

## SELLING OUT

MORRISON'S \$28,000  
DRYGOODS STOCK

640-642 DUNDAS ST.

## SNAPS

THREAD—All Sil, Silkine and T. P. Coats' Cotton Thread. While they last. 5c

HOSE—A string of bargain hose, 400 feet long, 90 dozen Women's Black Cotton Hose, full fashioned, good black dye, all sizes. 12 1/2c

STAPLES—20,000 yards Sateens, Cretonnes, Wrappettes, Scrims, Ginghams, Vestings, Flannelettes, Art Muslins, Nets, Oxford Shirtings, Percals, Crepes, Muslins, Lawns, Nainsook, etc., etc. Values 20c, 25c, 30c and scarce. 15c

\$10.00 WINTER GOODS AT OLD PRICES.

## Raincoats

25 only, clearing men's and women's values to \$10. At 8 a.m. Wednesday. Be on hand. \$2.98

12,000 YARDS STAPLES—Velours, Galateas, Fancy Duck, Drills, Brown Holland Linen, Fancy Percals, White Satine Drill, Ducking, Fleece and scores of other fine lines. Scarce. Values 25c, 30c, 35c. Speak quick. 19c

OILCLOTH—All 1 1/4-yards Table Oils 25c. All 1 1/2-yard Table Oils 35c. Entire fine stock of Floor Oilcloths, worth 55c. Speak quick. 35c

SMALLWARES, OUR BIG FEATURE

## House Dresses

7 dozen only, clearing, values to \$2.00. Endless variety. A world beater, at. 49c

BLINDS—Green Blinds, good quality; 10 dozen only to clear. 25c

DRESS TRIMMINGS—Entire fine stock, including Veilings, Frillings, Braids and Ornaments. Half-Price. 1/2

BUTTONS—An immense varied stock, for quick clearance reduced One-Third.

STORE OPEN EVENINGS TO 9 O'CLOCK.

## Underskirts

4 dozen only, sateen, cerise, paddy, purple, blue. At 8 a.m. Wednesday. This stunner at. 49c

CORSETS—E. T. at 69c and 98c. Old values in white and grey with 4 suspenders.

SHIRTS—Old splendid quality, fine and work shirts. Worth 75c and \$1.00. To clear. 49c

BALBRIGGAN—Men's true knit, tailor made. While they last. 37 1/2c

NO MATTER WHAT THE TROUBLE, McTAVISH MAKES IT RIGHT.

## Ginghams

2,000 yards, mills ends, 100 patterns, 30 inches wide. Worth 15c. 8c

JERSEYS—Boys', all sizes. They won't last long. Worth 50c. For. 25c

COLLARS—All soft collars, 5c. Entire stock linen collars to clear. 10c

GLOVES—Lisle, 49c; silk, 75c. Genuine French kid, all sizes and colors. Toronto price \$2.25. A wonderful snap at. 98c

2,500 BIG BARGAINS BESIDES

## A.J. McTAVISH &amp; CO.

640-642 Dundas PROPRIETORS Take East-Bound Cars to Adelaide.

COL. JOHN CURRIE  
SAYS MILITIA ACT  
ALL THAT'S NEEDEDProvides Ample Authority to  
Call Men to Colors.

CRITICIZES GOVERNMENT

Men in France Do Not Relish  
Idea of Losing Rank  
After War.[Special to the Advertiser.]  
OTTAWA, May 21.—A program for Canada in the commercial battle which is to follow the war was spread before Parliament this afternoon by Col. John Currie, Conservative member for East Simcoe, who went to the front at the head of the 15th Battalion and the hot corner in the Ypres fight, was passed into the casualty list, and came back on his old job, "Iron and Parliament."

Col. Currie said that to meet the conditions which would develop with the closing of the war, Canada should make a general protective tariff against all neutral nations; that there should be a 15-per cent tariff reduction to all Allied nations; that there should be a 25-per cent surtax in the tariff against imports from the central powers.

He discussed the position of the highly paid colonial officials, the commercial relations with the United States. When Col. Currie advocated tariff preference for the Allied nations, Sir Wilfrid Laurier, remembering reciprocity, asked: "With the United States?"

A Converted Protectionist.  
"Yes," replied Col. Currie. "I do not say that it is wrong to have some form of trade arrangement with the United States, as well as the other colonies. The broadest view that statesmanship can take is to change it."

There are lots of these dogmas of the past ages that are now being and forgotten. The word is being turned upside down these days.

The position that Col. Currie placed before the House was that the Government should "enter into immediate consultation with His Majesty's Government in Great Britain, the other dominions, India and the colonies, in order, with their aid, to bring the whole economic strength of the Empire into co-operation with our allies in a policy directed against the enemy."

Too Much Politics.  
Speaking in his resolution, he said that there was too much politics in the country; that the manufacturing industries of Canada should be maintained for the benefit of the country, and to provide employment for returning soldiers.

Mr. Knowles wanted to know who was talking of closing the factories of Canada, and Col. Currie declared that Mr. Knowles, Dr. Clark and others were when they stood up in Parliament and advocated free trade.

Mr. Knowles said that free trade did not seem to have closed the factories of England.  
Col. Currie said that the Manchester School of Economics and those who constantly preaching peace were guilty of the deaths of this war, and added, amid laughter, that the Manchester School is no longer recognized in good society in England.

Col. Currie declared that it was just as important to develop the factories of Canada as it was to get men on the farms. The Government should give the manufacturers of the west the same advantage as were enjoyed by the manufacturers of the east.

The militia act sufficient.  
The colonel objected to the word "conscription," expressed belief in universal service, and said that the amendment which the late Government had made to the militia act in 1904 provided all the authority required to call the men of Canada to the colors.Mr. Turfitt wanted to know why the Government had not put the militia act into force.  
"I am not the Government, and don't understand why," said Col. Currie. "I thought that we were serving under the militia act, only to find out later that the force had been raised under the defense of the realm act."

He said that he was not a source of considerable pain to those engaged in the war to know that they are not part of the militia of Canada, and that as soon as their services are over they are to receive notice that their rank is not recognized.

Enmity Between Forces.  
He said there was a feeling of bitter enmity between the expeditionary force, the permanent force and the militia department. Colonel Currie's front received \$6 a day, while Colonel Currie's front, who had never been near the front, drew from \$10 to \$20 per day.

In his application, conscription should be absolutely just; the poor should not be called out to serve, and the rich escape serving; the men of one part of the country should not be called out, and the men of another part of the country allowed to remain at home.

There had been reflections, Col. Currie said, cast upon the French-Canadians, but he could testify that the French of Quebec had shown themselves to be brave soldiers, equal in heroism to any raised in the Empire.

The reply for the Government was made by Sir George Foster, who said that at the conference of the Allies in Paris there had been an understanding reached that during the war and after the war the Allied countries would help to build up one another, even to the point of sacrifice.

Sir Wilfrid Laurier called attention to statements by the German chancellor, and asked if, in view of them, it was proposed there should be no intercourse with enemy countries in commerce after the war.

Hollweg Is Dramatic.  
Sir George Foster answered that his view was that Bethmann-Hollweg had made his statement to produce an effect upon the German people. The minister of trade and commerce said he did not hope that Canada would enter upon the conditions of peace without difficulties.

There might be lack of property and need for sacrifice which would try the spirit of the people as severely as war was trying it now. Therefore to meet these conditions, Canada must frame wise legislation and sound tariff laws, accord labor and capital must be brought into being prepared to support the resolution which Col. Currie had offered.

J. J. Turfitt said that in the recent local election in Simcoe County, Col. Currie had made partisan speeches of the most bitter character. Western Liberals were not trying to close up factories, but claimed that manufacturers should get less protection in cases where they had three times the protection they required.

ADDED POWERS GIVEN  
CIVIC INVESTIGATION  
OF H. C. OF L. PROBLEMMinister of Labor to Clothe Investigator  
With Power to Take Evidence  
Under Oath.

Ottawa, May 21.—A further extension in the cost of living investigations was made today by the minister of labor. The resolution provided that when municipalities had taken all the action they were empowered to do they should notify the minister of labor, and he would constitute a commission to take new action considered advisable.

Today he notified parties concerned that henceforth when municipalities wished to conduct an investigation under oath they will be allowed to name the investigator and the minister of labor will clothe him with all the powers in this regard which he himself possesses.

The minister stated tonight that there were cases where municipal government desired to make the appointment of an investigator, and he felt that if it would facilitate inquiry and bring results and at the same time create confidence in the efficacy of the legislation by the public knowing personally the investigator this extension of the powers should be made.

CHOATE LEAVES \$3,000,000.  
NEW YORK, May 21.—The will of the late Joseph H. Choate, filed in the surrogate's court today, disposes of an estate estimated at about \$3,000,000, most of which goes to relatives.This  
BucklePRESIDENT  
Is found  
only on  
genuine  
President  
SuspendersREFUSE  
IMITATIONS.

MILLION DOLLARS

BET IN WEEK, SAY

RACE OPPONENTS

Quote Devonshire Track Re-

ceipts at Windsor to Prove it.

\$120,000 WEEK'S PROFIT

Statistics Given Out by Track

Officials Give Anti-Racing

Men Ammunition.

WINDSOR, May 21.—Opponents of racing in Canada during war-time are particularly those arrayed against the track tracks now operating here, point to the fact that at last week's meeting at Devonshire track more than \$1,000,000 was wagered in the seven days of racing. These figures are according to the statistics given out by the track officials.

Beginning with a play of \$120,000 on the opening day, speculation increased to an amount exceeding \$200,000, but on the closing day, last Saturday, of the total amount wagered, the association extracted in round figures \$125,000, according to the mathematicalians who are proficient in determining "takeoffs" in pari-mutuels.

The Government tax comes from the race receipts, and a flat rate at the beginning of racing. On each admission ticket purchased 25 cents goes to the Government, while the probability of \$7,000 from this source, and \$8,750 from the flat rate, or \$15,750 in all. This would yield a profit of \$125,000, or possibly \$120,000 on the week, or more than enough to build and equip an ordinary military unit.

The "kings" comes high, but the devotees are liberal supporters of the game in Detroit and in London.

Following are the figures:  
Date Amount bet.  
May 12, Saturday ..... \$ 152,730  
May 13, Sunday ..... 155,334  
May 14, Monday ..... 150,051  
May 15, Tuesday ..... 172,231  
May 16, Wednesday ..... 183,530  
May 17, Thursday ..... 185,114  
May 18, Friday ..... 205,000  
May 19, Saturday ..... 205,000  
Total ..... \$1,214,192BALFOUR'S WORK HOLDS  
HIM IN WASHINGTON

WASHINGTON, May 21.—President Wilson called on Foreign Secretary Balfour at the British mission this afternoon and spent nearly three-quarters of an hour with him. The call was not merely one of courtesy, but was for a further discussion of the negotiations between the two governments.

The president telephoned his desire to see Mr. Balfour, who replied that he would come to the White House. President Wilson, however, said he would see Mr. Balfour at the mission, and immediately motored up there.

Members of the mission were greatly disappointed today to find it necessary to abandon their arrangements for a trip to Chicago and other points in the middle West. The state department expressed the desire that the commission spend all of its remaining time in Washington, in order to complete pending negotiations. The mission twice has postponed the date of its departure to the government of Canada to extend its time here.

May Not Visit Canada.  
Announcement was made today that the mission may not even visit, Montreal and Ottawa.DENTISTS' CONVENTION.  
TORONTO, May 21.—A hundred dentists from all parts of Canada and from many centres in the United States are attending the fifth anniversary convention of the Ontario Dental Society, which opens today in Oldfield's Temple, this city. The convention will remain in session until Saturday.GODERICH.  
GODERICH, May 21.—Cleared, steamer Marquette, for William, light.A MINISTER'S  
EVIDENCEThat Piles, or Hemorrhoids,  
Can Be Quickly Cured—A  
Justice of the Peace  
Cured Many Years  
Ago.

Toronto, Ont., April 26.—There has come to us recently these two letters from prominent men who bear unquestionable testimony in regard to Dr. Chase's Ointment as a prompt and lasting cure for piles.

These men give their evidence freely because they know what it means to suffer from the tortures of piles and then be cured. They feel it a duty and a pleasure to let others know how they, too, may be cured.

Rev. Frank N. Bowes, Methodist minister, Proville, Ont., writes: "In the winter of 1912, I was stationed in Cobalt. I went for a snowshoe tramp one day, and sat for only a few minutes on a cold stump waiting for some comrades to catch up to me. From sitting on the damp stump I contracted piles, and suffered so severely that it caused me great pain to walk. A friend recommended Dr. Chase's Ointment, and I immediately purchased a small box without it on my mind. I always keep a box on hand and find it excellent for any kind of wound or sore."

Mr. W. B. Turner, J.P. Alderside, Alta., writes: "It was twenty-eight years ago that I became acquainted with the merits of Dr. Chase's Ointment, and would not without it on any account, as it never fails to do its work. I was first induced to try it for piles. Less than one box cured me, and I have never been troubled since. That was twenty-eight years ago, so I think the cure is permanent. It is good for sore lips and hands, chafing and, in fact, all sorts of sores. You are at liberty to use this statement for the benefit of others."

You can put Dr. Chase's Ointment to the test in any case of piles with the utmost assurance that you will obtain relief from suffering and ultimately lasting cure; 50 cents a box, at all dealers, or Edmondson, Bates &amp; Co., Limited, Toronto.

CANADA'S TRADE IS  
STILL ON THE BOUND;  
\$48,000,000 OF RISE[Special to The Advertiser.]  
OTTAWA, May 21.—Hon. J. D. Reid, minister of customs, made public today the trade report for April, the first figures of the 1917-18 fiscal year. These figures show that Canada's trade is still on the incline.

The figures for April show an increase of no less than \$48,000,000 over April of 1916. The feature of the imports, which jumped from \$50,177,830 in April, 1916, to \$86,507,803 last month. The exports showed an increase, not so correspondingly great.

The exports for April, 1917, were \$55,022,635, and the exports for April, 1917, \$65,145,443. The exports in many factors for 1917 showed an increase of over \$19,000,000, the figures being \$10,559,646 for 1917, as against \$21,578,078 for 1916.

On the other hand, there was a big slump in the exports of agriculture, which dropped from \$21,306,977 in 1916 to \$11,445,141 in 1917. Exports of the mine, forests, etc., showed slight increase. There was a slight decrease in fisheries export.

CANADA NEEDS  
HER FARMERS

The Empire is looking to Canada for food, and the farmer is the chief factor in its production. In these days of hardship, every farmer must work his hardest, and every farmer knows from painful experience that it is his back that first feels the strain. Almost every movement, whether with the plow, the fork, the hoe or in the harvest field, tests the muscles of the back and kidneys. A pain in the small of the back is the warning that inflammation, although slight at first, but persistent, has started in the kidneys or surrounding tissue.

Farmers, if you only knew how quickly Gin Pills soothe and heal the overworked and strained kidneys and restore perfect harmony between the kidneys and the bladder, making both work as nature intended them to do, and in the process also relieve you of rheumatism, painful urination or other troubles incident to impaired kidneys, you would not delay a moment.

Gin Pills are also a gentle laxative and are wonderful, not only in their effect on the kidneys and bladder, but they keep the bowels in perfect condition.

We want every lame-backed farmer to try Gin Pills. Go to your dealer and buy a box. If you do not get relief, we will refund your money, or a free trial sample will be sent on request to National Drug and Chemical Company of Canada, Limited, Toronto.

LEYLAND LINER LOST  
BUT NOT SUB VICTIM

BOSTON, May 21.—The Leyland liner Coloman was wrecked last night on the south coast of England, according to a cablegram received today by John H. Thomas, agent of the line here.

The message said that the steamer, which was carrying a cargo of munitions, grain, lumber and cotton from this port, probably would be a total loss. The cause of the accident and the fate of the crew were not mentioned.

The steamer, with her cargo, was valued at \$2,000,000.

GERMANS REFUSE TO  
FREE BRAZILIAN SHIP

London, May 22.—The German prize court at Hamburg has decided adversely on six pleas, entered with it to secure the release of the Brazilian steamer Rio Pardo, which was captured by German warships December 6, 1916, and taken into a German port. The Rio Pardo at the time of her capture was bound from Rotterdam for Hull with a cargo consisting largely of provisions.

"We never have coffee at our house, because I can't make good coffee".

Have you ever started right  
—with Chase & Sanborn's  
"SEAL BRAND" COFFEE?1/2 lb. and 2 pound tins. Whole—ground—pulverized—also fine ground for Percolators. Never sold in bulk. 145  
CHASE & SANBORN, MONTREAL.A NEAT KITCHEN  
WITHOUT A BROOM

No coal-hod, no ash-pan, no dirt, no bother. You never have to sweep up after cooking on a NEW PERFECTION. It cooks more quickly and more conveniently than a coal or wood range, costs less for fuel and takes up half as much room.

The Long Blue Chimney gives perfect combustion and the visible flame "stays put."

With Royalite Coal Oil the New Perfection will cook your meal for from 5 to 10 cents.

THE IMPERIAL OIL COMPANY  
Limited  
BRANCHES IN ALL CITIESNEW PERFECTION  
OIL COOK STOVE

—and so we used

Mellotone

TRADE MARK REGISTERED

beautiful flat tints for walls, holding their freshness and charm for years.

Thousands of homes have been made light, bright and cheerful by the use of LOWE BROTHERS MELLOTONE on walls and ceilings. It is easy to harmonize the beautiful MELLOTONE colors with woodwork, furniture and draperies.

MELLOTONE satisfies the demand for a wall covering that is both artistic and sanitary. Soiled spots are quickly removed with a soap and water washing and the walls look fresh and clean for a long time.

## The Purdom Hardware Co.

124 DUNDAS STREET.

PHONES 2800-2801.

123 CARLING STREET.