B2.0 DERIVATION OF δα FOR CIRCULAR ORBITS

Hohmann transfer delta-V is given by

$$\Delta V_a = \sqrt{\frac{u}{a + \Delta a}} - \sqrt{\frac{u}{a}} + \sqrt{\frac{u}{a + \Delta a}} \left(\sqrt{\frac{a + \Delta a}{a}} - \sqrt{\frac{a}{a + \Delta a}} \right)$$
(B2.1)

Taking Taylor's expansion of $\frac{1}{\sqrt{a+\Delta a}}$ and $\sqrt{a+\Delta a}$

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{\alpha + \Delta \alpha}} \stackrel{:}{=} \frac{1}{\sqrt{\alpha}} - \frac{\Delta \alpha}{2\sqrt{\alpha^2}}$$
 (B2.2)

$$\sqrt{a+\Delta a} = \sqrt{a} + \frac{\Delta a}{2\sqrt{a}}$$
 (B2.3)

Substituting Equations (B.2) and (B.3) into (B.1) gives

$$\frac{\Delta V_{a}}{\sqrt{\mu}} \stackrel{:}{=} \frac{1}{\sqrt{a}} - \frac{\Delta a}{2\sqrt{a^{3}}} - \frac{1}{\sqrt{a}} + \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{a}} - \frac{\Delta a}{4\sqrt{a^{3}}}\right) \left(\frac{\sqrt{a} + \frac{\Delta a}{2\sqrt{a}}}{\sqrt{a}} - \sqrt{a}\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{a}} - \frac{\Delta a}{2\sqrt{a^{3}}}\right)\right)$$

Simplifying and setting $\Delta a^2 = 0$ gives

$$\frac{\Delta (\Delta V_a)}{\Delta a} = \sqrt{\frac{n}{4 a^3}}$$

and, as ∆a → 0

$$\frac{\partial(\Delta V_a)}{\partial a} = \frac{1}{2a} \sqrt{\frac{\mu}{a}}$$