

rate of twelve millions of miles in a minute. Since the discovery of the astral parallax, we find that stars whose light take six thousand years to reach the earth. If you were to travel on a beam of light at the enormous speed of twelve millions of miles a minute for one hundred thousand years, perhaps you will have then passed the confines of the universe, and beneath you, perhaps, would lie, as seen by angels, the vast ocean of creation. No, after travelling twelve millions miles a minute for one hundred thousand years, you have but arrived in the heart of the universe; there is Arcturus on the North, there is Orion on the East, the brilliant constellation of Hercules, is studying the azure vault above you, and the myriad worlds of the Milky Way burst on your startled vision as a brilliant congeries of revolving spheres of clustered stars and gigantic suns! Firmaments are spread out like maps unrolled through space; for every star we see in the heavens, there is a universe behind it. Mighty worlds of thousands of miles in diameter, orbs fifty times larger than our sun roll their stupendous masses like gilded atoms through immeasurable space. Scanning the motions, the revolutions, the mechanics of the heavens; enveloped in the ocean of light bursting from millions of burning centres; ravished with the brilliant panorama of Creation, man must read in the entire work the greatness, the Omnipotence of God. That God became man, his mother was the humble virgin of Nazareth. The united intellects of men and angels could not conceive a higher dignity; no created tongue could express a higher eulogium.

Thus we can understand the rapturous addresses of the saints which have been termed enthusiastic. Let the gifted pen of Ephrem, dictate the burning sentiments of his fervid spirit and style her the unspotted, brighter than the rays of the sun and the lightning, more honored than the seraphim, more holy than the cherubim; let Cyrian call her the living and immortal temple of the divinity, let Chrysostom pour forth the golden flood of his eloquence, and salute her as the brightest color in the rainbow of the modern covenant, let Augustine dogmatically assert the great flood of primeval guilt, which criminated the whole human race, found the barrier of an impassable decree in her immaculate soul; higher and grander than these patristic effusions, let an archangel come direct from the bright court of heaven and pondering in his transit through space on the sublime message entrusted to him, burst suddenly into the presence of his queen and cry out in language of awe and veneration, "Hail, full of grace, the Lord is with thee,"—the vessel that is full cannot hold any more; the expression, "The Lord is with thee" was an old Hebrew benediction, to intimate the closest union of the Creator with the creature, such as when an object is caught in the light cast from a strong reflector; let in fine everything grand or magnificent, that has been said of her from the commencement, be poured out in one thrilling flood of eloquence, it would fail to tell the dignity of the Mother of God.

In vain would we fly on the wings of thought, above the cold atmosphere of earth, and penetrate the distant glories of the starry firmament, in vain we scan the bright galaxy of heaven's saints, and seek a standard of comparison amongst the peerless spirits that chant the endless alleluia around the throne of the Eternal; we must mount higher than the seraphim, higher than the cherubim, higher than the archangels, and if there be anything in Creation, as the illustrious Basil has said, more brilliant, more perfect than these, it would still fail, in comparison, to tell the least of Mary's glories. Looking up from the valley of our nothingness, we contemplate with love and awe, the noblest work of the Creator's hands enveloped in the rays of glory that burst from the bosom of the Omnipotent, "O sacred and immaculate virginity," cries out St. Augustine, "with what praises to extol thee I know not, for thou hast borne in thy womb, Him whom the heavens cannot contain."

Yet Mary is not God. She is as far from God as heaven from earth;—as far as the Creator from the creature—as the finite from the infinite. She is first in the order of creation, and as such we recognize her as our Queen,—"for so shall she be honored whom the king hath a mind to honor."

But you will agree her lofty position demands our admiration and respect. Should we not stop here and remain in passive admiration of her dignity, with out bringing her into such active co-operation in the work of grace. We will answer this difficulty, but crave attention for a moment whilst we suggest a touching analogy from another fact in the history of the past.

At the time the Tribunes seized the reins of government in the ancient Commonwealth of Rome, they banished from the city a great general whose pride became obnoxious. He took refuge in a neighboring hostile state; at once he was placed at the head of a large army and supplied with the means of revenge on his countrymen. He marched through the Roman territory with devastation and pillage; he was already encamped beneath the walls of the city before the people knew of their danger. When the news reached them, they were terrified and ran to and fro in the greatest consternation; they knew the skill of the great general who had led them on to victory, now marshalled in battle array against them; they knew his haughty spirit would never brook an insult, until he had steeped his sword in the blood of the offender; seeing it was impossible to stay his triumphant march, they waited over the threatened doom of their beautiful city, which soon they expected would be a smoking mass of unsightly ruins. The wisest and best met in council and agreed to send a deputation to appeal to his mercy; to that sentiment of patriotism which is found in the most depraved heart; to remind him it was in their city he first drew the breath of life and that he was about to reek his sword with the blood of the companions of his youth. But the haughty conqueror was inexorable and in the triumph of his revenge, he told them, in a few hours he would destroy Rome. They sent another and another deputation to him; the patriots and nobles, went out in mourning costume, making the most splendid offers if he would let them live to serve him; they met the same stern repulse; he bade them tell their citizens the cry of a perishing people mingled with the crash of their public monuments would be the music of his revenge.

There was one ray of hope in the dark cloud that was gathering around them; it was his mother; they justly hoped the entreaties of an aged parent whom they knew he loved, might bond his cruel resolve to destroy Rome. She went. No sooner did she appear before Coriolanus, when the tears of the sturdy warrior, fell thick and fast on his mailed bosom; the haughty impulses of ambition and revenge were hushed in the sobs of the grateful child. He descended from his seat, approached to embrace his mother, crying out from the depths of his softened heart, "O mother you have saved Rome, but ruined thy son!"

He withdrew his army and in a few days was murdered for treachery by the Volscians. Dearly beloved in Jesus Christ, there is no tie so sacred, so solemn as that of the parent to the child; twining with the existence of the soul, it is like the indestructible and immortal; it follows the soul beyond the tomb, and will be its characteristic in eternity. When the Son of God became man, he chose His mother from the maidens of earth; He participated in all the feelings of human nature, He gave her all the privileges of a mother. Here is the secret of our confidence in the intercession of Mary. In the sublime prerogative of the com-

munion of Saints, who more powerful than the Mother of Jesus?

Will he not hear her prayer who made the sun stand still in the heavens at the prayer of a Joshua, who opened the waters of the Red Sea and gave a dry passage through its unseemly depths, to the people of Israel, at the prayer of Moses; who checked the fire in the furnace for the children of Babylon; and heard the prayer of Daniel in the lion's den; will he not hear the petition of his own immaculate mother? Penetrated with a deep sense of our ingratitude, fearing the glance of our offended God, we seek her intervention. In her there is nothing harsh, nothing austere; the thunders of divine wrath, which must ever ring in the ears of the sinner, are hushed in the sweet murmurs of her intercessory prayer. That prayer is more powerful than an army set in battle array; it was the secret agent that sunk the Mussulman in the waters of Lepanto. When we have shaken off the mortal coil and appear on the shores of eternity, many a fortunate child of Eve will look up and recognise as the instrument of his salvation, the prayer of her who crushed the serpent's head.

(FOR THE TRUE WITNESS.)

THE AMERICAN CATHOLIC QUARTERLY REVIEW.

As was announced a few months ago, the first number of the above-named review has made its appearance. When the announcement was first made it seemed to give general satisfaction, and the prospect of having a well conducted periodical of a high character, was hailed with delight. The names of the managers and contributors lead the Catholic public to entertain high expectations. The appearance of this, the first number, has not disappointed these expectations, and if it can be taken as a specimen of the future numbers, Catholics will rejoice at having a periodical which will rank among the highest of the kind in the land. From the perusal of the articles of the present number the reader will readily form a high idea of the intellectual ability of the writers and he will derive much valuable information and pleasure.

The critic disposed to look for blemishes and imperfections should bear in mind that the shortness of time between the time when the Review was first suggested and the time of the publication of this the first number, has put some of the contributors to great disadvantage. It would indeed, in our opinion, be inopportune and ungenerous to find fault with or criticize at the present moment, those who in addition to their ordinary and many onerous duties as Bishops, and Priests, and as Laymen, engaged in pressing business, have imposed on themselves the task of furnishing to the Review, valuable articles in defence of religion and truth. Every motive urges them to aim at the highest point of perfection. The defence of a noble cause, viz., of religion and truth. Their own expectation, the high expectations of their friends, and the confidence of their publishers, who have staked their means, are motives which would spur on minds less willing and energetic to secure the success of their undertaking.

They that devote their talents, their time and their energies to this undertaking, which is as important as it is arduous, deserve cheering words of encouragement and praise, and substantial proofs of sympathy. The best expression of sympathy is a large subscription list. It is to be hoped that many of the clergy and laity in Canada as well as in the United States, will be subscribers.

The presence of the Review in the library of a clergyman or a layman will not be merely an ornament, but a very valuable addition to it. We would venture to say, with all due respect to laymen, whose position in society brings them in contact with persons of every religion or of no religion, that to them the Review is indispensable. It will be to them who take it a storehouse of knowledge which will furnish the means of learning well, and of discussing intelligently some of the most important subjects of the day.

The press is doing incalculable evil to religion and morals, but the press can be made to promote the cause of Religion and morals. Many years ago we were acquainted with a pious priest who was engaged in disseminating good books.—He said that he was thus engaged so that the evil one who made conquest through the aid of the press, might be in turn overcome and conquered by the press. He was wont to make use of an expression of the Preface of the passion in the Mass, substituting the word "typis" for the word "ligno" in the original "ut qui in typis vincit, in ligno quoque vincitur." To counteract the mischief produced by the press, it should be the endeavour of Catholics to use it more extensively and constantly. Those who have at heart the cause of religion and who desire to elevate the tone of Catholic literature, should not hesitate for a moment to sustain the present undertaking by large subscriptions. It is not one wire that supports a suspension bridge but the union of many—so likewise it is not one five dollar bill that will sustain the present laudable enterprise, but the accumulation of many. Let therefore Priest and Layman, by their subscriptions, make a strong and united effort to enable the conductors to carry out their design as expressed in their prospectus—viz., "to render the Review an able and efficient auxiliary to the Church in her warfare against modern error."

The mechanical getting up of this number reflects a great deal of credit on the Publishers, the Messrs. Hardy & Mahony, of Philadelphia. Its outward appearance is as pleasing to the eye as the contents are agreeable to the mind. In a word, the quality both of the intellectual and mechanical work, is of such a character, that it cannot fail to secure to it, a general welcome from the Catholic public.

We here give the list of the articles contained in this number without making any comments. In recommending persons to subscribe, we do so with the full assurance, that those who will follow our recommendation will have no reason to find fault with us.

- I. Salutatory. II. Anti-Catholic prejudice. Very Rev. James O'Connor, D.D.
- III. The Philosophy of the Supernatural. By O. A. Brownson, L.L.D.
- IV. The Classical Education of the day. By the Rt. Rev. T. A. Becker, D.D.
- V. The Jesuits. By the Very Rev. James A. Corcoran, D.D.
- VI. The Bazaar of Vaticanism. By the Rev. Edward McClynn, D.D.
- VII. The Divinity of Christ. By the Rt. Rev. P. N. Lynch, D.D.
- VIII. Modern Physicists and the Origin of Man. By George D. Wolff.
- IX. The Catholic Church in American History. X. Book Notices.

It is announced that the following Gentlemen will be among the contributors to the second April number:—

- Right Rev. T. A. Becker, D.D., Rev. Aug. I. Theband, S.J., Very Rev. James A. Corcoran, D.D., Rev. Charles J. White, D.D., O. A. Brownson, L.L.D., T. W. Marshall, L.L.D., General John Gibbon, George D. Wolff, Very Rev. Edward Jucker.

The Review can be had at the store of Messrs. D. & J. Sadler of this city. Price per copy, \$1.25, and \$5.00 per year.

The Rev. Dr. Chisholm of Perth, will forward subscriptions of those in Perth or vicinity who may desire to become subscribers.

It is stated that the Ottawa authorities have refused to grant the application of the Quebec Government asking for the old Government bakery in St. Ann-street for offices for the railway commission.

NOTES AND CORRESPONDENCE.

All communications for insertion in the True Witness, or relating in any way to the news columns, must be addressed to THE EDITOR, True Witness, Montreal, and must be authenticated with the name and address of the writer, not necessarily for publication, but as a guarantee of good faith. The Editor reserves to himself the right of expunging from all such communications whatever matter he may consider objectionable, nor will he be in any way responsible for the opinions of Correspondents. Anonymous communications, or those written on both sides of the paper, will be consigned unread to the waste paper basket. If writers attach any value to their manuscripts they should keep copies of them, for in no case can rejected MSS. be returned.

BUSINESS NOTICE.

All Business Letters, relating to Advertisements, Subscriptions, supply of Copies, Back Numbers, &c. &c., should be addressed to the Proprietor, Mr. JOHN GILLIES, True Witness, MONTREAL, to whom Post-office Orders, Cheques, &c., should be made payable. Persons asking for receipts should enclose a postage stamp for same.

ST. PATRICK'S NATIONAL ASSOCIATION.—On Monday night last a large number of the most influential of our Irish citizens met in the Seminary Hall, Notre Dame street, and formed themselves into an association under the above name. The greatest harmony and enthusiasm prevailed; nearly a hundred gentlemen signed the constitution, and about three hundred dollars were collected for initiation fees. The constitution having been adopted, the following gentlemen were elected provisionally until the first Monday in March next, when the annual election will take place:—President *pro tem*, M. Donovan; Treasurer, R. McCreedy; Secretary, M. Gueria; Council, J. Hatchette, M. C. Mullarky, W. Wilson, and R. McShane. The meeting adjourned until next Monday evening.

NEW AGENT.—We have appointed Mr. Senior of Niagara, our duly authorized agent in his locality.

HORRIBLE CATASTROPHE IN A THEATRE.

The allegory of the "Great Republic" has been played upon the stage of the Robinson Opera House, Cincinnati, for the past few nights, under the auspices of the Cincinnati Relief Union, the proceeds being applied to the relief of the suffering poor of the city. The performers, numbering nearly 600 children, were taken from the public schools of the city. The matinee audience on Saturday in most part was composed of women and children. While the great house was densely packed, and the thousands of children among the audience were at the height of their enjoyment, some boy in the gallery, either through mischief or ignorance, raised the cry of fire as the red light from the colored fire used in the piece flashed out from the wings. Every inch of the theatre was occupied, and a dense crowd was pressing and surging about the stair cases and in front of the doors. Some one in the audience took up the cry of "fire," and it was re-echoed from near the door by some who caught a glimpse of the red glare from the stage. There was an immediate rush to the front door, a child was pushed down the steps, and immediately after a man thrust his arm through a window, and his scream and the crash of broken glass was enough to set the panic in full force. The scene was a terrible one. In the narrow vestibule leading to the street, the people in rear, mad with fear, pushed upon those in front, shouting and cursing. Men terror-stricken, struck down helpless women and children in front or climbed over their heads to top of the stair-case, and precipitated themselves upon the screaming and bleeding mass of women and children in the hall-way. The scene in and about the Opera House after the accident was heart-rending. Up to nine Saturday night, the following had been reported killed and injured:—Mrs. Alfred White and her son Harry, aged twelve; Mrs. Nancy Clark, reported to have died from heart disease, caused by excitement; August and Fred. Loesch, two brothers, aged eight and ten; Hattie Leslie, aged twelve; James Crowley, seven; Annie Mai Rienzi, of Alton, Ill.; Miss Terovina Massali, age twenty-two; Mrs. Henry Kessler, suffered severe contusion of the brain. One unknown woman is dead. Among the injured are Fred. Strasburg, Miss Humphrey, Master Harry Bliss, and a child named Coddington. Considerable prominence is given to a report, that the alarm was started by pickpockets, who intended to profit by the stampede; but this story is generally discredited.

CITY MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

A meeting of the shareholders of the City Mutual Fire Insurance Company was held on Friday 28th January. Mr. J. B. Beaudry Vice President, in the chair, when it was unanimously resolved:—
"That it is the duty of the Directors of this Company to express in their own name and in that of the members their most sincere regrets with reference to the loss caused by the death of their esteemed President, Benjamin Comte, and to offer their most sympathetic condolence to his family.
"That the Directors should, in memory of the late Benjamin Comte, publicly express their indebtedness for the services he had rendered to this Company as President during more than sixteen years without wishing to accept any remuneration therefor, and for having, by his wise administration, made it one of the most prosperous and useful institutions of this city.
"That the members of this Board could not more fittingly express their indebtedness towards the said Benjamin Comte, and at the same time serve the interests of this Company, than by offering the position of Director to Mr. Joseph Comte, nephew of the lamented President, and at present one of the members most largely interested in the success of this Company.
"That the Secretary be requested to present the above resolutions to the family of the regretted deceased, and to invite Mr. Joseph Comte to come and take his seat at the board."

The newly-elected Director having responded to the invitation, thanked the meeting for the testimony of obligation and sympathy presented by the Secretary, and stated that he believed it to be his duty to accept the position, not on account of personal merit, but as a homage tendered to the memory of his uncle.

The Board being thus complete, it was unanimously resolved:—
"That the Vice-President, Jean Bte. Beaudry, be elected President of the Company for the current year, in place and room of the late Benjamin Comte; and that Mr. R. A. R. Hubert, be elected Vice-President."

The new President thanked the Directors for the confidence shown him, and remarked that he con-

sidered his election a high honor; he thought that they might have made a more judicious choice, but he hoped that, with the assistance of the Secretary and Treasurer, Mr. Dumouchel, whose devotion and experience had been tested for a considerable period he could efficiently superintend the interest of this Society, which interests were moreover his own.

The Secretary desires to express how greatly the loss of the lamented President has been felt in the most poignant manner, by the employees in the office, who in him have lost an excellent master; and to how large a degree this Company with which the deceased was, so to speak, identified, has been benefited by his experience and devotion. He thanks the newly elected President for the kind words spoken in his regard, and he further adds that he is fully convinced that as long as the Board will continue a wise and vigorous administration its exertions will be, as in the past, crowned with success.

ALFRED DUMOUCHEL,
Secretary.

PAID AT LAST.—The sum of \$1,578.09 has been paid to Lt.-Col. Fletcher for the Volunteers who were called out to preserve the peace on the day when the remains of Guilford were interred.

THE VICE-REGAL PARTY.—The Governor-General, Lady Dufferin and their friends left Montreal for Ottawa at nine o'clock on Saturday morning. A company of the Hochelaga Light Infantry turned out as a guard of honor, and the drum corps of that regiment was present and performed some excellent airs.

THEFT.—A man named Lauzon, 45, laborer, while passing along St. Joseph street on Saturday afternoon last, snatched a pair of boots from the door of Morris & Reynolds, No. 171 St. Joseph street. Mr. Reynolds happened to observe the thief in the act, and after a sharp chase succeeded in capturing his man, whom he brought to the Chaboillez Square Police Station.

The total amount of imports for the month of December, 1875, was as follows:—Dutiable goods, \$2,759,930; amount of duty, \$645,247.15; free goods, \$1,530,362. Total exports:—Produce of Canada, \$3,522,204; coin and bullion, \$54,000; goods not the produce of Canada, \$50,267. Circulation and specie:—Notes in circulation, \$11,250,235.29; amount of specie required to be held by law, \$2,925,117.50; excess of specie, \$101,181.69. Authorized discount on American invoices, 11 per cent.

Hon. Charles S. Rodier, a member of the Quebec Legislative Council and Mayor of Montreal for four successive terms, died in this city on Friday. He was also a Commissioner to settle the losses arising out of the rebellion of 1837-38.

INGERSOLL, February 5.—About seven o'clock this morning smoke was seen issuing from the roof of the market building and town hall, which was entirely gutted leaving the brick walls standing. There is \$3,000 insurance in the Provincial and \$3,000 in the Western, which will probably cover the loss.

In consequence of recent outrages on the Upper Ottawa, C. Rankin, of Temiscamingue, factor of the Hudson Bay Co., waited on Mr. Blake, on Saturday and represented to him the necessity of appointing magistrates at the Mattawa and Kippewa, or the appointment of a stipendiary at Mattawa—where there is a lock-up—with power to act in both Provinces.

When the new Parliamentary Library in Ottawa, is completed it will be one of the most beautiful buildings on the continent.

The price of four-foot wood has been fixed at a meeting of the farmers of Minto and Wallace at \$2.25 per cord, and two-foot wood of 128 feet cubic measure at \$2.50 per cord.

QUEBEC, Feb. 5.—Detective Skiffington is in Megantic, hunting up evidence in connection with the murder of farmer O'Donnell, in that county, some months back. The alleged murderer is to be tried for the offence at the next criminal term in Arthabaska.

The Belleville branch of the Royal Canadian Bank now does business on Saturdays until three o'clock, instead of closing at one o'clock on that day. This is a convenience to its customers, who appreciate it more that Saturday is the principal business day of the week, and the very day on which late banking hours are required.

RIMOUSKI, Que., Feb. 6.—On Saturday evening at 7 p.m., a fire broke out in the dwelling and store owned by J. C. Nolan. The flames spread rapidly, the occupants having barely time to escape with their lives. Building, stock, and furniture are a total loss; partly insured. The flames also extended to the adjoining building, owned by the late Edward O'Doherty, which was totally destroyed; no insurance. Cause of the fire unknown. Total loss, \$20,000.

Died.

At Halifax, N.S., on the 5th inst. after one hour's illness, Mr. William Barron, a well known Merchant and Citizen, and for some years one of the Aldermen of Halifax. Of your charity pray for the happy repose of his soul.

At Southport, P. E. I., on the 14th ult., William Patrick, youngest son of Captain John Aylward, aged 1 year and 3 months.

On the 10th ult., at Hay River, P. E. I., Mr. Alexander Gillis, in the 70th year of his age.

At Souris East, P. E. I., on the 18th ult., the beloved wife of Capt. Simon Cheverie, in the 40th year of her age. May she rest in peace.

On the 17th ult., at Head of Souris, P. E. I., Mr. George McCormack, aged 51 years.

On the 18th ult., at the same place the infant child of Mr. William McCabe, aged 13 months.

At the South River, N. S., on the 23rd ult., Hugh McIsaac (son of the late Donald McIsaac), aged 25 years. Fortified by the rites of the Church, he departed this life into a happy eternity, a consoling reflection to his many relatives and numerous friends.—R.I.P.

At the Salt Springs, N.S., after a short illness which he bore with Christian fortitude, on Sunday, the 23rd ult., in the 83rd year of his age. John McDonald (Kell). The deceased by his industry and honesty gained for himself the favor and respect of all who had the pleasure of his acquaintance. R.I.P.

At the Old Manchester Road, N.S., on the 21st ult., Andrew Boyle, aged 43 years. His life was a continuous preparation for the awful moment which links Time with Eternity. Always a faithful Catholic, a kind neighbor, his death was the calm passage of a noble soul to the bosom of God. May his soul rest in peace.

REMITTANCES RECEIVED.

Little Bras d'Or, N.S., Rev J. C. \$2; Richmond, Rev P. O. C. 2; Sarnia, J. C. 4; Collingwood, C. G. 1; Loretto, R. K. 2; Matlock, J. McK. 2; Westport, C. M. 2; Point St. Charles, J. C. 2; Poplar Point, Manitoba, J. H. C. 2; Marysville, M. L. 2; Bienville, M. P. 2; Papineauville, J. S. 4; Martintown, R. McK. 4; Curran, Rev O. G. 4; Hadlow Cove, R. W. 2; Halifax, S. Dr. T. W. 4; Mabou, N.S., Rev J. J. McK. 2; St. Anicet, J. J. C. 2; Rev J. J. V. 150; Quebec, St. P. O. & L. I. 150; Napanee, M. C. 2; Uxvorton, D. M. 2.

Per J. L. Perth—Miss E. C. 1.
Per R. E. Brockville—P. K. 2.

Per M. J. K. Eganville—D. L. 6; Douglas, E. H. 50; J. F. 2; Brudenell, P. S. 2; Pembroke, J. T. M. H. 2.
Per J. B. Montreal—Valcartier, R. C. 2.
Per L. M. Searforth—P. McK. 4.
Per A. McK. Antigonish, N. S.—Self, 1; W. C. 1.
Hon J. McK. 2; South River, J. McK. 1; Cape George, A. McK. 2.
Per J. J. Connaught—J. W. 2.
Per J. O'H. Templeton—J. McK. 150.
Per P. N. Thurso—W. K. 150; M. O'L. 150; W. C. 150.
Per J. B. Mitchell—P. R. 150; Bornholm, J. H. 150.
Per P. G. M. Perth—Glen Tay, P. B. 2.

Greenbacks bought at 11½ dis. American Silver bought at 10.

MONTREAL WHOLESALE MARKETS.—(Gazette)

Flour 47 bbl. of 196 lb.—Follards.....	\$2.50 @ \$2.60
Superior Extra.....	5.10 5.22
Fancy.....	4.70 4.75
Spring Extra.....	4.50 4.50
Superfine.....	4.10 4.15
Extra Superfine.....	4.00 4.05
Fine.....	3.70 3.75
Strong Bakers'.....	4.00 4.05
Middlings.....	3.05 3.10
U. C. bag flour, per 100 lbs.....	2.20 2.25
City bags, [delivered].....	2.20 2.35
Wheat—Spring.....	0.00 0.00
do White Winter.....	0.00 0.00
Oatmeal.....	4.65 4.70
Corn, per bushel of 33 lbs.....	0.57 0.00
Oats.....	0.30 0.32
Pear, per 66 lbs.....	0.85 0.00
do adroit.....	0.00 0.00
Barley, per bushel of 48 lbs L. Canada.....	0.55 0.00
do do U. C. Canada.....	0.00 0.00
Lard, per lbs.....	0.13 0.00
do do do pails.....	0.14 0.00
Cheese, per lbs.....	0.10 0.11
do Full makes.....	0.00 0.00
Pork—New Mess.....	21.00 21.25
Thin Mess.....	21.00 21.25
Dressed Hogs.....	7.60 7.65
Beef—Prime Mess, per barrel.....	00.00 00.00
Ashes—Pots.....	4.67 4.80
Firsts.....	0.00 0.00
Pearls.....	4.95 0.00
BUTTER.—Quiet; 16½c to 23c, according to quality.	

TORONTO FARMERS' MARKET.—(Globe)

Wheat, fall, per bush.....	\$0.97 0.99
do spring do.....	0.95 0.96
Barley do.....	0.05 0.03
Oats do.....	0.34 0.35
Peas do.....	0.72 0.73
Rye do.....	0.60 0.00
Dressed hogs per 100 lbs.....	7.50 7.75
Beef, hind-qr, per lb.....	0.09 0.00
" fore-quarters.....	0.09 0.00
Mutton, by carcass, per lb.....	0.00 0.00
Butter, lb. rolls.....	0.23 0.25
" large rolls.....	0.21 0.22
" tub dairy.....	0.21 0.23
Eggs, fresh, per doz.....	0.22 0.23
" packed.....	0.18 0.20
Apples, per bbl.....	1.50 2.25
Geece, each.....	0.60 0.00
Turkeys.....	0.70 1.50
Cabbage, per doz.....	0.40 0.00
Onions, per bush.....	0.99 1.10
Turnips, per bush.....	0.20 0.25
Potatoes, per bus.....	0.45 1.50
Hay.....	12.00 1.00
Straw.....	8.00 0.00

THE KINGSTON MARKET.—(British Whig)

Flour—XXX per bbl.....	6.00 to 6.50
" " 100 lbs.....	3.00 to 3.25
Family " 100 ".....	2.20 to 2.50
GRAIN—Barley per bushel.....	0.60 to 0.70
Rye ".....	0.50 to 0.60
Peas ".....	0.70 to 0.75
Oats ".....	0.31 to 0.33
Wheat ".....	0.99 to 0.95
Fall Wheat.....	0.00 to 0.00
MEAT—Beef, fore, per 100 lbs.....	4.00 to 5.00
" hind ".....	5.00 to 5.50
" per lb.....	0.00 to 0.00
Mutton per lb.....	0.05 to 0.07
Ham " in store.....	6.14 to 0.15
Veal ".....	0.00 to 0.00
Bacon ".....	0.10 to 0.15
Pork.....	7.00 to 7.50
HIDES—No 1 untrimmed.....	6.00 to 0.00
" 2 ".....	3.00 to 0.00
" 3 ".....	0.65 to 1.00
Calf Skins.....	0.10 to 0.00
Duck Skins.....	0.00 to 0.00
Lambskins.....	0.10 to 0.00
Tallow.....	0.04 to 0.07
POULTRY—Turkeys, each.....	0.50 to 1.00
Geece ".....	0.50 to 0.60
Ducks per pair.....	0.50 to 0.60
Fowls per pair.....	0.30 to 0.40
GENERAL—Potatoes, per bag.....	0.55 to 0.70
Butter, tub, per lb.....	0.18 to 0.19
do print.....	0.21