

PROVINCE OF BRITISH COLUMBIA.

Gold, Silver, Lead, Copper, Coal, Coke, Oil, Iron, Mercury, Platinum, Etc.

The Mines of British Columbia Have Produced Over
\$100,000,000.

AMOUNT AND VALUE OF MATERIALS PRODUCED 1896 AND 1897.

	Customary Measures.	1896.		1897.	
		Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.
Gold Placer.....	Oz.....	27,201	\$ 544,026	25,676	\$ 513,520
" Quartz.....	Oz.....	62,259	1,244,180	106,141	2,122,820
Silver.....	Oz.....	3,135,343	2,100,689	5,472,971	3,272,836
Copper.....	Lbs.....	3,818,556	190,926	5,325,180	266,258
Lead.....	Lbs.....	24,199,977	721,384	38,841,135	1,390,517
Coal.....	Tons.....	846,235	2,327,145	882,854	2,648,562
Coke.....	Tons.....	615	3,075	17,832	89,155
Other Materials.....			15,000		151,600
			\$7,146,425		\$10,455,268

Production for 1890, \$2,608,608; for 1896, \$7,146,425; for 1897, \$10,455,268.

GOLD.

Gold-bearing lodes are now being prospected in many parts of the province, and at Rossland magnificent ore-chutes of very profitable gold-copper ore are being mined and smelted, the Le Roi having paid to date \$725,000 in dividends, with a large and increasing amount of ore in sight as the workings attain greater depth, while systematic development on other properties is meeting with excellent results, mining having just fairly begun in this camp. Little doubt can be entertained that Rossland will become a heavy producer of gold, and that excellent properties now only await sufficient and abundant capital to become paying mines, to further aid in which the facilities for cheaper transportation and smelting are being now supplied. At Nelson and at Fairview, Camp McKinney, Greenwood, Central and other camps in the southern part of Yale, important work is being done on the quartz ledges there, several new mills being under erection.

Exploratory work has also been in progress in East Kootenay and in Lillooet, Alberni, and on the Gulf Islands and along the coast line of the Mainland, as well as in other parts of the province.

In Cariboo, several large undertakings, involving a large amount of capital, are at work exploring both modern and ancient river channels, the Cariboo Hydraulic Mining Co., on the Quesnelle River, proving, on development, to have in a channel of the latter kind, a great deposit of exceptional richness, while other parts of this district now offer every inducement to capital.

Into Cassiar, Omineca, and the great area to the north, as well as Cariboo, there now promises to be a great exodus of explorers, excited by rich diggings now being mined in the Yukon as on the Klondyke, to the north, and rivers and creeks long reported to be gold-bearing will now be made accessible, and well tested.

SILVER-LEAD.

Despite the drop in the price of silver, the Slocan mines are being much more extensively worked, while the shipments of high grade ore are constantly increasing. The production for 1897 has much exceeded that of 1896, as such mines as the Payne, Ruth, Whitewater and other mines increased their output.

At Nelson, the Silver King or Hall Mines are shipping constantly a large amount of silver-copper ore, and the Lardeau, Trout Lake, Illecillewaet districts, on further exploration, promise to become rich. In East Kootenay large bodies of silver-lead ore will be mined on completion of the railroads now under construction.

COPPER.

Copper is being produced to a limited extent at Rossland and Nelson, but the large deposits of at present low grade ore in the Boundary Creek district will be fully tested when the railroad, now almost assured, is constructed. Prospecting is being done at Kamloops, along the west coast of the Mainland and of Vancouver Island, as well as at many other points, and Texada is producing high grade bornite ore.

COAL AND COKE.

The large collieries on Vancouver Island are producing about a million tons of coal annually, and at Comox an excellent coke is now being produced, much of which is shipped to the inland smelters. The great deposits of coking coal in East Kootenay, at the Crow's Nest Pass, are now being opened, as the C.P.R. is now being built to the Columbia River to supply the great mining regions with cheap coal and coke.

SMELTERS AND RAILROADS.

The smelting industry is now beginning to assume large proportions, as preparations are being made to treat the ores of this province within her own borders, a most important factor in the increasing prosperity of this country, entailing as it does, and will, the employment of much capital and many men. The extension of the railroad systems to different parts is now in progress, and the next few years will see many parts in which the prospects for good mining are excellent, made easy of access, while ores can be shipped with facility to the smelting centres, where the assembling of the various inter-fluxing ores will make possible the treatment of all British Columbia ores at home.

CAPITAL.

Capital can now find here excellent and many opportunities for investment, if proper business care and the experience of qualified men are utilized, as the values placed on mines and undeveloped properties have reached a reasonable basis.

MINERAL LANDS.

Mineral lands are open to location to any person over eighteen years of age, who has obtained a free miner's certificate, and perfect title to lode claims can be easily secured after \$500 worth of work has been done per claim. A great extent of territory has yet to be prospected.

YUKON GOLD FIELDS.

As the Klondyke and other gold fields in the Yukon in British territory are reached mostly via British Columbia, all supplies and outfits obtained at Victoria, Vancouver, Ashcroft, Kamloops, etc., can be taken in free of duty, which otherwise will have to be paid if not purchased in Canada.

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