

Long and difficult negotiations still lie ahead. However, Canada is prepared to join with other nations in a determined effort to achieve progress with a sense of the urgency which this important issue demands. During recent days, there have been some possible indications of greater flexibility in the attitude of the Soviet Union towards negotiation of a non-proliferation treaty. It is to be hoped that these indications will be translated into positive achievements. We now appeal to all governments, and particularly to the Communist powers, to give the earliest and the most careful consideration to the proposals made by the Western side.

ANNEX I

WESTERN NON-PROLIFERATION TREATY TABLED  
AT EIGHTEEN-NATION DISARMAMENT COMMITTEE,  
AUGUST 17, 1965

The Parties to this Treaty,

Desiring to promote international peace and security,

Desiring in particular to refrain from taking steps which will extend and intensify the arms race,

Believing that the further spread of nuclear weapons will jeopardize these ends,

Recalling that Resolution 1665 (XVI) of the General Assembly of the United Nations urges all states to co-operate for these purposes,

Desiring to achieve effective agreements to halt the nuclear arms race, and to reduce armaments, including particularly nuclear arsenals,

Reaffirming their determination to achieve agreement on general and complete disarmament under effective international control,

Have agreed as follows,

ARTICLE I

1. Each of the nuclear states party to this Treaty undertakes not to transfer any nuclear weapons into the national control of any non-nuclear state, either directly, or indirectly through a military alliance; and each undertakes not to take any other action which would cause an increase in the total number of states and other organizations having independent power to use nuclear weapons.

2. Each of the nuclear states party to this Treaty undertakes not to assist any non-nuclear state in the manufacture of nuclear weapons.