.

Thin, nervous, underdeveloped men and women everywhere are heard to say, "I can't understand why I do not get fat. I eat plenty of good nourishing food."

But this is not the reason. You cannot get fat, no matter how much you eat, unless your digestive organs assimilate the fat-making elements of your food instead of passing them out through the body as waste.

What is needed is a means of gently urging the assimilative functions of the stomach and intestines to absorb the oils and fats and hand them over to the blood, where they may reach the starved, shrunken, run-down tissues and build them up. The thin person's body is like a dry sponge—eager and hungry for the fatty materials of which it is being deprived by the failure of the alimentary canal to take them from the food. A splendid way of working to overcome this sinful waste of flesh building elements and to stop the leakage of fats is to try Sargol, the famous flesh building agent that has been so widely sold in America in recent years. Take a little Sargol tablet with every meal and see if you cheeks don't quickly fill out and your body, covering each bony angle and projecting point.

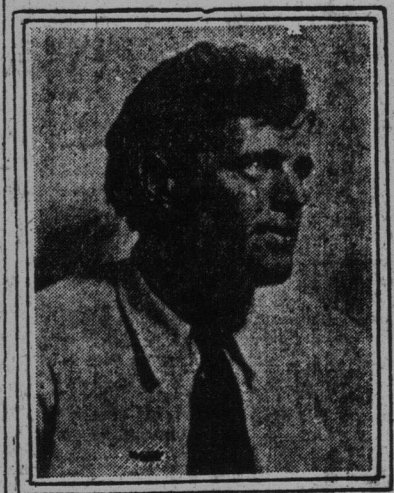
All good druggists have Sargol or can get it from their wholesalers, and will refund your money if you are not satisfied with the gain in weight it produces as stated on the guarantee in each large package. It is inexpensive, easy to take and highly efficient.

If you find a druggist who is unable to supply you with Sargol, send \$1.00 money order or registered letter to the National Laboratories, 74 St. Antoine St., Montreal, and a complete ten days' treatment will be sent you postpaid in plain wrapper.

NOTE.—Sargol is recommended only as a flesh builder and while excellent results in cases of nervous indigestion, etc., have been reported, care should be taken about using it unless a gain of weight is desired.

Jack London Died Suddenly

Famous Writer of Virile Stories Passed Away at His California Home



JACK LONDON

Glenn Ellen, Calif., Nov. 22.—Jack London, the writer, died here at 7:45 tonight. He was found in an unconscious condition at his ranch-house, having suffered from uraemia and failed to rally.

Jack London was born in San Francisco on January 12, 1876, and was, therefore, forty years old. He was twice married, in 1900, and in 1905, and he is survived by his second wife, Charmian Kittredge, who accompanied him on many of his travels and figured in several of his stories.

He was educated at the University of California and was in turn sailor, gold miner, tramp, writer, socialist, lecturer and journalist.

He went over the Chilcot Pass in the Klondike rush of 1897, served as a correspondent in the Russo-Japanese war in 1905 and started on a seven years' cruise around the world in a fifty-foot ketch-rig yacht. He wrote in a vigorous, gripping style with unique and original ideas. Many of his books dealt with problems of sociology and economics. As an apostle of the outdoor life he dwelt more in his later works on the nobility of the production of wealth from the soil.

One of his works which was looked upon as largely autobiographical, "Burning Daylight," was published in serial form in The Telegraph.

Other works were: "Martin Eden," one of his best; "The Call of the Wild," "Sea Wolf," "The Little Lady of the Big House," "When God Laughs," and "The Valley of the Moon."

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15 YEARS SUFFERING FROM PILES

MR. J. McEWEN, of Dundas, Ont., writes:—"For fifteen years I suffered with piles, and could get no permanent cure until I tried Zam-Buk. After having given Zam-Buk a fair trial I found I was getting better; and in the end it cured me completely."

MR. JAMES RUDDY, of Killaloe, Ont., says:—"I suffered greatly from piles. The pain from them was at times almost unbearable. I tried first one remedy and then another, but all without effect. The piles still continued as bad as ever. I heard about Zam-Buk and commenced with the treatment. To my great joy, after perseverance I obtained relief from the agonizing pain of the piles. Having been cured by Zam-Buk I heartily recommend the balm to all sufferers from piles."

WHY ZAM-BUK IS SO SUPERIOR.

An eminent scientist said, the other day, that the most wonderful discovery of recent years was the discovery of Zam-Buk. As soon as a single thin layer of Zam-Buk is applied to a wound or a sore, such injury is insured against blood poisoning.

Then again, As soon as Zam-Buk is applied to a sore, or a cut, or to skin disease, it stops the smarting. That is why children are such friends of Zam-Buk. Again, As soon as Zam-Buk is applied to a wound or to a diseased part, the cells beneath the skin's surface are so stimulated that new healthy tissue is quickly formed. The tissue thus formed is worked up to the surface and literally casts off the diseased tissue above it. This is why Zam-Buk cures are permanent.

WHAT ZAM-BUK CURES

For eczema, blood-poisoning, piles, ulcers, sores, abscesses, varicose ulcers, bad leg, cold sores, chapped hands, cuts, burns, bruises and all skin injuries and diseases. Zam-Buk is without equal. 50c. box, all druggists and stores, or post free, Zam-Buk Co., Toronto, for price. Refuse imitations.

ZAM-BUK

BLACK HAND AGAIN THREATENS CARUSO

Tenor, However, Refuses to Endanger Voice by Early Morning Ride in Auto

Enrico Caruso, the Metropolitan Opera House tenor, has not been bothered by the Black Hand letter writers since the time, six years ago, when he turned a threatening letter over to the police and two men were arrested as a result, but now they are after him again. It became known recently that he had received a threatening letter about three weeks ago, and when he paid no attention to its demands, it was followed by two or three more in the same hand. The first letter demanded that Caruso get into his automobile and ride to Jamaica, L. I., reaching there about two o'clock in the morning. The route was specified, and the letters said that the writers, who professed to know his car well, would stop it at some point in Jamaica. The tenor was told to have ready \$10,000, which he was directed to hand out quietly and go on his way.

The letter threatened death if the directions were not followed. It was written in Italian and signed "Be friends," in that language.

"That's too late at night; I won't go," Caruso is supposed to have said when he read the letter and found he was expected to be out at two o'clock in the morning, when the air is cold and damp. He is said to have told his friends that, for the sport of it, he would have kept the appointment—though without the \$10,000 in his pocket—if he could have done so in the daytime, without risk to his throat.

He was the author of many other works which were looked upon as largely autobiographical, "Burning Daylight," was published in serial form in The Telegraph.

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